

z/VM
7.3

Other Components Messages and Codes



Note:

Before you use this information and the product it supports, read the information in [“Notices” on page 393.](#)

This edition applies to version 7, release 3 of IBM® z/VM® (product number 5741-A09) and to all subsequent releases and modifications until otherwise indicated in new editions.

Last updated: 2023-05-03

© **Copyright International Business Machines Corporation 1991, 2023.**

US Government Users Restricted Rights – Use, duplication or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.

Contents

Tables.....	V
About This Document.....	vii
Intended Audience.....	vii
Where to Find More Information.....	vii
How to provide feedback to IBM.....	ix
Summary of Changes for z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes.....	xi
GC24-6300-73, z/VM 7.3 (May 2023).....	xi
GC24-6300-73, z/VM 7.3 (September 2022).....	xi
GC24-6300-01, z/VM 7.2 (September 2020).....	xii
Chapter 1. Introduction.....	1
z/VM Message Format.....	1
z/VM Message Syntax Conventions.....	6
Displaying Messages at the Terminal.....	6
Messages Sent Through IUCV.....	7
Displaying Messages in Other Languages.....	7
Using the Online HELP Facility.....	7
Getting Information for a Message with No Message ID.....	7
Chapter 2. System Codes.....	9
General User Action.....	9
System Operator Action.....	9
AVS Abend Codes.....	9
GCS Abend Codes.....	10
TSAF Abend Codes.....	40
Return Codes.....	43
Chapter 3. System Messages.....	45
AVS Messages.....	46
DVF Messages.....	75
GCS Messages.....	122
TSAF Messages.....	189
VMSES/E Messages.....	211
Notices.....	393
Programming Interface Information.....	394
Trademarks.....	394
Terms and Conditions for Product Documentation.....	394
IBM Online Privacy Statement.....	395
Bibliography.....	397
Where to Get z/VM Information.....	397
z/VM Base Library.....	397
z/VM Facilities and Features.....	398
Prerequisite Products.....	400
Related Products.....	400

Tables

1. z/VM Message Prefixes.....	2
2. Message Prefixes for Other Products.....	4
3. Displaying Messages.....	6
4. Execs and their associated modules.....	75

About This Document

This reference information is intended to help you understand the APPC/VM VTAM® Support (AVS), Dump Viewing Facility (DVF), Group Control System (GCS), Transparent Services Access Facility (TSAF), and Virtual Machine Service Enhancements Staged/Extended (VMSES/E) messages and codes produced by IBM z/VM 7.3 and recommends actions you can take in response to them. It also explains message formats, conventions, and where to find more information.

Intended Audience

This information is intended for anyone using z/VM who wants descriptive explanations, system actions, and suggested responses to system-issued AVS, DVF, GCS, TSAF, and VMSES/E messages and codes. A general knowledge of z/VM commands is useful for implementing recommended responses.

Where to Find More Information

For information about related documents, see [“Bibliography” on page 397](#).

Links to Other Documents and Websites

The PDF version of this document contains links to other documents and websites. A link from this document to another document works only when both documents are in the same directory or database, and a link to a website works only if you have access to the Internet. A document link is to a specific edition. If a new edition of a linked document has been published since the publication of this document, the linked document might not be the latest edition.

How to provide feedback to IBM

We welcome any feedback that you have, including comments on the clarity, accuracy, or completeness of the information. See [How to send feedback to IBM](#) for additional information.

Summary of Changes for z/VM: Other Components

Messages and Codes

This information includes terminology, maintenance, and editorial changes. Technical changes or additions to the text and illustrations for the current edition are indicated by a vertical line (|) to the left of the change.

GC24-6300-73, z/VM 7.3 (May 2023)

This edition includes changes to support product changes provided or announced after the general availability of z/VM 7.3.

[VM66453, VM66457, PH51239] z/VM Centralized Service Management Use of CMS Keyvault

With the PTFs for APARs VM66453 (CMS), VM66457 (VMSES/E), and PH51239 (TCP/IP), z/VM 7.3 provides support for a CMS password/key management utility called KEYVAULT, which allows applications to securely store and retrieve user ID keys (logon passwords). z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) and the TCP/IP FTP client are updated to use the new KEYVAULT utility for automated remote host login procedures.

The following message is updated:

- [“VMF2760E” on page 333](#)

The following messages are new:

- [“VMF4150R” on page 384](#)
- [“VMF4151R” on page 384](#)
- [“VMF4152R” on page 385](#)
- [“VMF4153I” on page 385](#)
- [“VMF4154I” on page 385](#)
- [“VMF4155E” on page 385](#)
- [“VMF4156E” on page 385](#)
- [“VMF4157I” on page 386](#)
- [“VMF4158I” on page 386](#)
- [“VMF4159W” on page 386](#)
- [“VMF4160I” on page 386](#)
- [“VMF4161R” on page 386](#)
- [“VMF4162W” on page 387](#)
- [“VMF4163W” on page 387](#)
- [“VMF4164E” on page 387](#)

GC24-6300-73, z/VM 7.3 (September 2022)

This edition includes changes to support the general availability of z/VM 7.3. Note that the publication number suffix (-73) indicates the z/VM release to which this edition applies.

z/VM Centralized Service Management enhancements

z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) includes the following usability enhancements:

- QUERY processing for service levels now allows queries that are specific to individual components in a service level.
- Wildcard support is added to the SERVMGR SRVLVL QUERY command.
- The ability to query z/VM CSM managed systems for current PUT2PROD status is added.
- Additional details are provided when querying local modifications.

The following message is new:

- [“VMF4210W” on page 390](#)

The following messages are updated:

- [“VMF1965E” on page 255](#)
- [“VMF1966W” on page 256](#)
- [“VMF1967E” on page 256](#)
- [“VMF2185R” on page 289](#)
- [“VMF4201I” on page 387](#)
- [“VMF4209I” on page 389](#)

Miscellaneous updates for z/VM 7.3

The following messages are new:

- [“VMF1197E” on page 226](#)
- [“VMF1198E” on page 227](#)
- [“VMF1199I” on page 227](#)
- [“VMF2185R” on page 289](#)
- [“VMF2268W” on page 308](#)
- [“VMF4135W” on page 383](#)
- [“VMF4141E” on page 383](#)
- [“VMF4142E” on page 383](#)
- [“VMF4143R” on page 383](#)
- [“VMF4144E” on page 383](#)
- [“VMF4145E” on page 384](#)
- [“VMF4146E” on page 384](#)
- [“VMF4147I” on page 384](#)
- [“VMF4148I” on page 384](#)
- [“VMF4600I” on page 390](#)
- [“VMF4601W” on page 390](#)
- [“VMF4602E” on page 391](#)
- [“VMF4603W” on page 391](#)
- [“VMF4604E” on page 391](#)
- [“VMF4605E” on page 391](#)

GC24-6300-01, z/VM 7.2 (September 2020)

This edition includes changes to support the general availability of z/VM 7.2.

z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) for non-SSI environments

z/VM provides support to deploy service to multiple systems, regardless of geographic location, from a centralized primary location that manages distinct levels of service for a select group of traditional z/VM systems. One system is designated as a principal system and uses the z/VM Shared File System (SFS) to manage service levels for a set of defined managed systems. The principal system builds service levels using the new service management command, SERVMGR, and existing VMSES/E SERVICE commands. This centralized service process keeps track of available service levels and manages the files needed to supply a customer-defined service level to a managed system.

Attention:

Before you initialize z/VM CSM, the PTF for APAR VM66428 *must* be:

1. Installed on the principal system and all remote systems in your z/VM CSM environment
2. Applied to any customer-defined z/VM CSM service level that is based on the BASE z/VM CSM service level (the service level that incorporates the initial z/VM 720 RSU).

See the *z/VM: Service Guide* for more information.

The following messages are new:

- [“VMF391W” on page 215](#)
- [“VMF1243E” on page 237](#)
- [“VMF1419W” on page 241](#)
- [“VMF1899E” on page 251](#)
- [“VMF2257W” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2258E” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2259E” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2260E” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2261W” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2262E” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2263I” on page 307](#)
- [“VMF2264I” on page 308](#)
- [“VMF2265W” on page 308](#)
- [“VMF2266E” on page 308](#)
- [“VMF2310E” on page 310](#)
- [“VMF2760E” on page 333](#)
- [“VMF2760W” on page 333](#)
- [“VMF3004I” on page 353](#)
- [“VMF3007I” on page 354](#)
- [“VMF3040I” on page 357](#)
- [“VMF4000I - VMF4208E” on page 361](#)

The following messages are updated:

- [“VMF387E” on page 214](#)
- [“VMF389E” on page 214](#)
- [“VMF390E” on page 215](#)
- [“VMF1216E” on page 231](#)
- [“VMF1230W” on page 234](#)
- [“VMF1231I” on page 234](#)

- [“VMF1234E” on page 234](#)
- [“VMF1326E” on page 240](#)
- [“VMF1419E” on page 241](#)
- [“VMF1836E” on page 246](#)
- [“VMF1906E” on page 252](#)
- [“VMF1906W” on page 252](#)
- [“VMF2233E” on page 301](#)
- [“VMF2233I” on page 301](#)
- [“VMF2305E” on page 309](#)
- [“VMF2310W” on page 310](#)
- [“VMF2760I” on page 333](#)
- [“VMF3038I” on page 357](#)

Miscellaneous updates for z/VM 7.2

The following messages are new:

- [“VMF1238I” on page 235](#)
- [“VMF2267E” on page 308](#)
- [“VMF2934E” on page 352](#)

The following message is renamed and updated:

- VMF1206I is now [“VMF1206W” on page 228](#)

The following message is updated:

- [“VMF1218W” on page 232](#)

Chapter 1. Introduction

This book documents a subset of the messages issued by z/VM. (For other books that document z/VM messages, see [Table 1 on page 2](#).) In general, messages are issued to alert you to a problem, to request that you perform some action, or to provide information. For diagnosis of system problems, use this book in conjunction with the *z/VM: Diagnosis Guide*.

Refer to the *z/VM: Migration Guide* for a list of changed messages.

This book does not attempt to define job responsibilities or indicate who might receive a particular message.

z/VM Message Format

Messages consist of a message identifier (for example, DMSACC017E) and message text. The identifier distinguishes messages from each other. The text is a phrase or sentence describing a condition that has occurred or requesting a response from the user.

The format of most message identifiers is:

xxxmmm###s or **xxxmmm####s**.

The message format consists of four fields:

xxx

The 3-character prefix indicates which z/VM component, facility, or feature, or which other product, contains the module that generated the message. See [Table 1 on page 2](#) and [Table 2 on page 4](#).

mmm

The 3-character module code indicates which module generated the message. This field is usually an abbreviation of the name of the module in which the error occurred.

Note: Most z/VM books that provide reference information for messages omit this field from the listed messages as a message might be issued by several modules. If you request HELP information for a message, you can include the module code or omit it. (HELP ignores it.)

or

The numeric message number consists of three or four digits that are associated with the condition that caused the message to be generated.

s

The 1-character severity code is a letter that indicates what kind of condition caused the message. The severity codes used by z/VM and their meanings are:

A

Immediate action required

D

Decision

E

Error

I

Information only

R

Response

S

Severe error

T

Terminating error

Introduction

W

System wait (CP only), warning (all others)

Table 1 on page 2 lists the message prefixes used by z/VM components, facilities, and features, and indicates where those messages are documented.

<i>Table 1. z/VM Message Prefixes</i>		
Prefix	z/VM Component, Facility, or Feature	Where the Messages Are Documented
ACHA	RSCS Data Interchange Manager	<i>z/VM: RSCS Networking Messages and Codes</i>
AGW	AVS (APPC/VM VTAM® Support)	<i>z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes</i>
ATS	TSAF (Transparent Services Access Facility)	<i>z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes</i>
CBD	HCD (Hardware Configuration Definition)	<i>z/OS and z/VM: Hardware Configuration Definition Messages (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/cbdm100_v2r5.pdf)</i>
CEE	Language Environment®	<i>z/OS: Language Environment Runtime Messages (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ceea900_v2r5.pdf)</i>
CST	RACF® Security Server for z/VM	<i>z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes</i>
DGT	DFSMS/VM (Data Facility Storage Management Subsystem for z/VM)	<i>z/VM: DFSMS/VM Messages and Codes</i>
DMKRPD	RACF® Security Server for z/VM	<i>z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes</i>
DMKRPI	RACF Security Server for z/VM	<i>z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes</i>
DMS	CMS (Conversational Monitor System)	<i>z/VM: CMS and REXX/VM Messages and Codes</i>
DMSFLD	RACF Security Server for z/VM	<i>z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes</i>
DMT	RSCS Networking for z/VM	<i>z/VM: RSCS Networking Messages and Codes</i>
DTC	TCP/IP for z/VM	<i>z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes</i>
DVH	Directory Maintenance Facility for z/VM	<i>z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Messages</i>
EDC	Language Environment	<i>z/OS: Language Environment Runtime Messages (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ceea900_v2r5.pdf)</i>
EEQ	HCM (Hardware Configuration Manager)	<i>z/OS and z/VM: Hardware Configuration Manager User's Guide (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/cbdu100_v2r5.pdf)</i>
FCX	Performance Toolkit for z/VM™	<i>z/VM: Performance Toolkit Reference</i>
FPL	CMS Pipelines	<i>z/VM: CMS Pipelines User's Guide and Reference</i>
FSM	DFSMS/VM (Data Facility Storage Management Subsystem for z/VM)	<i>z/VM: DFSMS/VM Messages and Codes</i>
GCT	GCS (Group Control System)	<i>z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes</i>
GSU	OpenExtensions™ Shell and Utilities	<i>z/VM: OpenExtensions Commands Reference</i>
HCP	CP (Control Program)	<i>z/VM: CP Messages and Codes</i>

<i>Table 1. z/VM Message Prefixes (continued)</i>		
Prefix	z/VM Component, Facility, or Feature	Where the Messages Are Documented
HCPRPD	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
HCPRPI	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
HCPRPW	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
HCQ	VM Dump Tool	z/VM: CP Messages and Codes
HCS	Dump Viewing Facility	z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes
IBM	Language Environment	z/OS: Language Environment Runtime Messages (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ceea900_v2r5.pdf)
ICH	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
IGC	Language Environment	z/OS: Language Environment Runtime Messages (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ceea900_v2r5.pdf)
IGD	DFSMS/VM (Data Facility Storage Management Subsystem for z/VM)	z/VM: DFSMS/VM Messages and Codes
IKJ	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
IOA	OSA/SF (Open Systems Adapter Support Facility)	No longer supported
IRM	VMRM (Virtual Machine Resource Manager)	z/VM: CMS and REXX/VM Messages and Codes
IRR	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
RAC	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
RPI	RACF Security Server for z/VM	z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes
SNM	TCP/IP for z/VM	z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes
SQE	TCP/IP for z/VM	z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes
TCP	TCP/IP for z/VM	z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes
UFT	TCP/IP for z/VM	z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes
VMF	VMSES/E (Virtual Machine Service Enhancements Staged/Extended)	z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes
VSM	Ensemble	No longer supported

z/VM XEDIT Messages

Error messages for XEDIT are located in [z/VM: CMS and REXX/VM Messages and Codes](#). z/VM XEDIT messages are spread between message numbers 497E and 700E. However, the messages within the 500 range (DMSmmm500E - DMSmmm599S) are issued only for XEDIT.

Messages with 4nxx Identifiers

All messages issued from the CMSBAM saved segment, as well as many of the messages issued from the CMSVSAM and CMSAMS saved segments are identified by a 4nxx prefix. The text of these messages is

Introduction

in z/VSE™ format rather than the standard CMS format. Explanations for these messages are not in this manual.

The appropriate message manual to be used for referencing 4nxx prefix messages is determined by the associated access method. Messages relating to Sequential Access Method (SAM) are described in z/VSE publications. Messages relating to Virtual Storage Access Method (VSAM) are described in VSAM publications.

Messages From Other Products

Many products are available for z/VM, but the messages generated by those products are not documented in this publication. Messages for other products usually have a 3-character or 4-character message prefix that is unique to that product. [Table 2 on page 4](#) lists many of those message prefixes you may encounter and provides you with the corresponding product names. Even though this list is not all inclusive, it should help you determine the source of most messages not issued by z/VM.

Prefix	Product Name
ADM	Graphical Data Display Manager (GDDM®)
AKQ	Page Printer Formatting Aid/370 (PPFA/370)
APB	Print Services Facility™/VM (PSF/VM)
APK	Print Services Facility/VM (PSF/VM)
APQ	Print Services Facility/VM (PSF/VM)
APR	Print Services Facility/VM (PSF/VM)
APS	Print Services Facility/VM (PSF/VM)
ARI	Db2® Server for VM
ASM	High Level (HL) Assembler
CXA	Network Control Program (NCP)
CXB	Network Control Program (NCP)
CXC	Network Control Program (NCP)
CXD	Network Control Program (NCP)
CXS	Network Control Program (NCP)
CXT	Network Control Program (NCP)
DDD	DisplayWrite®
DIT	Data Interfile Transfer, Testing, & Operations (DITTO)
DKL	DisplayWrite
DSI	NetView®
DSM	Document Composition Facility (DCF)
DSQ	Query Management Facility (QMF)
DTI	VM Systems Network Architecture (SNA) Service Application
DTO	Data Interfile Transfer, Testing, & Operations (DITTO)
DUI	NetView
DUT	Data Interfile Transfer, Testing, & Operations (DITTO)

Table 2. Message Prefixes for Other Products (continued)

Prefix	Product Name
DVM	VM/Pass-Through Facility (PVM)
DWM	DisplayWrite
DWO	NetView
DZA	ProcessMaster®
DZG	VisualGen Host Services
DZI	Overlay Generation Language (OGL/370)
EDD	DisplayWrite
EDF	BookMaster®
EDJ	BookManager®
EFG	VM/Pass-Through Facility (PVM)
EGV	NetView
EIJ	BookManager
EKG	NetView
EKL	DisplayWrite
ELA	VisualGen Host Services
EMG	Graphical Display and Query Facility (GDQF)
EMH	Graphical Display and Query Facility (GDQF)
EMI	Graphical Display and Query Facility (GDQF)
EPU	OfficeVision/VM (OV/VM)
EUW	Cross-System Product (CSP)
EUY	NetView
EYV	NetView
IBM	Programming Language 1 (PL/1)
IBM	SAA AD/Cycle® Language Environment/370 (LE/370)
ICK	Device Support Facilities (ICKDSF)
IEL	Programming Language 1 (PL/1)
IFC	Environmental Error Record Editing and Printing (EREP)
IKF	VS COBOL/FORTRAN
ILX	VS COBOL/FORTRAN
ISP	Interactive System Productivity Facility (ISPF)
IST	Virtual Telecommunications Access Method (VTAM)
ITP	Teleprocessing Network Simulator (TPNS)

Unnumbered Responses

All unnumbered responses indicating the successful completion of a command (such as ready messages) are included in the following publications:

- [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#)
- [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

Unnumbered responses can also be the result of executing system generation macro instruction or service programs. These responses, referred to as MNOTES, are documented in logic listings only.

z/VM Message Syntax Conventions

The syntax used in the z/VM messages is as follows:

- Some messages are displayed in uppercase while others are displayed in mixed or lowercase. However, there are many situations where the same message is displayed in both mixed and uppercase
- Any single quote (') in a message text in the book will be displayed when the message appears on your screen.
- Anything within braces {...} indicates alternate text that will be selected at execution time.
- Anything within brackets [...] may be optionally left out, depending on the condition arising.

Displaying Messages at the Terminal

Messages are displayed differently depending on how you enter the CP SET EMSG command. The commands, what they display, and their format are:

Command	Displays	Format
SET EMSG CODE	Message identifier only.	xxxmmm####s
SET EMSG OFF	Nothing.	NA
SET EMSG ON	Message identifier and text.	xxxmmm####s text
SET EMSG TEXT	Message text only.	text
SET EMSG IUCV	See “Messages Sent Through IUCV” on page 7 for a description of the output if EMSG is set to IUCV.	xxxmmm####s text

Note: CMS messages with a severity of "S" for severe or "T" for terminating are displayed as if the CP EMSG setting was ON, regardless of what CP SET EMSG setting is in effect at the time. For more information about message severity codes and the message format, refer to [“z/VM Message Format”](#) on page 1.

When you log onto z/VM, the initial setting for the display of messages is installation dependent. Use the CP QUERY SET command to determine the current EMSG setting.

Use the message number to refer to the appropriate messages section of this book for a description of the message.

Note that in some cases, the text of a message is longer than a line on the display screen. The message text may be divided in the middle of a word and continued on the next line.

For a more detailed description of the SET EMSG command, refer to the [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

Messages Sent Through IUCV

If SET EMSG IUCV has been specified and a connection to the message system service exists, then both the error code and text are to be passed to the virtual machine through IUCV. The application or code running in the virtual machine would then be responsible for processing the message and displaying it if necessary. If no IUCV connection exists, the message is handled as if SET EMSG ON had been entered. For a more detailed description of the SET EMSG command, refer to the [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

The format of the information sent using IUCV is:

```
xxxxmm####s text
```

For more information about the message format, refer to [“z/VM Message Format”](#) on page 1.

Displaying Messages in Other Languages

All messages are documented in this book in American English; however, most messages are displayed at your terminal in the language set for your virtual machine. If your virtual machine is set to another language (either by the SET LANGUAGE command or the OPTION LANG directory statement), you will receive most z/VM messages in that language.

Using the Online HELP Facility

You can receive information about the messages described in this book using the z/VM HELP Facility. To display information about a message enter one of the following commands:

```
help msgid or help msg msgid
```

For example, to display information about message DMS001E, you can enter one of the following commands:

```
help dms001e or help msg dms001e
```

For more information about using the HELP Facility, see the [z/VM: CMS User's Guide](#). To display the main HELP Task Menu, enter:

```
help
```

For more information about the HELP command, see the [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#) or enter:

```
help cms help
```

Getting Information for a Message with No Message ID

If you receive a message without a message ID, it could be because you have issued the CP command SET EMSG TEXT to display only message text, or an application program might have issued this command. Without the message ID, you might not be able to determine which z/VM component or feature issued the message, and therefore you might not know where to find information about the message. In that case, you can go to [IBM Documentation - z/VM \(https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zvm\)](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zvm) and use the search capability to search for a portion of the message text.

Note: For your search string, do not use any portion of the message text containing values provided by the system. The documentation for the message uses variables to represent fields in which data is returned. If you use actual values, your search string will not match.

Chapter 2. System Codes

Codes are generated by the system in response to either an action or lack of action that has been detected. This section provides a summary of the various z/VM codes the user may receive. However, this summary is not all inclusive because of the unique codes that are generated for specific applications.

For more in-depth information about the z/VM functions these codes originate from, refer to the z/VM publication related to the function in question.

General User Action

If error messages in the range of 001 to 349 persist while using z/VM commands, you should perform the following steps before contacting your system representative for programming assistance.

1. Keep the console listing identifying the problem.
2. Attempt to reproduce the problem with full error message turned on.

```
SET EMSG ON
```

3. Obtain the virtual machine's current configuration.

```
QUERY VIRTUAL
```

4. Where appropriate, and depending upon conditions, obtain a virtual storage dump.

```
VMDUMP 0-END  or  DUMP 0-END
```

System Operator Action

System operators (classes A, B, C, and D) should do the following when they observe problems with z/VM commands.

1. Keep the console listing identifying the problem.
2. Attempt to reproduce the problem with full error message turned on.

```
SET EMSG ON
```

3. Obtain the real machine's current configuration.

```
QUERY ALL
```

4. Enter the failing CP command again. If the problem recurs, obtain a CP dump by entering the SNAPDUMP command. Use the DUMPLOAD utility and the VM Dump Tool to inspect the dump.

For more information about SNAPDUMP and DUMPLOAD, refer to [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#). For more information about the VM Dump Tool, refer to [z/VM: VM Dump Tool](#).

AVS Abend Codes

When an AVS abend occurs, the following actions are required:

- Collect information about the error.
 - Print the console log for the time that the error occurred. Save the console sheet or spooled console output from the AVS virtual machine.
 - Save and process any dumps that AVS produces.
 - Enter the MAP command to convert the GCS load map to a format that allows the Dump Viewing Facility to append the GCS load map to the dump.

System Codes

- Enter the CP DUMpload command to load the dump from a reader spool file into a CMS dump file.
- Enter the DUMPSCAN command with the necessary subcommands to look at the contents of the dump.
- Save any TRSOURCE file that may contain AVS data.
- Collect system status information. The following information can help better determine problems:
 - The system load at the time of failure on any systems using AVS and the status of each system (for example, did another system abend?).
 - The types of applications that are using AVS at the time and any information about them.
 - The physical connection configuration of the systems in use.
- Recover from the abend to continue processing.
 - When an abend occurs in AVS, either because AVS issued an ABEND or because an AVS or GCS operation caused a program exception, AVS produces a dump via the CP VMDUMP command, and uses DIAGNOSE X'94' to do the dump. More information about the CP VMDUMP command is described in the *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*. A more detailed explanation on AVS problem determination and DIAGNOSE X'94' can be found in the *z/VM: Diagnosis Guide*.

80C

Explanation

Ran out of AVS stack storage. There was no more storage available for the AVS stack manager.

System action

AVS processing is terminated. A dump is produced.

User response

Increase the size of the virtual machine in which AVS resides.

GCS Abend Codes

PI

If an abend occurs in a GCS application program:

1. The GCS supervisor will clean up the GCS system resources that the failed application was using. In addition, the application can specify exit routines to do further cleaning up and to try to resume processing.
2. If the application has no exit routines that try to restart it, the operator must manually restart it. If the GCS system itself has failed, the operator must re-IPL the system.
3. If the application includes the ERRET parameter on the LOAD macro, the application branches to the specified address instead of abending.

GCS provides several aids for diagnosing and correcting the problem that caused the abend.

For some problems, you might find that the following list of GCS abend codes will provide all the information you need.

For more difficult problems, GCS provides trace and dump facilities, interactive dump analysis using the DVF and interactive debugging under CP.

For more information, see:

- [“Overview of Problem Determination Facilities” on page 11](#)
- [“Abend Codes” on page 12](#)

Overview of Problem Determination Facilities

GCS supports both internal and external tracing for error analysis. Internally, the GCS trace table automatically records GCS supervisor activity. With the ITRACE command and GTRACE macro, you can record other activity in particular GCS virtual machines or in the GCS group as a whole. External tracing, using TRSOURCE and GCS ETRACE commands, records activity in a spool file. This file can then be formatted for viewing using the DVF.

If a GCS application program fails, GCS will automatically produce a dump when:

- The GCS supervisor terminated the program by issuing the ABEND macro.
- The failing application program issued ABEND with the DUMP operand.
- The exit routine specified in an ESTAE, TASKEXIT, or MACHEXIT macro requested a dump.

The dump will be sent to the designated dump receiver, if there is one, or to the reader of the virtual machine in which the application failed. You can manually request a dump of GCS storage by issuing the GDUMP command from the GCS console.

Your installation may want to set up application programs to produce dumps automatically if they abend. Dumps produced during abend processing may capture more information about an error than dumps produced with GDUMP or VMDUMP, after abend processing has been completed.

If a severe error occurs and the GCS supervisor abends, the GCS machine termination module will try to take a dump of GCS storage. If the machine termination module is unable to get the dump, you can use the CP VMDUMP command to get it. The CP command SYSTEM RESTART will also produce a dump of GCS storage.

Once storage has been dumped, you can interactively analyze the dump using the DVF.

If you are authorized to do so, you can also use CP debugging commands such as BEGIN, DISPLAY, DUMP, TRACE, and STORE to trace GCS execution interactively.

Abend Codes

The following is a list of the GCS abend codes, the modules that issue them, an explanation of the abend, and responses the user should take to recover and continue.

PI end

001

Explanation

An input/output error occurred during BSAM or QSAM processing.

User response

Error message GCT306S (input errors) or GCT307S (output errors) will have preceded this abend message. Look up the error code from the error message under message 306 or 307 in the GCS message reference. Use the error code tables for 'SER' or 'SCT' messages, and respond accordingly.

Module

GCTSCT

005

Explanation

An error occurred during GET, PUT, READ, or WRITE macro processing. A required address was not specified or was not valid. The required address may have been the DCB address, the DCBRECAD address, the DCBEOBAD address or the area address.

User response

Correct the invalid address

Module

GCTSQS, GCTSBS

00A

Explanation

An error occurred during CHECK, NOTE, or POINT macro processing. A required address was missing or was invalid. The required address may have been the DCB address or the DECB address.

User response

Correct the invalid address.

Module

GCTSCT

010

Explanation

An error occurred during READ macro processing because the SB option was specified. This option is not supported by GCS.

User response

Remove the 'SB' option.

Module

GCTSBS

013

Explanation

An error occurred during the execution of an OPEN macro instruction.

User response

Error message GCT308E or GCT348E (OPEN errors) will have preceded this abend. Please see the 'User Response' sections for those messages and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTSOP

014

Explanation

An error occurred during execution of a CLOSE macro instruction.

User response

Error message GCT309E or GCT349E (CLOSE errors) will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' sections for those messages and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTSCL

035**Explanation**

An error was detected by VSE/VSAM for which there is no equivalent OS/VS VSAM error code.

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTVIP

036**Explanation**

An error was detected while trying to access the VSAM, BAM, or VTAM shared systems.

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTVIB, GCTVSI

037**Explanation**

A disk defined for use with a VSAM program could not be used. The disk was in the wrong format, was not accessed, or was not attached.

User response

A GCS error message precedes this abend message; see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTDAS, GCTDOS, GCTVIP

038**Explanation**

An I/O error occurred on a disk being used for VSAM processing.

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTDOS

039**Explanation**

An internal error occurred during VSAM processing.

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTVIP, GCTDAS, GCTDOS, GCTLDF

03A**Explanation**

The number of exits defined for use with VSAM exceeded the limit of 128 exits.

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTVIP

03B Variation 1**Explanation**

An invalid address was detected in a VSAM control block or VSAM parameter list. The address is not located in storage that the current program has access to.

System Codes

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTVIP, GCTVIR

03B Variation 2

Explanation

A TYPE parameter of CHK or DRBA was specified and those parameters are not supported.

User response

A GCS error message will have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTVIP

0Cn

Explanation

A program check has occurred. The 'n' in the Abend Code column for this entry stands for the number of the program check that has occurred. 'n' should be one of the following in your message:

Code

Meaning

- 0** A program check other than 1-F has occurred.
- 1** Operation
- 2** Privileged operation
- 3** Execute
- 4** Protection
- 5** Addressing
- 6** Specification
- 7** Data

- 8** Fixed-point overflow
- 9** Fixed-point division
- A** Decimal overflow
- B** Decimal divide
- C** Exponent overflow
- D** Exponent underflow
- E** Significance
- F** Floating-point divide

User response

Examine the Program Old PSW at location 40 (x'28') to find out the cause of the program check.

Module

GCTITP

0F3

Explanation

An SVC 202 or 203 routine indicated that an error occurred in processing the SVC, but no provision has been made for an error return from the routine processing the SVC.

User response

Find out why the error occurred, or indicate that an error return is desired. To allow for an error return, provide an error address for the SVC 202, or negate the halfword code for the SVC 203 and reissue the command.

Module

GCTITS

0F8 Variation 1

Explanation

A task has issued an SVC 202, but register 1 was pointing to non-addressable storage.

User response

Find out why the contents of register 1 were not valid, and correct the problem.

Module

GCTITS

Severity

12

OF8 Variation 2**Explanation**

A branch entered to GCS enabled for interrupts.

User response

Disable for interrupts before branching to GCS.

Module

GCTEST GCTFSV GCTGIM GCTGSV GCTIUS GCTPOS
GCTSDX GCTWAI

Severity

12

OF8 Variation 3**Explanation**

A user exit returned to GCS in access register mode.

User response

Get out of access register mode before returning to GCS.

Module

GCTDSP GCTPMC

Severity

14

OF8 Variation 4**Explanation**

GCS was branch entered in access register mode.

User response

Get out of access register mode before branch entering GCS.

Module

GCTEST GCTFSV GCTGIM GCTGSV GCTIUS GCTSDX
GCTPOS GCTWAI

Severity

16

OF8 Variation 5**Explanation**

An SVC was entered in access register mode.

User response

Get out of access register mode before entering an SVC again.

Module

GCTITS

Severity

18

OFA**Explanation**

GCS could not process an SVC issued by a user program that was running in problem state. The failure occurred because the DOS bit-- a flag controlled by the GCS supervisor--was on when the SVC was issued. This bit must always be off when a problem state program issues an SVC.

User response

Find out why the DOS bit was on and correct the problem. The DOS bit may have been turned on by mistake by an authorized GCS program, or the GCS supervisor may have malfunctioned.

Module

GCTITS

101

Explanation

Invalid parameter list for the WAIT macro. WAIT was issued with other than 0 or 1 entered as the number of events to be completed before the waiting task can proceed.

User response

Correct the WAIT macro parameter specifying the number of events. That parameter must be either 0 or 1.

Module

GCTWAI

102

Explanation

A POST macro has been issued with an invalid ECB address. The user is not authorized to access the storage specified by the ECB address.

User response

Check to see that the ECB address is correct. If you are posting an ECB that is part of an ECBLIST, check that the task that issued the WAIT is still authorized over its storage area. The ECBLIST addresses may have been overwritten.

Module

GCTWAI

106 Variation 1

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the given file was not found.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

010B

106 Variation 2

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the buffer area was not within the user storage limits.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

020B

106 Variation 3

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because of a permanent disk error from RDTK.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

030B

106 Variation 4**Explanation**

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the number of items was equal to 0.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

050B

106 Variation 5**Explanation**

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the fixed/variable flag in the first entry is not F or V.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

070B

106 Variation 6**Explanation**

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the given storage area was smaller than the size of the item to be read. The number of bytes corresponding to the size of the buffer have been read.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

080B

106 Variation 7**Explanation**

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the number of items was greater than 1 for a variable length file.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as

System Codes

shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

0B0B

106 Variation 8

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because the number of items specified exceeds the number of items in the file.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

0C0B

106 Variation 9

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because a variable field has an invalid displacement in the active file table. This is a coding error.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

0D0B

106 Variation 10

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because insufficient free storage is available for file management control areas.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

190B

106 Variation 11

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from the disk. The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because a negative number or the item number plus number of items too large.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an

ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Check to be sure you have the disk accessed properly (for example, the disk should not be accessed as shared read/write). Rerun the job. If the problem persists call your system support personnel.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

1A0B

106 Variation 12

Explanation

The supervisor was unable to fetch the program requested in a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro into virtual storage because sufficient storage was not available.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly or when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, because they call the LINK or LOAD macro.

User response

Use a larger virtual storage size, delete unneeded modules, or take other steps to make more efficient use of storage.

Module

GCTLOS GCTPMC GCTPML

Severity

000C

112

Explanation

Invalid input was passed to a BLDL macro. The problem may have been that (1) the start or end of the BLDL list referred to an address that was in a different key than that of the calling program; or (2) the number of entries was less than 1; or (3) the length of a list entry was less than 58 bytes.

User response

Check that the parameter list is not being incorrectly modified. Make sure that the starting address, number of entries, and length-of-entry fields are correct.

Module

GCTPMB

12C

Explanation

The task ID that has been passed to a CHAP macro is invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The task ID is associated with a system task instead of a user task. That is, the task id was 1 or 2.
- The task ID does not exist.
- The task identified by the task ID is not an immediate descendant of the task that issued the CHAP. A task must have ATTACHED a sub-task in order to issue a CHAP for the sub-task.
- The task identified by the task ID has already terminated.

User response

Correct the faulty CHAP parameter. Make sure that the task ID address is a fullword with the task ID in the two low-order bytes. Make sure that the task ID matches the task ID that was returned when the ATTACH macro was issued for this sub-task.

Module

GCTATT

12F

Explanation

The time interval address passed to the STIMER macro is invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The storage key for the time interval address differs from that of the task that issued the STIMER macro, and the address is located in fetch-protected storage.
- The time interval passed in the DINTVL or TOD parameter was not in unpacked decimal format.

User response

Correct the time interval addresses.

Module

GCTTIM

130

Explanation

The resource to be released by a DEQ macro was not previously obtained by an ENQ from the same task, and the RET=HAVE operand was not coded in the call to DEQ.

User response

Issue ENQ to obtain the resource before issuing DEQ, or include the RET=HAVE operand as a DEQ parameter.

Module

GCTENQ

138

Explanation

Two ENQ macros were issued in the same task for the same resource without a DEQ macro call in between. The second ENQ did not specify TEST, USE, CHNG, or HAVE in the RET operand.

User response

Check to see if you intended to use another resource name for the second ENQ. If not, you can (1) issue a DEQ to release the resource after the first ENQ; or (2) specify TEST, USE, CHNG, or HAVE in the RET operand in the second ENQ macro.

Module

GCTENQ

13C

Explanation

An invalid parameter list was specified on an ESTAE macro by a problem state program. The storage key for the parameter list differed from the storage key for the problem state program.

User response

Check to see if the correct parameter list was passed to ESTAE.

Module

GCTABD

13E

Explanation

A DETACH has been issued for a sub-task that has not yet terminated. The sub-task has abnormally terminated with this code. The sub-task's ETXR (exit routine) was not executed.

User response

Be sure that the subtask completes execution before a DETACH is issued. To synchronize the DETACH with task completion, you can use the ECB or ETXR parameter on the ATTACH macro. This ECB is posted or the ETXR exit runs when the sub-task terminates.

Module

GCTATT

144

Explanation

An error occurred during execution of the SYNADAF macro. An invalid access method code was specified in the high order byte of register 15.

User response

Make sure that the ACSMETH parameter on the SYNADAF macro is correctly coded, or that the high order byte of register 15 contains a valid access method code, before SVC 68 SYNADAF is issued.

Module

GCTSER

1CB

Explanation

An unauthorized caller issued an SVC 203. Either a system-only SVC 203 was requested, or a program running in problem state tried to issue the SVC 203. An SVC 203 can only be issued by a program running in supervisor state.

User response

If a system-only SVC was attempted, find out what SVC should have been issued and correct the problem. Otherwise, find out if the calling program should have

been running in supervisor state or should have issued another SVC.

Module

GCTITS

201

Explanation

The user is not authorized to access the storage specified by the ECB in a WAIT macro parameter list.

User response

Check the ECB address entered in the WAIT macro.

Module

GCTWAI

202

Explanation

The state block address in an ECB that is being POSTed does not refer to a state block in the caller's task block/state block structure. The state block address loaded into the WAIT ECB may have been altered, or the state block may have been destroyed.

The POST routine will reduce the state block's wait count--allowing the waiting program to move out of the wait state--only if the state block address that was loaded into the WAIT ECB is still valid.

User response

Make sure that ECB contents are not being changed, and that the waiting program state block has not been destroyed.

Module

GCTWAI

206

Explanation

The parameter list address or an address in the parameter list (1) was undefined; or (2) was in a different key than that of the calling program and was located in fetch-protected storage.

Code

Meaning

04

Address is not within caller's private storage location.

A reason code of 04 occurs only when the ERRET parameter of the LOAD macro is specified.

User response

Make sure that no parameter list is being incorrectly modified. Ensure that all addresses are correct.

Module

GCTPMC, GCTPMD, GCTPML, GCTLOS

Severity

04

20D

Explanation

A subtask of the current program has ended abnormally with the STEP parameter. STEP causes GCS to abnormally end all tasks and commands that are related to the ABENDED subtask.

User response

Correct the problem in the subtask that failed.

Module

GCTABD

22A

Explanation

Invalid parameters were passed to an ATTACH macro. A share subpool value greater than 127 was specified on the SHSPV parameter, or a share subpool value greater than 127 was included in a list whose address was coded in the SHSPL parameter.

User response

Correct the SHSPV or SHSPL parameter. Make sure that the parameter address is correct if an SHSPL parameter is used.

Module

GCTATT

22C

System Codes

Explanation

The storage key for the id address passed to a CHAP macro differs from that of the task that issued the CHAP, and the address is located in fetch-protected storage.

User response

Provide a valid task id address.

Module

GCTATT

230

Explanation

A length of zero was specified for the name representing a resource in a call to the DEQ macro.

User response

First, check to see if the RNAME LENGTH parameter for the DEQ macro is zero. If it is zero, then the first byte of the minor name field should contain the length of the minor name field and must not be zero. Note that no explicit length need be coded; RNAME length defaults to the assembled length of RNAME if the value is not given elsewhere.

Module

GCTENQ

233 Variation 1

Explanation

A user program has called the SDUMP macro with an invalid parameter list address.

User response

Correct the user program to pass a valid parameter list address.

Module

GCTDUM

Severity

8

233 Variation 2

Explanation

A user program has called the SDUMPX macro with a parameter list structure that is not valid.

User response

Correct the user program to pass a valid parameter list structure.

Module

GCTDUX

Severity

4

233 Variation 3

Explanation

A user program has called the SDUMPX macro with a parameter list address that is not valid.

User response

Correct the user program to pass a valid parameter list address.

Module

GCTDUX

Severity

8

238

Explanation

A length of zero was specified for the RNAME in an ENQ macro parameter list.

User response

First, check to see if the RNAME LENGTH parameter is zero. If it is zero, then the first byte of the minor name field must contain its length and must not have a value of zero. A non-zero length must be coded in one of these fields.

Module

GCTENQ

23E

Explanation

The address of the task id supplied to the DETACH macro is invalid for one of the following reasons:

- The storage key for the task id address differs from that of the issuing task and the address is in fetch-protected storage.
- The task id is zero.
- The task id does not exist.
- The sub-task identified by the task id is not a direct descendant of the task that issued the DETACH. Tasks may DETACH only tasks that they ATTACHED.

User response

Correct the parameter on the DETACH macro. Make sure that the task id address is a fullword with the task id in the two low- order bytes. Also make sure that this task id matches the task id returned when the ATTACH macro was issued for this sub-task.

Module

GCTATT

240**Explanation**

No work area was provided in the parameter list for an OS RDJFCB macro.

User response

Check RDJFCB specification.

Module

GCTSVT

244**Explanation**

The address of the caller's savearea (in register 13) was found to be invalid during execution of the SYNADAF macro.

User response

Make sure that register 13 points to a register savearea within user storage when SYNADAF SVC 68 is issued. If SYNADAF is issued from a SYNAD routine, make sure that register 13 has not been altered since the SYNAD routine was entered, and that register 13 contained the address of a valid register savearea when the last data management macro was issued.

Module

GCTSER

2CB**Explanation**

An SVC 203 was issued, but the halfword code issued with the SVC did not match any valid SVC 203 function.

User response

Correct the halfword code so that it specifies the desired function.

Module

GCTITS

301**Explanation**

The wait flag is already on for the ECB coded in a WAIT macro parameter list.

User response

Check to see if two WAIT macros are unintentionally being issued for the same ECB. Zero out the ECB before it is used by a WAIT macro.

Module

GCTWAI

305**Explanation**

An error occurred when (1) an SVC 5 FREEMAIN tried to release storage belonging to an unsupported subpool; or (2) an SVC 5 FREEMAIN tried to release storage belonging to a subpool requiring authorization, and the program that issued the request is not authorized; or (3) the storage being released has a subpool number different from the number of the subpool from which the storage was obtained.

User response

Check the FREEMAIN causing the error and make sure that the subpool specified is correct.

Module

GCTFSV

30A

Explanation

A program has issued an SVC 10 FREEMAIN, and one of the following three errors has resulted: (1) the task has released storage belonging to an unsupported subpool; (2) the task has released storage belonging to a subpool for which authorization is required, and the program is not an authorized program; or (3) the storage being released has a subpool number different than the number of the subpool from which the storage was obtained.

User response

Make sure that the subpool is coded correctly in the FREEMAIN.

Module

GCTFSV

344

Explanation

An invalid DCB address or DCB DEB (DCBDEBAD) address was encountered during execution of the SYNADAF macro.

User response

Correct the invalid address. For QSAM, the DCB address should be passed to SYNADAF as the PARM1 operand on the SYNADAF macro instruction. (For BSAM and QSAM, the DCB address is in register 1 on entry to the user's SYNAD routine.)

Module

GCTSER

378

Explanation

A program has issued an SVC 120 FREEMAIN and (1) has tried to release storage belonging to an unsupported subpool; (2) the task has tried to release storage belonging to a subpool for which authorization is required, and the task is not authorized; or (3) the storage being released has a subpool number that is different from the number of the subpool from which it was obtained.

User response

Make sure that the subpool being passed to the FREEMAIN is correct.

Module

GCTFSV

406

Explanation

The module that was to be LINKed, XCTLed, ATTACHed or OSRUNed was marked 'Only Loadable' by the linkage editor. The failure may have occurred when the user program issued a LINK or XCTL macro directly. But the failure may also have resulted when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN command called the LINK macro.

User response

LOAD should be used to bring a module marked 'Only Loadable' into storage before other operations are performed. If the module is not only loadable, relink the module to remove the attribute.

Module

GCTPMC

42A

Explanation

The ECB address specified in the ECB parameter for an ATTACH macro is invalid. The address is in a different storage protection key than that of the program that issued the ATTACH.

User response

Provide a valid address for the ECB parameter.

Module

GCTATT

430

Explanation

An invalid parameter list was coded in a call to the DEQ macro. The calling program is not authorized to access the storage area specified in the parameter list.

User response

Check the list address and the addresses of major and minor names in the DEQ parameter list.

Module

GCTENQ

438**Explanation**

An invalid parameter list was entered in a call to the ENQ macro. The calling task is not authorized to access the storage area specified in the parameter list.

User response

Check the list address input parameter and the addresses of major and minor names in the ENQ parameter list.

Module

GCTENQ

43E**Explanation**

An invalid address was passed to a DETACH macro. The ECB address was valid, but now is not in the same storage key as the task that issued the ATTACH.

User response

GCS system storage has been modified since your sub-task was attached. Contact your system programmer.

Module

GCTATT

444**Explanation**

An invalid DECB address was encountered during execution of the SYNADAF macro.

User response

For BSAM, the DECB address should be passed to SYNADAF as the PARM2 operand on the macro instruction. (The DECB address is in register 0 on entry to the user's SYNAD routine.)

Module

GCTSER

530**Explanation**

A DEQ has been issued before an ENQ for the same resource could be filled. The same task issued both

the ENQ and the DEQ, and RET=HAVE was not coded in the DEQ call.

User response

Try coding RET=HAVE as a DEQ parameter. The DEQ request will not be honored and a return code will be produced if the ENQ has not been completed before the DEQ is issued. But with RET=HAVE, the task will not abend.

Module

GCTENQ

604**Explanation**

The GETMAIN macro just issued had (1) an invalid address in the A or LA operand; or (2) an invalid parameter list address. The address in the A or LA operand was invalid because it specified a location outside the virtual storage assigned to the task.

User response

Check the coding of the GETMAIN macro instruction, and re-execute the program after correcting the instruction.

Module

GCTGSV

605**Explanation**

A program has issued an SVC 5 FREEMAIN (E-type or V-type FREEMAIN), but the FREEMAIN parameter lists were protected by a storage key that the issuing program could not read from.

User response

Check to see that the storage protection key for the FREEMAIN parameter lists is correct.

Module

GCTFSV

638

Explanation

The storage requested by the ENQ macro was not available. GETMAIN could not get the storage necessary for control blocks.

User response

Re-execute the program.

Module

GCTENQ

704

Explanation

An uncorrectable machine, system or indeterminate error occurred while processing a GETMAIN macro call. An improper mode byte may have been sent to the GETMAIN entry module, or there may not be sufficient system storage to process the GETMAIN.

User response

Check to see if the mode byte is correct if the user is coding his own mode byte. Otherwise, increase the size of the virtual machine and re-IPL it.

Module

GCTGSV, GCTATT

705

Explanation

There was not enough storage available to meet the internal processing needs of an SVC 5 FREEMAIN.

User response

Increase the size of the virtual machine and re-IPL it.

Module

GCTFSV, GCTATT

706

Explanation

The module requested in a LINK, LOAD, XCTL, or ATTACH macro, or OSRUN or LOADCMD command could not be used. Either the module was marked as not executable by the linkage editor, or the module is an overlay module, which is not allowed in GCS.

This abend can result when a user program issues a LINK, LOAD, or XCTL macro directly. But the failure may also occur when an ATTACH macro or an OSRUN or LOADCMD command is issued, since these call LINK or LOAD.

A reason code of 04 occurs only when the ERRET parameter of the LOAD macro is specified.

User response

Correct the problem in the requested load module and relink-edit it into a LOADLIB.

Module

GCTLOS

70A

Explanation

An uncorrectable machine, system or indeterminate error occurred while processing an R-type GETMAIN or FREEMAIN (an SVC 10 GETMAIN or FREEMAIN). The abnormal end may have occurred because an improper mode byte was sent to the GETMAIN entry module, or because there was not enough storage to process the GETMAIN.

User response

Check to see that the mode byte is correct if the user is coding his own mode byte. Otherwise, increase the amount of storage and re-IPL the virtual machine.

Module

GCTFSV, GCTGSV

72A

Explanation

An address passed to the ATTACH macro is invalid because the storage key for the address differs from that of the calling program, and because the address is in fetch-protected storage. The address is one of the following:

- the address of the ATTACH parameter list
- the EPLOC or DE address
- the SHSPL address (the address is invalid or the first byte in the list has a value of zero).

User response

Provide a valid address for the incorrect parameter.

Module

GCTATT

778 Variation 1**Explanation**

An uncorrectable machine, system, or indeterminate error occurred while processing an RU-type GETMAIN or FREEMAIN macro. The problem may have occurred because an improper mode byte was sent to the GETMAIN entry module, or because not enough storage was available to complete the GETMAIN or FREEMAIN.

User response

Ensure the mode byte is correct if the user coded it. Increase the amount of storage and re-IPL the virtual machine.

Module

GCTFSV GCTGSV GCTTKS

778 Variation 2**Explanation**

A GETMAIN or FREEMAIN issued by STIMER or ATTACH has failed because not enough storage was available to complete the GETMAIN or FREEMAIN.

User response

Ensure the mode byte is correct if the user coded it. Increase the amount of storage and re-IPL the virtual machine.

Module

GCTATT GCTTIM

804**Explanation**

The length field passed to a GETMAIN macro contained either a negative or zero length, or specified a length that exceeded the available virtual storage.

User response

Choose the appropriate action from among the following:

- Check the coding of the LV operand. Re-execute the program after making corrections.

- Change the problem program so that it requests a smaller amount of storage.
- Increase the amount of storage in the virtual machine and re-IPL it.

Module

GCTGSV

806**Explanation**

A LINK, LOAD, XCTL, or ATTACH macro requested a program that could not be found, or an I/O error occurred while processing the request. Register 15 contains a hexadecimal reason code:

Code**Meaning****04**

The program could not be found or no LOADLIBs were defined by the GLOBAL command.

08

An uncorrectable I/O error occurred when the BLDL control program routine attempted to search the directory.

10

CLOSE gave a non-zero return code after the module was loaded.

User response

If the reason code is 04, be sure that you issued the GLOBAL command with the LOADLIB parameter and the names of the LOADLIBs which may contain the requested module. If the reason code is 08, correct the cause of the I/O error. Note that this is probably not a user program error. If the code is 10, rerun the job. Note that this is probably not a user program error.

Module

GCTLOS

Severity

04, 08, or 10

80A**Explanation**

The length field passed to an R-type GETMAIN macro contained either a zero length or a value too large for available storage.

System Codes

User response

Choose the appropriate action from among the following:

1. Check the coding of the LV operand and re-execute the program.
2. Change the problem program so that it requests less storage.
3. Increase the amount of storage and re-IPL the virtual machine.

Module

GCTGSV

878

Explanation

The length field passed to an RU-type GETMAIN macro contained either a negative or zero value, or specified a length too large for available storage.

User response

Choose the appropriate action from among the following:

1. Check the coding of the LV operand and re-execute the program.
2. Change the problem program so that it requests less storage.
3. Increase the amount of storage and re-IPL the virtual machine.

Module

GCTGSV

905

Explanation

A task issued an SVC 5 FREEMAIN, but the address of the storage being released is not on a doubleword boundary.

User response

Correct the address parameter for the FREEMAIN.

Module

GCTFSV

906

Explanation

The Load and/or Use count for the module requested by a LINK, LOAD, XCTL, or ATTACH macro is already the maximum of 32767.

A Reason Code of 04 occurs only when the ERRET parameter of the LOAD macro is specified.

User response

Check for loops which cause the same macro instruction to be issued too often.

Module

GCTLOS

90A

Explanation

A task has issued an SVC 10 FREEMAIN, but the address of the storage that is being released is not on a doubleword boundary.

User response

Correct the address parameters for the FREEMAIN.

Module

GCTFSV

944

Explanation

An invalid savearea address was encountered during execution of SYNADRLS. The invalid address was either the SYNADAF savearea address in register 13, or the pointer to the caller's savearea.

User response

Make sure that register 13 points to the savearea address that was provided by SYNADAF. Also, make sure that the user's savearea address, (located 4 bytes into the savearea pointed to by the address in register 13), has not been altered.

Module

GCTSER

978

Explanation

A task has issued an SVC 120 FREEMAIN, but the address of the storage being released is not on a doubleword boundary.

User response

Correct the address parameter being passed to FREEMAIN.

Module

GCTFSV

A03**Explanation**

This abnormal end occurred during normal task termination. The task that was terminating had a sub-task that had not been DETACHED.

User response

Make sure that all sub-tasks are DETACHED before a task terminates.

Module

GCTATT

A05**Explanation**

A task issued an SVC 5 FREEMAIN and (1) the storage being released overlaps storage that is already free; or (2) the storage being released is on a page that has been locked by PGLOCK.

User response

Check the parameters for the FREEMAIN to make sure that all addresses and lengths have been coded correctly. Also check to see that any locked storage has been unlocked before it is released.

Module

GCTFSV

A06**Explanation**

The current task is already waiting for the serially reusable module that has been requested by LINK, XCTL, or ATTACH.

User response

Do not allow an asynchronous exit to reference the same serially reusable module as the task it is running for, at the same time as the task it is running for. Also, do not allow simultaneous reference to the same serially reusable module by two asynchronous exits running for the same task. Finally, do not allow a serially reusable module to try to re-enter itself.

Module

GCTPMC

A0A**Explanation**

A task has issued an SVC 10 FREEMAIN, and (1) the storage being released overlaps storage that is already free; or (2) the storage being released is on a page that has been locked by PGLOCK.

User response

Make sure that the address and length parameters passed to FREEMAIN are correct. Also check to see that any storage that has been locked is unlocked before it is released.

Module

GCTFSV

A78**Explanation**

A task has issued an SVC 120 FREEMAIN, and (1) the task-related storage that is being released overlaps storage that is already free; or (2) the storage that is being released is on a page that has been locked by PGLOCK.

User response

Check to make sure that address and length parameters passed to FREEMAIN are correct. Also check to see that any storage that has been locked is unlocked before it is released.

Module

GCTFSV

B03

System Codes

Explanation

Normal termination of a task has been interrupted because the task that was terminating still holds a common lock.

User response

Make sure that all locks are released before a task terminates.

Module

GCTATT

B04

Explanation

An invalid subpool number was specified on an E- or V-type GETMAIN macro. The number may have been invalid because:

1. A program running in problem state tried to access a subpool with a number outside the 0-127 range; or
2. A program running in supervisor state tried to access an unsupported subpool. (Supervisor state programs can access subpools with numbers in the 0-127 range, PLUS subpools 229, 230, 231, 241, 243, and 244.)

User response

Check the coding of the SP operand of the GETMAIN macro.

Module

GCTGSV

B0A

Explanation

A subpool number greater than 127 was passed to a R-type GETMAIN macro. An invalid subpool number was specified on an E- or V-type GETMAIN macro. The number may have been invalid because:

1. A program running in problem state tried to access a subpool with a number outside the 0-127 range; or
2. A program running in supervisor state tried to access an unsupported subpool. (Supervisor state programs can access subpools with numbers in the 0-127 range, PLUS subpools 229, 230, 231, 241, 243, and 244.)

User response

Check the coding of the SP operand of the GETMAIN instruction.

Module

GCTGSV

B78

Explanation

A subpool number greater than 127 was passed to a RU-type GETMAIN macro. An invalid subpool number was specified on an E- or V-type GETMAIN macro. The number may have been invalid because:

1. A program running in problem state tried to access a subpool with a number outside the 0-127 range; or
2. A program running in supervisor state tried to access an unsupported subpool. (Supervisor state programs can access subpools with numbers in the 0-127 range, PLUS subpools 229, 230, 231, 241, 243, and 244.)

User response

Check the coding of the SP operand of the GETMAIN instruction.

Module

GCTGSV

C03

Explanation

Normal termination of the current task has been interrupted because the task still holds resources through ENQs.

User response

Make sure that all resources have been released by DEQ before a task terminates.

Module

GCTATT

D03

Explanation

A program tried to terminate with resources still held by ENQ.

User response

Make sure that all resources are released by DEQ before exiting the program.

Module

GCTFSV

D05**Explanation**

A program has issued an SVC 5 FREEMAIN, and (1) the task-related storage that is being released is not owned by the active task or by a task that is sharing storage with the active task; or (2) the storage has had its storage key changed since it was obtained.

User response

Check to see that the address and length parameters of the FREEMAIN are correct. Also check to see that storage keys that were changed have been reset to what they were when the storage was obtained. Lastly, make sure that the task releasing the storage owns the subpool specified in the FREEMAIN macro, or shares the subpool with an ancestor.

Module

GCTFSV

D0A**Explanation**

A program has issued an SVC 10 FREEMAIN, and (1) the task-related storage that is being released is not owned by the current task or by a task sharing storage with the current task; or (2) the storage that is being released has had its storage protection key changed since the storage was obtained.

User response

Check that the address and length parameters passed to the FREEMAIN are correct. Make sure that a storage key that has been changed has been reset to its original setting. Also make sure that the task which is releasing the storage owns the subpool specified in the FREEMAIN macro, or shares the subpool with an ancestor.

Module

GCTFSV

D23 Variation 1**Explanation**

A validate was issued for the reply buffer address specified in the ORE (Operator Reply Element) Data Area. The return code from validate indicates the address is inaccessible to the user. The task that issued the WTOR will be abnormally terminated.

User response

Specify a reply buffer address within the range of your virtual storage.

Module

GCTRPY

D23 Variation 2**Explanation**

One of two errors has occurred: (1) An invalid address was passed to a WTO or WTOR macro. The address or addresses passed in the parameter list are located in storage that the user cannot access. (2) A GETMAIN macro was unable to get a WQE or ORE buffer because not enough storage was available.

User response

To correct the first problem, make sure all parameter list addresses are within your range of storage. To correct the second problem, either increase the amount of virtual storage available to the program or reduce the program's storage needs.

Module

GCTWTR

D78**Explanation**

A task has issued an SVC 120 FREEMAIN, and (1) the task-related storage that is being released is not owned by the active task or by a task that shares storage with the active task; or (2) the storage key for the storage that is being released has been changed since the storage was obtained.

User response

Make sure that the address and length parameters being passed to FREEMAIN are correct. Check to see that a storage key that has been changed is reset to its original setting before the storage is released. Also make sure that the task that is releasing the storage

System Codes

owns the subpool specified in the FREEMAIN macro, or shares the subpool with an ancestor.

Module

GCTFSV

E04

Explanation

A GETMAIN macro has been called with an MVS parameter that is not supported in the GCS environment. The unsupported parameter is either LC or LU mode.

User response

Rewrite the problem program so that it requests allocation of only one storage area at a time.

Module

GCTGSV

E05

Explanation

A task has issued an SVC 5 FREEMAIN using an unsupported MVS parameter. The parameter is one of the following:

- EC
- VC
- LC
- L

User response

Change the macro call so that it uses only supported parameters.

Module

GCTFSV

E0A

Explanation

A task has issued an SVC 10 FREEMAIN, but (1) the SVC 10 was called without an LV parameter; or (2) a zero length was specified as the LV parameter for the FREEMAIN.

User response

Change the macro call to use an LV parameter with a non-zero length.

Module

GCTFSV

E0B

Explanation

A parameter that is not supported by GCS was used in a call to the TIME macro. Unsupported parameters include TU, MIC, STCK, and ZONE=GMT.

User response

Change the macro call so that it uses only supported parameters.

Module

GCTTIM

E23 Variation 1

Explanation

A validate was issued for the ECB address specified in the ORE (Operator Reply Element) Data Area. The return code from validate indicates the address is inaccessible to the user. The task that issued the WTOR will be abnormally terminated.

User response

Specify a reply buffer address within the range of your virtual storage.

Module

GCTRPY

E23 Variation 2

Explanation

An invalid ECB or reply area address has been passed to the WTOR macro. The error or reply area address is located in storage that the user program cannot access.

User response

Make sure that the ECB or replyarea address passed to WTOR is within your storage range.

Module

GCTWTR

E2E**Explanation**

The CANCEL parameter for the TTIMER macro was not specified, or a parameter that is not supported by GCS was passed to TTIMER. Unsupported parameters include TU and MIC.

User response

Change the macro call so that it uses only supported parameters.

Module

GCTTIM

E2F**Explanation**

A parameter that is not supported by GCS was passed to the STIMER macro. Unsupported parameters include TASK, GMT, TUINTVL, and MICVL.

User response

Change the macro call so that it uses only supported parameters.

Module

GCTTIM

E30**Explanation**

A parameter that is not supported in the GCS environment was coded in a call to the DEQ macro. The parameter is one of the following:

- GENERIC=YES
- RMC=STEP
- SYSTEM
- SYSTEMS
- TCB
- UCB
- Multiple requests in one macro call.

User response

Change the macro call so that it uses only supported parameters.

Module

GCTENQ

E38**Explanation**

A parameter that is not supported in the GCS environment was coded in a call to the ENQ macro. The parameter is one of the following:

- SMC=STEP
- SYSTEM, SYSTEMS
- TCB
- Multiple requests with one macro call.

User response

Change the macro call so that it uses only supported parameters.

Module

GCTENQ

E78**Explanation**

A task has issued an SVC 120 FREEMAIN and (1) the SVC 120 was called without an LV parameter; or (2) A zero length was specified in the LV parameter and a zero address was specified in the A parameter.

User response

Change the FREEMAIN call so that it uses an LV parameter with a non-zero length, and/or change the A parameter to specify a non-zero address.

Module

GCTFSV

Severity

Fxx

System Codes

Explanation

The SVC number that was issued is not supported. The numbers replacing the 'xx' in the abend code represent the unsupported SVC number.

User response

Correct the SVC number and reissue the command.

Module

GCTITS

FCA Variation 1

Explanation

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

0108

FCA Variation 2

Explanation

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

0109

FCA Variation 3

Explanation

GENIO STARTR is an authorized function, and the calling program was not in supervisor state.

User response

Make sure that the calling program is in supervisor state before GENIO STARTR is issued.

Module

GCTGIM

Severity

0501

FCA Variation 4

Explanation

GCS Internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

0666

FCA Variation 5

Explanation

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTREX

Severity

0950

FCA Variation 6

Explanation

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

095C

FCA Variation 7**Explanation**

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

095F

FCA Variation 8**Explanation**

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

0BBC

FCA Variation 9**Explanation**

User is not authorized to access the storage specified in the plist.

User response

Check the address in the plist to make sure that the fetch access is possible.

Module

GCTACC GCTARE GCTEIO GCTERS GCTGLB GCTOSR
GCTSTT

Severity

0C00

FCA Variation 10**Explanation**

Module was called by a non-REXX™ module below start of GCS nucleus.

User response

Correct your program to not call a system module.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

0CF0

FCA Variation 11**Explanation**

Module was called by a non-REXX module outside the GCS nucleus.

User response

Correct your program to not call a system module.

Module

GCTRSS

Severity

0CF9

FCA Variation 12**Explanation**

An invalid parameter list has been passed to the REXX processor. Either the parameter list address itself is invalid, or an address within the parameter list is invalid.

User response

Ensure that the parameter list and any addresses contained in the parameter list reside in storage accessible to the issuing program.

System Codes

Module

GCTREX

Severity

0E01

FCA Variation

13

Explanation

A user program issued a FILEDEF command with an invalid parameter list address.

User response

Correct the program so that it passes a valid parameter list address.

Module

GCTFLD

Severity

0F00

FCA Variation

14

Explanation

A FREEMAIN macro has returned a non-zero return code, indicating a failure to release storage.

User response

Re-IPL the system. If the problem persists, contact your IBM support personnel.

Module

GCTNXT

Severity

1001

FCA Variation

15

Explanation

A GETMAIN issued by the current task has failed.

User response

First, try re-executing the program in which the failure occurred. If the problem persists, increase the size of the virtual machine and re-IPL it.

Module

GCTIUE, GCTIUX

Severity

1101

FCA Variation

16

Explanation

The GCS QUERY command has been called with an invalid parameter list. The return code from a VALIDATE issued on addresses in the list indicates that the parameter list address or addresses within the parameter list are not accessible to the user.

User response

Make sure that parameter list addresses are within the range of your storage.

Module

GCTQRY

Severity

1200

FCA Variation

17

Explanation

The GCS REPLY command has been called with an invalid parameter list. The return code from a VALIDATE issued on addresses in the list indicates that the parameter list address or addresses within the parameter list are not accessible to the user.

User response

Make sure that parameter list addresses are within the range of your storage.

Module

GCTRPY

Severity

1300

FCA Variation

18

Explanation

The GCS LOADCMD command has been called with an invalid parameter list. The return code from a VALIDATE issued on addresses in the list indicates that the parameter list address or addresses within the parameter list are not accessible to the user.

User response

Make sure that parameter list addresses are within the range of your storage.

Module

GCTLDC

Severity

1400

FCA Variation

19

Explanation

A user program has invoked the ETRACE command with an invalid parameter list address.

User response

Correct the user program so that it passes a valid parameter list address.

Module

GCTYTE

Severity

1500

FCA Variation

20

Explanation

A user program has invoked the ITRACE command with an invalid parameter list address.

User response

Correct the user program so that it passes a valid parameter list address.

Module

GCTYTG

Severity

1600

FCA Variation

21

Explanation

An invalid address was detected during SET command processing.

User response

A GCS error message will usually have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTDLB

Severity

1700

FCA Variation

22

Explanation

An invalid address was detected during DLBL command processing.

User response

A GCS error message will usually have preceded this abend message. Please see the 'User Response' section for the error message that appeared and respond as indicated.

Module

GCTDLB

Severity

1800

FCB Variation 1

System Codes

Explanation

An AUTHCALL macro was issued, but the issuing program did not have access to the address of the name of the authorized program.

User response

Correct the problem in the application program.

Module

GCTLAC

Severity

0100

FCB Variation 2

Explanation

A program tried to acquire the common lock on GCS common storage without first getting the local lock on resources in the program's own virtual machine.

User response

Make sure the program acquires the local lock before requesting the GCS common lock.

Module

GCTLLK

Severity

0601

FCB Variation 3

Explanation

Not enough free storage was available for GETMAIN to secure an AEB for the SCHEDEX macro.

User response

Check to make sure theabend is not being caused by an error in the application program. Correct the application program if it is at fault. Otherwise, increase the size of storage.

Module

GCTSDX

Severity

0A01

FCB Variation 4

Explanation

User is not authorized to access the storage specified by the parameter list (plist) address, or the address of NAME, or TOKEN contained within the plist.

User response

Check the address of the plist, the address of the NAME, and the TOKEN (if specified), within the plist to ensure fetch access is possible.

Module

GCTTKN

Severity

0C00

FCB Variation 5

Explanation

User is not authorized to update the storage specified by the address of TOKEN in the parameter list (plist).

User response

Check the address specified by TOKEN in the plist to ensure write access is possible.

Module

GCTTKN

Severity

0C0A

FCB Variation 6

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN parameter list (plist) contained an address of zero for either the NAME, TOKEN, or both.

User response

Check the address of the NAME and the TOKEN within the plist to ensure each is properly specified.

Module

GCTTKN

Severity

0C0B

FCB Variation 7

Explanation

A FREEMAIN of private storage issued by GCSTOKEN has failed because not enough storage was available to complete the FREEMAIN.

User response

Define a larger virtual storage size for the virtual machine and re-IPL GCS.

Module

GCTTKN

Severity

0C1F

FCB Variation 8

Explanation

A FREEMAIN of common storage issued by GCSTOKEN has failed because not enough storage was available to complete the FREEMAIN.

User response

If you have high common storage capabilities, ask your system programmer or your IBM support representative to define a larger high common storage area using the GROUP EXEC, and rebuild GCS. Re-IPL GCS with the larger common storage area.

Module

GCTTKN

Severity

0C2F

FCB Variation 9

Explanation

GCS internal error.

User response

Contact your system support personnel.

Module

GCTTKN

Severity

0C3F

FCB Variation 10

Explanation

Invalid shared variable request block addresses were passed to the EXECCOMM routine.

User response

Make sure that the addresses have been coded correctly.

Module

GCTREX

Severity

0D01

TSAF Abend Codes

When a TSAF abend occurs, the TSAF operator must follow several steps:

1. Collect information about the error.

Save the console sheet or spooled console output of the TSAF virtual machine. Save and process, using the CMS DUMpload and the DVF MAP commands, any dumps produced by TSAF. Save any TRSOURCE file that may contain TSAF data.

2. Collect information about the system status.

The following information can be useful and even necessary in problem determination:

- The status of real and virtual devices in use by TSAF
- The level of system load at the time of failure on any of the systems using TSAF and the status of each system (for example, did one abend?)
- The types of applications that are using TSAF at the time and any information about them that can be freely provided
- The physical connection configuration of the systems in use.

3. Recover from the abend so processing can continue.

When an abend occurs in TSAF, either because TSAF issued an ABEND or because a TSAF or CMS operation caused a program exception, TSAF produces a dump by way of the CP VMDUMP command. The dump is placed in TSAF's virtual reader. TSAF then issues a CP SYSTEM RESET command. If the CONCEAL option is on, as recommended, CP automatically IPLs CMS. Otherwise, operator intervention is required to re-IPL CMS. Similarly, if TSAF is not invoked from the PROFILE EXEC, the operator must restart it manually. For more information on TSAF problem determination, consult the [z/VM: Diagnosis Guide](#).

The following is a list of the TSAF abend codes, the modules that issue them, an explanation of the abend, and responses the user should take to recover and continue.

Note: xxx represents any TSAF module that issues this message.

ATS010

Explanation

Error return from ABNEXIT.

This is a system error. The TSAF abend exit was not established, so no dump was taken, nor will the normal problem determination information be displayed on the console.

User response

Save any problem information that CMS or TSAF presents. Issue a VMDUMP command to dump the contents of the virtual machine. Contact your service representative.

Module

ATSCTL

ATS300

Explanation

Error on the HNDIUCV SET CMS function.

This is a system error. TSAF was unable to successfully issue an HNDIUCV SET CMS function during initialization.

User response

Save any problem information that CMS or TSAF presents. Contact your service representative.

Module

ATSIIN

ATS302

Explanation

*CRM is already in use by another virtual machine.

There is already another virtual machine that has a connection to the *CRM system service. CP allows only one virtual machine at a time to be connected to this system service.

User response

Determine what other virtual machine(s) are authorized to connect to this system service. Make the necessary corrections to the system directory and perform the local procedures for starting these virtual machines. Then restart TSAF on the appropriate virtual machine. If this does not correct the problem, save any problem information that CMS or TSAF presents, and contact your service representative.

Module

ATSIH1

ATS303**Explanation**

Not authorized to connect to *CRM.

This virtual machine is not authorized in the system directory to connect to the *CRM system service. TSAF does not take a dump on this abend.

User response

Make any needed corrections to the system directory, and restart TSAF on the appropriate virtual machine. If this does not correct the problem, save any problem information that CMS or TSAF presents, and contact your service representative.

Module

ATSIIN

ATS304**Explanation**

Error on the CMSIUCV CONNECT to *CRM.

This is a system error. TSAF was unable to successfully issue the CMSIUCV SET necessary to establish an IUCV path to the *CRM system service.

User response

Save any problem information that CMS or TSAF presents. Contact your service representative.

Module

ATSIIN

ATS310**Explanation**

Error on a CMSIUCV CONNECT with program initialization parameters (PIP).

This is either a system error or a transmission error. The PIP data that TSAF attempted to pass to the target of the request could not be received by the target.

User response

Save any problem information that CMS or TSAF presents. Contact your service representative.

Module

ATSIG2

ATS800**Explanation**

Attempted to pop a frame from an empty stack.

A TSAF module encountered an empty stack because TSAF ran out of CMS free storage. The problem may have occurred because the TSAF virtual machine was given insufficient virtual storage.

User response

Provide more storage for the TSAF virtual machine, and restart TSAF. If it fails again, contact your system programmer.

Module

ATSxxx

ATS801**Explanation**

Obtained a frame from a stack but the frame was already in use.

This is a TSAF system error. A TSAF module encountered a condition that should not have occurred. TSAF will have taken a dump and entered a disabled wait state.

User response

Save the problem information and contact your system programmer or service representative.

Module

ATSxxx

ATS802

System Codes

Explanation

Attempted to push a frame onto a stack but the frame is already on a stack.

This is a TSAF system error. A TSAF module encountered a condition that should not have occurred. TSAF will have taken a dump and entered a disabled wait state.

User response

Save the problem information and contact your system programmer or service representative.

Module

ATSxxx

ATS888

Explanation

Unable to obtain required storage.

A specific TSAF module requested free storage from CMS. CMS diagnosed an error on that request. The problem may have occurred because the TSAF virtual machine was given insufficient virtual storage.

User response

Provide more storage for the TSAF virtual machine, and restart TSAF. If it fails again, contact your system programmer.

Module

ATSxxx

ATS890

Explanation

Unable to release storage.

A specific TSAF module tried to return storage to CMS. CMS diagnosed an error on that request. TSAF will have taken a dump and entered a disabled wait state.

User response

Save the problem information and contact your system programmer or service representative.

Module

ATSxxx

ATS999

Explanation

TSAF system error.

A TSAF module encountered a condition that should not have occurred. TSAF will have taken a dump and entered a disabled wait state.

User response

Save the problem information and contact your system programmer or service representative.

Module

ATSxxx

Return Codes

Refer to *z/VM: CMS and REXX/VM Messages and Codes* for information about return codes produced by APPC/VM VTAM, CMS, CP, and VMSES/E.

Chapter 3. System Messages

Messages are generated by the system in response to either an action or lack of action that has been detected. This section provides complete descriptions of the various z/VM messages the user may receive.

AVS Messages

AGW000E **ERROR - No text found for message/response number *xxxx,yy***

Explanation

An unrecognized error condition was created; the AVS repository has no entry for message *xxxx*, response *yy*

System action

The system does not recognize and cannot effectively respond to the displayed message.

Operator response

Report the message, the format, and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW001I **AVS initialization is complete. The service level is *level*.**

Explanation

The operator has issued an AGW START command and AVS is initialized and ready for normal operation. The service level is indicated by *level*.

System action

AVS is up and running normally.

Operator response

Commands can now be entered.

AGW002I **Gateway *gatelu* is activated**

Explanation

A gateway has been defined to VTAM and the CP. Normal conversation can now begin.

System action

Gateway *gatelu* is running normally.

Operator response

None.

AGW003I **Gateway *gatelu* is deactivated**

Explanation

The gateway is inactive - either forced down by VM/VTAM or by an operator-issued QUIESCE or DEACTIVE GATEWAY command.

System action

Gateway *gatelu* is deactivated. No active conversations exist.

Operator response

None.

AGW004I **Gateway *gatelu* was severed**

Explanation

Ownership of gateway *gatelu* was revoked and the connection severed.

System action

The connection is severed. CP will not attempt to reroute the connection to another gateway.

Operator response

None.

AGW005I **External trace started**

Explanation

AVS processed a SET ETRACE ON command.

System action

The system will write AVS trace records to a CPTRAP spool file.

Note: Nothing will be recorded by CPTRAP until CPTRAP is appropriately enabled.

Operator response

None.

AGW006I **External trace ended**

Explanation

AVS processed a SET ETRACE OFF command.

System action

AVS will write trace records only to AVS virtual storage. No external tracing is performed.

Operator response

None.

AGW007I Trace table initialized. Table size = *tablesize*.

Explanation

An AGW START command was issued, automatically creating the internal trace table. The *tablesize* is optionally defined; the default is 20 1K-byte blocks of virtual storage. Note that the displayed *tablesize* is a decimal value.

System action

The START command initializes the internal trace table at the specified size.

Operator response

None.

AGW008I AGWPROF GCS initialization file was not found.

Explanation

GCS was unable to define the command handling routine to AVS.

System action

AVS initializes normally.

Operator response

None.

AGW013I A CNOS for *gatelu*, *remotelu*, *modename* is quiesced. Gateway is not active.

Explanation

When a gateway is not active, CNOS commands remain quiesced until the gateway is activated.

System action

Once the gateway is established and active, the system executes the specified CNOS instructions.

Operator response

Activate the gateway to release the quiesced CNOS condition. Executed CNOS commands require no operator action.

AGW015I Conversation *conid* on gateway *gatelu* is deactivated

Explanation

Conversation *conid* on *gatelu* is deactivated as the result of a DEACTIVE CONV command.

System action

The conversation is ended.

Operator response

None.

AGW017I Quiesce is in progress.

Explanation

The system is being brought to a gradual halt.

System action

New work is rejected.

Operator response

None.

AGW018I Attempting to renegotiate CNOS for *gatelu*, *remotelu*, *modename* for the original command values.

Explanation

A CNOS from *gatelu* to *remotelu* failed because *remotelu* was not active. When it was activated, it issued a CNOS to *gatelu* for a session limit that was higher than the original session limit requested by *gatelu*.

System action

AVS is attempting to renegotiate the CNOS values back down to the originally requested values from *gatelu*.

Operator response

None.

AGW021W Active conversations are still outstanding. Deactivation of gateway *gatelu* will be completed

when the conversations are terminated.

Explanation

The specified gateway cannot be deactivated until all active conversations are completed.

System action

When the conversations are finished, the gateway will be deactivated.

User response

No response is needed. If you want the gateway to be deactivated immediately, issue the AGW DEACTIVE GATEWAY command with the FORCE option.

AGW041E Required parameter *parmid* is missing

Explanation

A required parameter is missing from the input command.

System action

AVS ignores the command.

Operator response

Enter the required parameter and correct command.

AGW043E Parameter *parmid* is not valid

Explanation

The entered command parameter is invalid.

System action

The command is ignored and the system is ready for another.

Operator response

Enter the correct parameter and command.

AGW044E Parameter *parmid* is too long

Explanation

The entered parameter had more than the allowable number of characters.

System action

AVS ignores the command.

Operator response

Correct the command and re-enter it.

AGW047E Activate gateway *gatelu* failed. *message*.

Explanation

An AVS gateway cannot be established for the reasons described in *message*. The variations of *message* are:

- *gatelu* already exists
- AVS is not authorized for IUCV connectors
- Command is ignored
- Conversation manager *conman* could not be loaded. GCS ABEND code = *abendrc*, reason code = *reasonrc*
- Invalid addressing mode
- IUCV CONNECT errors *errors*
- IUCV CONNECT to *IDENT failed, RC=*rcode*
- Maximum number of AVS-IUCV connections reached
- OPEN ACB error
- SETLOGON error
- The CP installed does not include conversation manager support.

System action:

The command is ignored and the gateway is not activated.

Operator response

Note the corresponding failure message and correct the problem using the appropriate response listed below. Enter the gateway activation request again.

- *gatelu* already exists

A gateway with this name already exists in this GCS group. Try to activate a different gateway or contact the system administrator to have the use of this gateway restricted.

- AVS is not authorized for IUCV connectors

The AVS virtual machine is missing the IUCV *IDENT statement in its directory that allows the AVS virtual machine to connect to the Identify System Service to identify gateways. Stop the AVS machine and have the system administrator add this statement to the AVS directory entry. Refer to *z/VM: Connectivity* for an example of a directory entry for the AVS virtual machine.

- **Command is ignored**

While processing an ACTIVATE GATEWAY command, AVS encountered a programming error or a storage failure. Message AGW280S will precede message AGW047E. Follow the actions described under message AGW280S.

- **Conversation manager *conman* could not be loaded. GCS ABEND code = *abendrc*, reason code = *reasonrc***

The conversation manager specified on the ACTIVATE GATEWAY command could not be loaded with the GCS LOAD macro. Use the abend and reason codes that are returned to determine the cause of the failure and the appropriate response.

- **Invalid addressing mode**

The conversation management routine specified on the ACTIVATE GATEWAY command was loaded using 24-bit addressing mode while AVS was using 31-bit addressing mode. This could cause the conversation management routine to function incorrectly because it will not be able to access the parameters passed to it by AVS. The addressing mode being used by the conversation management routine or AVS must be changed. For more information about conversation management routines, refer to [z/VM: Connectivity](#).

- **IUCV CONNECT errors *errors***

An IUCVCOM CONNECT failed while trying to activate this gateway. Use the returned error code to determine the cause of the failure and the appropriate response. For more information, refer to IUCVCOM in [z/VM: Group Control System](#).

- **IUCV CONNECT to *IDENT failed, RC=*rcode***

AVS received an IUCV sever in response to the IUCVCOM CONNECT to the *IDENT system service. Use the returned reason code to determine the cause of the failure and the appropriate response. For more information, refer to "Identify System Service" in [z/VM: CP Programming Services](#).

- **Maximum number of AVS-IUCV connections reached**

The number of IUCV and APPC/VM connections to and from the AVS virtual machine have exceeded the number specified on the OPTION MAXCONN statement in the AVS virtual machine's directory entry. Have the system administrator increase the number of connections allowed to and from the AVS virtual machine. For an example of a directory entry for the AVS virtual machine, refer to [z/VM: Connectivity](#).

- **OPEN ACB error**

While trying to define an LU, AVS encountered a storage error, or VTAM did not accept the request

from AVS. Message AGW250E or AGW345E will precede message AGW047E. Follow the actions described under these messages to determine the cause of the failure and the appropriate response.

- **SETLOGON error**

While trying to activate a gateway, a VTAM SETLOGON request was not accepted by VTAM or failed. Message AGW047E might be preceded by message AGW365S or AGW375S. Follow the actions described under these messages to determine the cause of the failure and the appropriate response. If message AGW047E is not preceded by either of these messages, the SETLOGON request was not accepted by VTAM because the ACB was not opened properly or has been closed. Try to activate the gateway again. If it fails again, contact your system personnel.

- **The CP installed does not include conversation manager support.**

The release of CP on which this AVS machine is running does not support service pool machines or conversation managers. The CP level must be at the VM/ESA 1.1 level or later. Activate the gateway without specifying the MANAGER option or notify system personnel that a different CP level is needed.

AGW049E Value *value* is too large**Explanation**

The CNOS value is greater than the maximum value (32788) allowed by VTAM.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Enter a corrected value.

AGW050E CNOS for *gatelu remotelu modename* failed**Explanation**

VTAM was unable to define the sessions for the specified gateway.

System action

The CNOS command fails.

Operator response

A previously issued error message gave the VTAM reason code. Report that reason code and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW051E **CNOS for *gatelu remotelu modename* failed. Error creating gateway *gatelu*.**

Explanation

A CNOS command failed as the result of a gateway creation failure.

System action

The CNOS request is terminated.

Operator response

A previously issued message gave the reason error code. If the error occurred as the result of a program error, the system will initiate a dump. Based on the previously provided reason code (and dump where available), correct the problem and re-enter the CNOS request.

AGW053E **No command was entered. AVS request is ignored.**

Explanation

No recognizable AVS command was entered.

System action

AVS ignores the command.

Operator response

Enter the correct command.

AGW054E **START has terminated. GCS IDENTIFY for AGWDSPMN failed. RC = *num*.**

Explanation

The AVS START command was halted as a result of a failed GCS IDENTIFY macro command.

System action

AVS is not started.

Operator response

Look up the return code specified in the message in *z/VM: CP Programming Services* and *z/VM: Group*

Control System. Correct the problem, and re-enter the START command.

AGW055E **Command ignored. *message*.**

Explanation

AVS is unable to successfully complete execution of the function described in *message*. The variations of *message* are:

- **Initialization is still in progress**
- **START command already issued**
- **Invalid START command parameter**
- **More than one ETRACE on START command**
- **Quiesce is in progress**
- **Gateway *gatelu* activation is in process**
- **AVS is stopping**
- **Gateway *gatelu* deactivation is in process**
- **Gateway *gatelu* already exists**
- **Gateway *gatelu* does not exist**
- **CNOS for *gatelu remotelu modename* is in process**
- **Non-numeric value *value* in number field**
- **Maximum number of trace blocks is 1000**
- **Only a START command is allowed**

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Use the information contained in *message* to correct the command, or wait for the current command to finish processing and enter the next command.

AGW056S **Deactivate for *gatelu* may not be complete. IUCVINI CLR error *error*.**

Explanation

An error occurred on a GCS IUCVINI CLR during a DEACTIVE GATEWAY. There is a possibility that the gateway is not completely deactivated, and thus cannot be re-activated.

System action

The system will execute a dump.

Operator response

Deliver the dump results to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW057S **ITRACE not set. Programming error, RC = num.**

Explanation

Internal tracing is not active.

System action

The system will execute a dump.

Operator response

To start internal tracing, use the SET ITRACE ON command.

AGW060E **Command ignored. {Userid|Logical unit} for remotelu remuser {already exists|does not exist}.**

Explanation

Either the ADD USERID command failed because the local user ID for *remotelu remuser* already exists, or the DELETE USERID command failed because the local user ID or the remote logical unit for *remotelu remuser*, does not exist.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

If the command was issued with incorrect parameters, re-issue the command with the correct parameters. Otherwise, there is no need to re-issue the command.

AGW066S **{Define | Display} not issued for gatelu remotelu modename. Storage failure RC = rc.**

Explanation

A storage failure prevented an APPCCMD OPRCNTL=DEFINE or an APPCCMD OPRCNTL=DISPLAY from being issued. These functions are issued as a result of a CNOS.

System action

The CNOS processing will continue.

User response

Use the STOP command to end AVS, then attempt to define more virtual storage. Restart the AVS virtual machine, and start your applications again.

AGW070E **Command ignored. Conversation conid does not exist for gateway gatelu.**

Explanation

Conversation *conid* on *gatelu* does not exist.

System action

AVS ignores the command.

Operator response

Specify a valid conversation ID (*conid*) and gateway, and re-enter the connection request.

AGW075S **AVS is terminated. Programming error during Quiesce, RC = num.**

Explanation

A programming error occurred when AVS attempted to enter a quiesced state.

System action

AVS is terminated immediately.

Operator response

None.

AGW076E **{Initial number of elements in PIP stack must be greater than zero. | Storage failure. Unable to create PIP buffer stack with num elements.} [Stack will be created with num elements.]**

Explanation

An error occurred creating the AVS PIP buffer stack. The error was caused by requesting zero elements in the PIP stack or by a storage failure. A storage failure occurred because there was not enough storage for the requested stack elements or because the requested number of stack elements exceeded the predefined default number of elements.

System action

The system will try to create the AVS PIP buffer stack with the predefined number of elements when the error occurred by requesting zero elements or by a storage failure where the requested number of stack elements exceeded the predefined default number of elements.

If the error occurs by a storage failure because there was not enough storage for the requested stack elements or if the error occurs a second time, the command fails.

Operator response

If the command fails, issue the CP DEFINE command to increase the size of the virtual machine, IPL GCS, re-start AVS, and re-enter the command.

AGW080S **Command ignored. Insufficient storage to process request.**

Explanation

The requesting program cannot obtain the required storage, buffers, or control blocks.

System action

The requested action is not performed.

Operator response

Notify the appropriate system personnel.

AGW081S **Command failed. *message***

Explanation

The multiple variations of *message* below all concern a severe lack of available virtual storage to execute the command successfully.

- **AVS stack storage depleted**
- **GETMAIN for trace table failed**
- **GETMAIN for SGB block failed**
- **GETMAIN for EXLST failed. RC=num**

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Attempt to define more virtual storage and enter the command again. If this does not work, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW082S **Command failed. *message***

Explanation

There is insufficient virtual storage available to create either an ordered list or a stack. The possible variations of *message* are shown below.

- **Error occurred creating AVS stack**

- **Error occurred creating AVS indexed ordered list**
- **Error occurred creating AVS ordered list**

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Enter the CP DEFINE command to increase the size of the virtual machine, IPL GCS, restart AVS, and enter the command again.

AGW083S **{Command failed. | Storage failure.} {IUCV QUERY {error occurred. | can not be issued.} | GCS {ESTAE | IDENTIFY | IUCVINI} error occurred.} {RC=num. | PIP data can not be allowed.}**

Explanation

The specified IUCV or GCS macro failed.

System action

The system terminates.

Operator response

Look up the macro return code specified in the message, correct the problem, and re-IPL the system. For more information about IUCV macros, refer to [z/VM: CP Programming Services](#). For more information about GCS macros, refer to [z/VM: Group Control System](#).

AGW084S **{Deactivate|Activate} gateway *gatelu* failed. {Programming error| Storage failure}, RC = num.**

Explanation

The system was unable to ACTIVATE or DEACTIVATE the specified gateway due to a severe programming or storage failure error.

System action

The command fails, and in the case of a programming error, the system will execute a dump.

Operator response

Report the return code and system response (and deliver the dump results where available) to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW086S {CNOS for *gatelu remotelu modename* failed. | CNOS cannot be issued as the result of a {deactivate|activate} gateway *gatelu*.} {Programming error|Storage failure}, RC = *num*.

Explanation

The system was unable to execute the CNOS command because of a severe programming or storage failure error.

System action

The command fails and, in the case of a programming error, the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code and dump (when available) to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW087S {Gateway command | A gateway command for *gatelu*} terminated. Programming error, RC = *num*.

Explanation

The system was unable to successfully complete execution of the GATEWAY command due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Deliver the dump and the corresponding return code to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW088S An unsolicited CNOS for *gatelu remotelu modename* completed, but a {storage failure | programming error} occurred. Unpredictable results. RC = *num*

Explanation

A remote logical unit issued a CNOS to the specified gateway LU. The CNOS completed, but errors occurred during AVS processing. The results are unpredictable.

System action

Conversations are not able to be established. In the case of a programming error, a dump is taken.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code and corresponding dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW089S QUERY {CNOS | CONVERSATION} on gateway *gatelu* terminated. Programming error, RC = *rc*.

Explanation

The requested QUERY command failed due to a programming error.

System action

The command fails, and the system executes a dump.

User response

Deliver the dump and the corresponding return code to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW090S Query failure on gateway *gatelu* Programming error, RC = *num*.

Explanation

The system was not able to successfully execute the QUERY command.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code and corresponding dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW091E Deactivation of conversation for *gatelu conid* failure. Storage error, RC = *rc*

Explanation

The system was unable to deallocate conversations for gateway *gatelu* due to a storage failure.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Note the storage failure code, and deliver the code to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW091S **Deactivation of conversation for *gatelu conid* failure. Programming error, RC = *rc***

Explanation

The system was unable to deallocate conversations for gateway *gatelu* due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code (and dump when available) to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW093S **Query USERID command terminated. Programming error, RC = *num***

Explanation

The system was unable to execute the Query USERID command because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code and dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW094S **Add USERID failed. {Storage| Programming} error, RC = *num***

Explanation

The system was unable to execute the Add USERID command because of a severe programming or storage failure error.

System action

The command fails and, in the case of a programming error, the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code and dump (when available) to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW095S **Delete USERID failed. Programming error, rc = *num***

Explanation

The system was unable to execute the Delete USERID command because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Note the return code, and deliver the code and dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW096S **AVS timer disabled. Programming error, RC = *num***

Explanation

The AVS timer has become disabled, causing a programming error.

System action

The system will initiate a dump and shutdown.

Operator response

Give the return code and accompanying dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW149I **End**

Explanation

This message signifies the end of an AVS QUERY command or an AVS CNOS command.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

AGW201I **AVS termination completed**

Explanation

AVS has ended execution.

System action

The system has shut down.

Operator response

None.

AGW240E Storage failure. *message* [Gateway = *gatelu.*] | [Gateway = *gatelu*, Conversation = *conid.*]

Explanation

Due to a storage failure, the system is unable to successfully complete the operation specified in *message* for the named *gatelu* and *conid*. The multiple variations of *message* are shown below.

- Unable to forward CONFIRM indication on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to forward DATA on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to forward DEALLOCATE_CONFIRM indication on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to forward PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE_CONFIRM on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to forward REQUEST_TO_SEND indication on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to forward SEND indication on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to forward {QUIESCE|RESUME} indication on {VM|VTAM} path *pathid*.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SENDPREP on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SENDRQCM on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SENDCMTD on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SENDFRGT on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SENDHMIX on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SENDLUW on VM path *pathid*.
- Unable to communicate with Recovery Server.
- Unable to issue APPCVM SETMODIFY on VM path *pathid*.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Use the STOP command to end the AVS application and attempt to allocate more storage. If this fails, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW241E Storage failure. Unable to issue APPCCMD CONTROL = RECEIVE, QUALIFY = ANY command.

GETMAIN RC = num. Gateway = *gatelu*

Explanation

AVS encountered a storage failure in attempting to issue the APPCCMD CONTROL = RECEIVE function for the specified gateway.

System action

The system is unable to issue the necessary number of RECEIVES.

Operator response

If existing conversations appear to be running normally, wait until a convenient time and then bring AVS down. With the system down, use the return code to determine the cause of the failure and correct the problem. If no conversations can be allocated, bring AVS down immediately and correct the problem.

AGW242E Storage failure. Unable to receive {log data on | PS Header on | PIP data variable.} VTAM path *pathid* [will be deallocated]. Gateway = *gatelu*

Explanation

The system is unable to receive data over the specified gateway due to a shortage of available storage.

System action

The system cannot receive the data.

Operator response

Use the STOP command to end the AVS application and attempt to define more storage. If this does not work, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW243E Storage failure. Unable to complete connection request {on VM path *pathid* | . VTAM path *pathid* will be deallocated}. [Gateway = *gatelu*]

Explanation

Due to a shortage of available storage, the system is unable to complete a connection request for the specified *pathid*.

System action

No connection is formed.

Operator response

Use the STOP command to end the AVS application and attempt to define more virtual storage. If this does not work, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW244E **Storage failure. Unable to continue receiving data on VM path *pathid*. Gateway = *gatelu*, Conversation = *conid***

Explanation

Due to a shortage of available storage space, the system is unable to continue receiving data over the specified VM path.

System action

The system cannot receive any more data.

Operator response

Attempt to define more virtual storage. If this does not work, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW245E **Storage failure. Unable to forward any further indications or data on {VM | VTAM} path *pathid*. Gateway = *gatelu* [, Conversation = *conid*]**

Explanation

Due to a shortage of available storage, outstanding functions on the VTAM or VM work queue were not flushed. VTAM or VM cannot send any data on the specified *pathid*.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Use the STOP command to end the AVS application and attempt to define more storage. If this does not work, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW246E **[Storage failure.] Unable to {deallocate|reject| deactivate gateway *gatelu*.} [{VM|VTAM} path *pathid*. Gateway = *gatelu* [, Conversation = *conid*]**

Explanation

Due to a shortage of available storage, the system is either unable to deallocate or unable to reject the path for the specified gateway, or it is unable to deactivate

gateway *gatelu*. Note that when no *conid* is given, the *conid* is the same as the *gatelu*.

System action

The path or gateway remains in place.

Operator response

Use the DEACTIVATE GATEWAY *gatelu* FORCE command option to bring AVS down, and attempt to allocate more storage. If this fails, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW247E **Unable to Quiesce AVS**

Explanation

AVS is unable to enter a quiesced state.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Attempt to define more virtual storage and re-execute the command. If this does not work, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW248E **Storage failure. Unable to receive FMH5**

Explanation

The system is unable to receive the correct format information contained in the FMH5 header.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Use the DEFINE command to attempt to obtain more virtual storage. If that action fails, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW249E **Storage failure. Unable to {send HEURISTIC_MIXED PS header | send BACKOUT | send CONFIRM | send FORGET PS Header | send COMMITTED PS header | issue APPCCMD SETSESS | issue APPCCMD SEND_ERROR} on VTAM path *pathid*. Gateway = *gatelu*. [Unable to store session_id *sessid* in the implied forget ordered list]**

Explanation

Due to a shortage of available storage, the system is unable to complete a send request on the specified *pathid*.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Use the STOP command to end the AVS application and attempt to define more virtual storage. If this is unsuccessful, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW250E **GETMAIN failed. Unable to create ACB, RC = rc**

Explanation

A GCS GETMAIN macro failed while trying to get storage for an ACB during an AGW ACTIVATE GATEWAY command.

System action

The AGW ACTIVATE GATEWAY command fails, and a dump of the AVS virtual machine is taken.

User response

Deliver the return code and the associated system dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW280S **{Programming error detected, | Storage failure,} RC = num**

Explanation

The system has encountered a severe storage or programming failure.

System action

In the case of a programming error, the system will execute a dump.

Operator response

Give the return code and the system response (and the dump, when available) to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW281S **FREEMAIN command failed. Programming error, RC = num**

Explanation

The system was unable to free the specified amount of main storage due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Using the provided return code, determine the cause of the FREEMAIN error and attempt to correct the situation. If this does not work, report the return code and system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW282S **Storage failure. {VM|VTAM} path *pathid* will be deallocated. Gateway = *gatelu*. [, Conversation = *conid*]**

Explanation

The system is unable to maintain the VM or VTAM path *pathid* to the specified *gatelu* due to a severe storage failure. Note that when no *conid* is given, the *conid* is the same as the *gatelu*.

System action

The path will be deallocated.

Operator response

Attempt to define more virtual storage and reconnect the path. If this fails, contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW301I **VTAM {is ending | has cancelled the application for gateway *gatelu*}**

Explanation

Either the VTAM virtual machine has been halted, or the VTAM virtual machine has canceled the application associated with the displayed gateway.

System action

If VTAM is ending, all gateways will be deactivated, and all conversations will be stopped. If an application has been canceled, conversations through that gateway will be stopped, and that gateway will be deactivated.

User response

Contact the appropriate system personnel to restart the VTAM virtual machine, or to find out why VTAM canceled the application, and to correct the problem.

AGW302I **The CNOS limit of *limit* for gateway *gatelu*, remote LU *remotelu* has been exceeded. The allocation request has been queued.**

Explanation

The application has attempted to establish more conversations through a particular gateway than the session limit allows.

System action

As conversations through this gateway complete, the queued allocation requests will be processed.

User response

To avoid this message, issue the AGW CNOS command to increase the session limits.

AGW303E **ATTN(LOSS) received for gateway *gatelu*, remote LU *remotelu*, mode *modename*, SENSE = *num***

Explanation

AVS has received an ATTN(LOSS) from VTAM, which indicates that sessions have been lost for the LU-LU pair. The SENSE code indicates the reason for the network failure.

System action

The cause of the network failure may have to be resolved. The session limits established by the AGW CNOS command may also have been affected.

User response

You should follow established procedures for reporting network failures. For more information about SENSE codes and network failure causes, refer to *SNA Formats*.

AGW321E **Invalid {data | operation code} received from the CRR recovery server [on an exchange log names completion | on a hold session completion | on a release session request |. Unable to complete deallocate session request.]**

Explanation

The AVS communications server received unknown data or operation code from the CRR recovery server.

System action

The data or operation code is ignored.

Operator response

None.

AGW322E **Control links to the CRR recovery server are not operational. Protected conversations are not allowed. Existing protected conversations will be deallocated.**

Explanation

Protected conversations are not allowed because AVS is unable to communicate with the CRR recovery server.

System action

Any protected conversations are deallocated and no new protected conversations are allowed.

Operator response

Make the CRR recovery server available if you need a protected conversation and try to allocate the protected conversation again. For more information, refer to *z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation*.

AGW323S **APPCVM SENDDATA to the CRR recovery server failed {. Programming error, IPAUDIT= *num*. | , IPRCODE = *num*.}**

Explanation

An attempt by the AVS communications server to send data to the CRR recovery server failed.

System action

The path to the CRR recovery server is deallocated and all protected conversations are deallocated.

Operator response

Note the IPRCODE or IPAUDIT code and contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW324S {APPCVM | IUCVCOM} SEVER {TYPE=ABEND for the CRR recovery server path failed. Programming error, IPAUDIT= num. | for the CRR recovery server failed, {IPRCODE | RC}= num.}

Explanation

An attempt by the AVS communications server to deallocate paths to the CRR recovery server failed.

System action

All protected conversations are deallocated.

Operator response

Note the IPAUDIT code or return code and contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW325S {IUCV | IUCVCOM} ACCEPT function failed on a CRR recovery server path, {IPRCODE | RC} = nn.

Explanation

An attempt by the AVS communications server to accept a connection to the CRR recovery server failed.

System action

The path to the CRR recovery server is deallocated.

Operator response

Note the IPRCODE or RC code and contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW326S The CRR recovery server is unavailable. [{APPCVM | IUCVCOM} CONNECT {IPRCODE | RC} = num.]

Explanation

An attempt by the AVS communications server to allocate a conversation to the CRR recovery server failed.

System action

Any pending protected conversations are deallocated.

Operator response

Make the CRR recovery server available if you desire a protected conversation. For more information on how to make the CRR recovery server available, refer

to *z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation*. When available, note the IPRCODE or return code and contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW327S APPCVM RECEIVE on a CRR recovery server path failed { Programming error, IPAUDIT = num | , RC = num }

Explanation

An attempt by the AVS communications server to receive data from the CRR recovery server failed.

System action

Paths to the CRR recovery server are deallocated and any protected conversations are deallocated.

Operator response

Note the return code or IPRCODE code and contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW328S Protocol error on a CRR recovery server control link. Existing protected conversations will be deallocated.

Explanation

The CRR recovery server issued an unexpected function on the control path.

System action

Paths to the CRR recovery server are deallocated and protected conversations are deallocated.

Operator response

Contact the appropriate system personnel.

AGW329E Protected conversations not allowed with single session partners. {Changing number of sessions to 0. | Deallocating the conversation.}

Explanation

Protected conversations require a parallel session partner. Single session partners cannot communicate with protected conversations.

System action

No session is allowed between the AVS communications server and the communication

partner and no conversation will be allowed with this partner until it is set up for parallel sessions. Non-protected conversations will be allowed after the CNOS command is issued.

Operator response

Change the partner LU to use parallel sessions if they want to use protected conversations.

AGW330E	Programming error. Exchange log names request could not be completed.
----------------	--

Explanation

The AVS communications server is unable to complete the exchange log names request due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Deliver the dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW331E	Invalid state was found in exchange log names table.
----------------	---

Explanation

The AVS communications server is not able to determine if an exchange log names is necessary due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the system executes a dump.

Operator response

Deliver the dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW332E	Exchange log names for <i>gatelu</i>, <i>remotelu</i>, <i>modename</i> failed
----------------	--

Explanation

The CRR recovery server reports that a request for exchange log names failed.

System action

Any pending protected conversations for this LU pair are deallocated.

Operator response

Issue AGW Q CNOS to verify that CNOS was completed for the gateways listed. If CNOS completed successfully, then look to the CRR recovery server for further action.

AGW333E	The CRR Recovery Server was unable to complete a hold session request. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>, Conversation = <i>conid</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The CRR recovery server detected an error condition on the hold session request sent from AVS. For instance, the LUWID sent on the request was unknown to the recovery server.

System action

The session is released and the conversation is deallocated.

User response

This situation should not occur. If it does, get a dump of the AVS virtual machine and gather diagnostic data from the CRR recovery server. Contact the designated support group for your installation.

AGW345E	Error on {OPEN CLOSE} ACB, R15 = <i>num</i>, ERROR field = <i>field</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

The system encountered an error condition in attempting to define or drop an LU used for access to global resources.

System action

The LU is not defined, or cannot be closed.

Operator response

Note the reported contents of R15 and the ERROR field, and report these to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW346E	Unable to allocate conversation. No TPN is in the FMH5. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated.
----------------	--

Explanation

No transaction program name was available in the FMH5. There is no target for this connection. The path will be deallocated.

System action

The allocation fails.

User response

Cause the application to place a TPN in the FMH5 before issuing the APPCVM CONNECT macro.

AGW347E	Invalid LU name <i>name</i> specified on connection request. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

The LU name entered with the connection request for the specified *gatelu* is invalid.

System action

The system ignores the command and will sever the path.

Operator response

Correct the LU name and re-enter the last entered command.

AGW348E	Invalid mode name <i>modename</i> specified on connection request. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

The mode name specified in the connection request for the specified *gatelu* is invalid.

System action

The system ignores the command and will sever the path.

Operator response

Correct the mode name and re-enter the connection request.

AGW349E	Gateway LU name <i>gatelu</i> does not correspond with an existing gateway. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated.
----------------	---

Explanation

The gateway ID specified in the connection request is invalid. The *conid* is provided as a reference.

System action

The system ignores the command and will sever the path.

Operator response

Correct the gateway name and re-enter the connection request.

AGW350E	Invalid APPC/VM interrupt <i>interrupt</i> received. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>, Conversation = <i>conid</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

An invalid APPC/VM interrupt was received, probably as the result of an IUCV CONNECT macro error, for the specified *gatelu*.

System action

The system will sever the VM path.

Operator response

Verify that the requester issued a valid APPC/VM function. If this is the case, report the error message and system action to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW351E	FMH5 rejected; LU name <i>luid</i> and mode name <i>modename</i> unknown
----------------	---

Explanation

Session information (*luid*, *modename*) passed with the function management header is inaccurate.

System action

No connection is allowed.

Operator response

Correct the LU name and mode name and re-enter the connection request.

AGW352E	Unable to {allocate a conversation deallocate the VTAM path} on gateway <i>gatelu</i>, remote LU <i>luid</i>, because the CNOS limit is zero.
----------------	--

Explanation

VM/VTAM initially defines gateways with the maximum number of allowable sessions set to zero.

System action

When the session limit is zero, no conversations may be allocated and outbound connection or deallocation requests are rejected by AVS.

Operator response

After defining the gateway, use the CNOS command to enter the desired number of allowable sessions for this gateway.

AGW353E	PIP data is not allowed after FMH5. The connection is rejected.
----------------	--

Explanation

Program Initialization Parameter (PIP) data is not allowed after the gateway has received FMH5.

System action

The connection attempt is rejected.

Operator response

Re-issue the connection request, establishing the desired initialization parameters before FMH5 is sent.

AGW354E	User <i>userid</i> can not use gateway <i>gatelu</i>, which is restricted for user <i>userid</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

Gateway *gatelu* is a dedicated private gateway. The user ID specified on the AGW ACTIVATE GATEWAY command is the only user ID allowed to initiate connections to the SNA network through this gateway.

System action

The allocation attempt fails.

User response

Issue the allocation through a global or non-dedicated private gateway.

AGW355E	PIP data is not allowed. The connection is rejected
----------------	--

Explanation

PIP data was presented in the FMH5 area but the AVS running on the system does not support PIP data.

System action

The system will deallocate the VTAM path.

Operator response

If you are communicating through an AVS that does not support PIP, then do not send PIP data. If PIP data is desired, install a version of AVS that supports PIP data.

AGW356E	Unable to save Fully Qualified LU name for gateway <i>gatelu</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The AVS communications server was not able to find the network name or the application name in the ACB's resource identification vector list. The fully qualified LU name for this LU is not available.

System action

The ACTIVATE GATEWAY command completes.

Operator response

Because the fully qualified LU name is not available, the exchange of log names will not be possible. Protected conversations will not be able to flow through this gateway. If protected conversations are desired, dump the AVS virtual machine (using the CP VMDUMP command) and notify your system personnel.

AGW360S	{APPCCMD CONTROL = SEND command not accepted by VTAM. APPCCMD CONTROL = {PREPREC SEND}, QUALIFY = {DATAFLU ERROR FLUSH RQSEND} command failed.} {RTNCD = num., FDBK2 = num. [, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num.} R15 = num, R0 = num.} [VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>.] [Unable to issue {REQUEST_COMMIT COMMITTED New LUWID PREPARE}.]
----------------	--

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's SEND or Prepare_to_Receive call was rejected by VTAM.

System action

The system cannot enable communications.

Operator response

When provided, note the RTNCD, FDBK2, RCPRI, RCSEC codes, the contents of R0, R15, or the return code. Report these and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW361S	APPCCMD {CONTROL=PREPRECV CONTROL=RECEIVE,QUALIFY=SPEC CONTROL=ALLOC} command not accepted by VTAM. [Unable to receive log data.] {RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num. R15 = num, R0 = num. RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num.} [VTAM Path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>id</i>.]
----------------	---

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro PREPARE_TO_RECEIVE (PREPRCV) call has been rejected by VTAM.

System action

No communication is allowed. In some cases, the conversation is deallocated.

Operator response

Note the return code and the contents of FDBK2 (and the contents of RCPRI and RCSEC where provided) or the contents of R0 and R15, and report these and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW362S	APPCCMD CONTROL=ALLOC command not accepted by VTAM. {RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num R15 = num, R0 = num RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num}.
----------------	--

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's allocate request is rejected by VTAM.

System action

The specified resource cannot be allocated.

Operator response

Note the return code and the contents of FDBK2 (and the contents of RCPRI and RCSEC where provided), or

the contents of R0 and R15, and report these and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW363S	APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS command not accepted by VTAM. {RTNCD = number, FDBK2 = number R15 = number, R0 = number RTNCD = number, FDBK2 = number, RCPRI = number, RCSEC = number. Gateway = number, Conversation = number}.
----------------	--

Explanation

VTAM rejected the attempt to issue the APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS macro.

System action

The function fails, and a dump of the AVS virtual machine is taken.

User response

Note the returned values from the message, and deliver this information and the system dump to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW364S	APPCCMD CONTROL={DEALLOC REJECT} command not accepted by VTAM. {RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num R15 = num, R0 = num RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num}. [Gateway = <i>id</i>, Conversation = <i>num</i>.]
----------------	---

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's DEALLOC request failed because of either a severe programming error or it was rejected by VTAM.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Note the return code and the contents of FDBK2 (and the contents of RCPRI and RCSEC where provided), or the contents of R0 and R15, and report these and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW365S	SETLOGON command not accepted by VTAM. R15 = num, R0 = num.
----------------	--

Explanation

AVS's attempt to issue a SETLOGON command has been rejected by VTAM.

System action

The command is rejected by VTAM.

Operator response

Note the return code and the contents of FDBK2, or the contents of R0 and R15, and report these and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW366S	APPCCMD CONTROL = OPRCNTL, QUALIFY = {DEFINE command failed. DISPLAY command failed, CNOS command not accepted by VTAM.} {R15 = num, R0 = num. RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num [, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num]} [Gateway LU name = <i>gatelu</i>, Remote LU name = <i>remotelu</i>, Mode name = <i>modename</i>. The {DEFINE DISPLAY} command was issued due to a CNOS.]
----------------	---

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro call is rejected due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails. In some cases, AVS initializes a dump.

Operator response

Note the contents of R0 and R15 or the contents of RTNCD and FDBK2 (and the contents of RCPRI and RCSEC where provided), and report these and the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW367S	Local userid not found for remote user <i>remuser</i> at remote LU <i>remotelu</i>. VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The specified local user was not found. A connection request was received with a security level of SAME specified and a security user ID of *remuser*. However, a mapping from *remlu remuser* to a local user ID does not exist.

System action

The system ignores the command and severs the connection.

Operator response

If a mapping from *remlu remuser* to a local user ID is required, ask your system support personnel (or the IBM Support Center for assistance) to add one using the AGW ADD USERID command. Otherwise, action may be necessary to correct *remuser* at the origin of the connection.

AGW369S	Log data is too long. VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be rejected. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

The partner sent more than the maximum amount of log data (512 bytes).

System action

The conversation will be deallocated.

Operator response

Change the partner application to prevent sending more than 512 bytes of log data.

AGW370S	Unable to find the {gateway block for gateway <i>gatelu</i> remote LU block for LU <i>luid</i>, mode name <i>modename</i>.}
----------------	--

Explanation

AVS is unable to find the pointer blocks for the specified *luid* or *gatelu*.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Make sure that the desired gateway and/or logical unit are correctly defined and re-enter the command.

AGW371S	APPCVM {SEND function CONNECT command SEVER TYPE=ABEND command} failed { . , IPSENDOP = num.} Programming error, IPAUDIT = num. VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>, Conversation = <i>conid</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

AVS encountered an APPCVM macro error in requesting to send data, connect to a partner, or sever a partner over *gatelu*.

System action

The command fails and the VM path will be deallocated.

Operator response

Note the IPAUDIT return code and report the code, system response, *gatelu*, and *conid* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW372S	APPCVM {RECEIVE SETMODFY} command failed. [Unable to receive log data. Unable to receive PIP data. Unable to receive allocation data.] [Programming error,] {IPAUDIT = <i>num</i>. RC = <i>num</i>.} VM path <i>pathid</i> [and VTAM path <i>pathid</i>] will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i> [, Conversation = <i>conid</i>].
----------------	--

Explanation

The APPCVM RECEIVE or SETMODFY command failed due to a severe programming error.

System action

The VM path (and possibly the VTAM path) is disabled.

Operator response

Note the return or IPAUDIT code and when provided, the *gatelu* and *conid*. Report this information along with the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW373S	APPCMD CONTROL = ALLOC command failed. RTNCD = <i>num</i>, FDBK = <i>num</i>, RCPRI = <i>num</i>, RCSEC = <i>num</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The APPCMD macro's ALLOC request failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Report the system response and corresponding return codes to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW374S	APPCMD CONTROL = DEALLOC, QUALIFY = {CONFIRM DATAFLU} command failed. RTNCD = <i>num</i>, FDBK2 = <i>num</i>, RCPRI = <i>num</i>, RCSEC = <i>num</i>. VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

The APPCMD macro's DEALLOC request failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails, and the path will be deallocated.

Operator response

Report the system response, return code, and *gatelu* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW375S	{APPCMD CONTROL = OPRCNTL, QUALIFY = CNOS command failed SETLOGON command failed.} RTNCD = <i>num</i>, FDBK2 = <i>num</i>, RCPRI = <i>num</i>, RCSEC = <i>num</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

Either the APPCMD macro's OPRCNTL request, or the SETLOGON command failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Report the system response and corresponding return codes to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW376S	APPCMD CONTROL = PREPRCV, QUALIFY = {CONFIRM DATAFLU FLUSH} command failed. RTNCD = <i>num</i>, FDBK2 = <i>num</i>, RCPRI = <i>num</i>, RCSEC = <i>num</i>. VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gatelu</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's PREPRCV request failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails, and the path will be deallocated.

Operator response

Report the system response, the return code and the *gateway* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW377S	APPCCMD CONTROL = {RECEIVE {command failed. Unable to receive PIP data. , QUALIFY = ANY command failed. QUALIFY = SPEC command failed. Unable to receive log data.} REJECT command failed.} RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num. [VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be {deallocated. rejected.}] [Gateway = <i>gateway</i>] [, Conversation = <i>conid</i>]
----------------	---

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's RECEIVE or REJECT request failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Report the system response and corresponding return code to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW378S	APPCCMD CONTROL = SEND, QUALIFY = {CONFIRM CONFRMD DATA} command failed. RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num. VTAM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gateway</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's SEND request failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the VTAM path will be deallocated.

Operator response

Report the system response, the RTNCD code, and the *gateway* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW379S	APPCCMD, CONTROL = RCVFMH5 command failed. RTNCD = num, FDBK2 = num, RCPRI = num, RCSEC = num. No path established. Gateway = <i>gateway</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's RCVFMH5 request failed because of a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the path cannot be established.

Operator response

Report the system response, the return code, and the *gateway* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW380S	Invalid APPC/VTAM command requested. Command code = code. VTAM path <i>pathid</i> and VM path <i>pathid</i> will be deallocated. Gateway = <i>gateway</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

The VTAM path is deallocated as the result of an invalid command request.

System action

The communication path and *gateway gateway* will be deallocated.

Operator response

Report the system response, *gateway*, and *pathid* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW381S	{APPCVVM IUCVCOM} SEVER command failed on VM path <i>pathid</i>. {IPRCODE RC} = num. Gateway = <i>gateway</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

A SEVER command failed. The specified VM pathway still exists.

System action

The SEVER command is ignored.

Operator response

Report the system response, the IPRCODE, and the *gatel* to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW382S **{APPCVM|IUCVCOM} CONNECT to {resource|service} *id* failed, {IPRCODE|RC} = *num*. VTAM path *pathid* will be deallocated. Gateway = *gatel*.**

Explanation

APPC/VM or IUCVCOM was unable to execute the CONNECT macro function. Return code possibilities and explanations include:

- Target communicator is not logged on.
- Target has not invoked DCLBFR function.
- Maximum number of connections for this gateway exceeded
- Connection unauthorized
- IUCV system name not valid.

System action

No connection is established.

Operator response

Use the displayed IPRCODE or return code to determine the problem and make the necessary corrections.

AGW383S **APPCVM SEND function failed on VM path *pathid*, IPRCODE = *num*. VTAM path *pathid* will be deallocated. Gateway = *gatel*.**

Explanation

APPC/VM was unable to execute the SEND macro function. Possible explanations include:

- Invalid path ID
- Path quiesced - SENDs not allowed
- Message limit exceeded
- Priority messages not allowed on this path
- Message length is negative

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Use the displayed IPRCODE to determine the problem and make the necessary corrections.

AGW384S **{IUCV | IUCVCOM} ACCEPT function failed on VM path *pathid*, {IPRCODE | RC} = *num*. VTAM path *pathid* will be deallocated. Gateway = *gatel*.**

Explanation

IUCV or IUCVCOM was unable to execute the ACCEPT macro function. Possible explanations include:

- Connection is not pending on this path
- Originator has severed path

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Use the displayed IPRCODE or return code to determine the problem and make the necessary corrections.

AGW388S **Remote {userid *userid*|password *password*} is too long. VTAM path *pathid* will be deallocated. Gateway = *gatel*.**

Explanation

This message is issued in the following cases:

- The *userid* or *password* is greater than 10 characters (this is the architected length)
- An already verified *userid* that is 9 or 10 characters in length has non-blank characters beyond character 8.

Additionally, for some applications (for example, private server), the system requires a correct user ID. For Security(PGM), a password is also required.

System action

The system will deallocate the VTAM path.

Operator response

Enter the correct password or user ID.

AGW389S **APPCCMD CONTROL = RESETRCV command failed. RTNCD = *num*, FDBK2 = *num*, RCPRI = *num*,**

**RCSEC = num. Conversation =
convid, Gateway = gatelu**

Explanation

The RESETRCV parameter of the CONTROL macro failed due to a severe programming error.

System action

The command fails and the VTAM path will be deallocated.

Operator response

Report the displayed return codes, system state, and gateway identifier to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW390E **VTAM path specified by
conversation manager *cmrname*
does not exist. Gateway *gatelu* will
be deactivated.**

Explanation

The conversation management routine requested that AVS attempt to allocate a conversation for which a corresponding VTAM path does not exist. AVS and the CMR no longer agree about what VTAM paths are active, making further interactions between this gateway and the CMR unreliable.

System action

The gateway will be quiesced. No new conversations will be accepted, and when the last conversation ends, the gateway will be deactivated.

Operator response

Issue the ACTIVATE GATEWAY command to re-start the gateway *gatelu* and the conversation manager routine *cmrname*.

AGW391S **APPCCMD CONTROL=SETSESS
command failed. Unable to {hold
| release} session *sessid*. RTNCD
= *nn*, FDBK2 = *nn*, RCPRI = *nn*,
RCSEC = *nn*. VTAM path *pathid* will
be deallocated. Gateway = *gatelu*.**

Explanation

The APPCCMD macro's SETSESS failed due to a programming error.

System action

The command fails and the session is deallocated.

Operator response

Note the return codes and provide them, along with the dump, to the appropriate system personnel.

AGW392E **Invalid completion flag from
conversation manager *cmrname*.**

Explanation

The CMR has supplied an invalid completion flag to AVS on an inbound conversation from VTAM.

System action

The connection will be rejected with no further effect on the gateway or any existing conversations.

Operator response

A programming error exists in the CMR. Consult your system programmer or the vendor of the CMR.

AGW393E **A network definition problem has
been detected. The length of
a PIU exceeded the specified
limit for gateway *gatelu*, *remotelu*
remotelu, mode *modename*.
VTAM path <pathid> will be
deallocated. Userid = *userid*,
{Resource|Service} = *id***

Explanation

VTAM has reported a network definition error. Specifically, sense code X'800A0000' was returned on a function issued on the VTAM path shown. This sense code indicates that the length of a PIU that was transmitted exceeded the maximum length allowed by a node in the path to the target LU. The maximum length PIU that will be built is determined by the RUSIZES parameter in the logon mode name definition for the specified mode.

System action

The conversation is deallocated and the associated session is deactivated. The PIU involved is truncated, some of the data may be received by the partner application.

Operator response

Report the system response to the appropriate system personnel.

Programmer response

Correct the mismatch between the maximum length PIU that will be built and the maximum length PIU that the network can tolerate. This may be accomplished either by increasing the buffer sizes on the link definition statements in the network, or by decreasing the RUSIZES parameter of the logon mode name entry. For more information about the RUSIZES parameter of the logon mode name entry and the various link definition statements that define the maximum buffer size, refer to *VTAM Resource Definition Reference*.

AGW400I **A PDUMP is in progress on behalf of the following message**

Explanation

The system displays the message that called for a problem dump. DIAGNOSE code X'94' (VMDUMP) is used to take the dump of the AVS virtual machine.

System action

The system continues to execute the problem dump.

Operator response

None.

AGW401I **A PDUMP could not be taken on behalf of the following message. The dump count was exceeded or abend is in progress**

Explanation

The system attempted to take a problem dump for the given message, but was unable to do so because of an exceeded dump count or an abend. DIAGNOSE code X'94' (VMDUMP) is used to take the problem dump.

System action

The problem dump is not taken.

Operator response

Deliver this information to the appropriate system personnel. If you desire to allow more AVS dumps, modify the AGWTUN ASSEMBLE file. For more information about tuning AVS, refer to [z/VM: Connectivity](#).

AGW440E **Operand missing or invalid**

Explanation

A missing or invalid operand was entered.

System action

The command is ignored, and the system is ready for another.

Operator response

Correct or enter the appropriate operand.

AGW441E **Conflicting operand: operand**

Explanation

The message occurs when the same option is specified twice in the same command, or the function required by the given option is incompatible with a previously specified operand.

System action

The command fails and the system is ready for another.

Operator response

Re-enter the command with the correct operands.

AGW442E **Address entered is not in AVS**

Explanation

The address specified on the GDISPLAY MAPN command is not contained within AVS.

System action

The command is ignored and the system is ready for another.

Operator response

Correct the address and re-enter the command.

AGW443E **Name entered was not found in AVS**

Explanation

The name entered in the GDISPLAY MAPN command is not defined in AVS.

System action

The command is ignored and the system is ready for another.

Operator response

Enter a correct name and re-issue the command.

AGW444E AGWZAM table was not found

Explanation

The system was unable to locate the AGWZAM table in the dump data set.

System action

The command fails and the system is ready for another.

Operator response

None.

AGW445E The pointer to the xxx is invalid

Explanation

AVS has encountered an invalid pointer in attempting to format the xxx block.

System action

The xxx block is not formatted.

Operator response

None.

AGW446E The pointer to the xxx was not found

Explanation

AVS cannot find a specific pointer in the dump when attempting to find the xxx block.

System action

The xxx block cannot be formatted.

Operator response

None.

AGW447E Trace table pointers invalid. Start = start End = end Current = current

Explanation

While attempting to display AVS trace table entries, it was determined that the AVS trace table pointers contained in the dump are invalid. Possible causes for this error include:

- The trace table start address indicates the trace table begins at zero.

- The trace table start address is greater than the trace table end address.
- The current trace table address is outside of the trace table.
- The current trace table address is not on a 16 byte boundary, or the trace table start address or trace end address is not on a page boundary.
- The trace table is less than a page in size.

System action

If a *FROM* location was specified, the processing of the subcommand will continue at the *FROM* location. The display will not wrap at the trace table start position and will stop when:

- The specified count (or default count, if the count was not specified) has been reached.
- The address of the next trace entry to display is less than or equal to zero.

If a *FROM* location was not specified, the processing of the subcommand will be terminated.

Operator response

If a *FROM* location was specified, ignore the message. If a *FROM* was not specified, determine the location of the trace table and reissue the TRACE subcommand with a *FROM* location specified.

AGW448E Page page not found in dump

Explanation

The virtual address identified in the message was not found in the dump. This means it was not dumped at the time the dump was taken.

System action

The subcommand terminates and IPCSSCAN processing continues.

Operator response

None.

AGW449E Non-numeric character in count; retry

Explanation

The count field has non-numeric characters.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

Operator response

Correct and re-issue the command.

AGW450E FROM location outside of trace table range: *addr*. Start = *start* End = *end* Current = *current*

Explanation

The *FROM* location specified on the TRACE subcommand of IPCSSCAN is not within the trace table range.

System action

The TRACE subcommand terminates. IPCSSCAN processing continues.

Operator response

Reissue the TRACE subcommand with the correct *FROM* location specified.

AGW451E FROM location is not a valid trace entry: *addr*

Explanation

The *FROM* location specified on the TRACE subcommand of IPCSSCAN is not a valid trace entry.

System action

The TRACE subcommand terminates. IPCSSCAN processing continues.

Operator response

Reissue the TRACE subcommand with the correct *FROM* location.

AGW452E Invalid trace entry found at *addr*

Explanation

The data at location *addr* is not a valid trace table entry.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

Operator response

If another message follows, respond to it. Otherwise, re-issue the subcommand, specifying a different address.

AGW453E Required resources are not available

Explanation

An error occurred while IPCS was getting work buffers to process the TRACE subcommand.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

Operator response

None.

AGW454E No trace entries found

Explanation

The TRACE subcommand did not find any trace entries at the specified address. This is caused by all or a portion of a trace entry being on a page that is not present in the dump.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

Operator response

Enter a TRACE subcommand with the *FROM* option to return to the trace table.

AGW455E Attempted to go beyond storage boundary

Explanation

Either the TRACE subcommand with the SCROLL or SCROLLU operand, or the SCROLL or SCROLLU command was entered following a previous trace table display that stopped at the end of storage. This means that the address of the next entry display would be negative. Since negative addresses are impossible in a dump, no trace table data can be displayed.

System action

The system will stop processing the command and will not display any trace entries.

Operator response

Enter a TRACE subcommand without the SCROLL or SCROLLU operands.

AGW456E Unable to locate trace table pointers

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- IPCS could not find the pointers in the load map, or the map may be missing or invalid.
- The pointers are on a page that is not present in the dump.

System action

Subcommand terminates and trace table wrapping is disabled.

Operator response

If the map is missing, make it available.

AGW457E	Trace entry search stopped at <i>addr1</i>: To search to lower dump addresses, try address <i>addr2</i>. To search to higher dump addresses, try addresses <i>addr3</i> <i>addr4</i>.
----------------	--

Explanation

IPCS found an invalid entry, and there are no valid entries between the invalid entry specified at *addr1* and the search end address.

System action

The command terminates.

Operator response

To continue looking for a trace entry, either issue the TRACE subcommand with FROM using *addr2* or *addr3*, or, issue the TRACE subcommand with the SCROLL operand (depending on the information in the message and the direction in which you want to search).

Note: When searching toward the lower dump addresses by specifying FROM, the search proceeds from the FROM location toward the higher dump addresses. Therefore, the first entry found may not be the entry with the highest address. To view all of the valid entries that may be present, display the possible valid entry and scroll downward until an invalid trace entry is reached.

AGW458E	Possible trace entry at <i>addr1</i>. Use the FROM operand to display the entry
----------------	--

Explanation

IPCS found an invalid entry, but found a possible valid entry at *addr1*.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

Operator response

Issue a TRACE subcommand with the address as the FROM location and a FOR count of 1 to display the entry.

AGW459E	Invalid trace entry found in CPTRAP file
----------------	---

Explanation

The current CPTRAP entry being formatted is not a valid trace entry. This could be caused if any part of the entry was not collected by CPTRAP.

System action

The system displays the entry in dump format without any formatting.

Operator response

None.

AGW460E	Data field overlaps trailer record
----------------	---

Explanation

The address range of the specified input field overlaps either partially or completely the address range of the trailer record.

System action

Processing stops.

Operator response

Determine whether the input field or the trailer record is in error, and re-issue the command using the proper addresses.

AGW461E	Formatted data entry exceeds maximum size
----------------	--

Explanation

Either a SCROLL subcommand or a TRACE subcommand with the FORMAT option was entered without the FOR count option - displaying a trace entry that is too big to fit on the screen.

System action

The output is truncated for the displayed entry and terminates the subcommand.

Operator response

View the entry by doing the following:

- Note the address of the entry.
- Issue a TRACE subcommand with the FROM and FOR count options.

AGW462E **Virtual storage exceeded**

Explanation

The maximum amount of storage in your virtual machine was exceeded.

System action

The command fails.

Operator response

Issue the CP DEFINE command to increase the size of the virtual machine, IPL CMS again, and re-enter the command.

AGW463E **Unable to list the control block addresses**

Explanation

IPCS was unable to locate all of the specified control block addresses. There may be more in the dump.

System action

Subcommand lists as many addresses as possible.

Operator response

None.

AGW464E **The pointer to the *named* ordered list is invalid**

Explanation

IPCS has encountered an invalid AVS ordered list pointer.

System action

The command terminates.

Operator response

Use the CP DISPLAY and LOCATE subcommands to try to locate the ordered list.

AGW465E **The pointer to the *named* ordered list was not found**

Explanation

IPCS cannot find a pointer for the *named* AVS ordered list.

System action

The command terminates.

Operator response

Use the CP DISPLAY and LOCATE subcommands to try to locate the ordered list.

AGW466E **The gateway was not found.**

Explanation

AVS was unable to locate a specified gateway.

System action

The command is ignored.

Operator response

Re-enter the previous command, using the correct gateway name.

AGW500I **AVS Accounting records are being created**

Explanation

Either the CP directory ACCT option was set, or a user-created exit (AGWACI) indicated that accounting is active.

System action

Records are created.

Operator response

None.

AGW501W **AVS Accounting was not started**

Explanation

Either AVS cannot record active sessions (the ACCT DIRECTORY option is not activated), or in the case of a user-created exit, the ACCT DIRECTORY option IS activated.

System action

No records are created.

Operator response

If accounting is desired, activate the ACCT DIRECTORY option. For user-created exit, verify that the ACCT DIRECTORY option is **not** activated.

AGW502W **AVS Accounting has ended**

Explanation

The accounting function is complete.

System action

Records are available for review.

Operator response

None.

AGW503I

**Intermediate AVS Accounting
Records have ended, a timer error
has occurred.**

Explanation

A timer error occurred when AVS accounting tried to set the accounting interval.

System action

The intermediate AGWA-conversation active records are discontinued. All other accounting will continue.

Operator response

None.

DVF Messages

DVF execs issue messages having a module identifier that corresponds to the associated exec. For example, the BLOCKMAP EXEC issues messages of the form HCSBKMnnnt. Each exec and its associated three-character module identifier is shown in the following table:

EXEC Name	Module ID
BLOCKDEF	BKD
BLOCKMAP	BKM
CPEBK	CPE
DVFXEDIT	DVF
FINDCPE	FIN
HC	HCA
REAL	REA
TIMEDIFF	TIM
TODCLK	TOD
VDATE	VDA
VIEWSYM	VSE
VIEWSYMP	VSP
VIEWSYMU	VSU
VIEWSYMX	VSX
VIRT	VIR
VTIME	VTM

HCS010A **ENTER TRACE ENTRY SELECTION
CRITERIA, NULL LINE TO END
SELECTION, OR QUIT TO END
TRACERED COMMAND**

Explanation

You are being prompted for trace selection criteria to be used in TRACERED command processing.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for your response.

User response

Enter one of the responses described under

keyword *value(s)*

To specify selection criteria

For TRSOURCE data, the only applicable selection criteria is TIME.

CMS

To enter CMS subset mode

HELP

To invoke the TRACERED help panel

QUIT

To terminate the TRACERED command

(null line)

To indicate that you have finished entering criteria and want to end prompting.

If you enter a null line as soon as you receive the prompt, TRACERED selects all trace entries. If you enter selection criteria, the system will continue prompting until you enter a null line to indicate that you have finished entering criteria. For details and usage notes on entering selection criteria using the SELECT option, refer to *z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility*.

HCS015A WILL YOU BE MOUNTING ANOTHER TRSAVE TAPE? ENTER YES OR NO

Explanation

TRACERED encountered end-of-volume on the current trace input tape. If you enter YES, TRACERED:

1. Rewinds and unloads the current tape
2. Waits for the next tape mount.

If you enter NO, TRACERED completes processing.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for your response.

User response

Enter one of the following:

YES

if you want additional trace data to be processed.

NO

if you don't want additional data to be processed.

HCS020E 'operand1' AND 'operand2' ARE CONFLICTING KEYWORD OPERANDS

Explanation

You entered conflicting TRACERED operands (*operand1* and *operand2*).

System action

The TRACERED command terminates.

User response

Specify operands that do not conflict and enter the TRACERED command again.

HCS021E TAPE DEVICE ADDRESS INVALID

Explanation

You specified an invalid tape device address when you entered the TRACERED command. Only virtual tape addresses 181 through 184 are supported.

System action

The TRACERED command terminates.

User response

Enter the TRACERED command again. Specify a tape device within the 181 through 184 range.

HCS030I PROCESSING TRSAVE TAPE - VOL SEQ # nn - CREATED mm/dd/yy hh:mm:ss

Explanation

The TRACERED command successfully read the volume label of the current TRSAVE input trace tape. TRACERED identifies the sequence number (*nn*) and date the tape was created (*mm/dd/yy*).

System action

TRACERED processes trace entries from the specified tape until encountering the end-of-volume.

User response

Message 015A appears when end-of-volume is reached. You may end processing or continue with additional tape volumes.

HCS031I END OF TAPE ENCOUNTERED

Explanation

TRACERED has encountered the end-of-volume condition on the current input tape.

System action

The input tape is rewind.

User response

None.

HCS032I WAITING FOR TAPE MOUNT

Explanation

You replied "yes" when message 015A asked if you wanted to mount a new TRSAVE tape. TRACERED is now waiting for the tape to be mounted.

System action

Once the input tape is mounted, TRACERED begins processing it.

User response

Instruct the operator to mount the desired TRSAVE tape.

HCS040E **TIME SELECTION RANGE MAY BE SPECIFIED ONLY ONCE****Explanation**

You entered more than one time selection range when prompted for trace selection criteria. You may specify only one time selection range for a single TRACERED command.

System action

All of the selection criteria you entered in response to previous prompts remain in effect. TRACERED ignores the selection criteria you specified in the most recent response and reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

Enter one of the following:

additional values

to process additional data

(null line)

to end the selection process

QUIT

to terminate TRACERED processing.

HCS041E **A MAXIMUM OF SIXTEEN CPU ADDRESSES MAY BE SPECIFIED****Explanation**

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered more than 16 processor address values when prompted for trace selection criteria. You may not specify more than 16 processor address values for one TRACERED command, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.
2. You entered more than 16 processor address values under the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. You may not specify more than 16 processor address values for one SELECT subcommand, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detects this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detects this condition, you may enter additional trace selection criteria or a null line to end the selection process.

If SELECT detects this condition, you may reenter selection criteria, enter another subcommand, or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

HCS042E **A MAXIMUM OF SIXTEEN TRACE CODES MAY BE SPECIFIED****Explanation**

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered more than 16 trace code values when prompted for trace selection criteria. You may not specify more than 16 trace code values for one TRACERED command, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.
2. You entered more than 16 trace code values under the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. You may not specify more than 16 trace code values for one SELECT subcommand, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detected this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detected this condition, you may enter additional trace selection criteria or a null line to end the selection process.

If SELECT detected this condition, you may reenter selection criteria, enter another subcommand, or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

HCS043E **A MAXIMUM OF SIXTEEN VMDBK ADDRESSES MAY BE SPECIFIED****Explanation**

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered more than 16 VMDBK address values when prompted for trace selection criteria. You may not specify more than 16 VMDBK address values for one TRACERED command, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

2. You entered more than 16 VMDBK address values under the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. You may not specify more than 16 VMDBK address values for one SELECT subcommand, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detected this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detected this condition, you may enter additional trace selection criteria or a null line to end the selection process.

If SELECT detected this condition, you may reenter selection criteria, enter another subcommand, or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

HCS044E A MAXIMUM OF SIXTEEN RDEV NUMBERS MAY BE SPECIFIED

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered more than 16 RDEV values when prompted for trace selection criteria. You may not specify more than 16 RDEV values for one TRACERED command, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.
2. You entered more than 16 RDEV values under the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. You may not specify more than 16 RDEV values for one SELECT subcommand, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detected this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detected this condition, you may enter additional trace selection criteria or a null line to end the selection process.

If SELECT detected this condition, you may reenter selection criteria, enter another subcommand, or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

HCS045E A MAXIMUM OF SIXTEEN VDEV NUMBERS MAY BE SPECIFIED

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered more than 16 VDEV values when prompted for trace selection criteria. You may not specify more than 16 VDEV values for one TRACERED command, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.
2. You entered more than 16 VDEV values under the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. You may not specify more than 16 VDEV values for one SELECT subcommand, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detected this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detected this condition, you may enter additional trace selection criteria or a null line to end the selection process.

If SELECT detected this condition, you may reenter selection criteria, enter another subcommand, or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

HCS046E A MAXIMUM OF SIXTEEN USERIDS MAY BE SPECIFIED

Explanation

You entered more than 16 USERID values under the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. You may not specify more than 16 USERID values for one SELECT subcommand, although you may specify selection criteria on many different lines.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

User response

You may reenter selection criteria, enter another subcommand, or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

HCS049E LEADING ZEROS REQUIRED FOR CODE SELECTION VALUE 'value'

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered a CODE value without leading zeros in response to the prompt for trace selection criteria on the TRACERED command. TRACERED requires a 4-digit trace selection code with leading zeros.
2. You entered a CODE value without leading zeros as an operand on the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN. SELECT requires a 4-digit trace selection code with leading zeros.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detected this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detected this condition, you may reenter the trace code value with leading zeros. To end the selection process, enter a null line.

If SELECT detected this condition, you may reenter the SELECT subcommand, specifying the trace code value with leading zeros.

HCS050E 'value' IS NOT A VALID SELECTION VALUE

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered an invalid value when TRACERED prompted you for trace selection criteria.
2. You entered an invalid value on the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. The selection criteria specified in your most recent response are ignored.

If TRACERED detected this condition, it reprompts you for additional trace selection criteria.

User response

If TRACERED detected this condition, you may enter additional values. To end the selection process, enter a null line.

If SELECT detected this condition, reenter the SELECT subcommand with valid selection criteria.

HCS051E THE KEYWORD OPERAND 'value' WAS NOT PREVIOUSLY SELECTED

Explanation

You did not previously select the specified value, so you may not reset it.

System action

Selection criteria that you entered previously remain in effect. SELECT ignores the reset criteria in your most recent response.

User response

Reenter the SELECT subcommand of DUMPSCAN with the QUERY keyword. Verify the selection criteria that you want to reset. Enter either the revised request, another DUMPSCAN subcommand, or QUIT.

HCS052E CP SELECTION KEYWORD(S) SPECIFIED FOR GUEST TRACE TABLES - KEYWORD(S) IGNORED

Explanation

You specified a selection keyword that is not valid for guest trace tables.

System action

TRACERED ignores all CP selection keywords. TRACERED reprompts you for a valid keyword.

User response

Enter the valid keyword (TIME). To end the prompt, enter a null line.

HCS060E TAPE WAS NOT CREATED BY THE TRSAVE COMMAND

Explanation

The input tape does not contain a valid volume label created by the TRSAVE command.

System action

The system rewinds the input tape and allows you to mount another tape.

User response

To process additional trace data, specify an input tape created by the TRSAVE command.

HCS061E TAPE vdev IS NOT ATTACHED

Explanation

The virtual tape device specified in this message is not attached to your virtual machine.

System action

The TRACERED command terminates.

User response

Attach a real tape device to your virtual machine as indicated by the virtual device address variable. Make sure your TRSAVE input tape is mounted, and reenter the TRACERED command.

HCS062E PERMANENT TAPE I/O ERROR

Explanation

A permanent I/O error occurred while TRACERED was reading the TRSAVE input tape.

System action

The TRACERED command terminates.

User response

Ask the operator to take corrective action to avoid the I/O error. Reenter the TRACERED command. If the problem persists, contact IBM service personnel.

**HCS070I NO TRACE ENTRIES FOUND
MEETING THE REQUESTED
SELECTION CRITERIA**

Explanation

The TRACERED command or the TRACE subcommand of DUMPSCAN successfully processed the current TRSAVE input tape or trace table(s) in the dump file, but no trace entries met the selection criteria you specified.

System action

For TRACERED, the system allows you to mount another TRSAVE input tape or to end TRACERED command processing. Subcommand processing continues for TRACE. You may enter another subcommand or quit DUMPSCAN processing.

User response

If you are using the TRACERED command, check the selection criteria you specified in response to the 010A prompt. For both TRACERED and TRACE, verify that you entered the data reduction values correctly.

If you entered the correct values for TRACERED, reenter that command. Specify a different set of selection criteria when you respond to the 010A prompt on TRACERED. Or, mount a tape created in another time interval and issue the TRACERED command with the same selection criteria.

For TRACE, verify the selection criteria that you specified with the SELECT subcommand. If you expected trace entries to meet your selection criteria, verify the data reduction values. If you entered those values correctly, reenter the SELECT subcommand with a different set of selection criteria and enter the TRACE subcommand again.

**HCS071I ONE OR MORE TRACE ENTRIES
MISSING FROM TRSAVE TAPE(S)--
VOL SEQ # nn**

Explanation

While processing TRSAVE input tapes, TRACERED encountered records indicating that trace entries were missing. Missing entries occur when trace table entries wrap faster than CP can write the entries to an output device or file. The wrapping situation is recorded in TRACERED print or CMS output files with the CPU address from which the data was lost. Normal processing continues with the next available trace entry from that processor.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Examine the TRACERED output by checking the TRACERED print or CMS output files. All records identifying lost data are preceded and followed by a blank line.

**HCS074E THE SYSTEM TRACE FILE NAME
'filename' WAS NOT FOUND**

Explanation

TRACERED could not find the system trace file you specified.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Use the QUERY TRFILES command to verify the system trace file name.

HCS075E **ERROR {OPENING|READING|
CLOSING} CMS TRACE FILE
*filename filetype***

Explanation

TRACERED received an error during an open, read, or close of a CMS trace file.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

For an explanation of CMS FSxxxx macro return codes, refer to *z/VM: CMS Macros and Functions Reference*.

HCS076E **THE OPERAND GTRACE IS NOT
VALID FOR CP TRACE TABLE DATA**

Explanation

You requested that TRACERED produce an output file in OS QSAM format containing guest virtual machine recorded trace events, but you specified an input file containing CP trace table data rather than guest trace data defined by TRSOURCE.

System action

TRACERED command processing is rejected.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command, specifying the correct input file. Use the QUERY TRFILES command to determine the spool ID of the system trace file containing the GCS GTRACE records you want to process.

HCS077E **THE OPERAND GTRACE IS NOT
VALID FOR I/O OR DATA
TRSOURCE TRACES**

Explanation

You requested that TRACERED produce an output file in OS QSAM format containing guest virtual machine recorded trace events, but you specified an input file containing TRSOURCE defined I/O or DATA type trace data rather than guest trace data also defined by TRSOURCE.

System action

TRACERED command processing is rejected.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command, specifying the correct input file. Use the QUERY TRFILES command to determine the spool ID of the system trace file containing the GCS GTRACE records you want to process.

HCS078I **PROCESSING CMS TRACE FILE(S)
FOR *filename filetype filemode***

Explanation

TRACERED is processing the file for *filename filetype filemode*.

System action

TRACERED processes trace entries from the specified CMS trace file.

User response

None.

HCS079E **CMS TRACE FILE *filename filetype*
filemode WAS NOT FOUND**

Explanation

TRACERED could not find the CMS trace file that was specified.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Verify the *filename filetype filemode* of the referenced CMS trace file.

HCS080E **DUPLICATE INPUT SYSTEM TRACE
FILES WERE SPECIFIED**

Explanation

One of the following conditions occurred:

1. You entered two identical file names or spool IDs
2. You entered a spool ID and then a file name, but the spool ID was within a set designated by the file name.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command with correct input.

HCS081E	SYSTEM TRACE FILE <i>spoolid</i> IS INVALID
----------------	--

Explanation

You entered an invalid system trace file spool ID for the TRACERED command. The parameter must be a decimal number from 1 to 9999 for the spool ID.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Use the QUERY TRFILES command to find the associated file name. Reenter the TRACERED command with a valid spool ID.

HCS082E	ERROR {OPENING READING CLOSING} SYSTEM TRACE FILE <i>spoolid</i>, CODE <i>nn</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

TRACERED received an error during an open, read, or close of a system trace file.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

For an explanation of diagnose code X'E0', refer to *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*.

HCS083I	PROCESSING SYSTEM TRACE FILES <i>spoolid</i> CREATED <i>mm/dd hh:mm:ss</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

TRACERED is processing the file for *spoolid*.

System action

TRACERED processes trace entries from the specified system file.

User response

None.

HCS084I	PROCESSING COMPLETE - <i>nnnnnnnn</i> TRACE ENTRIES FORMATTED
----------------	--

Explanation

The TRACERED command has finished processing. *nnnnnnnn* specifies the total number of trace entries processed by the TRACERED command.

System action

Command processing completes normally.

User response

None.

HCS085I	SYSTEM TRACE FILENAME '<i>filename</i>' HAS FILES FROM MORE THAN ONE ORIGINATOR.
----------------	---

Explanation

The file name entered was created by two different originators.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

Commands That Detect Condition: TRACERED

HCS086E	SYSTEM TRACE FILE <i>spoolid</i> IS CURRENTLY IN USE
----------------	---

Explanation

TRACERED attempted a DIAGNOSE X'E0' OPEN and failed on the specific system trace file because it was in use.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Enter the QUERY TRSAVE command to determine whether tracing is still active and whether the specific system trace file you requested is still in use. If the file is still in use and you want to process immediately, set TRSAVE OFF for that user. After processing, you may turn TRSAVE on for the user, specifying a different file name. Reenter the TRACERED command for that user.

HCS087I **INVALID TRACE ENTRY LENGTH
FOUND IN SYSTEM TRACE FILE
SPOOLID *spoolid***

Explanation

The length field for a trace entry within a system trace file is not invalid. TRACERED expects the first two bytes of IO, DATA, and guest trace entries to contain the length of its trace data, including its length field. A length of two or less is considered not valid.

System action

All trace entries previously processed on this invocation of TRACERED are saved. The block of trace entries in which the invalid length exists is ignored. TRACERED attempts to continue reading in blocks of trace entries if they exist, and processing continues.

User response

When a program uses the DIAGNOSE code X'E0' interface for writing blocks of trace data, the first two bytes of each trace entry recorded must contain a length definition. DIAGNOSE code X'E0' writes are permitted after the TRSOURCE command is enabled for guest trace data and block mode is specified.

HCS088E **THE SYSTEM TRACE FILE SPOOLID
'*spoolid*' WAS NOT FOUND**

Explanation

TRACERED could not find the system trace file spool ID you specified.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Use the QUERY TRFILES command to verify the spool ID of the referenced system trace file.

HCS089E **ONLY ONE CP TAPE OR CP SYSTEM
TRACE FILE IS ALLOWED**

Explanation

You may merge a total of five system trace files, but you may only include one CP system trace file or tape. You need to specify one of the following:

- One CP system trace file with up to four TRSOURCE system trace files
- One CP tape with up to four TRSOURCE system trace files
- Up to five TRSOURCE system trace files.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command and specify only one CP tape or file.

HCS090E **DUPLICATE KEYWORDS WERE
SPECIFIED**

Explanation

You entered a duplicate keyword in the TRACERED command, or you entered the TIME selection keyword twice.

System action

Processing ends if you specified a duplicate keyword in the TRACERED command. Processing continues for selection criteria. TRACERED ignores current time parameters.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command. Omit the duplicate keyword, or continue entering selection criteria.

HCS091I **ONE OR MORE TRACE ENTRIES
MISSING FROM SYSTEM TRACE
FILE(S) FOR *spoolid***

Explanation

While processing system trace files, TRACERED encountered records indicating that trace entries were missing. Missing entries occur when trace table entries wrap faster than CP can write the entries to an output device or file. The wrapping situation is recorded in TRACERED print or CMS output files with the CPU address from which the data was lost. Normal

processing continues with the next available trace entry from that processor.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Examine the TRACERED output by checking the TRACERED print or CMS output files. All records identifying lost data are preceded and followed by a blank line.

HCS092I	TIME ZONES ARE DIFFERENT FOR SPOOLID <i>spoolid</i>. FILE IS NOT PROCESSED
----------------	---

Explanation

You cannot merge files that were created in different time zones.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command with files from the same time zone.

HCS093I	TIME ZONES ARE DIFFERENT FOR TAPE - VOL SEQ# <i>nn</i>. FILE IS NOT PROCESSED.
----------------	---

Explanation

You cannot merge a tape and a file that were created in different time zones.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command with files from the same time zone.

HCS094E	THE STARTING DATE AND TIME MUST BE LESS THAN THE ENDING DATE AND TIME
----------------	--

Explanation

The starting date or time that you specified is later than the ending date or time.

System action

TRACERED prompts you for new selection criteria.

User response

Reenter the TIME keyword and a starting date that is earlier than the ending date. Enter a null line to end the prompt.

HCS095E	THE SYSTEM TRACE FILE SPOOLID '<i>spoolid</i>' WAS NOT FOUND WITHIN FILENAME '<i>filename</i>'
----------------	---

Explanation

You specified a spool ID that is not associated with the file *filename*.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Use the QUERY TRFILES command to verify the spool ID of the referenced system trace file.

HCS096E	RE-IPL CMS. TRACERED HAD A SEVERE ERROR
----------------	--

Explanation

An I/O error occurred while TRACERED was writing to a file.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Re-IPL CMS and reenter the TRACERED command.

HCS097E	THE ORIGINID '<i>userid</i>' WAS NOT FOUND WITHIN FILENAME '<i>filename</i>'
----------------	---

Explanation

You specified a system trace file name with a user ID as input to the TRACERED command, and that user ID is not associated with the file name.

System action

Command processing is terminated.

User response

You can verify the user ID of the referenced system trace file by using the QUERY TRFILES command.

HCS098E **THE SYSTEM TRACE FILE SPOOLID 'spoolid' WAS NOT FOUND WITHIN ORIGINID 'userid'**

Explanation

You issued the TRACERED command in the form NAME fn ORIG userid. The *id* that represents a spool ID is associated with the file name but not this user ID.

System action

Command processing is terminated.

User response

Use the QUERY TRFILES command to verify the spoolid of the referenced system trace file.

HCS099I **TIME ZONES ARE DIFFERENT FOR CMS TRACE FILES *filename filetype*. FILE IS NOT PROCESSED**

Explanation

You cannot merge files that were created in different time zones.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the TRACERED command with files from the same time zone.

HCS110E **THE FILE NAME '*filename*' IS NOT VALID**

Explanation

For ADDMAP, DUMPSCAN, or PRTDUMP, the dump file name entered is not valid. If in MAP mode, the file name entered is not valid. Acceptable file names are the file names for a CMS file: a 1- to 8-character string with the characters limited to 0-9, A-Z, #, @, +, -, _, :, and \$.

System action

If in ADDMAP, DUMPSCAN, or PRTDUMP mode, the message 120A is issued to prompt you for the correct name of the CMS file containing the dump. If in

MAP mode, either message 121A or 122A is issued to prompt you for the correct name of the CMS file containing either the load map or the module map.

User response

If in ADDMAP, DUMPSCAN, or PRTDUMP mode, enter the correct dump file name. If in MAP mode, enter either the correct load map or module map name.

HCS111E **THE FILE TYPE *filetype* IS NOT VALID**

Explanation

The dump file type entered is not valid. Only CMS file types are acceptable. Valid CMS file types consist of a 1- to 8-character string from the characters 0-9, A-Z, #, @, +, -, _, :, and \$.

System action

The message HCS120A will be issued to prompt you for the correct file identifier of the CMS file containing the dump.

User response

Enter the correct file identifier.

HCS112E **FILENAME FILETYPE SPECIFIED ON DUMPSCAN SUBCOMMAND DUPLICATES AN EXISTING DUMPSCAN SESSION, DUMPSCAN SUBCOMMAND FAILED**

Explanation

User entered the DUMPSCAN subcommand specifying a dump file with the same file name and file type as a dump file that is already in the DUMPSCAN file ring, but its file mode is different. The same dump file ID is located on at least two accessed disks.

System action

DUMPSCAN subcommand processing terminates.

User response

Respond with one of the following:

- Enter the DUMPSCAN subcommand again without specifying a file mode to return to the existing DUMPSCAN session (if you are not already positioned there).
- Quit from the duplicate dump DUMPSCAN session. Then enter the DUMPSCAN subcommand again for

the dump file name, file type, and file mode you wish to view.

HCS120A **ENTER DUMP FILE IDENTIFIER
IN THE FORM FILENAME,
OR FILENAME FILETYPE, OR
FILENAME FILETYPE FILEMODE**

Explanation

A command was issued to process a specific dump file, and you are being asked to specify which file you wish to process.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for your response.

User response

Specify a valid dump file ID to continue command processing, or enter HX to terminate the command.

HCS121A **ENTER THE FILENAME FILETYPE
FILEMODE OF THE INPUT *type*
LOAD MAP, A NULL LINE, SUBSET
OR HX**

Explanation

You are prompted for the file name, file type, and file mode of an input load map to process. The variable *type* refers to a type of load map. For a list of supported types and their default file IDs, see the MAP command.

If MAP cannot find the file you specify, it repeats this prompt.

System action

The dump viewing facility waits for a response.

User response

Choose one of the following:

1. To accept the default file ID, enter a null line.
2. To process a specific file, enter the file ID.
3. To invoke CMS subset mode, enter SUBSET.
4. To terminate the MAP command, enter HX.

HCS122A **ENTER THE FILENAME FILETYPE
FILEMODE OF THE OUTPUT *type*
MODULE MAP, A NULL LINE,
SUBSET, OR HX**

Explanation

You are prompted for the file name, file type, and file mode that will contain the created module map. The variable *type* refers to a type of module map. For a list of supported types and their default file IDs, see the MAP command.

System action

The dump viewing facility waits for a response.

User response

Choose one of the following:

1. To accept the default file ID, enter a null line.
2. To process a specific file, enter the file ID.
3. To invoke CMS subset mode, enter SUBSET.
4. To terminate the MAP command, enter HX.

HCS123A **ENTER THE MAP TYPE, A NULL
LINE, SUBSET, OR HX**

Explanation

You entered the MAP PROMPT or MAP command. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility wants to know what type of module map to create. For a list of supported types and their default file IDs, see the MAP command.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a response.

User response

Choose one of the following:

1. To accept the default type (CP), enter a null line.
2. To create a specific type of module map, enter the type.
3. To invoke CMS subset mode, enter SUBSET.
4. To terminate the MAP command, enter HX.

HCS130E **THE *type* FILE *filename filetype*
filemode WAS NOT FOUND**

Explanation

You specified a file to process, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility couldn't find that file. For MAP, *type* indicates a type of load map. See the MAP command for a list of types.

For VREG, VPAIR, or VSTAT processing, you were processing a dump other than the primary. The

primary dump that contains the vector facility data could not be located on any accessed disk.

System action

Depending on the command you issued, command processing terminates or the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility prompts you for the correct file ID.

User response

Verify the name of the file you wish to process. Also verify you are currently accessing the disk in which the file resides. If prompted, enter the correct file ID. Otherwise, enter the command again with the correct file ID.

HCS135E **THE FILE *filename filetype filemode* ALREADY EXISTS**

Explanation

The output file specified on the command exists already.

System action

If you included the specified file identifier in the TRACERED or MAP command, the command terminates. If you entered the specified file ID as a response to a MAP prompt, you are reprompted for another file ID.

User response

Check to see that you typed the file ID correctly. If you did not enter the file ID correctly, do so on either the TRACERED or MAP command line or in response to the MAP prompt. If you did enter the file ID correctly, try renaming the file and reentering the command or response.

HCS140E **THE FILE *filename filetype filemode* IS NOT A VALID *type* FILE**

Explanation

The specified file does not contain valid data for the specified type of file.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Verify the file ID. Enter the correct file ID or a new command.

HCS141E **FIRST MODULE'S NAME IN LOAD MAP *filename filetype filemode* IS NOT THE SAME AS THE FIRST MODULE NAME SPECIFIED IN THE TABLE**

Explanation

The first module name in the specified file is not the same as the first module name for the dump type entry specified in the HCSTAB table.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Verify that the file is a load map. If it is, then change the first module field for the entry of the dump type in HCSTAB to the actual first module's name in the load map file. The changing of HCSTAB should be done by changing the FMODNAME operand in the coded TABENTRY assembler macro invocation for the dump type entry within the HCSTAB file. If you are using the MAP syntax where you specify all the file IDs on one line, make sure the file IDs are in the correct order.

HCS145E **THE DUMP FILE REQUESTED IS NOT A VALID DUMP**

Explanation

The specified dump file was not a valid CP or virtual machine dump.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the command with the correct file name.

HCS148I **STORAGE ADDRESSES FROM *addr1* TO *addr2* ARE MISSING FROM THE DUMP**

Explanation

The dump truncated and some pages are missing. The *addr1* is the first missing storage address, and *addr2* is the highest possible address if the dump did not truncate.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Continue working with the dump. The missing pages are not available, but the remainder of the pages are available for normal processing.

HCS150I **THE *type* FILE *filename filetype*
filemode IS INCOMPLETE**

Explanation

The file that you specified was not complete.

System action

For ADDMAP, processing terminates. For DUMPSCAN and PRTDUMP, processing continues.

User response

Reenter the command with the full file name, file type, and file mode.

HCS151I **LAST MODULE'S NAME IN LOAD
MAP *filename filetype filemode* IS
NOT THE SAME AS THE LAST
MODULE NAME SPECIFIED IN THE
TABLE**

Explanation

The last module name in the specified file is not the same as the last module name for the dump type entry specified in the HCSTAB table.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Verify that the file is a load map. If it is, then change the last module field for the entry of the dump type in HCSTAB to the actual first module's name in the load map file. The changing of HCSTAB should be done by changing the LMODNAME operand in the coded TABENTRY assembler macro invocation for the dump type entry within the HCSTAB file.

HCS200I **PROCESSING FILE *filename*
*filetype filemode***

Explanation

DUMPSCAN issues this message for each dump being viewed in the session.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

HCS210I **THE SUMMARY REPORTS HAVE
BEEN PRINTED FOR FILE *filename*
*filetype filemode***

Explanation

The PRTDUMP command has finished processing the specified dump file.

System action

None.

User response

None.

HCS220I **THE *type* SUMMARY REPORT IS
NOT COMPLETE; SEE REPORT FOR
DETAILS**

Explanation

An error was encountered in the PRTDUMP processing of the specified summary report, and it was not possible to print the entire summary report. The *type* variable can be any of the following:

FRMTB
FRAMETBL
MAP
PROCESSOR
RIOBLOK
SYMPTOM
TRACE
USER
VMDBK
DUMPID

System action

The system continues printing other dump data.

User response

Refer to the printed summary report for the detailed reasons why the summary report was not complete.

HCS230A **DO YOU WANT PRINTING TO
CONTINUE? ENTER YES OR NO**

Explanation

A condition has been detected that might cause you not to want the dump summary reports printed. This message is preceded by another message, which explains the condition. You have the choice of whether or not to continue printing the dump summary reports.

System action

If you enter an invalid response, the prompt is reissued. If you respond YES, command processing continues. If you respond NO, command processing terminates.

User response

You must say whether the printing of the dump summary reports should continue. Valid responses are YES or NO.

HCS240E **ACCESS LIST ENTRIES ARE IN
dumpname DUMP0001, WHICH IS
NOT ON ANY ACCESSED DISK**

Explanation

The access lists are in virtual machine dumps that are created with the file type of DUMP0001. While trying to read dump DUMP0001, it could not be located on any accessed disks.

System action

The subcommand ends and DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter another subcommand.

User response

Access the disk that contains the DUMP0001 file and retry the ACCLIST subcommand.

HCS241I **THE HOST ACCESS LIST IS EMPTY**

Explanation

You have requested host access list information for an address space where the host access list is empty. Either it was never used or it contained only deleted entries.

System action

The subcommand ends and DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter another subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS242I **THE HOST ACCESS LIST IS NOT
AVAILABLE FOR SPACE *spaceid***

Explanation

You have requested access list information for an address space when the host access list status was one of the following:

- Not accessible. (This address space was no longer accessible when virtual machine dump processing tried to dump its access lists.)
- Not included in virtual machine dump. (Host access lists are only dumped for an address space if it is the primary address space of one or more virtual processors in the dump.)

System action

The subcommand ends and DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter another subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS244E **THE ADDRESS SPACE
INFORMATION WAS NOT FOUND
IN *dumpname dumptype***

Explanation

The address space information should be in every virtual machine dump. There is either a problem with a CMS file, or there is a virtual machine dump processing error.

System action

If ALL was specified, the subcommand will continue to process the related dumps. Otherwise, the subcommand ends.

User response

Notify your system programmer.

HCS250I **THE EXTRACTION ROUTINE
routine FOR *type* COULD NOT BE
FOUND**

Explanation

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility could not find the specified routine on any disk that you have accessed.

System action

DUMPSCAN and PRTDUMP do not take a user exit. No information will be extracted from or added to the dump.

User response

Verify the name of the file you want to use. Also verify that it is located on a disk you have accessed. See the HCSTBL ASSEMBLE file for supported dump types and the extraction routine associated with each type.

HCS260I	THE FORMATTING ROUTINE routine FOR type COULD NOT BE FOUND
----------------	---

Explanation

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility could not find the specified routine on any disk that you have accessed.

System action

DUMPSCAN and PRTDUMP do not take a user exit. You may not enter licensed program product subcommands.

User response

Verify the name of the file you want to use. Also verify that it is located on a disk you have accessed. See the HCSTBL ASSEMBLE file for supported dump types and the formatting routine names associated with each type.

HCS265I	PRINTING DUMP STORAGE SUPPORTED IN PRTDUMP FOR VIRTUAL MACHINE DUMPS OF TYPE FILE ONLY
----------------	---

Explanation

You have tried to print a formatted dump from 0 to the end with a program product formatting routine. This is supported only by the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility for virtual machine dumps having the FILE virtual machine type designation. For more information about the FORMAT operand of the VMDUMP command, refer to [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

System action

The load maps, registers, and PSW are printed.

User response

Use the FORMAT subcommand of DUMPSCAN to change the type of virtual machine dump to the

default type of FILE. Then enter the PRTDUMP command again with the STORAGE operand to print out the dumped storage. When the PRTDUMP command has completed successfully, enter the FORMAT subcommand of DUMPSCAN again to change the dump format back to its original type designation.

HCS266I	THE ROUTINE <i>routine_name</i> FOR spoolid CANNOT BE FOUND
----------------	--

Explanation

The user exit necessary for trace file processing was not found.

System action

Processing continues. If the missing exit routine is a merge/selection exit, the trace record is considered to have no timestamp. If records are being selected by time or if multiple traces are being merged, the record is not selected. Otherwise, the record is selected for processing.

If the missing exit routine is a formatting exit, the trace record is output in a default hexadecimal format.

Note: This message will only appear once for each routine missing. There may be other SPIDs requiring this routine.

User response

Run the TRACERED command again after accessing the disks that contain the required exits.

HCS267I	THE ROUTINE <i>routine_name</i> FOR CMS TRACE FILE <i>filename filetype</i> CANNOT BE FOUND
----------------	--

Explanation

The user exit necessary for trace file processing was not found.

System action

Processing continues. If the missing exit routine is a merge/selection exit, the trace record is considered to have no timestamp. If records are being selected by time or if multiple traces are being merged, the record is not selected. Otherwise, the record is selected for processing.

If the missing exit routine is a formatting exit, the trace record is output in a default hexadecimal format.

Note: This message will only appear once for each routine missing. There may be other CMS TRACE FILES requiring this routine.

User response

Run the TRACERED command again after accessing the disks that contain the required exits.

HCS270I	ROUTINE <i>routine</i> RETURNED CODE <i>code</i> WHILE PROCESSING SUBCOMMAND <i>subcommand</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

You entered a subcommand that was handled by an external formatting routine. This routine detected an error while processing this subcommand.

System action

After issuing the message, DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter another subcommand.

User response

Continue to analyze the dump by entering a new subcommand.

HCS300I	THE DUMP HAS NO MODULE MAP
----------------	-----------------------------------

Explanation

A module map was not found at the end of the dump file currently being processed.

System action

If the FINDMOD subcommand was issued, subcommand processing is terminated, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

If the PRTDUMP command was issued, printing of other dump data will continue. A note is printed in the output indicating that the module map was not available.

User response

The ADDMAP command may be used to append a module map to the dump file.

HCS301I	DUMP <i>filename filetype filemode</i> ALREADY HAS A MODULE MAP
----------------	--

Explanation

The specified dump file already has an appended module map.

System action

Message 302A is issued.

User response

None.

HCS302A	DO YOU WANT TO REPLACE THE PREVIOUS MAP? ENTER YES OR NO
----------------	---

Explanation

You are attempting to add a map to a dump that already has a map appended. You have the option of replacing the pointer to the old map with a pointer to the new map.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for your response.

User response

Enter one of the following:

YES

Append the new map to the dump and update the pointer.

NO

Terminate the ADDMAP command.

Any other response

Reprompt.

HCS304E	THE MODULE MAP CANNOT BE APPENDED TO A <i>type</i> DUMP
----------------	--

Explanation

You tried to append a module map to a dump of the type specified. The type is a soft abend.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

HCS305I	THE FORMAT OF THE DUMP IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THIS PROGRAM. USE VM DUMP TOOL INSTEAD.
----------------	---

Explanation

A dump was taken that is not supported by the z/VM Dump Viewing Facility.

System action

The user is returned to the command line.

User response

Use VM DUMP TOOL to work with the dump. For more information, refer to [z/VM: VM Dump Tool](#).

HCS310E THE FILES *filename filetype*
filemode AND *filename filetype*
filemode ARE INCOMPATIBLE

Explanation

The dump file and the module map file represent two different levels of the system.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Verify that the correct file IDs were specified.

HCS311E THE *type1* MODULE MAP FILE
filename filetype filemode DOES
NOT MATCH THE *type2* DUMP
filename filetype filemode

Explanation

The type of the module map to be appended does not match the type of the dump. The *type1* variable is a CP, CMS, PVM, or RSCS module map, and *type2* is the dump file type.

System action

Command processing terminates, and the module map is not appended to the dump.

User response

Verify that the correct file IDs were specified on the command. Reenter the command with the correct files specified or enter another command.

HCS315E THE LOAD MAP *filename filetype*
filemode OVERLAPS A PREVIOUS
MAP

Explanation

The address range of the PVM input load map overlaps either partially or completely the address range of the previously included CMS nucleus load map in the output z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility module map.

System action

Command processing terminates and the module map is not created.

User response

Reenter the command with the proper input load maps.

HCS320I THE MODULE MAP *filename*
filetype filemode HAS BEEN
CREATED FROM LOAD MAP
filename filetype filemode

Explanation

The module map has been successfully created from the input load map.

System action

Command processing is finished.

User response

None.

HCS321I THE MAP *filename filetype filemode*
HAS BEEN APPENDED TO DUMP
filename

Explanation

The module map has been successfully appended to the dump indicated.

System action

Command processing is finished.

User response

None.

HCS330I THE INPUT *type* LOAD MAP NAME
IS *filename filetype filemode*

Explanation

You entered a null line when MAP prompted you for a load map name. MAP used the default file ID for the specified type of map. See the MAP command for a list of map types and their associated file IDs.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Continue or terminate command processing.

HCS331I **MAP TYPE IS CMS**

Explanation

You entered a null line in response to prompting message 123A, or the map type was not specified on the MAP command line. Consequently, CMS map type processing is used.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Continue or terminate command processing when possible.

HCS332I **THE LOAD MAP *filename filetype***
***filemode* HAS BEEN APPENDED TO**
MODULE MAP *filename filetype*
filemode

Explanation

The load map has been successfully appended to the module map.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

HCS340I **DYNAMICALLY CREATING**
MODULE MAP

Explanation

You entered the DUMPSCAN or PRTDUMP command with a CP dump on a writable disk that has no appended module map. A map is being built and appended to the dump file specified in the command.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

HCS341I **DISK *nn* IS READ ONLY, DYNAMIC**
MAP NOT CREATED

Explanation

The disk containing the dump file you requested is a read-only disk. The module map cannot be appended to the dump.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If you do not need the functions of either the FINDMOD subcommand of the DUMPSCAN command or the module map summary of the PRTDUMP command, no response is necessary. If you do need these functions, copy the dump file to a CMS disk where you have write access. Then reenter the DUMPSCAN or PRTDUMP command specifying the dump file on the CMS disk to which you have write access.

HCS342I **INSUFFICIENT DASD SPACE,**
DYNAMIC MAP NOT CREATED

Explanation

While the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility attempted to append the dynamically created module map to the requested dump file, the disk containing the dump became full. The load map is not appended.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If you do not need the functions of either the FINDMOD subcommand of the DUMPSCAN command or the module map summary of the PRTDUMP command, no user response is necessary. If you do need these functions, delete any unwanted files from the disk containing the dump file to secure space for the appended module map. Then reenter the DUMPSCAN or PRTDUMP command.

HCS350I **THE MODULE OR ENTRY POINT**
***name* WAS NOT IN STORAGE AT**
THE TIME OF THE DUMP

Explanation

The specified module or entry point was not in real storage at the time of the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS351E THE ADDRESS *address* IS NOT IN A MODULE

Explanation

The address specified on the FINDMOD subcommand is not contained in any module in the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS352I THE MODULE OR ENTRY POINT *name* WAS NOT FOUND IN THE MODULE MAP

Explanation

The specified module or entry point name was not found in the module map appended to the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Check if the correct module or entry point name was entered. Correct the name and reenter the subcommand, or enter a new subcommand.

HCS353I THE MODULE OR ENTRY POINT *name* IS LOCATED AT ADDRESS *address*

Explanation

The specified module or entry point name was found to be in storage at the time of the dump, but the page was not included in the dump.

System action

This message is followed by a message indicating why the page was not found.

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS380E THE EXTRA OPERAND *operand* IS NOT VALID

Explanation

The indicated additional operand was specified on the command line.

System action

Subcommand processing is terminated.

User response

None.

HCS400E *subcommand* IS NOT A RECOGNIZED SUBCOMMAND

Explanation

The indicated subcommand you entered is not a known DUMPSCAN subcommand.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for you to enter another DUMPSCAN subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS401I READY, DUMP TYPE IS *type*

Explanation

This message is issued whenever DUMPSCAN is waiting for a subcommand.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for the next subcommand.

User response

Enter a DUMPSCAN subcommand.

Note: The *type* value in the dump file will be used.

HCS402E THE *subcommand* SUBCOMMAND IS NOT VALID FOR *type* DUMPS

Explanation

The DUMPSCAN subcommand entered is not valid for the specified type of dumps. The *type* variable is the dump type.

System action

The subcommand is not processed. After issuing the message, the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for you to enter another subcommand.

User response

You may continue analyzing the dump by entering a new subcommand.

HCS403E **THE *option* OPTION IS NOT VALID FOR *type* DUMPS**

Explanation

The PRTDUMP option entered is not supported for the specified type of dump.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Correct and reenter the request, or enter a new request.

HCS404E **THE '*operand*' OPERAND IS NOT VALID FOR *type* DUMPS**

Explanation

When you issued a subcommand of DUMPSCAN, you entered an operand that was not valid for that type of dump.

System action

The subcommand terminates. DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter a new subcommand.

User response

Reissue the subcommand without using the specified operand.

HCS405E **THE SUBCOMMAND *subcommand* IS NOT SUPPORTED FOR *type* DUMPS**

Explanation

When you issued the external formatting routine subcommand, you entered a subcommand that is not supported for the specified type of dump by the dump viewing facility.

System action

The subcommand is not processed. After issuing the message, DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter another subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand to continue analyzing your dump.

HCS406I **THIS IS THE ONLY DUMP FILE IN THE XEDIT RING**

Explanation

DUMPSCAN issues this message when a user attempts to switch to the next dump file in the ring, but one is not there.

System action

None.

User response

None.

HCS446I **BLOCK INITIALIZATION HAS STARTED, PLEASE BE PATIENT**

Explanation

The BLOCK subcommand is building the control block look-up table.

System action

BLOCK processes the control block definitions specified in the control block.

User response

None.

HCS447I **BLOCK INITIALIZATION HAS COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY**

Explanation

The BLOCK subcommand has been successful in building the look-up table.

System action

BLOCK processes the user request to display a control block.

User response

None.

HCS448I BLOCK INITIALIZATION HAS FAILED

Explanation

The BLOCK subcommand has been unsuccessful in building the look-up table.

System action

The subcommand terminates. You will receive an additional message or messages indicating the cause of the error.

User response

Correct the error, then reenter the BLOCK subcommand.

HCS449I UNABLE TO PROCESS THE BLOCK SUBCOMMAND

Explanation

The BLOCK subcommand cannot be executed because of an error condition.

System action

The subcommand terminates. You will receive a second message to further explain the error.

User response

Correct the error, then reenter the BLOCK subcommand.

HCS450I THE BLOCK TABLE '*tablename*' WAS NOT FOUND

Explanation

The indicated block table name was not found on any disk you have accessed.

System action

Command processing continues, but the BLOCK subcommand cannot format control blocks contained in the specified table.

User response

You can terminate the DUMPSCAN command, then access the disk containing the table. Reenter the DUMPSCAN command and then the BLOCK subcommand.

HCS451I THE '*cbname*' CONTROL BLOCK CANNOT BE FOUND IN ANY BLOCK TABLE

Explanation

The control block name you specified was not found in any of the BLOCK table files.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates.

User response

Reenter the BLOCK subcommand with a correct control block name.

HCS452I THE FIELD '*field name*' WAS NOT FOUND

Explanation

The field name you specified was not found in the block table entry for that control block.

System action

You receive message 455A, which reprompts you for the correct field name. Any field names already entered that were correct are saved and used by the BLOCK subcommand.

User response

Reenter the field name correctly or end the prompt.

HCS454I UNKNOWN CONTROL BLOCK ID, RE-ENTER BLOCK SUBCOMMAND USING THE CONTROL BLOCK NAME

Explanation

You entered an asterisk (*) for a control block name. The Dump Viewing Facility could not find the actual control block name in its internal table.

System action

The subcommand terminates, and DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter a new subcommand.

User response

Enter the BLOCK subcommand again using the control block name instead of an asterisk.

HCS455A **ENTER FIELD NAME(S) TO BE FORMATTED, QUIT TO END SUBCOMMAND OR NULL LINE TO END PROMPT**

Explanation

This is a prompt for you to enter the names of specific fields for formatting.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for your response.

User response

You should enter either the field names, separated by blanks, or a null line to indicate that there are no more field names requested. If you enter QUIT, the BLOCK subcommand processing ends. If you enter a null line in response to the first prompt, only entries flagged as default fields are formatted.

HCS456I **TOO MANY FIELD NAMES SPECIFIED. THE EXTRA ARE IGNORED**

Explanation

You have requested more than 512 field names for formatting.

System action

The first 512 field names are used. The extra ones are ignored. You are not prompted for more control block names and processing continues.

User response

None. If you want to see more than 512 fields, reenter the BLOCK subcommand and specify ALL instead of PROMPT.

HCS457E **BLOCK SUBCOMMAND NOT SUPPORTED FOR *type* DUMP**

Explanation

The BLOCK subcommand is not supported for the specified type of dump.

System action

The subcommand terminates, and DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS458E **THE CONTROL FILE *filename filetype* WAS NOT FOUND**

Explanation

The BLOCK subcommand is not supported because a control file was not found for the specified type of dump you requested.

System action

None.

User response

You should access the disk containing the necessary control file and reenter the DUMPSCAN command, or you should enter another subcommand.

HCS459E **CANNOT LOCATE ANY OF THE BLOCK TABLE FILES**

Explanation

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility cannot locate any of the BLOCK table files used to format control blocks.

System action

The subcommand terminates and DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Access the disk containing the BLOCK tables and reenter the BLOCK subcommand, or issue another subcommand.

HCS510I **THE &NAME TABLE IS FULL**

Explanation

The space available in the &name table is not sufficient for the entry being added.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for the next subcommand.

User response

You may redefine previous entries with shorter entries to make space available in the &name table, or you may enter a new subcommand.

HCS511E **&name IS NOT IN THE &NAME TABLE**

Explanation

You invoked &name, and it was not in the table.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter the & subcommand to list all entries in the table and then reenter a valid &name or any other DUMPSCAN subcommand.

HCS512I **THE &NAME TABLE IS EMPTY**

Explanation

There are no entries in the &name table.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Use the &name subcommand to add entries to the &name table or enter another DUMPSCAN subcommand.

HCS520I **A LOOP WAS DETECTED IN THE type CHAIN**

Explanation

An unexpected loop was detected in the specified control block chain currently being processed.

System action

If a DUMPSCAN subcommand was entered, subcommand processing is terminated with the detection of the loop. Any output that was completed before the detection of the loop will be displayed.

If the PRTDUMP command was entered, this message is printed in the output to indicate why the particular summary report was not complete. A message will be issued indicating that the summary report being

processed is not complete. The printing of other dump data continues.

User response

If you are in DUMPSCAN mode, you may enter a new subcommand.

Command

Type

PRTDUMP

VMDBK

CHAIN subcommand

CONTROL BLOCK

VI OBLOK subcommand

VMDBK

VMDBK subcommand

VMDBK

HCS521I **CONTROL BLOCK AT address POINTS TO CONTROL BLOCK AT address**

Explanation

The control block at the address specified points to another control block already in the chain.

System action

Additional informational messages will be issued. Then subcommand processing terminates.

User response

None.

HCS522I **CONTROL BLOCK #nnnn POINTS TO CONTROL BLOCK #nnnn**

Explanation

The control block specified by the variable *nnnn* points to another control block specified by the second *nnnn* variable that is already in the chain.

System action

An additional informational message may be issued. Then subcommand processing terminates.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS523I **nnnn ENTRIES WERE FOUND IN THE CHAIN**

Explanation

This message tells you how many entries were found in the chain.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS524I THE FIRST CONTROL BLOCK POINTS TO ITSELF

Explanation

The first control block on a chain points to itself.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS525I CB # *nnnn* AT *address*

Explanation

The control block specified by the variable *nnnn* is located at the address indicated by the variable *address*.

System action

Subcommand processing continues.

User response

None.

HCS526I THE LAST CONTROL BLOCK POINTS TO THE FIRST

Explanation

The last control block on a chain points to the first control block on the same chain. This message appears for noncyclic chains only.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS527I THE LAST CONTROL BLOCK POINTS TO ITSELF

Explanation

The last control block on a chain points to itself.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS528I CHAIN MAXIMUM OF 4096 CONTROL BLOCKS REACHED

Explanation

The maximum number of entries is 4096 in a chain for which the CHAIN subcommand is able to detect a loop. That maximum has been reached.

System action

The system waits for a null line (the null line subcommand) or another subcommand to be entered.

User response

If you wish to continue CHAIN subcommand processing for this chain, enter a null line (the null line subcommand). Subcommand processing then continues from the last entry found.

HCS529I *nnnn* ENTRIES - PROCESSING CONTINUES

Explanation

You entered the COUNT operand on the CHAIN subcommand. The subcommand is working.

System action

System processing continues.

User response

None.

HCS530I THE STRING *string* WAS NOT FOUND

Explanation

The string (hexadecimal or EBCDIC) was not found between the starting and ending addresses specified on the input.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS540E	THE STARTING ADDRESS <i>address</i> MUST BE LESS THAN THE ENDING ADDRESS
----------------	---

Explanation

The starting address specified with the LOCATE subcommand is greater than the ending address.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Correct the input and reenter the subcommand or enter a new subcommand.

HCS541E	THE STARTING ADDRESS <i>address</i> MUST BE GREATER THAN THE ENDING ADDRESS
----------------	--

Explanation

The starting address specified with the LOCATE subcommand is less than the ending address.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Correct the input and reenter the subcommand or enter a new subcommand.

HCS543I	THE BEGINNING OF THE DUMP WAS REACHED
----------------	--

Explanation

The beginning of the dump was reached.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS544E	A VALID SCROLLING ADDRESS HAS NOT YET BEEN ESTABLISHED
----------------	---

Explanation

A FORWARD or BACKWARD request must follow some other request that generates a display address. This has not yet happened in this DUMPSCAN session.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter an address in the area you wish to examine by using a subcommand such as DISPLAY or LOCATE, or enter a new subcommand.

HCS545E	SCROLLING BEYOND OFFSET <i>offset</i> IS INVALID
----------------	---

Explanation

The OFFSET value has gone beyond 0 or hexadecimal FFF0 while using one of the following subcommands: FORWARD, BACKWARD, SCROLL, SCROLLUP, +, or -.

System action

The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Either set the OFFSET value within the limits by entering the appropriate FORWARD, BACKWARD, SCROLL, SCROLLUP, +, or - subcommand or enter another DISPLAY subcommand.

DUMPSCAN Subcommand Offset (Hex)

+
0 or FFF0

-
0 or FFF0

BACKWARD
0 or FFF0

FORWARD
0 or FFF0

SCROLL
0 or FFF0

SCROLLUP
0 or FFF0

HCS560I THE CPU ADDRESS *cpuaddr* IS NOT IN THE DUMP

Explanation

You tried to display or refer to a CPU address that was not in the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand or use the CPU subcommand to determine which processors are in the dump.

HCS570I VECTOR INFORMATION IS NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS VIRTUAL MACHINE

Explanation

The dump being viewed by DUMPSCAN contains no vector register contents or status for any virtual CPU. You have requested vector information for a virtual machine where the Vector Facility was one of the following:

- Undefined
- Never used
- Unavailable because of Vector Facility failure.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Ensure that the correct dump is being viewed.

HCS571I VECTOR INFORMATION IS NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS CPU

Explanation

Although vector information is available in the dump being viewed, the Vector Facility was not defined or

not functional for the processor requested, or no data had been placed in it.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Issue the subcommand without specifying a CPU address. Or, correct the address specified. You can use the CPU subcommand of DUMPSCAN to obtain all processor identifiers in the dump.

HCS576E SPECIFYING AN ODD REGISTER IS INVALID FOR VPAIR

Explanation

You specified an odd register as the starting or ending register for the VPAIR subcommand. Only even number register pairs can be specified.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the VPAIR subcommand specifying even register numbers as operands.

HCS577E THE STARTING REGISTER IS GREATER THAN THE ENDING REGISTER

Explanation

You entered a range of registers in which the first register was larger than the last.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand specifying a valid range of registers.

HCS578E THE STARTING ELEMENT IS GREATER THAN THE ENDING ELEMENT

Explanation

You entered a range of elements in which the first element was larger than the last.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand specifying a valid range of elements.

**HCS579E THE REGISTER OPERAND
'operand' IS GREATER THAN
number CHARACTERS**

Explanation

When you entered the VPAIR or VREG subcommand, you specified characters in excess of the maximum number allowed for a register operand. For example, you entered "003" when only two characters are permitted.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand specifying a valid register number.

**HCS580E THE ELEMENT OPERAND 'operand'
IS GREATER THAN number
CHARACTERS**

Explanation

When you entered the VPAIR or VREG subcommand, you specified characters in excess of the maximum number allowed for an element operand. For example, you entered "0123" when only three characters are permitted.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand specifying a valid element number.

**HCS600I NO VALID TRACE ENTRIES WERE
FOUND FOR CPU ADDRESS
cpuaddr**

Explanation

The value contained in control register 12 for the specified processor pointed to an invalid trace entry that did not contain hexadecimal 74 in the first byte.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

**HCS601I NO VALID TRACE ENTRY WAS
FOUND AT ADDRESS address**

Explanation

The input address pointed to an invalid trace entry that did not contain hexadecimal 74 in the first byte.

System action

If the command was DUMPSCAN, subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

If the command was PRTDUMP, message 602I is printed in the summary report and processing continues.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

**HCS602I THE TRACE SUMMARY WILL
CONTINUE WITHOUT CPU cpuaddr**

Explanation

An error occurred preventing the trace function of PRTDUMP from locating all or some of the trace entries for the processor indicated.

System action

The summary printout continues without the identified processor. The summary contains a list of all merged trace entries up to the point of error, and all except those from the identified processor after the error.

User response

None.

HCS603I **THE TRACE ENTRY AT *address* IS NOT IN THE TRACE TABLE FOR CPU *cpuaddr***

Explanation

The address specified by the FROM keyword in the command is missing from either of the following:

- The trace table for the processor specified, if the command includes a single processor address
- All trace tables for all processors whose dumps were to be merged, if the command specifies or defaults to ALL.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Correct the FROM address or the CPU address and reenter the subcommand. Otherwise, enter another DUMPSCAN subcommand, HX, END, or QUIT.

HCS610I **THERE IS NO SELECTION CRITERIA IN EFFECT**

Explanation

You entered SELECT QUERY but you have not previously specified any selection criteria.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates. DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Enter any DUMPSCAN subcommand.

HCS611I **THE USER '*userid*' DOES NOT APPEAR IN THE DUMP**

Explanation

The user ID you specified is not located in the dump file.

System action

Subcommand processing for the requested user ID is terminated. The user ID you specified is not saved for future trace table entry selection.

Subcommand processing is continued for any other user ID that may be requested in the same SELECT invocation.

User response

Correct the input and reenter the SELECT subcommand or a new subcommand.

HCS641I **THE *type* device DOES NOT EXIST IN THE DUMP**

Explanation

The device for the real device or logical device specified did not exist in the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS642I **NO *type* [FOR USER *userid*] COULD BE FOUND**

Explanation

No I/O device blocks of the specified type could be found in the dump.

System action

The printing of other dump data continues.

User response

None.

Command	Type
PRTDUMP	real devices, virtual devices
RIOBLOK (DUMPSCAN subcommand)	real devices, logical devices
VIQBLOK (DUMPSCAN subcommand)	virtual devices, virtual subchannels

HCS643I **THE *type* DEVICE BLOCKS FOR DEVICES *nnnn* TO *mmmm* ARE NOT AVAILABLE**

Explanation

The I/O device blocks of the specified type in the indicated range could not be found in the dump.

System action

The printing of other dump data continues.

User response

None.

HCS660I	THE ENTRY AT <i>address</i> IS NOT WITHIN THE FRAME TABLE
----------------	--

Explanation

The address specified by the user is not the address of an entry in the frame table.

System action

Processing continues and the storage at the frame table entry address is formatted and displayed.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS661I	THE ENDING ADDRESS OF THE FRAME TABLE IS BEYOND THE DUMP STORAGE SIZE OF <i>size</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The upper boundary of the frame table exceeds the size of the dump.

System action

If the command was DUMPSCAN, the entry is displayed, if possible.

If the command was PRTDUMP, the FRAMETBL summary is not complete.

User response

If you are in DUMPSCAN, enter a new subcommand.

HCS670I	NO SNAP DATA IS PRESENT
----------------	--------------------------------

Explanation

The soft abend dump you requested for processing contains no SNAPLIST data or snapped save areas.

System action

DUMPSCAN processing continues.

User response

Enter any DUMPSCAN subcommand.

HCS690I	THE DUMP SYMPTOM RECORD IS MISSING FROM FILE <i>filename filetype filemode</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The first record of the specified dump file is not a valid dump symptom record. The first 2 bytes should contain the characters "SR", and they do not.

System action

If the SYMPTOM subcommand was entered, no summary information is displayed and the subcommand terminates. The z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

If the PRTDUMP command was entered, you are prompted to specify whether printing the dump summary reports should continue.

Note: Results of further processing are unpredictable.

User response

IBM recommends that you verify that the specified file ID actually contains a valid z/VM CP abend, stand-alone, virtual machine, or soft-abend dump. The user may continue analyzing the dump.

HCS701I	THE <i>type</i> ADDRESS <i>address</i> MUST BE ON A <i>boundary</i> BOUNDARY
----------------	---

Explanation

An address needed for processing was not on the correct boundary for the type of address. The address may be one that was specified on the subcommand line, or may be an intermediary address used in processing.

System action

If the error was encountered while processing a DUMPSCAN subcommand, subcommand

processing continues if possible. If the error was encountered in PRTDUMP, the printing of other dump data will continue.

User response

If you specified the address on a DUMPSCAN subcommand, you may correct the specified input address and reenter the subcommand, or enter a new subcommand.

Command	Type	Boundary
PRTDUMP	CHRBK	Doubleword
	Frame table	4KB
	RDEV	Doubleword
	System common area	4KB
	Trace table page	4KB
	VDEV	Doubleword
	VMDBK	4KB
DUMPSCAN subcommand	Type	Boundary
FRAMETBL	Frame table	4KB
	Frame table entry	16 BYTE
RIOBLOK	CHRBK	Doubleword
	RDEV	Doubleword
	RSPBK	Doubleword
	System common area	4KB
	VMDBK	4KB
	IORBK	Doubleword
TRACE	Trace table entry	32 BYTE
	Trace table page	4KB
VIOBLOK	CACBK	Doubleword
	CHRBK	Doubleword
	IORBK	Doubleword
	RDEV	Doubleword
	System common area	4KB
	VDEV	Doubleword
	VDSBK	Doubleword
	VMDBK	4KB
VMDBK	VMDBK	4KB

HCS702I

**THE *type* ADDRESS *address*
EQUALS OR EXCEEDS THE DUMP
STORAGE SIZE OF *size***

Explanation

The address to be displayed or referenced equals or exceeds the storage size of the dump.

System action

If a DUMPSCAN subcommand was entered, subcommand processing continues, if possible.

If the PRTDUMP command was entered, the printing of other dump data continues.

User response

If the address specified was on a DUMPSCAN subcommand, correct the specified input address and reenter the subcommand, or enter a new subcommand.

Command	Type
ADDMAP	System VMDBK System segment table System page table
PRTDUMP	Address of RADIX tree CHRBK Frame table Real device block System common area Trace table page Virtual device block VMDBK
DUMPSCAN subcommand	Type
-	
+	
BACKWARD	
CHAIN	
DISPLAY	
FINDMOD	
FRAMETBL	Frame table Frame table entry

DUMPSCAN subcommand	Type
LOCATE	
LOCATEUP	
RIOBLOK	Address of RADIX tree
	CHRBK
	IORBK
	RADIX tree
	Real device block
	RSPBK
	VMDBK
SCROLL	
SCROLLUP	
SNAPLIST	
TRACE	Trace table page
VI OBLOK	CACBK
	CHRBK
	IORBK
	Real device block
	System common area
	Virtual device block
	VMDBK
VMDBK	VMDBK

Command	Type
ADDMAP	System VMDBK
	System segment table
	System page table
PRTDUMP	Address of RADIX tree
	CHRBK
	Frame table
	RDEV
	System common area
	VDEV
	VMDBK

DUMPSCAN subcommands	Type
FRAMETBL	Frame table
RI OBLOK	Address of RADIX tree
	RADIX tree
	RDEV
	RSPBK
	System common area
VI OBLOK	CACBK
	RADIX tree
	System common area
	VDEV
	VDSBK
	VMDBK
VMDBK	VMDBK page

HCS703I THE type ADDRESS IS ZERO

Explanation

The address represented by *type* or mentioned in a previous message is zero.

System action

If the error was encountered while processing a DUMPSCAN subcommand, subcommand processing continues, if possible.

If the error was encountered in PRTDUMP, the printing of other dump data continues.

User response

If you specified the address on a DUMPSCAN subcommand, you may correct the specified input address and reenter the subcommand, or enter a new subcommand.

HCS720I THE type CHAIN IS BROKEN

Explanation

The specified control block chain was not complete in the dump because either an invalid pointer was found or a necessary page was not in the dump.

System action

If a DUMPSCAN subcommand was entered, subcommand processing is terminated with the detection of a broken chain. Any output that was completed before the detection of the broken chain is displayed.

If the PRTDUMP command was entered, the printing of other dump data continues. A message is displayed indicating that the summary report currently being printed is incomplete. The partial summary report indicates where the chain was broken.

User response

If you are in DUMPSCAN, you may enter a new subcommand.

Subcommand	Type
RIOBLOK	Real device Logical device
VIOBLOK	VMDBK Virtual device Virtual subchannel
VMDBK	VMDBK

HCS730I THE *type* PAGE WITH ADDRESS address IS NOT IN THE DUMP

Explanation

In attempting to locate data in the dump, a pointer referenced a page that was not in the dump.

System action

If the error was encountered while a DUMPSCAN subcommand was being processed, processing continues, if possible.

If the error was encountered during PRTDUMP processing, the printing of other dump data continues.

User response

If you specified the address on a DUMPSCAN subcommand, you may correct the specified input address and reenter the subcommand, or enter a new subcommand.

Command	Page Type
ADDMAP	System page table System segment table System VMDBK
PRTDUMP	CHRBK Frame table Real device block System common area

Command

Page Type

Trace table page
Virtual device block
VMDBK

DUMPSCAN subcommand

Type

FRAMETBL	Frame table
RIOBLOK	CHRBK IORBK RADIX tree RDEV RSPBK System common area VDEV VMDBK
TRACE	Trace table
VIOBLOK	CACBK CHRBK IORBK RDEV System common area VDEV VDSBK VMDBK
VMDBK	VMDBK
All others	

HCS740I THE PREFIX PAGE COULD NOT BE FOUND

Explanation

The pointer to the prefix page was either zero, not on a 4KB boundary, or pointed to an address that is not in the dump.

System action

Processing continues, if possible.

User response

Enter a new subcommand.

HCS741I **THE PREFIX PAGE FOR CPU
cpuaddr IS NOT AVAILABLE**

Explanation

The prefix page for the specified processor is not in the dump, or the page could not be read, or the prefix page could not be located.

System action

Processing continues, if possible.

User response

None.

HCS750I **DUMPID DATA WAS NOT
PROVIDED**

Explanation

The *dumpid* operand of the VMDUMP command was not used to provide descriptive text of the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates.

User response

None.

HCS800I **THE EXTRA OPERAND '*operand*' IS
IGNORED**

Explanation

A valid operand (other than USER) is specified multiple times.

System action

Printing of other dump data continues.

User response

None.

HCS801E **THE OPERAND '*operand*' IS NOT
VALID**

Explanation

The operand specified on the command line is not a recognized operand.

System action

Command or subcommand processing terminates, or you are prompted for the correct operand.

User response

If prompted, enter the correct operand, or correct and reenter the request, or else enter a new request.

HCS802E **THE REQUIRED *operand* OPERAND
IS MISSING**

Explanation

A required operand was not specified on the command line.

System action

Command or subcommand processing terminates with the exception of TRACERED selection prompts.

User response

Correct and reenter the request, or enter a new request.

HCS803E **TOO {MANY|FEW} FILEID
OPERANDS FOR MAPTYPE *type***

Explanation

You entered either too many or too few file ID operands for the specified module map type. The MAP command shows the number of file IDs associated with each type.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Correct the operands and reenter the MAP command.

HCS804E **REQUIRED OPERAND MISSING
FOR '*keyword*' KEYWORD**

Explanation

An operand value is required following the specified keyword.

System action

The subcommand terminates, and DUMPSCAN waits for a new subcommand to be entered.

User response

Enter the HELP subcommand, or find the correct subcommand syntax. Then correct and enter the subcommand again. For more information about subcommand syntax, refer to *z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility*.

HCS810E **CONFLICT BETWEEN OPERANDS**
operand1* AND *operand2

Explanation

You entered the specified conflicting operands on the command line.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand correctly or enter a new subcommand.

Subcommand	Operand1	Operand2
TRACE	HEX	FORMAT
	FORMAT	HEX
	CPU	ALL
	ALL	CPU
VMDBK	LIST	Any operand
	Any operand	LIST
	FOR	AT
	AT	FOR
BLOCK	ALL	PROMPT

HCS811E **THE OPERAND '*operand*' MUST BE**
A HEXADECIMAL NUMBER

Explanation

An operand that must be a hexadecimal number contains nonhexadecimal characters.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand correctly or enter a new subcommand.

HCS812E **THE type OPERAND '*operand*' IS**
GREATER THAN MAXIMUM VALUE
OF value

Explanation

An operand exceeded its maximum permissible value.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Correct the input and reenter or enter a new subcommand.

HCS813E **THE type OPERAND '*operand*'**
MUST BE A DECIMAL NUMBER

Explanation

In response to a prompt message for selection criteria, you specified nondecimal characters for an operand that must be a decimal number.

System action

Your response is ignored. You will be reprompted.

User response

Reenter the keyword and a valid decimal number. If you want to end the prompt, enter a null line.

HCS814E **'*operand*' OPERAND SPECIFIED**
TWICE

Explanation

You entered the displayed operand twice while entering a DUMPSCAN subcommand.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and DUMPSCAN waits for you to enter a new subcommand.

User response

Reenter the subcommand using the specified operand only once.

HCS852I THE USER PAGES CANNOT BE SUPPRESSED; ALL DUMPED PAGES WILL BE PRINTED

Explanation

The frame table pages cannot be located in the dump. Therefore, the control program pages cannot be distinguished from user pages. All of the pages will be printed instead of just the requested CP pages.

System action

Message HCS854A is issued, prompting you to decide whether the storage summary should be printed. If you answer NO, the storage summary will not be in the summary file, but other summaries requested will appear. If you answer YES, all dumped pages will appear in the storage summary.

User response

Provide an answer to the prompt requested by HCS854A.

HCS853E THE CP OPTION IS ONLY ALLOWED FOR A STORAGE SUMMARY

Explanation

The CP option was entered as the first option or following an option other than STORAGE. CP is only valid immediately following the STORAGE option.

System action

The PRTDUMP command terminates without printing any summaries.

User response

Enter the PRTDUMP command again, either without the CP option or with the CP option correctly placed after the STORAGE option.

HCS854A DO YOU WANT PRINTING OF THE STORAGE SUMMARY TO CONTINUE? ANSWER YES OR NO

Explanation

The condition explained by the previous message may affect your decision to print the storage summary report. You may choose whether to continue printing the storage summary report. Your answer has no effect on other summary reports if any were requested.

System action

If you enter a response that is not valid, the prompt is reissued. If you respond YES, storage summary processing continues. If you respond NO, storage summary processing is terminated.

User response

You must respond YES or NO to whether the printing of the storage summary report should continue.

HCS900E PROCESSING ERROR FROM *name*, CODE *nnn*

Explanation

A nonzero return code was returned from the indicated routine or macro name and the return code was *nnn*. This indicates an internal processing error.

System action

Command processing continues, if possible.

User response

If the condition continues, notify your service representative.

HCS910E THE VIRTUAL STORAGE CAPACITY IS EXCEEDED

Explanation

There is not enough virtual storage available for the command or subcommand to complete processing. This may be the result of a system problem, such as storage not being properly released, or the user may have attempted to use the command in a virtual machine that was not of the required virtual size.

System action

Subcommand processing terminates, and the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility waits for a new subcommand.

User response

Verify the storage size of the virtual machine is large enough. If it is not, define a larger size and re-IPL.

HCS920I THE DISK *filemode* IS NOT ACCESSED

Explanation

This message is generated by DUMPSCAN when a return code of 36 is issued by the FSSTATE macro

while trying to locate the dump file specified on the DUMPSCAN command or subcommand.

System action

DUMPSCAN command or subcommand processing terminates.

User response

The user should ensure the disk is accessed that contains the desired dump.

HCS930E **DISK *nn* IS READ ONLY**

Explanation

You are trying to write to a read-only disk.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Reenter TRACERED and specify a different file mode.

HCS950E **ERROR READING FILE *filename*
filetype *filemode*, CODE *nn***

Explanation

An error occurred preventing the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility from reading the data. FSREAD failed with the CMS return code indicated.

System action

Processing continues, if possible.

User response

None.

HCS960E **ERROR PRINTING DATA, CODE *nn***

Explanation

An error occurred preventing the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility from printing the requested data. PRINTL failed with the CMS return code indicated.

System action

Processing continues, if possible.

User response

Refer to the appropriate system publications for the return code definition.

HCS970E **ERROR WRITING *filename* *filetype*
filemode, CODE *nnn***

Explanation

An error occurred preventing the z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility from writing the requested data. FSWRITE failed with the CMS return code indicated.

System action

Command processing terminates.

User response

Refer to the appropriate system publications for the return code definitions.

HCS1101E **Additional operands are not
allowed with the INCIDENT
keyword.**

Explanation

The INCIDENT keyword tells the VIEWSYM command you are interested in a particular incident. Additional operands are used when you want to specify a set of incidents based on their date and time, processors, or primary symbol string characteristics.

System action

The current the VIEWSYM command processing terminates and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Retype the command using INCIDENT *filename* *ftype*SYM without any extra operands.

HCS1102E **The FROM time value must be less
than 24:00:01.**

Explanation

This is a time value, and values larger than 24:00:00 are ambiguous.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Change the time value.

HCS1105E **Change the non-numeric character in xxxxxxxx to a numeric character 0 through 9.**

Explanation

Time and date field must contain decimal values.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Enter a numeric value.

HCS1106E **The *parameter* parameter must be *nn* characters or less.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the indicated parameter was found to be longer than the indicated maximum number of characters; it may be one of the following:

Parameter
nn

SYMPTOM
15

COMPONENT
9

CPUSERIAL
6

MODULE
10

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify the specified parameter is no longer than the maximum characters allowed, and reenter the command.

HCS1108E **The {month|day} specified does not exist.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the value entered for {month|day} is incorrect.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify you specified the value correctly, and reenter the command.

HCS1109E **The {INCIDENT | FROM | TO | COMPONENT | CPUSERIAL | MODULE | SYMPTOM} option cannot be used more than once.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the indicated option can be specified only once.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Reenter the command using the specified option only once.

HCS1110E **The operand xxxxxxxx is invalid.**

Explanation

The command did not recognize the operand. It may be misspelled or invalid in this context.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Check the spelling of the operand and the context in which you used it.

HCS1111E **The INCident filename xxxxxxxx contains a character other than 0..9 or A..F.**

Explanation

The command did not recognize a character. The file name or file type may have been entered incorrectly.

System action

VIEWSYM processing terminates. Control returns to the calling environment.

User response

Verify that you specified the file name correctly.

HCS1112E **The INCident filetype xxxxxxxx contains a character other than 0..9 or A..F. in the first 5 positions.**

Explanation

The command did not recognize a character. The file name or file type may have been entered incorrectly.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that you specified the file name correctly.

HCS1113E **Change the TO time value to greater than or equal to the FROM time value.**

Explanation

The times entered must be in the order of the earliest time (FROM) to the latest time (TO) so the selected entries will fall within the specified range.

System action

The menu panel is redisplayed to allow you to change the values entered.

User response

Retry the search with new time-range values.

HCS1114E **The INCident filename should be 8 characters long.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the file name of the file specified with INCIDENT was found to be less than 8 characters long.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify the file name is 8 characters long, and reenter the command.

HCS1115E **The INCident filetype should be 8 characters long.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the file type of the file specified with INCIDENT was found to be less than 8 characters long.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify the file type is 8 characters long, and reenter the command.

HCS1116E **The INCident filetype should end with 'SYM'.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the file type provided did not have the characters SYM in positions 6-8.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify the file type ends with SYM as the 6-8th characters, and reenter the command.

HCS1117E **The symptom record filetype must be specified.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the file type was not included after INCIDENT and file name.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Reenter the command following the file name with the file type.

HCS1118E **A value must be specified following the keyword *keyword*.**

Explanation

In a VIEWSYM command, the keyword *keyword* was found, but no parameter was entered.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Reenter the command using a parameter with the keyword.

HCS1201E **The INCIDENT filename and filetype may not be used with other search arguments.**

Explanation

The INCIDENT keyword is telling VIEWSYM you know exactly which incident you wish to view, while the other keywords are asking for a list of incidents for you to choose from. The keywords are mutually exclusive.

System action

The command ends and control returns to CMS.

User response

Reenter the VIEWSYM command with only the INCIDENT arguments or the search keyword arguments.

HCS1306E **The segment table pointer could not be found.**

Explanation

The address you requested to translate is only reachable through a page that is not in the dump.

System action

None

User response

None

HCS1310E **The virtual address *address* is outside the user's address space.**

Explanation

The address you requested to translate is beyond the size of the virtual machine for the user ID you specified.

System action

None

User response

Verify that the value you entered is a virtual address.

HCS1314E **The real address '*address*' is not in a virtual address space.**

Explanation

The address requested could not be found within the address space of any virtual machine in the dump.

System action

None

User response

Verify that the value you entered should be a real address.

HCS1324E **The operand Operand must be a decimal number.**

Explanation

The MAX keyword must be followed by a decimal number.

System action

Subcommand processing ends.

User response

Verify that the value you entered contains only the characters A through Z.

HCS1325E **Start of CPE area cannot be found.**

Explanation

The FINDCPE command begins looking for CPEBK at the address located 12 bytes into entry point HCPRCCCM. The entry point could not be located. Check that the FINDMOD subcommand can locate the entry point. If not, it is usually because there isn't a module map appended to the dump.

System action

Subcommand processing ends.

User response

Access the disk that contains the dump read/write and reenter the DUMPSCAN command. The dynamic map build process will build and append a module map. Retry the FINDCPE subcommand. If it still does not work, the page containing HCPGCCM is not in the dump.

HCS1601E **No symptom records match the specified values.**

Explanation

The VIEWSYM command cannot find any symptom records containing the primary symptom strings or within the time range you have requested.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Broaden the time range or use fewer symptom strings and try the search again.

HCS1602E **One match found for the specified search arguments.**

Explanation

There was only one record that matched all the search arguments you specified.

System action

None

User response

None

HCS1603E **The requested INCIDENT is not found.**

Explanation

The VIEWSYM command cannot find a symptom record with the file name and file type shown.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that you entered the file name and file type correctly.

HCS1604E **The subcommand xxxxxxxx is invalid in VIEWSYM.**

Explanation

The VIEWSYM command cannot process the subcommand you entered.

System action

The current VIEWSYM processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that you entered the subcommand correctly.

HCS1605E **The subcommand xxxxxxxx is invalid from this panel.**

Explanation

The subcommand entered is ambiguous or invalid for the panel it is issued from.

System action

VIEWSYM processing terminates and returns control to the calling environment.

User response

Verify that you entered the subcommand correctly.

HCS1606E **Position the cursor on an INCIDENT to use RESPECIFY.**

Explanation

The cursor must be positioned on an incident to use the RESPECIFY subcommand.

System action

The list panel is redisplayed.

User response

Position the cursor to a valid incident and press the ENTER key.

HCS1607E **Position the cursor on an INCIDENT to use Enter incident select**

Explanation

The cursor must be positioned on an incident in order to select it with the Enter key.

System action

The list panel is displayed again.

User response

Position the cursor on a valid incident and press the ENTER key.

HCS1608E **Position the cursor on an INCIDENT to use SEARCH**

Explanation

The cursor must be positioned on an incident to use SEARCH.

System action

The list panel is displayed again.

User response

Position the cursor on a valid incident and press the ENTER key.

HCS1701E **No Symptom Records can be found on your accessed disks.**

Explanation

The correct disk containing the symptom records has not been accessed.

System action

The current VIEWSYM command terminates and the user is returned to the command line.

User response

Access the correct symptom record disk and enter the VIEWSYM command again.

HCS2002E **"DSECT" control card missing.**

Explanation

In searching the input file, no DSECT control statement was found. Either the statement is missing, does not contain a name field, or was misspelled.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Provide the necessary correction and reenter the BLOCKMAP command.

HCS2003E **Image file identifier same as work file identifier**

Explanation

The file name of the input file is the same as the DSECT name and the file type of the input file is "\$COPY".

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

This is the file ID generated by BLOCKMAP for its work file. The user should change the file name or file type (or both) of the input file to relieve the conflict. Correct the statement and try entering BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2005E **Invalid length modifier - data_length**

Explanation

The prefix length value specified is invalid. The length should be consistent with the data type. For example an A data type should not have a length of 5.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends. Control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try entering BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2006E **Label previously defined at hex location hexaddr.**

Explanation

The label specified on the current line has been previously defined at the specified hex location.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Provide the necessary correction and reenter the BLOCKMAP command.

HCS2007E **Alignment error, expecting *offset* alignment.**

Explanation

The alignment implied by the current data type operand will result in an undefined hole being generated for the control block.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2009E **Abbreviated label *field name* too long for byte definition.**

Explanation

The abbreviated field name for a byte definition has greater than six characters to fit in the field box.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2010E **"ORG" label *label* has not been previously defined.**

Explanation

The specified label for this ORG statement has not been previously defined in this control block. An ORG statement must be a previously defined field but cannot be the label on a DSECT or another ORG statement.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the label is spelled correctly. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2011E **Invalid hex value for bit definition table.**

Explanation

The operand of the EQU defining an entry in the bit definition table is not in the following form:

```
fieldname EQU  X'nn'
```

Or the hex value contains an invalid value (that is, nonhexadecimal number).

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2012E **Entry field name greater than 8 characters -*fieldname*.**

Explanation

A field name has been encountered that is greater than 8 characters in length.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Shorten the field name and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2013E **Byte *nnnnnnnn* in bit definition table is undefined.**

Explanation

The field name for which the current bit definition table applies has not been previously defined in this control block.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2014E **Missing continuation statement.**

Explanation

This error indicates that column 72 of the current input statement is nonblank and that no subsequent statement followed.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2015E **Externally referenced copy name
copyname not found.**

Explanation

The copy file specified in a BITS/CODES DEFINED FOR statement was not found. Verify the spelling of the copy file name and that the correct disks were accessed at the time.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2016E **'BYtename not found in externally
referenced copy file'**

Explanation

The byte specified as containing a list of bit definitions was not found in the external file. Verify that the file name and field name were specified correctly. The field definition in the external file must be specified by:

```
BITS/CODES DEFINED IN ..., or
fieldname   BITS/CODES  DEFINITION
statement.
```

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the externally referenced file contains the fields that are referenced and that they are preceded by the BITS/CODES DEFINITION comment.

HCS2017E **Blockmap does not map control
block filename.**

Explanation

Blockmap requires the PREFIX_LEN = n to appear in the control block prologue.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Add the Blockmap control statement PREFIX_LEN = n to your control block prologue and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2018E **Module prologue missing
DESCRIPTIVE NAME string.**

Explanation

Every prologue must contain the DESCRIPTIVE NAME string. This is used while building the storage map.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Add the DESCRIPTIVE NAME string to your prologue and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2019E **Bit/code definitions missing.**

Explanation

No bit definitions found following a BITS DEFINED IN statement.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the EQU statements that define the bit usage follow the BITS DEFINED IN comment.

HCS2021E Invalid code value -code for name field.

Explanation

Invalid value specified for a code type EQU statement.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Check for a typing error, correct the statement, and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2024E Variable data allowed only with zero replication factor.

Explanation

The control phrase START OF VARIABLE LENGTH DATA was found on an operand whose implicit or explicit length was not zero.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Figure out a different way to specify the replication factor. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2025E Data defining operand follows variable data field.

Explanation

Variable length data fields must be the last definition of the main picture or any redefinition.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2026E Implicit length error for operand: operand.

Explanation

A “C” type operand has unbalanced apostrophes.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2027E Null line encountered in source input file.

Explanation

Null lines are not allowed. They will cause assembly errors.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2101E Convention violation, datatype operand is invalid.

Explanation

The data type operand is invalid or is not one of those recognized by BLOCKMAP.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2102E **Convention violation, length qualifier “L” is invalid.**

Explanation

A length operand qualifier “L” has been detected on a data type operand for which it is disallowed.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2103E **Convention violation, length qualifier value is invalid.**

Explanation

A length operand qualifier “L” has been detected which is not followed by a valid length value.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2104E **Convention violation, replication factor not supported.**

Explanation

A replication factor greater than 1 has been detected on a data type operand that also has a length operand associated with it. This combination is valid on only certain data type operands.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2105E **Convention violation, prefix does not match DSECT prefix.**

Explanation

A field name does not start with the defined control block prefix character(s).

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2106E **Convention violation, sequential “ORG” statements.**

Explanation

Two consecutive ORG statements have been encountered with no intervening data definitions.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2107E **Convention violation, missing operand on “ORG” statement.**

Explanation

An ORG statement has been encountered that has no operand associated with it.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2108E **Convention violation “ORG” definition out of bounds.**

Explanation

The current ORG redefinition exceeds the bounds of the main picture definition.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2109E **Convention violation, comment required on bit “EQU”.**

Explanation

A bit defining EQU has been encountered for which no comment or description has been found.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2110E **Convention violation, variable length data not defined in main picture.**

Explanation

Variable length fields cannot be defined in redefinitions if the main picture did not also specify variable length data.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2111E **Variable data keyword encountered on undefined field.**

Explanation

The control phrase START OF VARIABLE LENGTH DATA was found as a comment on a statement without a label.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

HCS2112E **Equated field size information incorrectly specified**

Explanation

The field size information is not numeric. Possibly an apostrophe or other delimiter is missing.

System action

BLOCKMAP processing ends, and control returns to the calling program.

User response

Verify that the failing assembler statement follows BLOCKMAP conventions. Correct the statement and try BLOCKMAP again.

GCS Messages

GCT001E **Invalid option '*option*'****Explanation**

An invalid option has been entered. The option may have been misspelled, it may conflict with another option on the command line, or it may have been entered twice. The option may also have been abbreviated incorrectly.

System action

The command terminates, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT002E **Invalid parameter '*parameter*' in the option '*option*' field****Explanation**

The parameter entered after '*option*' was invalid.

System action

RC=24. The command terminates, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct the option and reissue the command.

GCT003E **'*option*' option specified twice****Explanation**

This option was specified more than once in the command line.

System action

RC=24. The command terminates, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT004E **'*option1*' and '*option2*' are conflicting options****Explanation**

The options named in the message are mutually exclusive and must not be coded in the same command.

System action

RC=24. The command terminates, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT005S **Virtual storage capacity exceeded****Explanation**

There is not enough storage available to complete the requested operation.

System action

No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed. For query commands, the return code is 8; otherwise, the return code is 25 or 104.

User response

You must either free some virtual storage or increase the size of your virtual machine. To free some virtual storage, issue the RELEASE command for any minidisks that you no longer need; then reissue the original command. To increase the size of your virtual machine, use the DEFINE command; then re-IPL GCS and reissue the original command.

GCT005T **Virtual storage capacity exceeded****Explanation**

There is not enough virtual storage available for file management control blocks.

System action

The virtual machine is placed in a disabled wait state and the disk is not updated.

User response

Use the CP command DEFINE to increase the size of the virtual machine, re-IPL GCS, and reissue the command.

GCT006E **Invalid parameter '*parameter*'****Explanation**

An invalid operand, an extraneous operand, or too many operands were coded in the command line or EXEC statement.

System action

RC=24. The command or EXEC statement terminates, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT007E **Extraneous parameter '*parameter*'****Explanation**

Too many operands were specified for the GROUP EXEC.

System action

RC=24. The GROUP EXEC is not executed.

User response

Check the GROUP EXEC format and re-execute the GROUP EXEC.

GCT009E **Operand is missing or invalid****Explanation**

One of the following:

1. An operand was coded incorrectly in a command;
or
2. A required operand was not coded; or
3. A duplicate operand was coded.

System action

The command terminates with no action taken.

User response

Correct the operand and reissue the command.

GCT010I **Command complete****Explanation**

The GDUMP command was completed successfully. All requested areas were dumped.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT011E **Invalid character in fileid '*fn ft*'.****Explanation**

An invalid character was specified in the file '*fn ft*'.

System action

RC=20. Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Check the description of the command format and reissue the command.

GCT012E **No options allowed****Explanation**

An option was specified as part of the ACCESS command.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT013E **No function specified****Explanation**

No functions were entered with a QUERY, GLOBAL, or SET command.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Include the desired function and reissue the command.

GCT014E **Invalid function '*function*'**

Explanation

The GLOBAL command has been entered with a function other than LOADLIB. GCS can support only the LOADLIB function of the GLOBAL command.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct the command to 'GLOBAL LOADLIB [libname1...libname8]' and reissue the command.

GCT015E *'parameter' is invalid for the 'function' function*

Explanation

A QUERY DISK command has been issued with an invalid parameter.

System action

RC=24. The command is not executed.

User response

Correct and reissue the QUERY command.

GCT016E **Disk vdev not attached**

Explanation

The disk identified in the message is not attached to the virtual machine.

System action

The task which attempted to use the disk ends abnormally with an abend code of 037.

User response

Use the CP LINK command to connect the proper disk to the virtual machine, and re-execute the program.

GCT017E **Disk '{mode/vdev/volid}' not accessed**

Explanation

The disk identified in the message has not been accessed.

System action

Execution of the command or task is terminated. System status is not changed if a command was issued, but if the error occurred in a task, the task ends abnormally with an abend code of 037. The return code from a command is 0.

User response

Access the disk and re-execute the command or program.

GCT018E **Disk mode is Read/Only**

Explanation

The file mode of the output file specifies a read-only disk, which cannot be written on.

System action

If the problem occurred when you issued a GROUP or GENERATE EXEC, these EXECs terminate with no action taken and RC=36. If the prefix is 'GCTXCP' or 'GCTVIP,' then the problem occurred when a task attempted to write to a R/O disk. The task ends abnormally with an abend code of 037.

User response

Please do one of the following:

- If you have read/write authority over the disk that the output file resides, use the CMS ACCESS command to reaccess the disk as a read/write disk, and then execute the command or program again.
- Use the CP LINK command to reset the disk to read/write mode (entering a password if necessary), reaccess the disk, and then execute the command or program again.

GCT019E **No Read/Write mode disk accessed**

Explanation

The user does not have access to a read/write disk in file mode 'mode' on which the command can write its output. The command, in order to be executed, requires that the disk be accessed in read/write mode.

System action

Execution of the command is terminated. The return code is 36 from the modules; return code is 1 from QUERY DISK R/W.

User response

1. Access a read/write disk in the mode you require and reissue the command, or
2. Use the CP LINK command to reset the disk to read/write mode, access the disk again, and then reissue the command.

GCT020E **No Read/Write disk with space available accessed**

Explanation

All read/write disks currently accessed are full.

System action

No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed. The QUERY command issues RC=2.

User response

Access additional read/write disks, or remove unneeded files.

GCT021E **Invalid mode 'mode'**

Explanation

This message can occur for any one of the following reasons:

1. The file mode was not entered correctly.
2. The file mode number, if entered, is not between 0 and 6.
3. More than two characters were specified for the file mode.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command with the file mode specified correctly.

GCT022E **No filename specified**

Explanation

The OSRUN command has been entered without specifying the name of the application program to be run.

System action

No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the OSRUN command.

GCT023E **No filetype specified**

Explanation

The FILEDEF command requires that you specify both file name and file type.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command, specifying the file name and file type.

GCT024E **File 'fileid' not found**

Explanation

The file named in the message was not found on any accessed disks.

System action

RC=36. The file in question is not put in the GLOBAL LOADLIB list and the system continues with the next file, if any.

User response

Ensure the 'system name' file has been created and it is on a disk that is accessed.

GCT025E **System 'sysname' does not exist**

Explanation

The system named in the message has not been defined to the Control Program.

System action

If the message prefix is 'GCTGRP', then the failure occurred during system generation, and system status is not changed.

User response

Contact the system programmer, who will generate a saved system using the correct system name.

GCT028S **Device *vdev* not attached**

Explanation

An input or output operation has been attempted against a device which is not defined in your virtual machine.

System action

If the user's SYNAD exit was specified in the DCB, it will be executed. Otherwise, message 306 or 307 is issued and the task is abnormally terminated with system abend code 001.

User response

DEFINE or ATTACH the desired device to your virtual machine.

GCT029S **Unit check on device *vdev*. CSW = *csw*, SCSW = *scsw*, SENSE = *sense***

Explanation

A unit check has occurred on the specified device.

System action

The channel status word (CSW), the subchannel status word (SCSW) and any available sense information is displayed. If the first two bytes of sense information are X'1070', no sense information was available. If the user's SYNAD exit was specified in the DCB, it will be executed. Otherwise, message 306S or 307S is issued and the task is abnormally terminated with system abend code 001.

User response

Examine the device-dependent sense information for details concerning the error. The meaning of the sense information can be found in the documentation for that device or its control unit. For more information about the CSW and SCSW, refer to Enterprise Systems Architecture/390 Principles of Operation (publibfp.dhe.ibm.com/epubs/pdf/dz9ar008.pdf) and z/Architecture Principles of Operation (publibfi.boulder.ibm.com/epubs/pdf/dz9zr011.pdf).

GCT030T **Unrecoverable I/O error on device *vdev*. CSW = *csw* SCSW = *scsw***

Explanation

An unrecoverable I/O error has occurred on the virtual device with address '*vdev*'. The two CSW bytes at the time of the error appear in the *csw* position in the message, as do the SCSW bytes.

System action

GCS halts by loading a disabled wait state PSW. Execution of the command is terminated.

User response

Re-IPL GCS and reenter the command that failed. If the problem persists, contact your system support personnel.

GCT032T **Supervisor error {1|2|3|4|5}. Re-IPL *sysname***

Explanation

This message will be issued with an error number between 1 and 5.

Error

Explanation

- 1** A GETMAIN error has been detected during GCS supervisor internal processing. The error probably occurred because there was insufficient free storage to allocate system control blocks.
- 2** A FREEMAIN error was detected during GCS supervisor processing. The error probably occurred because an authorized program has destroyed system pointers or other vital information needed for storage management.
- 3** GCS was unable to get storage to extend a save area for a critical processor.
- 4** GCS was unable to release a save area extension for a critical processor.
- 5** A QUERY LOCK command has been issued, and the machine that holds the lock was invalid. The invalid virtual machine ID indicates that the lock is held by a nonexistent virtual machine.

System action

All five errors cause the 'system name' supervisor to be terminated. The virtual machine is reset.

User response

If error 1 or 3 has occurred, define a larger virtual machine and re-IPL GCS. If the problem persists, notify your system support personnel.

If error 2 has occurred, make sure the problem program is not altering system storage. If the problem persists, notify your system support personnel.

If error 4 has occurred, notify your system support personnel.

If error 5 has occurred, re-IPL GCS and retry the operations that preceded the failure. Contact your system support personnel.

GCT053E File 'fn ft fm' not found

Explanation

The specified file was not found on the accessed disk(s). Either the file does not reside on this file mode, the file identifier was misspelled, or incomplete identification was provided to cause the appropriate file mode to be searched.

For a description of the file identification required by each command and the search procedure used, refer to *z/VM: Group Control System*.

System action

RC=28. Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Find or create the desired file. Ensure that the disk on which the file resides is accessed. Correct and reissue the command.

GCT054E Incomplete fileid specified

Explanation

You must specify the file name and file type in order for the command to be executed. In addition, for some commands you must specify the file mode.

System action

RC=24. Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Check the description of the command, correct the command line, and reissue the command.

GCT062E Invalid character 'char' in fileid 'fn ft'

Explanation

The character specified was invalid in the file ID in which it appeared.

System action

RC=20. Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Check the description of the command format and reissue the command.

GCT100E Missing the system name operand

Explanation

You must specify a saved system name when you invoke the GROUP exec from a line mode terminal. This operand was missing from the exec call as issued.

System action

RC=24. The command terminates.

User response

Reissue 'GROUP' followed by the system name.

GCT101E Invalid information specified for high common field

Explanation

The start of HCOMMON storage defined in the GROUP exec is not greater than 16Mb or a multiple of 1Mb.

System action

None

User response

Correct the information about SHCOMMON/EHCOMMON.

GCT103E User environment specification invalid

Explanation

The user environment must be specified as YES or NO.

System action

Prompt the user for valid input.

User response

Reply with YES or NO to the question.

GCT104R **Enter selection number 1, 2, 3, or 4**

Explanation

The selection number identifies the screen to be displayed or updated.

System action

None.

User response

Type one of these numbers on the command line and press the ENTER key.

GCT105E **System name not specified**

Explanation

No system name was entered on the Primary Option Menu after invoking the GROUP exec.

System action

None.

User response

Enter the system name on the Primary Option Menu.

GCT106E **Maximum number of Virtual Machines missing or invalid**

Explanation

The maximum number of virtual machines that can join this group must be specified. The number of group members must be in the range 1 to 65,535. Only digits 0-9 are valid.

System action

None.

User response

Specify the maximum number of virtual machines that can join this group.

GCT107E **Trace table location specification invalid**

Explanation

An invalid response was entered.

System action

Prompt the user for valid input.

User response

Reply with YES or NO to the question.

GCT108E **Restricted group specification invalid**

Explanation

This message indicates the input to the GROUP EXEC was invalid.

System action

Prompt the user for valid input.

User response

Reply with YES or NO to the question.

GCT109E **System 'sysname' has not been defined to CP with the VMGROUP attribute**

Explanation

When the named saved system was defined to the control program, it was not assigned the VMGROUP attribute.

System action

No action is taken on the GROUP exec.

User response

Redefine your GCS named saved system to the Control Program with the VMGROUP attribute.

GCT109I **System 'sysname' was defined to CP with the VMGROUP attribute**

Explanation

The system named in the message has been defined to CP with the VMGROUP attribute.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT110I All saved segment names on this page are valid

Explanation

The saved segment name(s) indicated have been defined to the Control Program.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT111I You are now editing your *'fileid'* file

Explanation

The 'GROUP' exec has been invoked from a line mode terminal.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT112E Undefined PFKEY/PAKEY

Explanation

You have pressed a PFkey or PAkey that has no function assigned to it.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT113I The number of VM userids processed is *nnnnn*

Explanation

'nnnnn' is the total number of virtual machine user IDs in the 'system name GROUP' file authorized to (1) execute programs in virtual supervisor state and (2) have access to all GCS functions.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT114E No VM userids have been specified

Explanation

No user IDs have been designated as authorized VM user IDs. Authorized VM user IDs have authority to run programs in virtual supervisor state and have access to all GCS functions.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT115I This is the {first|last} page for this screen

Explanation

This is an information message sent if you are on the first or the last page of a GROUP EXEC menu.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT116E The number of invalid userids on this page is *nn*

Explanation

At least one user ID entered on this screen is not a valid logon.

System action

None.

User response

Correct the user ID(s) that are in error.

GCT117I All userids on this page have been verified as valid

Explanation

All user IDs have been verified as valid user IDs.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT118E Select disk address in the range of 001 through FFFF

Explanation

System disk address or system disk extension address is not in the valid range.

System action

None.

User response

Correct the disk address in error.

GCT119E Select trace table size in the range of 4K through 16384K

Explanation

The entry for the trace table size is invalid.

System action

None.

User response

Correct the trace table size.

GCT120I 'userid' is a valid Authorized VM userid

Explanation

The user ID named in the message is a valid user ID and is also an entry in the Authorized VM user IDs list.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT121I 'userid' is a valid userid

Explanation

The user ID entered as the recovery machine or the user ID entered to receive dumps is a valid userid.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT122E 'userid' is not a valid userid

Explanation

The user ID must be valid in order to receive dumps of common storage or be designated as the recovery machine.

System action

None.

User response

Correct the user ID(s) in error.

GCT123I No userid has been specified to receive dumps

Explanation

Since no dumpid has been specified, the dumps of storage will default to the virtual machine operator.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT124E No userid has been specified as the recovery machine

Explanation

You must identify a user ID as the recovery machine.

System action

None.

User response

Designate the recovery machine user ID.

GCT125I **The number of saved segment names processed is *nnnnn***

Explanation

'nnnnn' is the total number of saved segment links that the system will attempt to link when this GCS group is IPLed. The saved segment lines are defined in the group configuration file.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT126E **No saved segment names have been specified**

Explanation

No saved segments have been identified for automatic linkage when this GCS group is IPLed.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT127E **The number of invalid saved segment names on this page is *nn***

Explanation

At least one saved segment name entered on the screen is not defined in the system.

System action

None.

User response

Correct the saved segment name(s) that are in error.

GCT128E **There are *nn* overlapping valid segment names on all pages**

Explanation

If *nn* is greater than zero, there are overlapping segment names. The overlapping segment names on the viewed page are highlighted with arrows. Use PF10 on all pages to determine all overlapping segment names.

System action

None.

User response

Use the QUERY NSS MAP command to locate and correct the overlap error for the flagged segments.

GCT129T **No virtual console attached. Re-IPL *sysname*.**

Explanation

You have DETACHED your virtual console.

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Define a virtual console with the CP DEFINE command, and re-IPL the named system.

GCT130T **Virtual console not ready. Re-IPL *sysname*.**

Explanation

Your virtual console is in a NOTREADY state.

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Ready your virtual console with the CP READY command, and re-IPL the named system.

GCT132E **Segment *segname* was not loaded.
The segment does not exist or is
restricted in the directory**

Explanation

The segment named in the message has not been defined or has been defined as restricted in the CP directory.

System action

If the message occurs during initialization, then the segment is not linked to the virtual machine and the system continues processing.

If the failure occurred while starting VSAM, the task that was in control at the time of the error is ended abnormally.

User response

Contact the system programmer, who will generate the segment, supply a different segment name, or add a NAMESAVE statement to your directory entry.

GCT133E **Paging I/O error for segment
'*segname*'**

Explanation

CP has encountered a PAGING I/O error while attempting to read the segment name from a direct access storage device containing the segment.

System action

The segment is not linked to the virtual machine. The system continues processing.

User response

If the problem persists after you re-IPL the virtual machine, notify system support personnel.

GCT134I ***sysname* available common
storage is *nnnnn* KB BELOW and
nnnnn KB ABOVE the 16MB line**

Explanation

This message is an output of the QUERY COMMON command. The message specifies how much free common storage is available for GETMAIN requests above/below the 16 megabyte line.

System action

The system continues processing. If there is not enough free common storage available for GETMAIN requests, problems may occur after the system is saved and subsequently IPLed.

User response

Check the system build documentation to make sure that you have the available free common storage that you need for this system.

GCT135T **Group allocation exceeded for
system '*sysname*'**

Explanation

The maximum number of virtual machines that can join the group associated with the named system has been exceeded.

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Contact the system programmer. The maximum number of virtual machines that can join the group is specified when the named system is built.

GCT136T **Recovery machine '*userid*' is not
IPLed. System '*sysname*' cannot
be initialized.**

Explanation

The recovery virtual machine for this group has not been IPLed, or the GCS system has been regenerated.

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Contact the system programmer. The recovery machine for the group must IPL the named system before other members of the group can IPL it. If the system has been regenerated, all the machines in the virtual machine group must re-IPL the GCS saved segments.

GCT137I **Generated at *date time***

Explanation

IPL informational message to display the current date and time of the IPL that took place.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT138T **This release of GCS requires a level of CP which supports the year 2000.**

Explanation

You attempted to IPL a GCS operating system that requires a CP level that has year 2000 support.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Contact your system programmer.

GCT139T **nnnnnnnn bytes needed for requested trace table size exceeds available common free storage of mmmmmmmm bytes**

Explanation

The trace table is allocated in free common storage. This message is displayed if the size of the trace table (displayed as 'nnnnnnnn' bytes) exceeds available free common storage (displayed as 'mmmmmmm' bytes).

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Make sure that you specified the right trace table size. If the trace table size is correct you must increase the size of available free common storage.

GCT140T **sysname supervisor has terminated because of an unrecoverable error. Virtual machine has been reset.**

Explanation

The supervisor has encountered an error for which recovery may not be possible.

System action

The named system (*sysname*) uses CP messages to display this message on both the user's and the system operator's consoles. The virtual machine is dumped. The CP command 'SYSTEM RESET' is issued for this virtual machine, which causes a disabled wait PSW to be loaded.

User response

Re-IPL the named system (*sysname*) on the user ID for the virtual machine that RESET. If the failure persists on subsequent IPLs, notify the system programmer or the IBM Support Center for assistance.

GCT141S **Recovery machine 'userid' for sysname has abnormally terminated**

Explanation

The virtual machine that was designated as the recovery machine has somehow been reset.

System action

The supervisor of the named system uses CP messages to display this message on both the user's and the system operator's console. The supervisor will terminate, issuing message 140T, and the virtual machine will be dumped.

User response

Have system support personnel re-IPL the recovery machine, then re-IPL your virtual machine.

GCT142T **Storage needed for Storage Management exceeds available common free storage. Define more common storage.**

Explanation

Storage management could not find enough common storage for its control blocks.

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Increase the size of common storage.

GCT143T **Storage needed for Storage Management exceeds available private free storage. Define more private storage.**

Explanation

Storage management could not find enough private storage for its control blocks.

System action

The GCS system halts by issuing the CP command SYSTEM RESET.

User response

Increase the size of private storage.

GCT144E **Segment 'segment' not found| loaded, rc='nnn'**

Explanation

An error occurred while the Control Program was processing a request from GCS to find or load a segment. Return code 'nnn' is returned by CP.

System action

The segment is not linked to the virtual machine. The system continues processing.

User response

Contact the system programmer.

GCT145T **Virtual machine size too small to save high common area.**

Explanation

The high common area allocated in the group exec is not enough to save all the necessary control blocks in it.

System action

The command is terminated.

User response

Correct the SHCOMMON size.

GCT146T **Machine check encountered. MCIC: "machine check interrupt code"**

Explanation

A machine check was encountered which is not a channel report word type.

System action

The machine check is ignored and GCS continues normal operation.

User response

None.

GCT147W **Machine is in 370 mode; storage above 16MB will be ignored.**

Explanation

This is a 370 virtual machine so the size will be forced to 16 MB.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT148T **Virtual machine mode different than recovery machine. Virtual machine has been reset.**

Explanation

All virtual machines in a GROUP must have the same architecture mode; either System/370™ (370) or Extended Architecture (XA or ESA).

System action

Virtual machine is reset.

User response

Issue the CP SET command to change the machine mode to agree with the recovery machine and reIPL.

GCT200S **Console cannot be initialized - Re-IPL sysname**

Explanation

The console cannot be opened for the named system (*sysname*) due to an I/O error.

System action

All virtual machines that have IPLed the named system (*sysname*) will be reset.

User response

Re-IPL the named system (*sysname*) on the user ID for the virtual machine that RESET.

GCT201S **Permanent console error - Re-IPL *sysname***

Explanation

A permanent console error occurred while attempting to do I/O to the console.

System action

All virtual machines that have IPLed the named system (*sysname*) will be reset.

User response

Re-IPL the named system (*sysname*) on the user ID for the virtual machine that RESET.

GCT202I **GCS**

Explanation

GCS is the active operating system in your virtual machine.

System action

None.

User response

None is necessary.

GCT203I **Ready (*nnnnn*);**

Explanation

The system has completed the command that was entered, but the command may not have been completed successfully. A return code from the command appears in the 'nnnnn' portion of the message. Error or information messages with additional information about the problem may have preceded this message. The system is ready for further input.

System action

None.

User response

Check the handling of the return code and reissue the command if necessary. For more information, refer to [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

GCT204S **Recovery task abended**

Explanation

An unrecoverable error occurred in the recovery task.

System action

All virtual machines for the entire group are terminated.

User response

Re-IPL the system on the user ID for the virtual machine that RESET.

GCT205E **Unknown CP/GCS command**

Explanation

A command was transmitted to GCS or to CP but was not recognized.

System action

No action is taken; system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT206E **Reply not accepted, ID not specified**

Explanation

A REPLY command was entered without an identification number.

System action

The REPLY command is ignored.

User response

Reissue the REPLY command with a correct ID number specified.

GCT207E **Reply not accepted, ID number not 00 to 99**

Explanation

A REPLY command was entered specifying an id not in the range of 00 - 99.

System action

The REPLY command is ignored.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT208I **Reply xx not outstanding**

Explanation

A REPLY command was entered, but there is no outstanding reply request with the identification xx. Either the message request has already been answered, the message reply identification xx is incorrect, or a reply was not being requested.

System action

The REPLY xx command is ignored.

User response

If the reply identification was incorrect, correct and reissue the command.

GCT209E **Reply xx not accepted, reply too long for requestor**

Explanation

A REPLY command was entered and the reply text was too long for the user's buffer. A REPLY text can not be more than 119 characters long.

System action

The REPLY command is ignored.

User response

Correct and reissue the REPLY command.

GCT210E **Reply not accepted, invalid ECB address**

Explanation

The WTOR to which the REPLY command is responding contains an invalid (inaccessible) ECB address in the parameter list.

System action

The WTOR issuer is abended. The abend code is E23; the reason code is 1300.

User response

Make sure that parameter list addresses are within the range of your storage. For more information, see ["GCS Abend Codes" on page 10](#).

GCT211E **Reply not accepted, invalid reply buffer address**

Explanation

The WTOR to which the REPLY command is responding contains an invalid (inaccessible) reply buffer address in the parameter list.

System action

The WTOR issuer is abended. The abend code is D23; the reason code is 1300.

User response

Make sure that parameter list addresses are within the range of your storage. For more information, see ["GCS Abend Codes" on page 10](#).

GCT212E **Member cannot be loaded, command not defined RC=nn**

Explanation

A LOADCMD command was entered, but an error occurred and one of the following return codes was set:

Code

Meaning

- 1** A LOADCMD already exists for the requested name.
- 4** Module is marked "not executable." The module is not loaded; the command is not defined. To determine why the "not executable" flag was set, examine the information provided by the linkage editor at the time the module was created. The module is not suitable to be used as a command module.
- 10** Module is an overlay structure. The module is not loaded; the command is not defined. If this program is to be used as a command module, it must be restructured so that it does not require overlays.

- 12** Module is marked "only loadable." The module is not loaded; the command is not defined. This module is not suitable to be used as a command module.
- 14** The command name specified is a GCS immediate command or an abbreviation for one. A nucleus extension will not be created.
- 24** Too many or extraneous operands were specified.
- 28** The specified member cannot be found.
- 32** No member name was specified.
- 36** A permanent I/O error was detected when the system attempted to search the directory.
- 40** Insufficient virtual storage was available for reading directory entry for this module.
- 41** There was not enough free storage to build nucleus control blocks representing the command.

System action

Execution of the command is terminated. The command name is not defined to the system.

User response

Check return code reason. If user error, correct the problem if possible and reissue the LOADCMD command.

GCT213I Reply xx cancelled

Explanation

The program that issued a WTOR request with the reply identifier 'xx' has abnormally terminated. The reply that the program asked for is therefore no longer needed.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT214I No replies outstanding

Explanation

A QUERY REPLY command was entered, and there are no outstanding reply requests.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT215I The following replies are outstanding:

Explanation

A QUERY REPLY command was entered causing REPLY id numbers and texts to be listed.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

The REPLY command may be entered with a REPLY id and text in response to one of the outstanding replies.

**GCT216I GROUP ID = *sysname*, Users:
Current = *nnnnn*, Maximum =
*mmmmm***

Explanation

A QUERY GROUP command was entered causing the system to provide the following information:

sysname -
the supervisor name of the group you are running under.

nnnnn -
the current number of users in the group.

mmmmm -
the maximum number of users allowed for that group.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT217E The common lock is free

Explanation

The QUERY LOCK command was entered, and the common lock is not held by any machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT218I **The common lock is held by *userid***

Explanation

The QUERY LOCK command was entered, and the common lock is held by the user ID named in the message.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT219E **PARM field contains more than
100 characters**

Explanation

The OSRUN command was issued with a parameter field of more than 100 characters. Parameters passed with the OSRUN command may not be more than 100 characters in length.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reduce the parameter field to a maximum of 100 characters and reissue the OSRUN command.

GCT220E **Unable to open file '*fn*'**

Explanation

The system was unable to OPEN the file identified in the message.

System action

Dependent upon the module identified in the message prefix:

Prefix

Action

GCTGLB

The system could not find the LOADLIB specified in the GLOBAL command. Previously specified LOADLIBs are nullified. A return code of 28 is issued.

GCTLOS

The task that issued the OPEN ends abnormally with an abend code of 806 and a reason code of 8. The abnormal end occurs because the file directory could not be read, or was read incorrectly.

User response

Re-IPL GCS. Make sure the file *filename* LOADLIB exists, and try the operation again. If the failure persists, contact your system programmer.

GCT221S **More than *nnn* libraries specified**

Explanation

No more than 63 load libraries may be specified with a GLOBAL command.

System action

RC=88. Execution of the command is terminated, and any previous library list is cleared.

User response

Combine some libraries to reduce the number of libraries required for this terminal session.

GCT222E **File '*fn ft fm*' contains invalid
record formats**

Explanation

The load library file named in the message did not have 'LIBPDS' as the first six characters in its header record. GCS can support only LIBPDS-format load libraries.

System action

RC=32. The load library named in the message is not GLOBALed, and the system continues on to process the next LOADLIB in the GLOBAL command, if any more LOADLIBS have been specified.

User response

Check the format of the LOADLIB named in the message, and convert it to LIBPDS format if possible.

GCT223S **Error 'nn' reading file 'fileid' from disk****Explanation**

An I/O error occurred while READING from a disk.

System action

Dependent upon the module identified in the message prefix:

**Prefix
Action****GCTGLB**

The failure occurred while processing a GLOBAL command. Previously specified load libraries are nullified, and the command issues a return code of 100.

GCTLOS

The task currently in control ends abnormally with abend code 806 and reason code 8.

User response

Refer to the error code descriptions below to find the correct message and possible cause of the error.

ALL DEVICES**Code
Meaning****254**

BSAM was called with an unposted ECB specified.

DISK INPUT**Code
Meaning****1**

The file was not found.

2

The virtual storage area was not within the limits of the virtual machine.

3

A permanent disk error occurred. This may occur if you link to and access another user's disk and try to read a file that was altered by its owner after you issued the ACCESS command. Reissue the ACCESS command and try to read the file again.

5

The number of items was zero.

7

The fixed/variable flag in FST entry was not F or V.

8

The given storage area was smaller than the actual size of the item read. (This is a recoverable error:

the number of bytes read corresponds to the size of the buffer.)

11

The number of items is greater than 1 for a variable-length file.

12

An unexpected end of file occurred (the item number specified exceeds the number of items in the file).

13

A variable-length file has an invalid displacement in the active file table.

25

Insufficient virtual storage is available.

26

Requested item number is negative, or the item number plus the number of items exceeds file system capacity.

If the problem cannot be resolved, contact your system programmer or the IBM Support Center for assistance.

GCT224E **Member 'membername' not found in library****Explanation**

The member name specified in the OSRUN command just issued could not be found due to one of the following:

- None of the load libraries identified in the GLOBAL command contained this member name; or,
- No load libraries were specified in the GLOBAL command; or,
- No GLOBAL command was issued.

System action

The OSRUN command fails, and the task abends with abend code 806 and reason code 4.

User response

Check the GLOBAL command to make sure that the needed libraries have been GLOBALed. Reissue the GLOBAL command if necessary and then reissue the OSRUN command.

GCT225I **HX Complete****Explanation**

The HX command has completed processing.

System action

All active programs and commands in the virtual machine have been terminated. All commands not yet executed have been purged.

User response

Enter new commands for execution.

GCT226E **Application ‘name’ failed - System abend xxxx-yyyy**

Explanation

The application program named in the message, or a subtask of the program, failed with the specified abend code (‘xxxx’) and reason code (‘yyyy’).

System action

The program or subtask has been terminated. A dump may have been taken.

User response

For an explanation of the abend and reason code, see [“GCS Abend Codes” on page 10](#).

GCT227E **Application ‘name’ failed - User abend xxxx-0000**

Explanation

The application program named in the message, or a subtask of the program or command, failed with the specified completion code (‘xxxx’).

System action

The program or subtask has been terminated. A dump may have been taken.

User response

Refer to application for definition of completion code.

GCT228E **Subtask of ‘name’ failed - System abend xxxx-yyyy**

Explanation

A subtask of the program or command failed with the specified abend code (‘xxxx’) and reason code (‘yyyy’).

System action

The subtask has been terminated. A dump may have been taken.

User response

For an explanation of the abend and reason code, see [“GCS Abend Codes” on page 10](#).

GCT229E **Subtask of ‘name’ failed - User abend xxxx-0000**

Explanation

A subtask of the program or command failed with the specified completion code (‘xxxx’).

System action

The subtask has been terminated. A dump may have been taken.

User response

Refer to application for definition of completion code.

GCT230E **Command ‘command’ failed - System abend xxxx-yyyy**

Explanation

The command named in the message failed with the specified abend code (‘xxxx’) and reason code (‘yyyy’).

System action

The command has been terminated. A dump may have been taken.

User response

For an explanation of the abend and reason code, see [“GCS Abend Codes” on page 10](#).

GCT231E **Command ‘command’ failed - User abend xxxx-0000**

Explanation

The command named in the message failed with the specified completion code (‘xxx’).

System action

The command has been terminated. A dump may have been taken.

User response

Refer to application for definition of completion code.

GCT232E **Abend xxx-yyyy occurred during abend ESTAE processing**

Explanation

An ESTAE exit routine failed, causing an abend.

System action

The failing exit is bypassed, and any other exits are given control. No dump is taken.

User response

The condition of your virtual machine may cause further failures; contact your system programmer.

GCT233E Abend xxx-yyyy occurred during abend TASKEEXIT processing

Explanation

A TASKEEXIT exit failed, causing an abend.

System action

The failing exit is bypassed, and any other exits are given control. No dump is taken for any of these failures.

User response

The condition of your virtual machine may cause further failures; contact your system programmer.

GCT234E Abend xxx-yyyy occurred during abend Resource Manager processing

Explanation

The failure occurred while attempting to release a task resource, such as GETMAINed storage or an open data set.

System action

1. If the failure occurred during Resource Manager processing for a subtask of the failing task, termination will continue for the failing task.
2. If the failure occurred during Resource Manager processing for the failing task, or occurred during ABEND processing itself, the task is set as nondispatchable, and termination of that task is halted.

No dump is taken for either of these failures.

User response

The condition of your virtual machine may cause further failures; contact your system programmer.

GCT235E Abend xxx-yyyy occurred during abend internal processing

Explanation

The ABEND itself failed.

System action

No dump is taken.

User response

The condition of your virtual machine may cause further failures; contact your system programmer.

GCT236E Ending apostrophe is missing

Explanation

You did not include a closing apostrophe in the parameter you passed in an OSRUN command.

System action

The OSRUN command terminates; system status remains unchanged.

User response

You can (1) reissue the command, adding a closing apostrophe to the parameter field, or (2) reissue the command, omitting the apostrophes, provided that there are no spaces or special characters in the parameter you wish to pass.

GCT237E Command ended without detaching subtasks

Explanation

A command or program ended normally but without DETACHing those subtasks it created that were not ATTACHed with JSTCB=YES specified.

System action

The remaining subtasks are DETACHed.

User response

The program should be modified to DETACH all subtasks before ending.

GCT238I Ready;

Explanation

The system has performed the action requested by the user, or by an error message or information message appearing before this ready message.

System action

None.

User response

None is necessary.

GCT239I **No entry points are currently loaded in this Virtual Machine**

Explanation

The system has attempted to find all entry points loaded by the system and could not find any.

System action

None.

User response

None is necessary.

GCT240I **No entry points were loaded by the LOADCMD command**

Explanation

The system has attempted to find all entry points loaded by the LOADCMD command and could not find any.

System action

None.

User response

None is necessary.

GCT243S **Parameter list delimiter missing**

Explanation

Tokenized plist is either missing delimiter double word "FF" at the end or is too long (longer than 1K bytes).

System action

No action is taken on the command. The system status is not changed.

User response

The user program needs to have the delimiter of double word "FF" at the end of the plist passed to the command processing module.

GCT244I **'userid' is now the virtual machine receiving dumps**

Explanation

The user displayed will receive any dumps taken by the system.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Verify that the user identification is correct.

GCT245I **'userid' can now IPL as an authorized virtual machine**

Explanation

The user displayed will be added to the list of authorized users in this GCS group. When the user next IPLs into the group, the virtual machine will have authorized status.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Verify that the user identification is correct.

GCT246I **'userid' can no longer IPL as an authorized virtual machine**

Explanation

The user displayed will be deleted from the list of authorized users in this GCS group. When the user next IPLs into the group, the virtual machine will not have authorized status.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Verify that the user identification is correct.

GCT247I **The trace table is now being maintained in 'location' storage.**

Explanation

The GCS system will now place trace table entries in storage (COMMON or PRIVATE) as indicated by the message. Previous entries are still available in the other location.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Verify that the location is correct.

GCT248I **No users are currently authorized**

Explanation

No users are currently in the authorized list for this GCS group.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Verify that the list is correct.

GCT249E **The recovery machine 'userid' must be authorized**

Explanation

An attempt was made to change the authorization of the GCS recovery machine. The authorization has not been changed.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Verify that the correct user identification was given.

GCT250I **User exit returned to GCS in access register mode. GCS will return to the user in primary space mode.**

Explanation

A user exit returned to the GCS supervisor in access register mode.

System action

GCS switches to primary space mode and processing continues normally.

User response

The user exit should be changed to return to GCS in primary space mode.

GCT300S **Control Program error indication 'nnn'**

Explanation

An unexpected error occurred while the Control Program was processing a request from GCS to find or load a saved segment. Return code 'nnn' is from DIAGNOSE X'64'. For more information, refer to [z/VM: CP Programming Services](#).

System action

The task that was in control at the time of the error ends abnormally with an abend code of 036.

User response

Contact the installation's system programmer for assistance.

GCT301E **Invalid device 'devname'**

Explanation

The device specified is invalid.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command, specifying a valid device name.

GCT302E **Parameter missing after DDNAME**

Explanation

A parameter that is required by the command was not specified. For the FILEDEF command, a device name or DUMMY or CLEAR must be specified after the ddname. For the DLBL command, a disk mode or CLEAR must be specified after the ddname.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

GCT303I **No user defined {FILEDEF|DLBL}'s in effect**

Explanation

A list of all FILEDEFS or DLBLS in effect was requested, and no FILEDEFS or DLBLS have been defined.

System action

No further action occurs; the command is terminated.

User response

None.

GCT304I **Invalid CLEAR request**

Explanation

A CLEAR request was entered for a file definition that does not exist. No action was taken on the command.

System action

None.

User response

Correct the file definition specified in the CLEAR request.

GCT305I **DDNAME 'ddname' not found. CLEAR not executed.**

Explanation

A DLBL CLEAR command was entered but the ddname specified in the message was not found.

System action

No action is taken on the command.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct 'ddname' if 'ddname' was entered incorrectly.

GCT306S **Input error 'nnn' on 'ddname'**

Explanation

If the prefix on the message is:

GCTSCT

GCS issued this message because an input error was encountered by one of the following:

- An OS CLOSE macro
- An OS CHECK
- GET macro when a SYNADAF (error analysis) routine had not been specified by the user.

GCTSER

This message was built by the simulation routine for the SYNADAF (error analysis) macro. It was issued by a user SYNAD routine.

GCTXCP

An irrecoverable error occurred while reading from the disk named in the message. The error code may be one of the following:

Code

Meaning

2

A unit exception occurred.

3

A record with an incorrect length was detected.

13

A permanent I/O error occurred. The disk is full.

Note: For message prefixes GCTSCT and GCTSER the error code in the message identifies the specific error. For further information, look up the error code in the **User Response** section below.

System action

If the message prefix is 'GCTSCT' or 'GCTSER,' the current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 001. If the prefix is 'GCTXCP,' the task ends abnormally with an abend code of 038.

User response

Refer to the error code descriptions below (for GCTSCT and GCTSER messages only) to find the correct message and possible cause of the error.

ALL DEVICES

Code

Meaning

254

BSAM was called with an unposted ECB specified.

DISK INPUT

Code

Meaning

1

The file was not found.

- 2** The virtual storage area was not within the limits of the virtual machine.
- 3** A permanent disk error occurred. This may occur if you link to and access another user's disk and try to read a file that was altered by its owner after you issued the ACCESS command. Reissue the ACCESS command and try to read the file again.
- 5** The number of items was zero.
- 7** The fixed/variable flag in FST entry was not F or V.
- 8** The given storage area was smaller than the actual size of the item read. (This is a recoverable error: the number of bytes read corresponds to the size of the buffer.)
- 11** The number of items is greater than 1 for a variable-length file.
- 12** An unexpected end of file occurred (the item number specified exceeds the number of items in the file).
- 13** A variable-length file has an invalid displacement in the active file table.
- 25** Insufficient virtual storage is available.
- 26** Requested item number is negative, or the item number plus the number of items exceeds file system capacity.

CARD READER

Code

Meaning

- 2** Intervention required. The virtual reader is in a NOTREADY condition or is SPOOLed with the NOEOF option.
- 3** I/O operation was unsuccessful; accompanied by message 029S or 030S.
- 5** The number of bytes read was less than the number of bytes requested.
- 8** The given storage area was smaller than the actual size of the item read. (This is a recoverable error; the number of bytes corresponding to the size of the buffer have been read.)

- 12** End of file.
- 100** No virtual reader defined at address X'00C'; accompanied by message 28.
- 108** Device is not open.
- 112** Device is busy.

Note: All errors except 8 (above) cause execution of the command to terminate. Error 8 is valid if reading the first portion of a large record into a small buffer.

GCT307S Output error 'nnn' on 'ddname'

Explanation

If the prefix on the message number is 'GCTSCT,' GCS issued this message because an OUTPUT error was encountered (1) by an OS CLOSE macro, or (2) by an OS CHECK or PUT macro when a SYNADAF (error analysis) routine had not been specified by the user. The error code in the message identifies the specific error. For further information, look up the error code in the table in the 'User Response' section below.

If the message prefix is 'GCTSER,' this message was built by the simulation routine for the SYNADAF (error analysis) macro; it was issued by a user SYNAD routine. The error code in the message identifies the specific error. For further information, look up the error code in the table in the 'User Response' section below.

If the prefix is 'GCTXCP,' then an unrecoverable error occurred while writing to the disk named in the message. The error code may be one of the following:

Code

Meaning

- 2** A unit exception occurred.
- 3** A record with an incorrect length was detected.
- 13** A permanent I/O error occurred.

System action

The current task is terminated abnormally with an abend code of 001 if the message is from module GCTSCT or GCTSER. The current task is terminated abnormally with an abend code of 038 if the message is from module GCTXCP.

User response

Look up the error code in the table below (for 'GCTSCT' and 'GCTSER' messages only) to find the correct message and possible cause of the error.

ALL DEVICES

Code	Meaning
------	---------

254	BSAM was called with an unposted ECB specified.
-----	---

DISK OUTPUT

Code	Meaning
------	---------

2	The virtual storage address is zero.
4	The first character mode was invalid.
5	The second character mode was invalid.
7	An attempt was made to skip over an unwritten variable-length item.
8	The number of bytes was not specified.
11	The fixed/variable flag was not F or V.
12	The disk is either not accessed or it a read-only disk.
13	The disk is full.
14	The number of bytes to be written is not integrally divisible by the number of records to be written.
15	The length of this item is not the same as the previous item.
16	The fixed/variable flag is not the same as that of the previous record.
17	A variable-length item is greater than 65,535 bytes.
18	The number of items is greater than 1 for a variable-length file.
20	An invalid character was detected in the file name.
21	An invalid character was detected in the file type.

22	Virtual storage capacity has been exceeded.
25	Insufficient virtual storage is available.
26	Requested item number is negative, or item number plus number of items exceeds file system capacity.

PRINTER

Code	Meaning
------	---------

1	The buffer size is too large.
2	Channel 12 was sensed (virtual 3211-type printers only).
3	Channel 9 was sensed (virtual 3211-type printers only).
4	Intervention required. The device is in a NOTREADY condition. Accompanied by message 346S.
5	I/O operation was unsuccessful. Accompanied by message 029S or 030S.
100	No virtual printer defined at address X'00E'. Accompanied by message 028S.

CARD PUNCH

Code	Meaning
------	---------

2	Intervention required. The virtual punch is in a NOTREADY condition. Accompanied by message 346S.
3	I/O operation was unsuccessful. Accompanied by message 029S or 030S.
100	No virtual punch defined at address X'00D'. Accompanied by message 028S.
108	Device is not open.
112	Device is busy.

GCT308E	OPEN error 'nn' on 'ddname'
----------------	------------------------------------

Explanation

An error occurred during an OS OPEN.

System action

The task ends abnormally with an abend code of 013. The DCBOFLGS OPEN bit is not turned on and the DCB is not initialized.

User response

Using the error code table below and the *ddname* displayed in the message, check the associated FILEDEF command and DCB macro for invalid or missing DCB options.

Code

Meaning

- 1** Invalid DSORG specified. Only PS is supported.
- 2** A default FILEDEF for the '*ddname*' displayed in the message was issued. The default FILEDEF failed.
- 3** RECFM does not agree with the format of the existing file. One RECFM is F and the other is V.
- 4** No LRECL OR BLKSIZE value was specified in the DCB or FCB, and the file does not exist.
- 5** (1) The DCB BLKSIZE is not a correct multiple of the DCB LRECL, or (2) the DCB specifies writing blocked output, but only unblocked records are permitted on the I/O device (i.e. reader).
- 6** (1) RECFM is fixed and LRECL does not agree with the record length of the existing file, or (2) RECFM is variable length and LRECL is not 4 bytes greater than the record length of the existing file, or (3) BLKSIZE is not a multiple of LRECL.
- 11** I/O option 'UPDATE' is invalid for a file found on a read-only extension. Output file with DISP = MOD means update, so it may not exist on a read-only extension.
- 13** There is insufficient storage available to process the OPEN macro instruction.
- 15** The OPEN macro instruction was issued for a file allocated to a virtual unit record device that has not been defined. Either define the device, or allocate the file to a different device.
- 16** The OPEN macro instruction was issued for a file allocated to a virtual unit record device that already has an open file on it. Make sure that the

first file is closed before the second is opened, or allocate the file to a different device.

- 17** Invalid OPEN option specified. Valid options: INPUT, OUTPUT, and UPDAT. DISP is ignored.
- 18** An invalid device was specified. I/O is supported for disk, dummy, printer, punch, and reader.
- 19** INPUT or UPDAT option was specified, but the DCB did not specify a MACRF of GET or READ.
- 20** OUTPUT option was specified, but the DCB did not specify a MACRF of PUT or WRITE.
- 21** (1) The LRECL value was greater than the maximum allowed, which is 32,760 bytes for fixed-length logical records, or 32,752 bytes + 4 bytes for the record descriptor word (RDW) for variable-length records, or (2) LRECL=X was specified.
- 22** (1) The BLKSIZE value was greater than the maximum allowed (32,760 bytes for fixed-length logical records; 32,752 bytes + 4 bytes for the block descriptor word (BDW) for variable-length records), or (2) The BLKSIZE value was less than the minimum value for variable-length logical records (8 bytes).
- 80** Only CMS formatted disk I/O is supported. OS or DOS formatted disk I/O is not supported.

GCT308W **OPEN error '*nn*' on '*ddname*'**

Explanation

An error occurred during an OS OPEN.

System action

The DCBOFLGS OPEN bit is not turned on and the DCB is not initialized.

User response

Using the error code table below and the *ddname* displayed in the message, check the associated FILEDEF command and DCB macro for invalid or missing DCB options.

Code

Meaning

- 12** The OUTPUT option was specified, but the disk is not accessed as a read/write disk.

23

The INPUT option was specified, but the associated file does not exist.

GCT309E **CLOSE error 'nn' on 'ddname'**

Explanation

An error occurred during an OS CLOSE.

System action

The task ends abnormally with an abend code of 014.

User response

Check the error code and ddname displayed in the message with the table below, and make the appropriate changes.

Code

Meaning

- 1** The unit record device that the file was allocated to was not opened.
- 3** There is insufficient storage available to process the CLOSE macro instruction.
- 4** An invalid device was specified. I/O is supported for disk, dummy, printer, punch, and reader.

GCT310R **Enter data set name:**

Explanation

A DLBL command was entered with the ? or DSN ? operand. The command requires that a VSAM data set name be entered.

System action

The command waits for a response.

User response

Use the REPLY command to supply the requested information.

GCT311E **Invalid data set name**

Explanation

An invalid VSAM data set name was specified in the DLBL command line.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the DLBL command with a valid data set name.

GCT312R **Enter volume specifications:**

Explanation

The system expects you to enter VSAM data set volume specifications because you specified the MULT option of the DLBL command.

System action

Execution of the command is delayed until you respond to the specification request. If a null line is the first response, an error message (GCTDLB021E) is displayed and the DLBL command has no effect. Otherwise, a null response after one or more lines of data signifies the end of the specifications.

User response

Enter data set volume specifications using the REPLY command. The data may be entered on one line separated by commas, or may be entered on separate lines. The final comma at the end of the line is optional and may be omitted. The data entered is the file mode for each disk. Do not repeat the file mode specified in the command line.

GCT313E **Invalid ddname 'ddname'**

Explanation

The ddname specified in the DLBL command is invalid.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the DLBL command with a valid ddname. The ddname may not be more than 7 characters long.

GCT314I **Maximum number of disk entries recorded**

Explanation

The DLBL command just entered specified the maximum number of disks allowed for a multivolume VSAM data set.

System action

Execution of the command is terminated; the data set definition is stored.

User response

None.

GCT315E **Catalog DDNAME 'ddname' not found**

Explanation

The user catalog 'ddname' referenced by the CAT option has not been defined by a previous DLBL command.

System action

Execution of the command is terminated. The definition does not take effect.

User response

Either:

1. Reissue the command specifying the CAT option with a previously defined ddname; or
2. Issue a DLBL command for the user catalog ddname and then reissue the DLBL command for the data set you have defined.

GCT316E **mode disk is in CMS format; Invalid for VSAM data set**

Explanation

The DLBL command issued includes the DSN operand. This indicates the data set is in VSAM format, but the disk identified in the DLBL command is in CMS format. References to the disk in the DLBL command include not only the disk mode in the command line, but also the mode in the MULT specifications.

System action

The command or program is terminated with no change to the DLBL definitions in effect. If the message prefix was GCTVIP, the task is terminated with an abend code of 37.

User response

Reissue the ACCESS and DLBL commands using a disk formatted for use with VSAM data sets.

GCT317I **Job catalog DLBL cleared**

Explanation

The DLBL for the job catalog has been cleared and is no longer active.

System action

If the job catalog is cleared, all other definitions flagged as using the job catalog are no longer flagged as such. This message can be the result of a DLBL * CLEAR or DLBL IJSYSUC CLEAR.

User response

None.

GCT318I **Master catalog DLBL cleared**

Explanation

The DLBL for the master catalog has been cleared and is no longer active.

System action

The message can be the result of a DLBL * CLEAR or DLBL IJSYSCT CLEAR.

User response

None.

GCT319S **Unexpected error code nn on vdev**

Explanation

An error occurred during EXCP processing for a VSAM data set. The error code indicates the type of error that occurred.

System action

Execution of the current task is terminated with an abend code of 039.

User response

Check the error code displayed in the message with the table below, and make the appropriate changes.

Code
Meaning

- 5 No Active Disk Table (ADT) was found.
- 8 The disk is in neither OS nor DOS format.

GCT320E **Error during filedef clear processing, DCB(s) not closed.**

Explanation

A "FILEDEF 'DD' CLEAR" or "FILEDEF * CLEAR" was issued before the corresponding DCB(s) was closed.

System action

RC=40. For "FILEDEF 'DD' CLEAR" the command terminates and the system status is not changed. If the "FILEDEF * CLEAR" was issued, then all non-permanent FILEDEF entries with closed DCB's will be cleared.

User response

Issue a QUERY FILEDEF command to display all FILEDEFs in effect. Close the associated DCB(s) and reissue the command.

GCT321E **Saved system name 'sysname' invalid. Only GCSVSAM or GCSBAM is allowed.**

Explanation

An attempt was made, using the SET command, to change a SYSNAME that is not supported by GCS. The BAM (GCSBAM) and VSAM (GCSVSAM) saved segments are the only saved segments that can be manipulated via the SET command.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command using GCSBAM or GCSVSAM as the SYSNAME.

GCT322E **New system name missing after name**

Explanation

SET SYSNAME was issued for GCSBAM or GCSVSAM but no new system name was specified.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command specifying a new system name.

GCT323E **Parameter missing on command**

Explanation

SET SYSNAME was issued without any other parameters.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command specifying all required parameters.

GCT325E **Number of VSAM exit routines has exceeded maximum of 128. Unable to continue.**

Explanation

The number of exit routines for VSAM data sets (both active and inactive) has exceeded the maximum of 128 allowed for this virtual machine.

System action

The active task is terminated with an abend code of 03A.

User response

Reduce the number of exit routines for VSAM data sets and re-execute the program.

GCT326E **OPEN error on 'ddname': Possible volume error. See VSE/VSAM documentation for OPEN error code code.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that a problem could exist with the volume on which the file resides.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT327E **OPEN error on 'ddname': Possible user programming error. See VSE/VSAM documentation for OPEN error code code**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that an error in your program may have caused an error in processing.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

You may have issued an ACCESS command after a DLBL command, in which case you must reissue the DLBL command. Otherwise, consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT329E **OPEN error on 'ddname': Possible catalog error. See VSE/VSAM documentation for OPEN error code code.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that an error exists in the specified catalog.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT330E **OPEN error on 'ddname': Possible system error. See VSE/VSAM documentation for OPEN error code code.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that there is a serious error in GCS support of VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT331E **CLOSE error on 'ddname': Possible user programming error. See VSE/VSAM documentation for CLOSE error code code.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that an error in your program may have caused an error in processing.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT332E **CLOSE error on 'ddname': Possible system error. See VSE/VSAM documentation for CLOSE error code code.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that there is a serious error in GCS support of VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT333E **Error in request macro processing:
Possible user programming error.
See VSE/VSAM error code *code*.
Return code *code*.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that an error in your program may have caused an error in processing.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT334E **Error in request macro processing:
Possible system error. See VSE/
VSAM error code *code*. Return code
code.**

Explanation

The call to VSE/VSAM results in an error code indicating that there is a serious error in GCS VSAM support.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 035.

User response

Consult the VSE/VSAM documentation, correct the error, and re-execute the program.

GCT335S **Internal error during VSAM
processing: *name1 name2*
function(s) not supported**

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT336S **Internal error during VSAM
processing: Illegal use of SVC 11**

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT337S **Internal error during VSAM
processing: Unsupported SVC *svc*
(Hex *xx*) called from *vstor***

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT338S **Internal error during VSAM
processing: Invalid form of SVC *svc*
(Hex *xx*) called from *vstor***

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with a abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT339S **Internal error during VSAM
processing: Unsupported function
function of SVC *svc* (Hex *xx*) called
from *vstor***

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT340S	Internal error during VSAM processing: Unsupported form of <i>name</i> macro
----------------	---

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT341S	Internal error during VSAM processing: Phase <i>name</i> not found
----------------	---

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT342S	Internal error during VSAM processing: Unexpected error code '<i>nn</i>' on <i>vdev</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with an abend code of 039.

User response

Check the error code with the table below to determine the error, and contact IBM support personnel.

Code

Meaning

- | | |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | No CCW address in CCB |
| 2 | Device is unassigned |
| 3 | Device is unsupported |
| 4 | Invalid CCW |
| 7 | No console CCW |
| 9 | Track condition check encountered |

GCT343S	Internal error during VSAM processing: Invalid device class <i>devclass</i> for <i>devtype</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

An internal error was detected in the GCS code that supports VSAM.

System action

The current task ends abnormally with a abend code of 039.

User response

Contact IBM support personnel.

GCT344I	VSAM IDUMP taken <i>date time</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

VSE/VSAM has initiated a dump for a potential problem situation.

System action

A dump is taken and processing continues.

User response

Consult VSE/VSAM manuals for information relative to IDUMPs.

GCT345E **No option specified**

Explanation

The indicated option was entered in an incomplete form on the DLBL command.

System action

RC=24. Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Reissue the command specifying the required data for the option.

GCT346S **Intervention required on device**
vdev

Explanation

The specified device cannot perform the requested I/O operation because it is in a NOTREADY condition.

System action

If the user's SYNAD exit was specified in the DCB, it will be executed. Otherwise, message 306S or 307S is issued and the task is abnormally terminated with abend code 001.

User response

READY the specified device.

GCT347R **Enter response:**

Explanation

VSE/VSAM is waiting for a response from the terminal operator.

System action

The requesting task waits for a response.

User response

VSE/VSAM indicated the nature of the requested data in a previous message. Use the REPLY command to provide the requested data.

GCT348E **Open error nn**

Explanation

An error occurred during OS OPEN macro processing. A ddname is not specified because of the nature of the error.

System action

The task is terminated abnormally with an abend code of 013.

User response

Check the error code displayed in the message, and make the appropriate changes.

Code

Meaning

14

An address that was specified by the user was invalid. Or, the DEB address in the DCB was invalid.

GCT349E **Close error 'nn'**

Explanation

An error occurred during an OS CLOSE. A ddname is not specified because of the nature of the error.

System action

The task ends abnormally with an abend code of 014.

User response

Check the error code displayed in the message in the table below, and make the appropriate changes.

Code

Meaning

2

(1) A CLOSE macro instruction was issued, and an address that was specified by the user was invalid (possibly the DCB address); or

(2) the DEB address in the DCB is invalid. This can occur if the DCB DEB address is maliciously changed, or if two tasks are sharing the same DCB, and the task that closes the DCB is not the task that opened the DCB.

GCT350S **Internal error during VTAM processing: Module 'module' not found.**

Explanation

The module that handles VTAM Control Block Manipulation requests could not be found.

System action

The current task is ended abnormally with an abend code of 036.

User response

VTAM is not installed on your system, or it has not been installed correctly. Contact your system support personnel.

GCT351E **System name not changed. VSAM already initialized.**

Explanation

The VSAM system names cannot be changed because VSAM has already been initialized. At least one VSAM macro has been issued since the last IPL, and VSAM may be in use. VSAM system names can be changed only before VSAM is initialized.

System action

Execution of the SET command is terminated. System status is unchanged.

User response

If you wish to change the system names for VSAM, re-IPL GCS and issue the SET command before starting any VSAM programs.

GCT352E **Invalid DDNAME specified**

Explanation

A 'FILEDEF ' was issued with an invalid DDNAME. Either that DDNAME is being used by another task and the 'NOCHANGE ' option was not specified, or a DCB is already open using the FCB with that DDNAME and the 'NOCHANGE ' option was not specified.

System action

RC = 24

User response

Either change the DDNAME given in the 'FILEDEF ' command, or reissue the 'FILEDEF ' command with the 'NOCHANGE ' option.

GCT353S **The VSAM/BAM segment can not overlap the top of the virtual machine**

Explanation

When the GCS GROUP exec was run, your virtual machine was not specified as a user of VSAM. Thus storage was not reserved for your machine at IPL time. Since you tried to use GCS VSAM, GCS tried to obtain storage for you, but your virtual machine size was defined so that storage could not be obtained.

System action

Task will abend.

User response

Case 1. If you are using the VSAM/BAM segments defined in the GROUP EXEC to be used by your GCS group, (default is CMSBAM and CMSVSAM), all you need to do is re-IPL, storage for these segments will automatically be reserved for you.

Case 2. If you are using your own VSAM/BAM segments as declared by the SET function, redefine your virtual machine size to be less than the starting address of both the segments and then re-IPL.

GCT354S **Storage can not be reserved for your version of the VSAM/BAM segment as requested by the set command**

Explanation

Your version of the BAM/VSAM segments as declared by the SET function could not have storage reserved for it inside your virtual machine. The storage was already in use.

System action

Task abends.

User response

Redefine your virtual machine size to be less than the starting address of both the segments and then re-IPL.

GCT355S **Storage has not been reserved for your virtual machine for the BAM or VSAM segment by the GROUP exec.**

Explanation

Your machine was not listed as a machine requiring storage to be reserved for it for the VSAM and BAM segments.

System action

Task will abend.

User response

Re-IPL. Storage for these segments will be automatically reserved for you. However, storage will not be reserved for segments specified by the SET command.

GCT356I **The VSAM segment was not built correctly or could not be found**

Explanation

The VSAM segment that you defined in the GCS GROUP exec does not exist or it was not built as part of a compact segment space.

System action

IPL will continue, but storage will not be reserved for the VSAM segment and VSAM will not be available for use.

User response

If you need to run a VSAM job, you will need to build a "compact" segment space containing the VSAM segment and re-IPL.

GCT360I **Dumplock = 'setting'**

Explanation

This message is given in response to the GCS QUERY DUMLOCK command. It indicated the state of the dumplock. The 'setting' may be ON or OFF.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

None.

GCT361I **Dump = 'setting'**

Explanation

This message is given in response to the GCS QUERY DUMP command. It indicated the state of the dump facility. The 'setting' may be ON, OFF, or DEFAULT.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

None.

GCT362I **Dump Suppressed**

Explanation

Dumps are suppressed via the SET DUMP OFF command.

System action

GCS processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT363E **Dump suppressed via SET DUMP OFF command**

Explanation

A requested GDUMP was not taken because dumps are suppressed via the SET DUMP OFF command.

System action

GDUMP ends with a return code of 20.

User response

Issue the SET DUMP ON command then reissue the GDUMP.

GCT364I **IPOLL = 'setting'**

Explanation

This message is given in response to the GCS QUERY IPOLL command. It indicated if the IUCV IPOLL subfunction is being used for this virtual machine. 'setting' may be ON or OFF.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

None.

GCT365I **Address of 'variable' is 'address'**

Explanation

This message returns the address of the GCS module or table requested.

System action

GCS processing continues normally.

User response

None.

GCT400T	Program Exception code occurred at <i>vstor</i> in system routine <i>routine</i>. Re-IPL <i>sysname</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

The specified hardware exception occurred in a GCS system routine.

System action

The GCS system halts. Execution of the command is terminated.

User response

Contact your system support personnel, or re-IPL the names system and try the operation again.

GCT401I	Directory error encountered during initialization of the IUCV environment
----------------	--

Explanation

An IUCV error occurred while the system was trying to initialize the virtual machine's IUCV environment. No IUCV functions can be performed. The most likely cause for this error message is that CP was unable to read the virtual machine directory.

System action

The system terminates.

User response

Have the system checked for hardware errors.

GCT402I	An IUCV GETMAIN error occurred while trying to obtain storage for <i>sysname</i> IUCV initialization
----------------	---

Explanation

The virtual machine's IUCV environment could not be initialized because of a GETMAIN failure. No IUCV functions can be performed.

System action

The system terminates.

User response

Determine the cause of the GETMAIN failure and re-IPL the named system.

GCT403I	An IUCV CONNECT error occurred while trying to connect to CP Signal Services. IPRCODE = <i>xx</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

The system was unable to set up a communications path to CP Signal Services. A nonzero value was returned in the IPRCODE field of the IUCV CONNECT parameter list.

System action

The system terminates.

User response

Look up the IPRCODE specified in the message in the IUCV return codes table in *z/VM: CP Programming Services*. Then correct the problem and re-IPL the system.

GCT404E	Retry will be attempted in 15 seconds; PROP is not active in Virtual Machine <i>userid</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The PMX encountered an IUCV error when attempting to connect to the virtual machine with the specified user ID. This message is always preceded by message 405E, which indicates the type of IUCV error encountered. The PMX performs this RETRY operation up to 10 times, or until the connection is successfully established.

System action

The PMX waits 15 seconds and then tries to establish the IUCV connection again. This RETRY process is repeated up to 10 times, or until an IUCV connection is established. If all 10 attempts fail, the PMX terminates.

User response

Wait for 15 seconds and see if the next attempt fails, or terminate the PMX and restart it specifying the user ID of the virtual machine running the programmable operator facility.

GCT405E	An IUCV error occurred while trying to connect to PROP virtual
----------------	---

**machine. IUCVCOM return code =
code**

Explanation

Sent when the PMX cannot get an IUCV connection with the programmable operator.

System action

The program terminates.

User response

Use the specified code to determine the problem and retry.

GCT406E **PMX has abended and will now take a dump and wait for NCCF termination. Abend code = xxx**

Explanation

Indicates that an abend occurred in the PMX.

System action

The PMX enters a dormant state, waiting for NetView or NCCF to terminate.

User response

Use the specified code along with the dump to determine the problem.

GCT407E **PROP has terminated or abended. The command is not accepted.**

Explanation

Sent when the NetView or NCCF operator tries to issue a programmable operator command after the programmable operator has been terminated due to "STOP" or abend; or, the programmable operator has QUIESCEd the path for termination cleanup.

System action

The operation is not performed.

User response

Notify the appropriate personnel.

GCT408E **PMX has not been started. The command is not accepted.**

Explanation

Sent when the NetView or NCCF operator tries to issue a programmable operator command but the PMX was never invoked.

System action

The operation is not performed.

User response

Notify the appropriate personnel. NetView or NCCF must be CLOSEd and the PMX invoked for a network management operator to communicate with the programmable operator.

GCT409E **An IUCV error occurred while trying to SEND to PROP virtual machine. The command is not accepted. IUCVCOM return code = nnnn**

Explanation

Sent when a NetView or NCCF operator has issued a programmable operator command but it cannot be sent to the programmable operator via IUCV because the message limit on the path has been exceeded.

System action

The operation is not performed.

User response

Try the operation again and/or notify the appropriate personnel of the condition.

GCT410I **PROP has resumed activity**

Explanation

Sent to the NetView or NCCF logical operator, if any, when it is determined that the programmable operator has been restarted after an abend.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT411I **PROP has abended**

Explanation

Sent to the NetView or NCCF logical operator, if any, when it is determined that the programmable operator has abended and cannot accept commands.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT412I **PROP has stopped**

Explanation

Sent to the NetView or NCCF logical operator, if any, when it is determined that the programmable operator has been stopped and cannot accept commands.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT413I **PMX has terminated**

Explanation

Sent to the NetView or NCCF logical operator, if any, and to the GCS console when the PMX terminates.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT414E **Disk 'vdev' not properly formatted
for ACCESS**

Explanation

The disk being ACCESSed has other than a 512, 1KB, 2KB or 4KB block size.

System action

RC=16. Execution of the command is terminated.

User response

Reformat the disk using the FORMAT command under CMS, specifying a BLOCKSIZE of 512, 1KB, 2KB, or 4KB. Then re-IPL GCS and reissue the ACCESS command.

GCT415E **Invalid device address 'vdev'**

Explanation

The device address was not specified correctly, or the device was not accessed.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Check the device address and reissue the command.

Note: A valid address is any address within the range X'001' through X'FFF'.

GCT416E **No device specified**

Explanation

The command requires that you specify a device address or mode letter.

System action

RC=24. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

Reissue the command, specifying a valid device address or mode letter.

GCT418E **Insufficient free storage available.
The command is not accepted.**

Explanation

Sent to the GCS console or to the requesting NetView or NCCF operator when the PMX cannot obtain the storage required for buffers and control blocks.

System action

The requested action is not performed.

User response

Notify the appropriate personnel.

GCT419E **PMX has abended. The command is not accepted.**

Explanation

Sent when a NetView or NCCF operator tries to issue a programmable operator command but the PMX has abended.

System action

The requested action is not performed.

User response

Notify the appropriate personnel.

GCT420T **File system error detected. Virtual address 'vdev'. Reason code 'nn'**

Explanation

An error detected indicates the GCS file system may be disoriented with respect to the disk that has the virtual address 'vdev'. 'nn' is a code indicating the nature of the error. It may be one of the following:

Code

Meaning

- 1** No active-disk-table block was found where mode-letter was supplied. The error was detected in module GCTDIO.
- 3** Three problems could have produced this error code:
- An error was detected in trying to read from or write on a disk. Probably the disk was detached (with the use of the DETACH command) without being released first (with the use of the RELEASE command), or the disk is an unsupported device.
 - A deallocation was attempted on a nonallocated disk block.
 - A read/write operation was attempted to a disk block number zero.
- 4** One of the following occurred:
- The cylinder number is not within the range of user's disk.
 - A deallocation was attempted on a nonallocated disk block.
- 5** The cylinder number received by the Control Program is not in the user's range, or an attempt was made to access file record zero.

6

An attempt was made to write on a read-only disk.

8

Three explanations are possible:

- A channel programming error occurred.
- A deallocation was attempted on a block outside the range of the disk structure.
- A read/write operation was attempted with a byte count of zero.

13

An I/O error occurred during a read/write operation to an FB-512 device.

18

A parameter list (*plist*) error was encountered during a truncate operation.

19

A storage error occurred during a truncate operation.

1C

The file or ADT for a truncate operation was not found.

24

The file to be truncated was located on a R/O disk.

25

A storage error occurred during a read/write operation.

28

An error occurred in module GCTFNS during a truncate operation.

2C

Inconsistent V-Format pointers detected during a truncate operation.

41

No free block is available for allocation. You can recover files from this disk if you access it as read-only under CMS and copy the desired files to another disk.

42

A parameter list error occurred.

45

The cylinder number received by the Control Program is not in the user's range, or an attempt was made to access file record zero.

System action

The system enters a disabled wait state. The user file directory is not updated.

User response

Re-IPL GCS and then reissue the command if data on the pack is still good. Contact your system support personnel if the problem persists.

GCT421S **Disk 'mode (vdev)' is full**

Explanation

No more disk space is available on the minidisk identified in the message.

System action

RC=13. The last attempted write to the disk is terminated, and the task that attempted the write is terminated. The system will attempt to CLOSE any OPEN files belonging to that task.

User response

IPL CMS and try to create more disk space by deleting unneeded files. Then re-IPL GCS and run the program again. For more information on resolving disk space problems, refer to [z/VM: CMS User's Guide](#).

GCT422E **'vdev' already accessed as Read/Write 'mode' disk**

Explanation

You are trying to access the specified device in read-only mode, but you have already accessed it in read/write mode. You cannot have a disk accessed as both read-only and read/write, because the read-only file directory would not reflect any updates you made until the next time you accessed the disk.

System action

RC=36. No action is taken on the command, and system status is not changed.

User response

If you wish to access the specified device in read-only mode, first release the disk by issuing the RELEASE command and then reissue the ACCESS command.

GCT423I **mode (vdev) {R/O|R/W} [-OS|-DOS]**

Explanation

The disk identified in the message has been accessed in read-only mode or in read/write mode, as indicated. An '-OS' or '-DOS' at the end of the message means that the disk is OS or DOS formatted. If the '-OS' or '-DOS' do not appear, then the disk is in CMS format.

Note: A read/write OS or DOS disk can be written on only by VSAM.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT424I **'vdev mode' released**

Explanation

The specified device was previously accessed as a read/write disk with the mode letter indicated in the message. This device has now been released since the user has accessed the same device as a read/write disk with a different mode letter.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT425I **'vdev' replaces 'mode (vdev)' [-OS|-DOS]**

Explanation

The disk being accessed replaces a disk previously accessed as the same mode letter. The disk being replaced is released, but it is not detached.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT426I **'vdev' also = 'mode' [-OS|-DOS] disk**

Explanation

The disk identified in the message is also accessed as the 'mode' disk. If an '-OS' or '-DOS' appears at the end of the message, the disk is formatted as an OS or DOS disk. If '-OS' or '-DOS' do not appear, then the disk is formatted as a CMS disk.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT427S **'mode (vdev)' device error**

Explanation

An error is encountered when trying to access the disk. This is because it is an unsupported device, or an I/O error occurred while reading in the master file directory from the device. The device in error may contain more than the maximum 32767 cylinders that CMS/GCS supports.

System action

RC=100. Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same unless another disk was replaced by this access, as indicated by message GCTACC425I.

User response

If this is the first time you used this disk, use the FORMAT command under CMS to format it, and then reissue the command under GCS. If the problem persists, contact your system support personnel.

GCT428S **'mode (vdev)' not attached**

Explanation

The specified device is not attached to the virtual machine.

System action

Dependent upon the module identified in the message prefix:

Prefix Action

GCTACC

The execution of the ACCESS command that was issued is halted. The system status remains the same unless another disk was replaced by this access, as indicated by message GCTACC425I. The return code is 100.

GCTGRP

Your A-disk is detached. This could have happened while you were running the GROUP EXEC, or even before you invoked the GROUP EXEC. As a result, the exec cannot create the GROUP EXEC file for your GCS system. The exec will continue running to

allow you to LINK your A-disk from the command line.

User response

To complete an ACCESS operation, use the CP LINK command to attach the missing disk to your virtual machine, or ask the system operator to attach the disk to your machine. Then reissue the ACCESS command.

To finish running the GROUP EXEC, LINK your A-disk from the command line. You can then finish running the exec in the normal way.

GCT429E **File 'fn ft fm' not found. Disk 'mode (vdev)' will not be accessed.**

Explanation

- The files requested were not on the specified disk.
- If the disk you are trying to access contains no files and you are trying to access it as a read-only disk, then your disk access has failed.

If another disk was already accessed as mode 'fm', it is released.

System action

RC=28. Execution of the command is terminated. System status is not changed.

User response

Check to see that the file ID is specified correctly, and reissue the command.

GCT430W **OS disk - Fileid specified is ignored**

Explanation

The OS or DOS disk identified in the ACCESS command just issued has been accessed, but the file ID provided in the command is not applicable and has been ignored.

System action

RC=4. Execution of the command continues.

User response

None.

GCT431T **SEVER external interrupt has occurred on the Signal Services Path, Re-IPL *sysname*.**

Explanation

An IUCV External Interrupt has occurred. This interrupt was a SEVER on the Signal Services Path.

System action

The GCS system halts by loading a disabled wait state PSW. Execution of the command is terminated.

User response

Re-IPL the named system. Contact your system support personnel if further failures occur.

GCT432T	Program exception <i>code</i> occurred at <i>vstor</i> while no task active, Re-IPL <i>sysname</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The specified hardware exception occurred in a GCS system routine.

System action

The GCS system halts by loading a disabled wait state PSW. Execution of the command is terminated.

User response

Contact your system support personnel or re-IPL the named system.

GCT433S	The GCS system's IUCV general exit received control
----------------	--

Explanation

The general exit established for the GCS system's IUCV connections has received control. There are no functions supported by this exit.

System action

The system ignores the incorrect IUCV usage that caused the general exit to receive control.

User response

If this message persists, contact your system programmer to determine why the GCS general IUCV exit is getting control.

GCT434S	IUCVINI SET for GCS failed with return code <i>nnn</i>. Cannot continue IPL.
----------------	---

Explanation

A non-zero return code was received during GCS IPL when trying to establish GCS as an IUCV user. The *nnn* is the return code that GCS returns.

System action

The GCS IPL is terminated.

User response

Contact your system programmer to determine why the IUCVINI SET failed.

GCT449E	Error 22 running <i>fn ft</i>, line <i>nn</i>: Invalid character string
----------------	--

Explanation

A character string scanned with OPTIONS ETMODE in effect contains one of the following:

- Unmatched shift-out (SO) and shift-in (SI) control characters.
- An odd number of bytes between the shift-out (SO) and shift-in (SI) characters.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Correct the incorrect character string in the EXEC file.

GCT450E	Error 5 running <i>fn ft</i>, line <i>nn</i>: Machine storage exhausted
----------------	--

Explanation

While attempting to process a program, the language processor was unable to get the space needed for its work areas and variables. This may have occurred because a program that invoked the language processor has already used up most of the available storage itself.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Run the exec or macro on its own. More free storage may be obtained by releasing a disk (to recover the space used for the file directory). Alternatively, re-IPL GCS after defining a larger virtual storage size for the virtual machine.

GCT451E **Error 3 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Program is unreadable****Explanation**

The REXX program could not be read from the minidisk. This problem almost always occurs when you are attempting to execute an exec or program from someone's minidisk for which you have read-only access, while someone with read-write access to that minidisk has altered the program so that it no longer exists in the same place on the minidisk.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Reaccess the minidisk on which the program (such as, an exec) resides.

GCT452E **Error 4 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Program interrupted****Explanation**

The system interrupted execution of your REXX program. Certain utility modules may force this interruption if they detect a disastrous error condition.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Look for a problem with a utility module called in your exec or macro.

GCT453E **Error 6 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unmatched *"*/"* or quote****Explanation**

The language processor reached the end of the file (or the end of data in an INTERPRET statement) without finding the ending *"*/"* for a comment or quote for a literal string.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Edit the exec and add the closing *"*/"* or quote. You can also insert a TRACE Scan statement at the top of

your program and rerun it. The resulting output should show where the error exists.

GCT454E **Error 7 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
WHEN or OTHERWISE expected****Explanation**

The language processor expects a series of WHENs and an OTHERWISE within a SELECT statement. This message is issued when any other instruction is found or if all WHEN expressions are found to be false and an OTHERWISE is not present. The error is often caused by forgetting the DO and END instructions around the list of instructions following a WHEN. For example:

WRONG	RIGHT
Select	Select
When a=b then	When a=b then DO
Say 'A equals B'	Say 'A equals B'
exit	exit
Otherwise nop	end
end	Otherwise nop
	end

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT455E **Error 8 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unexpected THEN or ELSE****Explanation**

The language processor has found a THEN or an ELSE that does not match a corresponding IF clause. This situation is often caused by using an incorrect DO-END in the THEN part of a complex IF-THEN-ELSE construction. For example:

WRONG	RIGHT
If a=b then do;	If a=b then do;
Say EQUALS	Say EQUALS
exit	exit
else	end
Say NOT EQUALS	else
	Say NOT EQUALS

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT456E **Error 9 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unexpected WHEN or OTHERWISE**

Explanation

The language processor has found a WHEN or OTHERWISE instruction outside of a SELECT construction. You may have accidentally enclosed the instruction in a DO END construction by leaving off an END instruction, or you may have tried to branch to it with a SIGNAL statement (which cannot work because the SELECT is then terminated).

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT457E **Error 10 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unexpected or unmatched END**

Explanation

The language processor has found more ENDS in your program than DOs or SELECTs, or the ENDS were placed so they did not match the DOs or SELECTs.

This message can be caused if you try to signal into the middle of a loop. In this case, the END will be unexpected because the previous DO will not have been executed. Remember, also, that SIGNAL terminates any current loops, so it cannot be used to transfer control from one place inside a loop to another.

This message can also be caused if you place an END immediately after a THEN or ELSE construction.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections. You can use TRACE Scan to show the structure of the program, making it easier to find your error. Putting the name of the control variable on ENDS that close repetitive loops can also help locate this kind of error.

GCT458E **Error 11 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Control stack full**

Explanation

This message is issued if you exceed the limit of 250 levels of nesting of control structures (DO-END, IF-THEN-ELSE, and so on).

This message could be caused by a looping INTERPRET instruction, such as:

```
line='INTERPRET line'  
INTERPRET line
```

These lines would loop until they exceeded the nesting level limit and this message would be issued. Similarly, a recursive subroutine that does not terminate correctly could loop until it causes this message.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT459E **Error 12 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Clause too long**

Explanation

You have exceeded the limit for the length of the internal representation of a clause. The actual limit is the amount of storage that can be obtained on a single request.

If the cause of this message is not obvious to you, it may be due to a missing quote that has caused a number of lines to be included in one long string. In this case, the error probably occurred at the start of the data included in the clause traceback (flagged by +++ on the console).

The internal representation of a clause does not include comments or multiple blanks that are outside of strings. Note also that any symbol (name) or string gains two characters in length in the internal representation.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT460E **Error 13 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid character in program**

Explanation

The language processor found an invalid character outside of a literal (quoted) string. Valid characters are:

Alphanumeric

A-Z a-z 0-9

Name Characters

@ # \$ % . ? ! _

Special Characters

& * () - + = \ - ' " ; : < , > / |

If surrounded by X'0E' (shift-out) and X'0F' (shift-in), and if ETMODE is on, the following are also valid characters:

X'41' - X'FE' (DBCS Characters)

Some causes of this error are:

1. Using accented and other language-specific characters in symbols.
2. Using DBCS characters without ETMODE in effect.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT461E **Error 14 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Incomplete DO/SELECT/IF**

Explanation

The language processor has reached the end of the file (or end of data for an INTERPRET instruction) and has found there is a DO or SELECT without a matching END, or an IF that is not followed by a THEN clause.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections. You can use TRACE Scan to show the structure of the program, making it easier to find where the missing END or THEN should be. Putting the name of the control variable on ENDS that close repetitive loops can also help locate this kind of error.

GCT462E **Error 15 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid hexadecimal or binary
string**

Explanation

For the language processor, the hexadecimal or binary string cannot have leading or trailing blanks and can have imbedded blanks at byte boundaries only. The following are all valid hexadecimal strings:

```
'13'x  
'A3C2 1C34'x  
'1DE8'x
```

You may have mistyped one of the digits, for example typing a letter o instead of a 0. This message can also be caused if you follow a string by the 1-character symbol X (the name of the variable X), when the string is not intended to be taken as a hexadecimal or binary specification. In this case, use the explicit concatenation operator (||) to concatenate the string to the value of the symbol.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT463E **Error 16 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Label not found**

Explanation

The language processor could not find the label specified by a SIGNAL instruction or a label matching an enabled condition when the corresponding (trapped) event occurred. You may have mistyped the label or forgotten to include it.

System action

Execution stops. The name of the missing label is included in the error traceback.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT464E **Error 21 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid data on end of clause**

Explanation

You have followed a clause, such as SELECT or NOP, by some data other than a comment.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT465E **Error 17 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unexpected PROCEDURE**

Explanation

The language processor encountered a PROCEDURE instruction in an incorrect position. This could occur because no internal routines are active, because a PROCEDURE instruction has already been encountered in the internal routine, or because the PROCEDURE instruction was not the first instruction executed after the CALL or function invocation. This error can be caused by "dropping through" to an internal routine, rather than invoking it with a CALL or a function call.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT466E **Error 26 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid whole number**

Explanation

The language processor found an expression in the NUMERIC instruction, a parsing positional pattern, or the right-hand term of the exponentiation (**) operator that did not evaluate to a whole number, or was greater than the limit, for these uses, of 999999999.

This message can also be issued if the return code passed back from an EXIT or RETURN instruction (when a REXX program is called as a command) is not a whole number or will not fit in a general register. This error may be due to mistyping the name of a symbol so that it is not the name of a variable in the expression on any of these statements. This might be true, for example, if you entered EXIT CR instead of EXIT RC.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT467E **Error 27 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid DO syntax**

Explanation

The language processor found a syntax error in the DO instruction. You might have used BY, TO, FOR, WHILE, OR UNTIL twice, or used a WHILE and an UNTIL.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT468E **Error 30 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Name or String > 250 characters**

Explanation

The language processor found a variable or a literal (quoted) string that is longer than the limit.

The limit for names is 250 characters, following any substitutions. A possible cause of this error is the use of a period (.) in a name, causing an unexpected substitution.

The limit for a literal string is 250 characters. This error can be caused by leaving off an ending quote (or putting a single quote in a string) because several clauses can be included in the string. For example, the string 'don't' should be written as 'don't' or "don't".

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT469E **Error 31 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Name starts with number or "."**

Explanation

The language processor found a symbol whose name begins with a number or a period (.). The REXX language rules do not allow you to assign a value to a symbol whose name begins with a number or a period because you could then redefine numeric constants, and that would be catastrophic.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Rename the variable correctly. It is best to start a variable name with an alphabetic character, but some other characters are allowed.

GCT470E **Error 34 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Logical value not 0 or 1**

Explanation

The language processor found an expression in an IF, WHEN, DO WHILE, or DO UNTIL phrase that did not result in a 0 or 1. Any value operated on by a logical operator (\neg , \setminus , $|$, $\&$, or $\&\&$) must result in a 0 or 1. For example, the phrase "If result then exit rc" will fail if result has a value other than 0 or 1. Thus, the phrase would be better written as `If result \neg =0 then exit rc`.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT471E **Error 35 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid expression**

Explanation

The language processor found a grammatical error in an expression. This could be because:

- You ended an expression with an operator.
- You specified, in an expression, two operators next to one another with nothing in between them.
- You did not specify an expression when one was required.
- You did not specify a right parenthesis when one was required.
- You used special characters (such as operators) in an intended character expression without enclosing them in quotes.

An example of the last case is that `LISTFILE ***` should be written as `LISTFILE '* * *'` (if `LISTFILE` is not a variable) or even as `'LISTFILE * * *'`.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT472E **Error 36 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unmatched "(" in expression**

Explanation

The language processor found an unmatched parenthesis within an expression. You will get this message if you include a single parenthesis in a command without enclosing it in quotes. For example, `COPY A B C A B D (REP` should be written as `COPY A B C A B D '(REP`.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT473E **Error 37 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unexpected "," or ")"**

Explanation

The language processor found a comma (,) outside a routine invocation or too many right parentheses in an expression. You will get this message if you include a comma in a character expression without enclosing it in quotes. For example, the instruction:

Say `Enter A, B, or C`

should be written as:

Say `'Enter A, B, or C'`

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT474E **Error 39 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Evaluation stack overflow**

Explanation

The language processor was not able to evaluate the expression because it is too complex (many nested parentheses, functions, and so on).

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Break up the expressions by assigning subexpressions to temporary variables.

GCT475E **Error 40 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Incorrect call to routine**

Explanation

The language processor encountered an incorrectly used call to a routine. Some possible causes are:

- You passed incorrect data (arguments) to the built-in or external routine (this depends on the actual routine). If a routine returns a nonzero return code, the language processor issues this message and passes back its return code of 20040.
- You passed too many arguments to the built-in, external, or internal routine.
- The module invoked was not compatible with the language processor.

If you were not trying to invoke a routine, you may have a symbol or a string adjacent to a "(" when you meant it to be separated by a space or an operator. This causes it to be seen as a function call. For example, TIME(4+5) should probably be written as TIME*(4+5).

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT476E **Error 41 running *fn ft*, line *nn*: Bad
arithmetic conversion**

Explanation

The language processor found a term in an arithmetic expression that was not a valid number or that had an exponent outside the allowed range of -999999999 to +999999999.

You may have mistyped a variable name, or included an arithmetic operator in a character expression without putting it in quotes. For example, the command MSG * Hi! should be written as 'MSG * Hi!', otherwise the language processor will try to multiply "MSG" by "Hi!".

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT477E **Error 42 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Arithmetic overflow/underflow**

Explanation

The language processor encountered a result of an arithmetic operation that required an exponent greater than the limit of 9 digits (more than 999999999 or less than -999999999).

This error can occur during evaluation of an expression (often as a result of trying to divide a number by 0), or during the stepping of a DO loop control variable.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT478E **Error 43 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Routine not found**

Explanation

The language processor was unable to find a routine called in your program. You invoked a function within an expression or in a subroutine invoked by CALL, but the specified label is not in the program, or is not the name of a built-in function, and GCS is unable to locate it externally.

The simplest, and probably most common, cause of this error is mistyping the name. Another possibility may be that one of the standard function packages is not available.

If you were not trying to invoke a routine, you may have put a symbol or string adjacent to a "(" when you meant it to be separated by a space or operator. The language processor would see that as a function invocation. For example, the string 3(4+5) should be written as 3*(4+5).

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT479E **Error 44 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Function did not return data**

Explanation

The language processor invoked an external routine within an expression. The routine seemed to end without error, but it did not return data for use in the expression.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT480E **Error 45 running *fn ft*, line *nn*: No data specified on function RETURN**

Explanation

A REXX program has been called as a function, but an attempt is being made to return (by a RETURN; instruction) without passing back any data. Similarly, an internal routine, called as a function, must end with a RETURN statement specifying an expression.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT481E **Error 49 running *fn ft*, line *nn*: Language processor failure**

Explanation

The language processor carries out numerous internal self-consistency checks. It issues this message if it encounters a severe error.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Report any occurrence of this message to your IBM representative.

GCT482E **Error 19 running *fn ft*, line *nn*: String or symbol expected**

Explanation

The language processor expected a symbol following the CALL or SIGNAL instructions, but none was found. You may have omitted the string or symbol, or you

may have inserted a special character (such as a parenthesis) in it.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT483E **Error 20 running *fn ft*, line *nn*: Symbol expected**

Explanation

The language processor either expected a symbol following the CALL ON, CALL OFF, END, ITERATE, LEAVE, NUMERIC, PARSE, PROCEDURE, SIGNAL ON, or SIGNAL OFF keywords or expected a list of symbols following the DROP, UPPER, or PROCEDURE (with EXPOSE option) keywords. Either there was no symbol when one was required or some other characters were found.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT484E **Error 24 running *fn ft*, line *nn*: Invalid TRACE request**

Explanation

The language processor issues this message when:

- The action specified on a TRACE instruction, or the argument to the built-in TRACE function, starts with a letter that does not match any valid alphabetic character options. The valid options are A, C, E, F, I, L, N, O, R, or S.
- An attempt is made to request TRACE Scan when inside any control construction or while in interactive debug.
- In interactive trace, you enter a number that is not a whole number.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT485E **Error 25 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid sub-keyword found**

Explanation

The language processor expected a particular sub-keyword at this position in an instruction and something else was found. For example, the NUMERIC instruction must be followed by the sub-keyword DIGITS, FUZZ, or FORM. If NUMERIC is followed by anything else, this message is issued.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT486E **Error 28 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid LEAVE or ITERATE**

Explanation

The language processor encountered an incorrect LEAVE or ITERATE instruction. The instruction was incorrect because of one of the following:

- No loop is active.
- The name specified on the instruction does not match the control variable of any active loop.

Note that internal routine calls and the INTERPRET instruction protect DO loops by making them inactive. Therefore, for example, a LEAVE instruction in a subroutine cannot affect a DO loop in the calling routine.

You can cause this message to be issued if you use the SIGNAL instruction to transfer control within or into a loop. A SIGNAL instruction terminates all active loops, and any ITERATE or LEAVE instruction issued then would cause this message to be issued.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT487E **Error 29 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Environment name too long**

Explanation

The language processor encountered an environment name specified on an ADDRESS instruction that is longer than the limit of 8 characters.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Specify the environment name correctly.

GCT488E **Error 33 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid expression result**

Explanation

The language processor encountered an expression result that is incorrect in its particular context. The result may be incorrect in one of the following:

- ADDRESS VALUE expression
- NUMERIC DIGITS expression
- NUMERIC FORM VALUE expression
- NUMERIC FUZZ expression
- OPTIONS expression
- SIGNAL VALUE expression
- TRACE VALUE expression.

(FUZZ must be smaller than DIGITS.)

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT489E **Error 38 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid template or pattern**

Explanation

The language processor found an incorrect special character, for example %, within a parsing template, or the syntax of a variable trigger was incorrect (no symbol was found after a left parenthesis). This message is also issued if the WITH sub-keyword is omitted in a PARSE VALUE instruction.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT490E **Error 48 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Failure in system service**

Explanation

The language processor halts execution of the program because some system service, such as user input or output or manipulation of the console stack, has failed to work correctly.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Ensure your input is correct and your program is working correctly. If the problem persists, notify your system support personnel.

GCT491E **Error 18 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
THEN expected**

Explanation

All REXX IF and WHEN clauses must be followed by a THEN clause. Another clause was found before a THEN statement was found.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Insert a THEN clause between the IF or WHEN clause and the following clause.

GCT492E **Error 32 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid use of stem**

Explanation

The REXX program attempted to change the value of a symbol that is a stem. (A stem is that part of a symbol up to the first period. You use a stem when you want to affect all variables beginning with that stem.) This may be in the UPPER instruction where the action in this case is unknown, and therefore in error.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Change the program so that it does not attempt to change the value of a stem.

GCT493E **Error 1 running *fn ft*: No filename
specified**

Explanation

The EXEC command requires that you specify the name of the EXEC that you wish to execute.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Reissue the command and specify the file name.

GCT494E **Error 2 running *fn ft*: File not found**

Explanation

The specified file was not found on the accessed disks. This message can be issued when you try to invoke an EXEC from within another EXEC.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Access the disk where the file exists and reissue the command, or enter the correct name of the EXEC if you entered it incorrectly.

GCT495R **Enter input for EXEC '*execname*':**

Explanation

'execname' is the EXEC name. The language processor recognized a request for terminal input. In most cases, this message will have been preceded by an informational message from the EXEC.

System action

The task executing the request is suspended until a REPLY command is issued.

User response

Use the REPLY command to supply the required information.

GCT496R **Enter DEBUG input for EXEC
'*execname*':**

Explanation

'execname' is the EXEC name. The EXEC is being executed in DEBUG mode. The EXEC awaits the next user input.

System action

The task executing the request is suspended until a REPLY command is issued.

User response

Use the REPLY command to supply the required information.

GCT497T **Insufficient storage for EXEC interpreter**

Explanation

There is insufficient storage for the language processor to initialize itself.

System action

Execution is terminated at the point of the error.

User response

Redefine storage and reissue the command.

GCT500I **Unable to locate 'type' extraction routine 'routine'**

Explanation

The GCS extraction routine was unable to locate the 'type' extraction routine 'routine'.

System action

Processing continues, and a problem report will be created by the GCS extraction routine.

User response

Contact the system programmer to determine why the routine could not be found.

GCT501I **UNABLE TO LOCATE 'type' DUMPSCAN ROUTINE 'routine'**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN routine was unable to locate the 'type' DUMPSCAN routine 'routine'

System action

Return to DUMPSCAN routine with a return code of 8, which causes the message HCS270I to be displayed.

User response

Contact the system programmer to determine why the routine could not be found.

GCT502I **TASKID nnnnn NOT FOUND**

Explanation

One of the DUMPSCAN subcommands (TACTIVE, TLOADL, TSAB) has been issued with a taskid that was not in the task's active program list or taskid table.

System action

Return to DUMPSCAN routine with a return code of 0, which causes the ready message to be displayed.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct task ID.

GCT503I **NO IUCV PATH TABLE**

Explanation

The IUCV DUMPSCAN subcommand was entered and the number of entries in the IUCV path table was zero.

System action

Return to DUMPSCAN routine with a return code of 0, which causes the ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT504I **PAGE vstor NOT FOUND IN DUMP**

Explanation

The virtual address identified in the message was not found in the dump. This means it was not dumped at the time the dump was taken.

System action

Return to DUMPSCAN routine with a return code of 0, which causes the ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT505I **TASKID nnnnn INVALID**

Explanation

One of the DUMPSCAN subcommands (TACTIVE, TLOADL, TSAB) has been issued with a taskid that is invalid. (Taskid must be from 0 to x'FFFF')

System action

Return to DUMPSCAN routine with a return code of 0, which causes the ready message to be displayed.

User response

Reissue the command with a valid taskid.

GCT506I **UNABLE TO READ DUMP
INFORMATION RECORD**

Explanation

The GCS EXTRACTION routine was unable to read the dump information record.

System action

DVF will prompt the user to enter all information for the problem report.

User response

Supply information in answer to the prompts that appear on the screen.

GCT507E **Trace formatting routine '*routine*'
not found**

Explanation

Trace formatting could not locate the named routine.

System action

The record is displayed or printed in hexadecimal notation with no formatting done.

User response

Install the required TEXT file on an accessed CMS disk and then re-execute the program.

GCT508I **The following record was partially
lost:**

Explanation

TRSOURCE lost the last part of this record.

System action

The first portion of the record is displayed in hexadecimal notation (unformatted).

User response

None.

GCT509I **ETRACE set ON for *event-type(s)***

Explanation

This is the normal reply when external tracing for the specified event has been enabled for the virtual machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT510I **ETRACE set ON for *event-type(s)*
for GROUP**

Explanation

This is the normal reply from an ETRACE command that was issued to set external tracing on for an event-type for the whole group.

System action

Exits are scheduled on all virtual machines in the group to set ETRACE on for the event-type named in the message.

User response

None.

GCT511I **ETRACE set OFF for *event-type(s)***

Explanation

This is the normal reply when external tracing for the specified event has been disabled for the virtual machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT512I **ETTRACE set OFF for *event-type(s)* for GROUP**

Explanation

This is the normal reply from an ETRACE command that was issued to set external tracing off for an event-type for the whole group.

System action

Exits are scheduled on all virtual machines in the group to set ETRACE off for the event-type named in the message.

User response

None.

GCT513E **ETTRACE GROUP option is in effect for *event-type(s)***

Explanation

An attempt was made by an unauthorized user to disable external tracing while the GROUP option was in effect. The GROUP option overrides the command.

System action

Command terminates with no action taken.

User response

Use the QUERY ETRACE command to find the event types which are in effect for the group. Then reissue the command without the event types which were in effect for the group.

GCT514I **All external trace events are disabled**

Explanation

No external tracing is being done in this virtual machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT515I **External trace is enabled for *event-type(s)***

Explanation

External tracing for the specified event type has been enabled for this virtual machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT516I **External trace is enabled for *event-type(s)* for GROUP**

Explanation

External tracing for the specified event type was enabled for this virtual machine by the GROUP operand of ETRACE.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT517I **ITRACE set ON for *event-types(s)***

Explanation

This is the normal reply when the ITRACE command is issued to enable ITRACE.

System action

ITRACE is enabled for the issuing virtual machine.

User response

None.

GCT518I **ITRACE set ON for *event-type(s)* for GROUP**

Explanation

This is the normal reply when an authorized user issues the ITRACE GROUP command.

System action

Exits are scheduled on all virtual machines in the group to enable ITRACE.

User response

None.

GCT519I **ITRACE set OFF for event-type(s)**

Explanation

This is the normal reply when the ITRACE has been disabled for the issuing virtual machine.

System action

ITRACE is disabled for the issuing virtual machine.

User response

None.

GCT520I **ITRACE set OFF for event-type(s)
for GROUP**

Explanation

This is the normal reply when an authorized user has issued the ITRACE END GROUP command, turning off ITRACE in all virtual machines in the group.

System action

ITRACE is disabled for all virtual machines in the group.

User response

None.

GCT521E **ITRACE GROUP option is in effect
for event-type(s)**

Explanation

An unauthorized user attempted to disable ITRACE while the ITRACE GROUP option was in effect. The GROUP option overrides the command.

System action

Command terminates with no action taken. ITRACE remains in effect for the group.

User response

Use the QUERY ITRACE command to find the event types which are in effect for the group. Then reissue the command without the event types which were in effect for the group.

GCT522I **Internal trace is enabled for event-
type(s)**

Explanation

ITRACE is enabled for this virtual machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT523I **Internal trace is enabled for event-
type(s) for GROUP**

Explanation

ITRACE is enabled for this virtual machine by the GROUP operand.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT524I **All internal trace events are
disabled**

Explanation

ITRACE is disabled for this virtual machine.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

GCT525E **Userid is missing or invalid**

Explanation

The TO operand was specified, but the user ID was either left out or is invalid. The user ID cannot be longer than eight characters.

System action

Command terminates with no dump taken.

User response

Reissue the command specifying a valid user ID.

GCT526E **Userid 'userid' is not in CP directory**

Explanation

The dump request was passed to CP, but the receiving user ID, whether specified or defaulted, was not found in the CP directory.

System action

Command terminates with no dump taken.

User response

Reissue the command specifying a valid user ID.

GCT527E **Invalid range**

Explanation

One of the following conditions was encountered:

1. Hexloc1 greater than hexloc2.
2. Invalid modifier - only '-', '.', and ':' are valid.
3. Invalid bytecount.
4. Address specified which is out of the range of the virtual machine's storage.
5. Range specified is not a valid hexadecimal number.
6. The dump request involved only areas which require authorization to dump, but the receiver was not on the list of authorized users specified at GCS build time. Or the dump request involved only areas which require authorization to dump and DSS's but the receiver was not authorized and no DSS's exist.

System action

Command terminates with no dump taken.

User response

Reissue the command specifying a valid range.

GCT528I **Dump complete**

Explanation

A dump was taken. If the receiver is an authorized user, the dump contains the whole virtual machine and any discontinuous shared segments. Otherwise the dump contains all key 14 storage (storage belonging to non-privileged applications) and any other storage that is not fetch-protected.

System action

In the case of machine termination, the termination continues. In the case of SYSTEM RESTART, control returns to the virtual machine at the point where it was interrupted to issue the CP SYSTEM RESTART command.

User response

None.

GCT529E **Partial dump taken**

Explanation

The dump was only partially completed for one of the following reasons:

1. CP experienced an I/O error when attempting to bring a page to be dumped.
2. DSS specified, but no DSSs found.
3. The dump request involved some protected storage, but the receiver was not on the list of authorized users specified at GCS build time.

System action

Command terminates with a partial dump taken.

User response

1. If the dump failed because of a CP I/O error, reissue the command. If the problem persists, contact the system programmer.
2. If the dump failed because no DSS was found, no user action is required.
3. If the dump failed because the receiving user ID was unauthorized, reissue the command specifying an authorized receiver.

GCT530E **Dump failed**

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to dump the virtual machine.

System action

In the case of machine termination, the termination continues with no dump taken. In the case of SYSTEM RESTART, control returns to the virtual machine at the point it was interrupted to enter the command, and no dump is taken.

User response

1. Find out from the installation system programmer if the system is currently experiencing any spool problems. If it is, try the dump again after the problem is fixed.
2. Also find out from the installation system programmer if the user ID designated at GCS build time as the dump receiver is in the CP directory. If it is not, you cannot dump via SYSTEM RESTART until this is corrected.

GCT531E Dump failed: Spooling error

Explanation

CP ran out of spool space.

System action

Command terminates with no dump taken.

User response

Reissue the command when spool space is available.

GCT532E Dump failed: I/O error

Explanation

CP encountered an I/O error while attempting to bring in the parameter list or the dump address list passed by the GCS supervisor.

System action

The command terminates with no dump taken.

User response

Reissue the command. If the failure persists, contact the system programmer.

GCT533I VIRTUAL MACHINE LOAD LIST IS EMPTY

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand VMLOADL was entered and the pointer to NUCCBLKS is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT534I TASK STORAGE ANCHOR BLOCK PTR IS ZERO

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TSAB was entered and the pointer to the task storage anchor block is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT535I NUCON EXTENSION PTR IS ZERO. CAN'T FIND TASK LOAD LIST

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TLOADL was entered and the pointer to NUCON EXTENSION is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT536I TASKID TABLE PTR IS ZERO. CAN'T FIND TASK LOAD LIST

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TLOADL was entered and the pointer to TASKID TABLE is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT537I TASK BLOCK PTR IS ZERO. CAN'T FIND TASK LOAD LIST

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TLOADL was entered and the pointer to TASK BLOCK is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT538I TASK LOAD LIST PTR IS ZERO

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TLOADL was entered and the pointer to the TASK load list is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

**GCT539I NUCON EXTENSION PTR IS ZERO.
CAN'T FIND TASK STORAGE
ANCHOR BLOCK**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TSAB was entered and the pointer to NUCON EXTENSION is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

**GCT540I TASKID TABLE PTR IS ZERO.
CAN'T FIND TASK STORAGE
ANCHOR BLOCK**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TSAB was entered and the pointer to TASKID TABLE is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

**GCT541I TASK BLOCK PTR IS ZERO. CAN'T
FIND TASK STORAGE ANCHOR
BLOCK**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TSAB was entered and the pointer to TASK BLOCK is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

**GCT542I NUCON EXTENSION PTR IS ZERO.
CAN'T FIND IUCV PATH TABLE**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand IUCV was entered and the pointer to NUCON EXTENSION is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

**GCT543I IUCV ANCHOR BLOCK PTR IS
ZERO. CAN'T FIND IUCV PATH
TABLE**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand IUCV was entered and the pointer to IUCV STORAGE ANCHOR BLOCK is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT544I IUCV PATH TABLE PTR IS ZERO

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand IUCV was entered and the pointer to PATH TABLE is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT545I **NUCON EXTENSION PTR IS ZERO.
CAN'T FIND STATE BLOCK**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TACTIVE was entered and the pointer to NUCON EXTENSION is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT546I **TASK BLOCK PTR IS ZERO. CAN'T
FIND STATE BLOCK**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TACTIVE was entered and the pointer to TASK BLOCK is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT547I **STATE BLOCK PTR IS ZERO**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TACTIVE was entered and the pointer to STATE BLOCK is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT548I **TASKID TABLE PTR IS ZERO.
CAN'T FIND STATE BLOCK**

Explanation

The GCS DUMPSCAN subcommand TACTIVE was entered and the pointer to TASKID TABLE is zero.

System action

Return to the DUMPSCAN routine with return code zero, which causes a ready message to be displayed.

User response

None.

GCT549E *productname* control block
formatting routine *routine* not
found

Explanation

The control block formatting routine for the indicated product name is not on the user's accessed disk.

System action

Processing is terminated.

User response

Get the indicated routine's text deck on an accessed disk and reissue the DUMPPRT command.

GCT550R **Do you wish to format
productname control blocks? Reply
YES or NO.**

Explanation

Enter YES if you want to format control blocks for the indicated product name; enter NO if you want an unformatted dump only.

System action

Control will be passed to the appropriate formatting routine.

User response

Enter YES or NO at your terminal.

GCT551I **External trace buffering has been
initialized.**

Explanation

ETTRACE has been enabled while TRSOURCE is in BLOCK mode. External trace points are collected in a GCS buffer in private storage before being sent to CP. ETRACE may have been issued from your virtual machine or from another virtual machine in the GCS group with the GROUP option specified.

System action

Processing continues

User response

None

GCT552I	All ETRACE support has been disabled and the buffer has been flushed.
----------------	--

Explanation

An ETRACE END has been issued or all external trace points have been turned off for this virtual machine while tracing was being done in BLOCK mode. All trace points have been sent to CP for processing. ETRACE END may have been issued from your virtual machine or from another virtual machine in the GCS group with the GROUP option specified.

System action

Processing continues

User response

None

GCT553I	TRSOURCE has been changed to EVENT mode and external trace records may have been lost.
----------------	---

Explanation

TRSOURCE was changed from BLOCK mode to EVENT mode without first disabling ETRACE. Any external trace points collected in the trace buffer are lost.

System action

All external tracing has been disabled.

User response

ETTRACE must be reissued by this virtual machine or an authorized machine in the group with the GROUP option specified to reactivate external tracing. Ensure

that the TRSOURCE is enabled in the correct mode first.

GCT554I	TRSOURCE has been disabled and external trace records may have been lost.
----------------	--

Explanation

TRSOURCE was disabled without first issuing an ETRACE END. Any external trace points collected in the trace buffer are lost.

System action

All external tracing has been disabled.

User response

ETTRACE must be reissued by this virtual machine or an authorized machine in the group with the GROUP option specified to reactivate external tracing. Ensure that the TRSOURCE is enabled in the correct mode first.

GCT555I	External tracing has been initialized in EVENT mode.
----------------	---

Explanation

ETTRACE has been enabled while TRSOURCE is in EVENT mode. External trace points will be sent directly to CP as they are generated in GCS.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None

GCT556E	TRSOURCE must be enabled before using ETRACE.
----------------	--

Explanation

The GCS command ETRACE has been issued before the CP TRSOURCE command was issued.

System action

All external tracing is left disabled.

User response

ETTRACE must be reissued by this virtual machine or an authorized machine in the group with the GROUP option specified to reactivate external tracing. Ensure

that the TRSOURCE is enabled in the correct mode first.

GCT557E **Trace buffer not processed. RC = 16 from TRSOURCE. Records may have been lost.**

Explanation

GCS tried to flush the trace buffer and CP was unable to handle it.

System action

All external tracing is left disabled.

User response

Check the CP references on TRSOURCE before trying to reinitialize external tracing.

GCT558I **TRSOURCE has been disabled. It must be enabled before external tracing can be enabled.**

Explanation

An ETRACE command was issued from another virtual machine for the entire group and this machine tried to initialize external tracing and found that TRSOURCE was disabled.

System action

All external tracing is left disabled.

User response

ETRACE must be reissued by this virtual machine or an authorized machine in the group with the GROUP option specified to reactivate external tracing. Ensure that the TRSOURCE is enabled in the correct mode first.

GCT559E **Insufficient storage in your virtual machine to set up group trace buffering.**

Explanation

An ETRACE command was issued from this machine or from an authorized machine with the group option specified and TRSOURCE was enabled in BLOCK mode. In the process of initializing for trace buffer, insufficient storage was available.

System action

All external tracing is left disabled. System may terminate at any time due to insufficient storage.

User response

Re-IPL after first setting your virtual machine size larger to allow for an increase in private storage which will enable your trace buffering to be initialized.

GCT560I **Re-issue ETRACE to activate external tracing. The TRSOURCE mode has been changed.**

Explanation

The system detected that the TRSOURCE mode has been changed.

System action

All external tracing has been disabled.

User response

ETRACE must be reissued by this virtual machine or an authorized machine in the group with the GROUP option specified to reactivate external tracing. Ensure that the TRSOURCE is enabled in the correct mode first.

GCT561I **GTRACE records greater than 256 bytes must be processed by TRSOURCE in block mode and GCS tracing set to ETRACE GTRACE.**

Explanation

This message is issued as a warning. It will be issued again when a GTRACE record greater than 256 bytes is generated without using block mode.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Issue the appropriate TRSOURCE command to handle GTRACE records greater than 256 bytes.

GCT621E **The variations of this message are explained below.**

– **Variation 1** **Bad Plist: Device and lines arguments are required**

Explanation

The first two EXECIO command line operands are always required.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– Variation 2 **Bad Plist: Disk *argument* argument is missing**

Explanation

The missing argument is FILENAME or FILETYPE. These are required arguments when DISKR or DISKW operations are specified.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Issue the command again with the missing disk argument.

– Variation 3 **Bad Plist: Disk filemode required for DISKW**

Explanation

The file mode operand is required for a DISKW operation. The DISKW operation might cause writing to a disk that the user has write access to.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax

– Variation 4 **Bad Plist: File format specified (*recfm*) does not agree with existing file format (*recfm*)**

Explanation

The record format of a record to be written into an existing file is inconsistent with that file.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the record format specified against that of the file.

– Variation 5 **Bad Plist: File *lrecl* specified (*lrecl*) does not agree with existing file *lrecl* (*lrecl*)**

Explanation

The logical record length of a record to be written into an existing file is inconsistent with that file.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the logical record length against that of the file.

– Variation 6 **Bad Plist: Input file *fileid* does not exist**

Explanation

The indicated file cannot be found.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check to make sure that the file ID has been entered correctly.

– Variation 7 **Bad Plist: Invalid character in file identifier**

Explanation

The specified file ID contains a character that is not valid for the GCS file system.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the description of the command format and issue the command again using valid characters.

– Variation 8 **Bad Plist: Invalid DEVICE argument (*argument*)**

Explanation

The valid values for the DEVICE argument are: CP, CARD, DISKR, DISKW, PUNCH, PRINT, and EMSG.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– Variation 9 **Bad Plist: Invalid EXEC variable name**

Explanation

Using the EXECIO command, the maximum length of a variable name for the VAR or STEM option was exceeded. The maximum for the VAR option is 250 characters. The maximum for the STEM option is 240 bytes.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Use a shorter length variable name.

– Variation 10 **Bad Plist: Invalid mode *mode***

Explanation

More than two characters were specified for the file mode.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– Variation 11 **Bad Plist: Invalid positional argument (*argument*)**

Explanation

More than the maximum number of positional arguments (that is, arguments before the left parenthesis marking the start of the options) were specified. The number of positional arguments allowed depends on the second operand (DISKR, and so on) on the command line.

This message is likely the result of the left parenthesis option delimiter missing from the command statement.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check to make sure that you have specified the correct positional arguments and that you have not omitted the parenthesis.

– Variation 12 **Bad Plist: Invalid record format (*recfm*) -- Must be either F or V**

Explanation

For a DISKW operation, if the record format (*recfm*) is specified, it must be either fixed (F) or variable (V). Variable is the default value.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– Variation 13 **Bad Plist: Invalid record length argument (*lrecl*)**

Explanation

For a DISKW operation, if the logical record length (*lrecl*) is specified, the value must be greater than zero.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– Variation 14 **Bad Plist: Invalid value (*value*) for number of lines**

Explanation

The number of lines specified to be processed must be either a non-negative integer or an asterisk (*).

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the value specified for the number of lines to be processed.

– **Variation 15** **Bad Plist: Invalid value (*value*) for disk file line number**

Explanation

The line number specified is negative or a non-numeric value.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– **Variation 16** **Bad Plist: Missing DEVICE argument**

Explanation

The EXECIO command requires a DEVICE argument.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– **Variation 17** **Bad Plist: Option *option* can only be executed from a REXX EXEC**

Explanation

The VAR or STEM option was used, but the EXECIO command was not invoked from within a REXX exec. The VAR and STEM options require the use of EXECCOMM which requires that a REXX exec be active in the same task that issued the EXECIO command.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Invoke the command again from a REXX exec.

– **Variation 18** **Bad Plist: *option* option is not valid with *option* option**

Explanation

Two mutually exclusive options were specified. For example, only one input selection option is allowed; therefore, if both a LOCATE and a FIND option are specified, this message will be issued.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the syntax of the command.

– **Variation 19** **Bad Plist: *option* option not valid with *operation* operation**

Explanation

The indicated option cannot be specified with the indicated operation. For example, the FINIS option is not valid if PRINT is specified as the second operand in the command statement.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– **Variation 20** **Bad Plist: STRING option with LINES=* is valid only for CP operation**

Explanation

The string option with lines=* is valid only for a CP operation.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– **Variation 21** **Bad Plist: Unknown option name (*name*)**

Explanation

The indicated option name is not recognized by EXECIO.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check to make sure that you have not misspelled an option name.

– **Variation 22** **Bad Plist: Value (*value*) not valid for *option* option**

Explanation

A not valid value was specified for the indicated option. For example, if "Case 3" is used in a call to EXECIO, the message will read "... Value (3) not valid for CASE option."

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– **Variation 23** **Bad Plist: Value missing after *option* option**

Explanation

A value was not specified after the indicated option, yet one is required. For example, the MARGINS option requires that two values follow it. If one or both of these is missing, the message is issued.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Check the command syntax.

– **Variation 24** **Bad Plist: VAR option with LINES > 1 is invalid**

Explanation

The EXECIO command was issued with the VAR option and the number of lines specified was greater than one.

System action

RC=24. Execution is stops.

User response

Either change the lines operand to 1 or use the STEM option.

GCT622E **Insufficient free storage for EXECIO**

Explanation

Insufficient storage was available for EXECIO to execute the requested function. The request function is not performed.

System action

RC=41. Execution halts.

User response

More free storage may be obtained by releasing a disk (to recover the space used for the file directory). Alternatively, re-ipl GCS after defining a larger virtual storage size for the virtual machine.

GCT632E **I/O error in EXECIO; rc='nnnn' from '*operation*' operation**

Explanation

The specified error return code was obtained by EXECIO when the indicated operation was invoked. EXECIO will not continue, but returns the error return code to its caller. The EXECIO operation may have partially completed before the error occurred.

System action

RC='nnnn', where *nnnn* is the return code from the command specified in the message text.

For example EXECIO return code 2008, signifies an invalid variable name from the EXECCOMM operation.

User response

For more information on the return codes, refer to the EXECIO command in *z/VM: Group Control System*.

GCT900I **z/VM Version *n* Release *n*, Service level *n***

Explanation

This is an informational message. The *release* indicates the release level currently applied to your z/VM system. The Service Level *n* indicates the service level currently applied to your z/VM system.

System action

None.

User response

None.

GCT901E **Error 46 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid variable reference**

Explanation

Within an ARG, DROP, PARSE, PULL, or PROCEDURE instruction, the syntax of a variable reference (a variable whose value is to be used, indicated by its name being enclosed in parentheses) is incorrect. The right parenthesis that should immediately follow the variable name may be missing.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Make the necessary corrections.

GCT902E **Error 47 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Unexpected label**

Explanation

A label, being used incorrectly, was encountered in the expression being evaluated for an INTERPRET instruction or in an expression entered during interactive debug.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Do not use a label in these expressions.

GCT903E **Error 23 running *fn ft*, line *nn*:
Invalid SBCS/DBCS mixed string.**

Explanation

A character string that has unmatched SO-SI (Shift-Out - Shift-In) pairs (such as an SO without an SI), or an odd number of bytes between the SO-SI characters was processed with OPTIONS EXMODE in effect.

System action

Execution stops.

User response

Correct the incorrect character string.

GCT920E **GCSTOKEN parameter list (plist)
does not start with 'GCSTOKEN'**

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN plist does not start with GCSTOKEN. The address of the plist points to a storage location that does not contain the string 'GCSTOKEN' in the first eight bytes. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=38. GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Ensure the program using the GCSTOKEN macro has not overlaid any part of the parameter list before invoking the GCSTOKEN function. When using the execute format of the GCSTOKEN macro, be sure the address of the parameter list is correctly loaded into the register specified that contains the address of the plist.

GCT921E **GCSTOKEN function requested
was not CREATE, RETRIEVE, or
DELETE**

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN parameter list does not contain a valid function indicator. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=40. GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Ensure the program using the GCSTOKEN macro has not overlaid any part of the parameter list before invoking the GCSTOKEN function. When using the execute format of the GCSTOKEN macro, be sure the function is specified on either the EXECUTE, LIST, or LIST ADDRESS form of the macro.

GCT922E **GCSTOKEN LEVEL specified was
not COMMON, PRIVATE, or TASK**

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN parameter list does not contain a valid LEVEL. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=42. GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Ensure the program using the GCSTOKEN macro has not overlaid any part of the parameter list before invoking the GCSTOKEN function.

GCT923E **Problem state programs can only issue {CREATE|DELETE} with LEVEL=TASK**

Explanation

An unauthorized program attempted to issue GCSTOKEN CREATE or DELETE specifying a LEVEL other than TASK. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=12. GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Ensure the program using the GCSTOKEN macro is in the proper state to issue the CREATE or DELETE at the LEVEL specified.

GCT925E **Names cannot begin with {'GCT'|X'00'}; {CREATE|DELETE} failed**

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN CREATE or DELETE function was invoked with a NAME that begins with the characters indicated. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=20. GCS processing continues normally.

User response

Alter the NAME of the Name/Token pair so it does not start with the reserved characters **GCT** or **X'00'**. Try the CREATE again.

GCT926S **Insufficient free storage available for GCSTOKEN CREATE function with LEVEL={COMMON|PRIVATE|TASK}**

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN CREATE function was invoked, but the system does not have enough available free storage to satisfy the request. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=104. GCS processing continues normally.

System programmer response

If the LEVEL indicated in the message is COMMON and you have high common storage capabilities, define a larger common storage area using the GROUP EXEC, rebuild GCS, and re-IPL.

User response

If the LEVEL indicated in the message is PRIVATE or TASK, define a larger virtual storage size for the virtual machine and re-IPL GCS. If the LEVEL indicated in the message is COMMON, see the system programmer response.

GCT928E **Only the virtual machine that created a Name/Token pair can DELETE it with LEVEL=COMMON**

Explanation

The GCSTOKEN DELETE function was invoked with LEVEL = COMMON, but the VM user ID of the creator of the pair does not match the VM user ID of the user attempting to DELETE the pair. For common level Name/Token pairs, only the virtual machine that created the pair can delete it. The GCSTOKEN function requested was not performed.

System action

RC=16. GCS processing continues normally.

User response

None. You may want to verify the NAME specified is correct.

TSAF Messages

ATS001I **Initialization is complete. The service level is ssss**

Explanation

This message is issued when all permanent TSAF tasks have been started and TSAF is ready for normal operation. The service level of the code running is ssss.

System action

TSAF is running normally. It will perform its communications functions, as well as dynamic link and collection monitoring. You can enter commands.

Operator response

You can now enter TSAF commands.

ATS002T **Parameter *parameter* is a duplicate or is not valid**

Explanation

The argument, *parameter*, was passed as a parameter on invocation of RUNTSAF. The argument is either invalid or it duplicates a previous argument. TSAF takes any numeric value to be the number of 1K internal trace blocks. If you provide two numeric values, TSAF considers the second a duplicate, even if its value is not the same as the first.

System action

TSAF will terminate with return code 12.

Operator response

Check the TSAF invocation, and restart TSAF with valid parameters.

ATS003I **Termination is in progress**

Explanation

TSAF has accepted a STOP command.

System action

TSAF will terminate with return code 0.

Operator response

None.

ATS004E **Parameter *parameter* is not valid**

Explanation

You entered a parameter on a TSAF command that TSAF does not recognize.

System action

TSAF ignores the command and is ready for another.

Operator response

Correct the command and re-enter it.

ATS005E **A required parameter is missing**

Explanation

A required parameter is missing from the input command.

System action

TSAF ignores the command and is ready for another command.

Operator response

Enter the correct command.

ATS006I **TSAF link statistics and session accounting records will be generated**

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machine directory contains the account option.

System action

TSAF will pass accounting records to CP.

Operator response

No action is required. However, if you do *not* want TSAF accounting records, notify the system administrator so they can delete the account option from the TSAF directory entry.

ATS007I **No TSAF link statistics or session accounting records will be generated**

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machine directory does not contain the account option.

System action

None.

Operator response

No action is required. If, however, you want accounting records, notify the system administrator to add the account option to the TSAF directory entry.

ATS009E *cmd is not a valid TSAF command*

Explanation

You entered a command at the TSAF virtual console that TSAF does not recognize.

System action

TSAF ignores the command and is ready for another.

Operator response

Correct the command and re-enter it.

ATS010I *External trace started*

Explanation

TSAF processed a SET ETRACE ON command.

System action

CMS will write external trace records until it receives a SET ETRACE OFF command.

Operator response

None.

ATS011I *External trace ended*

Explanation

TSAF processed a SET ETRACE OFF command.

System action

External trace records will not be written until a SET ETRACE ON is issued.

Operator response

None.

ATS013I *Trace area size is nnnK*

Explanation

TSAF has obtained an internal trace block of the size specified by *nnn*. This size may be either:

- The default value (40K)
- The value specified as an input argument to TSAF, rounded up to a 4K multiple, if necessary.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

ATS017I *Abend code ccc at aaaaaa*

Explanation

TSAF terminated abnormally, and CMS gave control to the TSAF abend exit routine. TSAF gets the abend code, *ccc*, and the failure address, *aaaaaa*, from the PSW at the time the abend in the abend work area (DMSABW) occurred.

System action

ATSCAB will display this and other problem determination messages at the terminal. Then ATSCAB will take a VMDUMP of the entire TSAF virtual machine, and issue a Load Program Status Word (LPSW) instruction (assuming that CONCEAL is ON) to cause CP to re-IPL the CMS system that the virtual machine is using.

Operator response

Save this information and contact your service representative.

ATS018I *Program old PSW is psw*

Explanation

TSAF terminated abnormally, and CMS gave control to the TSAF abend exit routine. The *psw* is the PSW at the time the abend in the abend work area (DMSABW) occurred. This message usually follows message ATS017I.

System action

See message ATS017I.

Operator response

Save this information and contact your service representative.

ATS019I **Abend modifier is *aaaaaaaaaa***

Explanation

TSAF terminated abnormally, and CMS gave control to the TSAF abend exit routine. The module that invoked the abend set the abend modifier field (CGM_REPORT) to *aaaaaaaaaa*. This is alphanumeric information. The abend code and the abend modifier, together, identify the failure point. This message normally follows message ATS018I.

System action

See message ATS017I.

Operator response

Save this information and contact your service representative.

ATS021I **Failure at offset *nnnn* in module *mmmmmm* dated *yy.ddd***

Explanation

TSAF did a program check or issued an abend *nnnn* bytes into module *mmmmmm*. The *yy.ddd* is the year and day the module was compiled. ATSCAB determines the module name and compilation date from the eye-catcher by assuming register 11 or 12 is the base register.

System action

See message ATS017I.

Operator response

Keep problem information and contact your service representative.

ATS022I **Called from offset *nnnn* in module *mmmmmm* dated *yy.ddd***

Explanation

An instruction *nnnn* bytes into module *mmmmmm* called the module in which the abend occurred. The *yy.ddd* is the year and day *mmmmmm* was compiled.

If the save area contains a non-zero backward pointer, TSAF issues this message after message 021I. TSAF extracts the name and compilation date of the calling module from the eye-catcher.

System action

See message ATS017I.

Operator response

Keep problem information and contact your service representative.

ATS023I **VMDUMP ATSCAB*n* *mm/dd/yy* *hh:mm:ss* taken**

Explanation

A VMDUMP of the entire TSAF virtual machine has been taken. TSAF specified "ATSCAB *mm/dd/yy* *hh:mm:ss*" as the *dumpid operand on the VMDUMP command. On the message identifier:

n = 1
if the dump was invoked during the first entry to the abend exit

n = 2
if the dump was invoked after ATSCAB2 was entered

mm/dd/yy
is the current date

hh:mm:ss
is the current time.

System action

See message ATS017I.

Operator response

Keep problem information and contact your service representative.

ATS024W **Link *linkunit* has not been added**

Explanation

The link specified on either the SET ETRACE LINK command or the ETRACE LINK operand of the RUNTSAF command, has not been added to the TSAF virtual machine.

System action

The command and link information are accepted and stored. When the link is added to the TSAF virtual machine and the TSAF Link Definition table is built, external data tracing will occur for the specified link.

Operator response

Determine whether the link unit was entered correctly on the SET ETRACE LINK command. If not, reissue the command with the correct link unit.

ATS025W **User *userid* has no APPC/VM connection to TSAF**

Explanation

The virtual machine with the user ID specified on either the SET ETRACE USERID command or the ETRACE USERID operand of the RUNTSAF command, has not established an APPC/VM path through the TSAF virtual machine.

System action

The command and user ID information are accepted and stored. When some APPC/VM path activity occurs for the user ID, external tracing will occur for that user ID.

Operator response

Determine whether the user id was entered correctly on the SET ETRACE USERID command. If not, reissue the command with the correct user ID.

ATS075E **NON-NUMERIC COUNT CHARACTER - RETRY**

Explanation

The count field has non-numeric characters.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

ATS076E **FORMATTED DATA ENTRY EXCEEDS MAXIMUM SIZE**

Explanation

You used either a SCROLL or TRACE subcommand with the FORMAT option, but without the FOR count option, to display a trace entry that is too big to fit on the screen.

System action

CP truncates the displayed entry and terminates the subcommand.

User response

View the entry, by doing the following:

1. Note the address of the entry.
2. Issue a TRACE subcommand with the FROM and FOR count options.

ATS077E **CONFLICTING OPERAND - *operand***

Explanation

This message occurs when:

- The same option is specified twice in the same command, or
- The function required by the given option is incompatible with a previously specified operand.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Reissue the command with the operands correctly specified.

ATS078E **OPERAND MISSING OR INVALID**

Explanation

One of the following commands caused an error:

- TRACE subcommand (from module ATSZTR)
 - You specified the SCROLL operand before a TRACE subcommand established a *previous* location.
 - You specified the FOR operand with no count value or an invalid value.
 - You specified the FROM operand with no fromloc value or an invalid value.
 - You used an unknown operand or invalid abbreviation.
- FDISPLAY subcommand (from module ATSZTD)
 - You did not specify parameters on the subcommand.
 - The LINKCTL operand has no parameters.
 - You specified an unknown operand or invalid abbreviation.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Reissue the command with a valid operand.

ATS079I **TRACE TABLE POINTERS INVALID:**
START = *start* END = *end*
CURRENT = *current*

Explanation

While trying to display TSAF trace table entries, it was found that the TSAF trace table pointers in the dump are invalid. Possible causes of the error are:

- The trace table start address is greater than the trace table end address.
- The current trace table address is outside of the trace table.
- The trace table is not an integer number of pages.
- A "FROM" location was not specified and the trace table pointers are invalid.
- A page needed for trace table wrapping is missing from the dump.
- The data at the end of the table is not a valid trace entry.

System action

If you specified a "FROM" location, then the processing of the subcommand will continue at the "FROM" location. The display will not wrap at the trace table start position, and will stop when one of the following occurs:

- The specified count (or default count, if count was not specified) has been reached.
- The address of the next trace entry to display is less than or equal to zero.
- The address of the next trace entry to display is beyond the end of the dump.

If you did not specify a "FROM" location then the subcommand terminates.

User response

If you did not specify a "FROM" location, determine the location of the trace table, and reissue the TRACE command with a "FROM" location specified. If you did specify a "FROM" location, ignore the message.

ATS080I **"FROM" LOCATION OUTSIDE OF**
TRACE TABLE RANGE: *fromloc*
START = *start* END = *end*
CURRENT = *current*

Explanation

The "FROM" location that you specified on the TRACE subcommand points to a location outside of the trace table, while the trace table pointers appear to be valid.

The CURRENT trace table pointer is adjusted to point to the start of the last entry entered in the trace table. The END trace table pointer is adjusted to the start of the entry nearest the bottom of the trace table. You may use any of the displayed pointer values to return to the trace table.

You can start outside of the trace table and scroll into the trace table. In this case, trace table wrapping will not occur unless you restore wrapping by issuing a TRACE without a FROM operand, or specify a "FROM" location within the trace table.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Verify the "FROM" location specified on the TRACE subcommand, and the trace table pointers.

- If the "FROM" location is incorrect, reissue the TRACE subcommand with the correct "FROM" location.
- If the trace table pointers are incorrect and the "FROM" location is correct, ignore the message.

ATS081E **"FROM" LOCATION NOT A VALID**
TRACE ENTRY: *fromloc*

Explanation

The "FROM" location that you specified on the TRACE subcommand does not point to the beginning of a valid trace entry.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Respond to the message that follows (ATSZTS092I or ATSZTS093I).

ATS082E **INVALID TRACE ENTRY FOUND AT**
addr

Explanation

The data at location *addr* is not a valid TSAF trace entry.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Respond to the message that follows (ATSZTS092I or ATSZTS093I).

ATS083E REQUIRED RESOURCES NOT AVAILABLE

Explanation

An error occurred while getting work buffers to process the TRACE subcommand.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

None.

ATS084I PAGE xxxxxxxx NOT FOUND IN DUMP

Explanation

It was determined that the address was to be on a page that does not exist in the dump. Either the TRACE subcommand (module ATSZTS) or the FDISPLAY subcommand (module ATSZTD) may issue this message.

System action

The subcommand will ignore this page and continue processing if possible.

User response

None.

ATS085E INVALID TRACE ENTRY FOUND IN TRACE FILE

Explanation

The current TRACE entry being formatted is not a valid TSAF trace entry. This could be caused if part of the entry was not collected in the TRACE file.

System action

The system displays the entry in dump format without any formatting.

User response

None.

ATS086E NO TRACE ENTRIES FOUND - addr

Explanation

The TRACE subcommand did not find any trace entries at the specified address. This is caused by all or a portion of a trace entry being on a page that is not present in the dump.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Enter a TRACE subcommand with the "FROM" option to return to the trace table.

ATS087E ATTEMPT TO GO BEYOND STORAGE BOUNDARY

Explanation

You tried to scroll beyond the dump storage boundaries.

System action

Subcommand terminates without displaying any trace entries.

User response

Enter a TRACE subcommand without a SCROLL option.

ATS088E UNABLE TO LOCATE TRACE TABLE POINTERS

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- IPCS could not find the pointers in the load map, or the map may be missing or invalid.
- The pointers are on a page that is not present in the dump.

System action

Subcommand terminates and trace table wrapping is disabled.

User response

Enter a TRACE subcommand with the "FROM" option.

ATS089E UNABLE TO LOCATE GLOBAL CONTROL BLOCK (ATSCGM)

Explanation

IPCS did not find the global control block, ATSCGM. The map may be missing or invalid.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Use IPCSMAP to append a valid TSAF load map to the dump, and reissue the FDISPLAY subcommand.

ATS090E UNABLE TO UPDATE THE DUMP WITH THE ABEND PSW AND REGISTER DATA

Explanation

While extracting information from the dump, the TSAF extraction routine detected an error. This error prevented the routine from updating the dump with the PSW and the register information saved when TSAF detected the abend. One of the following caused the error:

- A load map was not appended to the dump (shown by an earlier message).
- The IPCS SVC 199 subcodes did not function properly.

System action

The system stops extracting data from the dump. The system will prompt you for any information that it could not extract from the dump.

User response

Do not rely on the following:

- The register information displayed when you use the register-related subcommands of DUMPSCAN
- The abend PSW and register information displayed when you print the dump using the PRTDUMP facility
- The information in the symptom record.

If possible, determine the location of the following to debug the problem:

- The abend PSW in the dump
- Register information in the dump (if it exists).

You can find the abend PSW and registers by invoking DUMPSCAN to view the file.

If the TSAF and CMS load maps were not appended to the dump then locate the appropriate TSAF and CMS load maps and invoke the IPCSMAP subcommand to append the load maps to the dump.

Once valid load maps have been appended to the dump, use the MAPN subcommand to locate the pointer to the abend PSW and register data. If the comment on the dump (displayed through the DUMPID subcommand) began with:

ATSCAB1

locate the PABNWA field

ATSCAB2

locate the PABNWA2 field.

The appropriate field contains the fullword address of the TSAF ABEND work area. The first 16 fullwords of the abend work area contain the general purpose registers. Following the registers is the abend PSW.

ATS091E DATA FIELD OVERLAPS TRAILER RECORD

Explanation

While using the FORMAT option, IPCS found that a trace entry has a data field length greater than the room for that data field. For example, a data field may contain a length value of five bytes, but only four bytes are available before the start of the trailer record. A storage overlay of the trace table could cause this.

System action

The system displays the data field up to the overlap and displays this message. The system will display the names of any defined data fields that it did not process, along with this message:

EXPECTED DATA NOT IN TRACE ENTRY

Processing continues.

User response

Use the DISPLAY subcommand to check the actual contents of the trace entry.

ATS092I TRACE ENTRY SEARCH STOPPED AT *addr1* TO SEARCH TO LOWER DUMP ADDRESSES, TRY ADDRESS *addr2* TO SEARCH TO HIGHER DUMP ADDRESSES, TRY {ADDRESS *addr3* | "SCROLL"}

Explanation

This message or message ATSZTS093I will follow message ATSZTS081E and ATSZTS082E. An invalid entry was found. There are no valid entries between the invalid entry address specified in message ATSZTS081E or ATSZTS082E and the search end address.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

To continue looking for a trace entry, do one of the following:

- Issue the TRACE subcommand with FROM using addr2 or addr3.
- Issue the TRACE subcommand with the SCROLL operand, depending on the information in the message and the direction you wish to search.

Note: When searching toward the lower dump addresses by specifying FROM, the search proceeds from the FROM location toward the higher dump addresses. Therefore, the first entry found may not be the entry with the highest address. To view all of the valid entries that may be present, display the possible valid entry, and scroll downward until an invalid trace entry is reached.

ATS093I **POSSIBLE TRACE ENTRY AT *addr*
USE THE “FROM” OPERAND TO
DISPLAY THE ENTRY**

Explanation

This message or message ATSZTS092I will follow message ATSZTS081E and ATSZTS082E. An invalid entry was found, but a possible valid entry was found at the address in the message.

System action

Subcommand terminates.

User response

Issue a TRACE subcommand with the address as the FROM location and a FOR count of 1 to display the entry.

ATS094I **THE POINTER TO THE SPECIFIED
STRUCTURE IS ZERO**

Explanation

While trying to locate the requested data structure, the FDISPLAY processing modules detected a pointer that contained the value of zero. A zeroed pointer value indicates one of the following:

- The data structure has not been defined.
- The pointer was overlaid.

System action

The subcommand terminates.

User response

Use the DISPLAY and LOCATE subcommands to try to locate and display the data structure.

ATS095I **THE LINK WAS NOT FOUND IN
THE LINK-TYPE TABLE**

Explanation

You requested a link-type (for example, CTCA) on the FDIPSLAY LINKCTL subcommand. However, TSAF could not find the entry related to the link-type in the link-type table. The link-type table definition is necessary to process the FDISPLAY LINKCTL subcommand.

System action

The subcommand terminates.

User response

Use the DISPLAY and LOCATE subcommands to locate and display the data structure that the FDISPLAY subcommand could not display.

ATS096I **THE DATA STRUCTURE IS EMPTY**

Explanation

The FDISPLAY subcommand detected that there are no entries defined in the data structure that FDISPLAY was to display.

System action

The subcommand terminates.

User response

None.

ATS300T **Error during HNDIUCV SET, return
code = *nnnn***

Explanation

TSAF was unable to issue an HNDIUCV SET CMS function during initialization. The *nnnn* is the HNDIUCV return code.

System action

TSAF will terminate with abend code ATS300.

User response

Restart TSAF. If this message appears again, contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS302T	Cannot connect to *CRM, it is already in use
----------------	---

Explanation

TSAF was unable to connect to the Collection Resource Management (*CRM) system service because it was already in use by another virtual machine.

System action

TSAF will terminate with abend code ATS302.

Operator response

Determine which virtual machine should be connected to the *CRM port, and take appropriate action.

ATS303T	Cannot connect to *CRM, not authorized
----------------	---

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machine was unable to connect to the Collection Resource Management (*CRM) system service because it was not authorized in the z/VM user directory.

System action

TSAF will terminate with abend code ATS303.

Operator response

Make sure you are running TSAF under the correct user ID. If it is the correct user ID, report the problem to your system programmer. You must check the TSAF virtual machine directory for the correct IUCV authorization (that is, it must have an "IUCV *CRM" entry).

ATS304T	Error during CMSIUCV CONNECT to *CRM, return code = nnnn
----------------	---

Explanation

TSAF was unable to issue a CMSIUCV CONNECT CMS function during initialization. The *nnnn* is the CMSIUCV return code.

System action

TSAF will terminate with abend code ATS304.

Operator response

Restart TSAF. If this message appears again, contact your system programmer or service representative. Use the CMSIUCV return code to determine what you should do.

ATS305W	MAXCONN is nnnnn but TSAF will enforce a maximum of nnnnn in accordance with the virtual storage size [nnnnnK]
----------------	---

Explanation

The MAXCONN and the virtual storage size specified for the TSAF virtual machine are in conflict. TSAF will run with a reduced maximum number of connections, which is computed from the virtual storage size. The computation assumes a minimum size of 6MB for the TSAF virtual machine, at which size it allows for support of 128 paths. One more path is allowed for each 4KB available over the 6MB minimum size. This does not guarantee that this number of paths can be supported (that still depends on how heavily used each path is), it is an indication that almost certainly no more paths than the specified number can be supported.

System action

TSAF continues running but will only accept connections up to the second number specified in the message.

User response

Decrease the MAXCONN value specified in the TSAF virtual machine directory entry or increase the TSAF virtual storage size.

ATS310T	Target RECEIVE of PIP indicates bad TSAF
----------------	---

Explanation

The TSAF machine failed to provide for PIP data. The PIP data that the target-side TSAF sent was incorrect and could not be received by the target, or, TSAF mishandled the PIP data which caused an error in

transferring the data to the target. If the PIP data is incorrect, the last point at which it is known to be correct is when the source-side TSAF received the data.

System action

TSAF abends. See message 017I.

Operator response

Contact the appropriate system personnel and provide the dump.

ATS350I **User *userid* connect to resource is severed; pathid *nnnnn* exceeds the connection limit determined by TSAF**

Explanation

TSAF is enforcing the connection limit stated in previous message ATS305W. TSAF has determined that this number of paths cannot be supported with the amount of virtual storage given to the TSAF virtual machine.

System action

The connection is severed with an IPCODE value of X'0610' and TSAF operation continues.

User response

Notify the appropriate systems personnel for your enterprise. You may be successful if you retry your application at a later time, but this is dependent on the usage level of TSAF at the time.

ATS511W **Completion time expired while attempting a JOIN**

Explanation

This TSAF virtual machine was unable to join a collection within the expected time. This happens when several TSAFs are trying to join each other at the same time or when there has been a sharp increase in load coincident with the attempt to join. It can also happen because of a collection partition that the collection has not yet detected.

System action

The TSAF virtual machine will reset its collection management structures and try again to join an appropriate collection.

Operator response

No action is necessary. However, if this happens repeatedly, it may be because there are too many systems trying to join the collection (more than eight systems). Display the collection table at the agent node (the node that this one is trying to join) to determine the current collection size. If the collection already has the maximum number of nodes, then delete the link from this node to the agent to prevent unnecessary repetitions of the attempt to join.

ATS513I **Attempting JOIN with node *nodeid* as the agent**

Explanation

This TSAF virtual machine is trying to join a collection by sending a request-to-join message to node *nodeid*. If *nodeid* is not busy (already engaged in a join) it will become the agent for this TSAF virtual machine in the join protocol.

System action

A request-to-join message is sent to *nodeid*.

Operator response

None.

ATS514W **JOIN aborted because of I-message from node *nodeid***

Explanation

Something changed at another TSAF virtual machine in the collection after the join protocol was started here. This is a normal occurrence when several TSAF virtual machines are involved.

System action

The TSAF virtual machine will reset its collection management structures and try again to join an appropriate collection.

Operator response

None.

ATS515I **Join in progress for node *nodeid*. Agent is *agnode*.**

Explanation

This TSAF collection has begun join processing for node *nodeid*. Node *agnode* is responsible for executing

this join. This message is sent to the TSAF virtual console for each member of the TSAF collection.

System action

This TSAF virtual machine adds *nodeid* to its collection table and schedules the first join synchronization. If this TSAF virtual machine is the indicated agent node, it also sends the *nodeid* the current collection management structures.

Operator response

None.

ATS516I	Node <i>nodeid</i> cannot join, maximum collection size has been reached
----------------	---

Explanation

The collection that *nodeid* is trying to join is at its maximum allowable size.

System action

Node *nodeid* is not allowed to join. The join protocol is aborted.

Operator response

Delete the links between node *nodeid* and the current collection to prevent unnecessary attempts to join.

ATS518I	RESET: collection now has size 1
----------------	---

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machine reset its collection management structures to show it as the only member of its collection. This is a normal occurrence following an unsuccessful attempt to join a collection. It is also one of the stages of initialization. No sessions are interrupted by the reset action. However, new connections cannot be made to remote resources until their collection has been joined.

System action

The TSAF virtual machine will now try to join an appropriate collection by issuing handshake messages on all available links.

Operator response

None.

ATS520I	Synchronization is now NORMAL
----------------	--------------------------------------

Explanation

The logical clocks of the collection are synchronized. This action takes place periodically and at the completion of the join protocol. These messages will be sent to the operator consoles of all members of the collection, including the joiner.

System action

The system adjusts the logical clocks to maintain synchronization.

Operator response

None.

ATS521I	Collection is roughly synchronized
----------------	---

Explanation

This is the first synchronization event of the join protocol. The joining node sets its logical clock as close as possible to the clocks of the collection it is joining. The other nodes send the synchronization messages that will allow it to do this. These messages will be sent to the operator consoles of all members of the collection, including the joiner.

System action

If this TSAF virtual machine is a current member of the collection, it sends a synchronization message to the joiner. If this TSAF virtual machine is the joiner, it has received synchronization messages from a majority of the collection, and can now set its logical clock.

Operator response

None.

ATS530E	Authentication check failed on message from node <i>nodeid</i> Message type: <i>mtype</i>.
----------------	---

Explanation

Node *nodeid* sent an atomic broadcast message, of type *mtype*, that did not pass TSAF's authentication tests.

System action

The system ignores the message.

Operator response

This output can be correlated with the output from the QUERY STATUS command to determine what node, if any, failed to authenticate the message.

ATS531E **Timeliness check failed on message from node *nodeid*. Function=cc, Current time=*curtime*, Origin time=*origtime*, Performance time=*perftime***

Explanation

An atomic broadcast message from node *nodeid* did not pass the timeliness tests. This happens after an unsuccessful attempt to join. However, if it happens frequently, node *nodeid* may be experiencing some trouble.

System action

The system ignores the message.

Operator response

No action is necessary. However, if many nodes show this message referring to node *nodeid* more than once, and the problem does not correct itself within a few minutes, restart the TSAF virtual machine on node *nodeid*.

ATS540I **Node *nodeid* deleted from collection**

Explanation

The node *nodeid* has been deleted from the collection table of each node in the collection. This happens after a detected partition; the collection management structures of *nodeid* no longer agree with the rest of the collection or are not available because *nodeid* stopped communicating. If *nodeid* is still communicating, no sessions are broken. As long as all components are still working correctly, the system repairs the problem by the join protocol.

System action

Node *nodeid* is removed from the collection table. The system attempts to rejoin the node using handshake messages.

Operator response

None.

ATS545I **Join rejected by node *nodeid***

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machine attempted to join a TSAF collection. However, the indicated node rejected this attempt.

System action

The TSAF virtual machine will attempt to join the TSAF collection later.

Operator response

None.

ATS546I **Quiesce broadcasts issued by *nodeid***

Explanation

Node *nodeid* has started to process a join request. The TSAF virtual console for each member of the TSAF collection will receive this message.

System action

The TSAF collection prepares to add a node to the collection and starts join processing as requested by node *nodeid*.

Operator response

None.

ATS547I **Quiesce broadcasts issued by *nodeid* timed out**

Explanation

The join request started by node *nodeid* did not complete. The time period allotted for join processing has expired.

System action

The TSAF virtual machine returns to normal operation.

Operator response

None.

ATS600S **Message with invalid frame type received: *frame-type***

Explanation

The routing group has received a frame with a frame-type value that it is not prepared to handle.

System action

The system discards the message and continues processing.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS601E	Frame discarded. Hop-Count limit reached.
----------------	--

Explanation

Upon receiving a frame to forward to another node, the routing group found that the frame exceeds the forwarding limit.

System action

The system discards the frame and continues processing.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS602E	Incompatible release or service level detected on link <i>linkunit</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machines attempting to communicate through link *linkunit* are incompatible.

System action

The link *linkunit* is deleted from the ATSLINKS file and you will get message 713I. Further communication on the link is prevented until the problem is fixed.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS603E	Duplicate node <i>nodeid</i> detected on link <i>linkunit</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A node with the node ID *nodeid* is already in the TSAF collection.

System action

The link *linkunit* is deleted from the ATSLINKS file and you will get message 713I. Further communication on the link is prevented until the problem is fixed.

Operator response

Contact your system administrator so that he can assign a new and unique node ID to the node indicated in the message.

ATS604E	Incompatible release or service level detected on logical link to LAN node <i>nodeid</i> on link <i>logical_linkunit</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

The TSAF virtual machines attempting to communicate through logical link *logical_linkunit* are incompatible.

System action

The logical link *logical_linkunit* is deleted from the ATSLINKS file, and you will get message ATS713I. Further communication on the logical link is prevented until the problem is fixed.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS605E	Duplicate node <i>nodeid</i> detected on logical link to LAN node <i>LAN_nodeid</i> on link <i>logical_linkunit</i>
----------------	--

Explanation

A node with the node ID *nodeid* is already in the TSAF collection.

System action

The logical link *logical_linkunit* is deleted from the ATSLINKS file and you will get message ATS713I. Further communication on the logical link is prevented until the problem is fixed.

Operator response

Contact your system administrator so that he can assign a new and unique node ID to the node indicated in the message.

ATS700E	Link-Definition table overflow, unable to add the new link <i>linkunit</i>
----------------	---

Explanation

To add the new link, the system must expand the Link-Definition table, but there is not enough storage available to do so.

System action

The system does not accept the defined link.

Operator response

Deleting one or more unneeded links may allow a new one to be added. This condition indicates that the virtual machine is severely short of virtual storage. Whatever is freed by the DELETE LINK command(s) may be exhausted by other TSAF storage requirements before the ADD LINK command can be issued again. Contact your system programmer to correct this shortage.

ATS701E **Driver rejected the new link
*linkunit***

Explanation

The link driver could not complete the addition of the new link. See the message issued before this for the reason.

System action

The system does not add the specified link.

Operator response

Take action according to the preceding message.

ATS702E **Link unit address *vdev* is not valid**

Explanation

The specified virtual device address is not defined for the virtual machine or is not a valid device address, that is, it is not a one, two, or three digit hexadecimal number.

System action

The system does not add the specified link.

Operator response

Correct the command and resubmit it, or have the virtual device attached to this virtual machine as the specified unit address.

ATS703E **Link *linkunit* is not a supported
link type**

Explanation

The device at the specified virtual unit address does not have the required characteristics for a CTCA link.

System action

The system does not add the specified link.

Operator response

Check that the correct device is attached to the virtual machine, correct the command if necessary, and re-enter the command.

ATS704E **Record number *nnnnnnnn* in
ATSLINKS FILE is not valid**

Explanation

The record does not have a correctly specified virtual unit address.

System action

The system does not add the link corresponding to the record.

Operator response

Examine the ATSLINKS FILE. Correct the record that is in error.

ATS705I **Link *linkunit* went down**

Explanation

The link group cannot get a response from the other end of this link. The link device may have a malfunction (in this case, you may have received other messages). Other reasons that you may get this message are that a processor went down or that the TSAF virtual machine at the other end of the link went down.

System action

The system will try to use the link later.

Operator response

Examine the link state and have it fixed if you discover any malfunctions. If there is no problem with the link itself, check on the status of the neighboring system.

ATS706W **Received an interrupt on unit *vdev*,
which is not in the link table**

Explanation

An unexpected interrupt was received from the specified virtual device. The link device may have a malfunction.

System action

The system ignores the interrupt.

Operator response

You do not need to take action unless the condition persists. If the condition does persist, notify your system programmer or service representative.

ATS707I **Link *linkunit* came up**

Explanation

The link group got a response from the other end of this link.

System action

The system will use the new link.

Operator response

None.

ATS708E **An attempt to reset link *vdev* has failed**

Explanation

The driver tried to run a channel program to reset the link device, but the channel program did not complete as expected.

System action

The system will try to use the link later.

Operator response

Check the hardware units associated with the link. If you do not find a problem, contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS710E **Unable to allocate control block for link *linkunit***

Explanation

To add the new link the system must allocate a link control block, but there is not enough storage available to do so.

System action

The system does not add the specified link.

Operator response

Deleting one or more unneeded links may allow a new one to be added. This condition indicates that the virtual machine is severely short of virtual storage. Whatever is freed by the DELETE LINK command(s) may be exhausted by other TSAF storage requirements before the ADD LINK command can be issued again. Contact your system programmer to correct this shortage.

ATS711E **Unable to allocate I/O buffer for the link *linkunit***

Explanation

The attempt to add the link failed.

System action

The system does not add the specified link.

Operator response

Deleting an unneeded link to allow a new one to be added would not work in this case. This condition indicates that the virtual machine is severely short of virtual storage. Contact your system programmer to correct this shortage.

ATS712E **Link unit address *vdev* is a duplicate**

Explanation

A link that uses this virtual unit address has already been added.

System action

The system does not add the link.

Operator response

Delete the other link, or correct the command and re-enter it.

ATS713I **Link *linkunit* deleted**

Explanation

The link that you specified has been deleted.

System action

The system deletes the link.

Operator response

None

ATS714E **Link symbolic destination name
symdest is a duplicate**

Explanation

A link that uses this symbolic destination name already exists.

System action

The system does not add the link.

Operator response

Delete the existing link or retry the ADD LINK command with another symbolic destination name.

ATS715E **Failed to add the definition of
link *linkunit* to ATSLINKS FILE A1.
Return code from FSWRITE was
*nnnn***

Explanation

The system could not modify the definition file, ATSLINKS FILE, as specified by the ADD LINK command.

System action

The system continues operation and will use the defined link, despite the error. However, TSAF will not automatically use the link the next time TSAF starts.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer. You will have to add the new link's definition manually to ATSLINKS FILE A1.

ATS716E **Driver rejected the request to
delete link *linkunit***

Explanation

An internal TSAF or CMS error occurred, which prevented TSAF from an active link.

System action

The system does not accept the delete request.

Operator response

Retry the command. If the retry does not work, inform the system programmer. The link's definition can later be manually deleted from the file ATSLINKS FILE. If a non-APPC link must be removed immediately, detach it from the virtual machine. If an APPC link must be

deleted immediately, you must stop TSAF (issue STOP TSAF) at the next convenient time. When you stop TSAF for either type of link, edit the ATSLINKS FILE to remove the link, and restart TSAF.

ATS717E **Unable to retrieve sense bits from
unit *vdev*, CSW is *csw***

Explanation

Following an I/O error, the link driver tried to issue a Sense I/O channel command to the link device. However, the link driver did not get the expected sense bits.

System action

The system continues operation, but the TSAF virtual machines may partition the collection since the link may not be usable.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS718E **Severe I/O error on unit *vdev*, CSW
is *csw***

Explanation

The link drive encountered a severe I/O error on the specified virtual device. The system displays the Channel Status Word, indicating the error.

System action

The system continues operation, but the TSAF virtual machines may partition the collection since the link may not be usable.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS719W **ATSLINKS FILE not found**

Explanation

The file that TSAF uses to permanently record link definitions does not exist on the virtual machine's A-disk.

System action

The system continues operation, but no link definitions exist.

Operator response

If this is not an expected condition, contact your system programmer. The TSAF virtual machine may be missing the appropriate LINKS and ACCESSES.

ATS720E **Failed to delete the definition of link *linkunit* from ATSLINKS FILE A1. Return code from FSREAD was *nnnn***

Explanation

While trying to do a deletion, a read error occurred on the file that TSAF uses to permanently record link definitions.

System action

The system continues operation. The system will not use the defined link, despite the error.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer. You must eventually delete the file or perform some sort of file recovery such as restore from a backup.

ATS721E **Failed to delete the definition of link *linkunit* from ATSLINKS FILE A1. Return code from FSWRITE was *nnnn***

Explanation

While trying to do a deletion, a write error occurred on the file that TSAF uses to permanently record link definitions.

System action

The system continues operation. The system will not use the defined link, despite the error.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer. You must eventually delete the file or perform some sort of file recovery, such as restore from a backup.

ATS722I **No links are defined**

Explanation

This is a response to the TSAF QUERY LINK command.

System action

None.

Operator response

None.

ATS723E **Link *linkunit* not found**

Explanation

This is a response to a TSAF QUERY or DELETE LINK command.

System action

None.

Operator response

Retry the appropriate TSAF command and specify another link.

ATS724I **Link *linkunit* added**

Explanation

This is a response to the TSAF ADD LINK command.

System action

The system will now try to use this link.

Operator response

None.

ATS725E ***vdev* is not a valid device address for link type *linktype***

Explanation

You specified an invalid device address in the ADD LINK command. The subchannel portion of the first address must be in the range of X'00' through X'F8'.

System action

The defined link is not accepted.

User response

Reenter the command with the correct device address. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS726E **Link-Definition table expansion failed, unable to add logical link for LAN link *vdev***

Explanation

Due to lack of storage, recording information about a node on the Local Area Network (LAN) that connects TSAF failed.

System action

Communication with the specified node is not possible.

User response

You must provide the TSAF virtual machine with more storage and restart it now or when local operating procedures indicate. Otherwise, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS727E **Unit *vdev* is not a valid device for link type *linktype***

Explanation

One of the four addresses for Ethernet** LAN (ELAN) or Token Ring LAN (TLAN) subsystem links is not a 3088 type of device and/or does not return device-specific data indicating that the device is a 9221 LAN subsystem, or the consecutive virtual device addresses do not map to consecutive real addresses.

System action

The link is not accepted.

User response

Reenter the command with the correct device address. Make sure the correct device is attached to the TSAF virtual machine and there is not an error in the TSAF VM directory entry or in the system I/O definition. Otherwise, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS730E **Unit *linkunit* DIAGNOSE X'98' error, return code *rc***

Explanation

The link driver could not complete initialization for the indicated link.

System action

The system does not add the link.

User response

Fix the problem as indicated by the return code. For more information about DIAGNOSE X'98' return codes, refer to *z/VM: CP Programming Services*.

ATS735I **Logical link to LAN node *LANaddr* on link *vdev* went down**

Explanation

The logical link created by TSAF cannot receive a response from the other TSAF node on the LAN. The link device may have a malfunction (in this case, you may have received other messages). You can also get this message if a processor went down or the TSAF virtual machine at the other end of the link went down.

System action

The system retries the link every 65-90 seconds.

User response

Examine the link state and have it fixed if you discover any malfunctions. If there is no problem with the link itself, check the status of the neighboring system.

ATS737I **Logical link to LAN node *LANaddr* on link *vdev* came up**

Explanation

The logical link created by TSAF cannot receive a response from the other TSAF node on the LAN.

System action

The system uses the new link.

User response

None.

ATS738E **Unable to identify resource *resid* to CMS. HNDIUCV SET function failed. R15 = *xxxx***

Explanation

TSAF was unable to identify the resource name to CMS.

System action

TSAF communications across APPC links will not work.

Operator response

Use the R15 return code to determine why the HNDIUCV SET function failed and correct the problem. Stop TSAF (issue STOP TSAF) and restart TSAF (issue RUNTSAF) at the next convenient time. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS739E **APPCVM macro failed on link
symdest. IPSENDOP = xx, IPAUDIT
= xx**

Explanation

TSAF was unable to process data across an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring the link back up the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the return codes to determine why the APPCVM macro failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system administrator or system programmer.

ATS740E **CMSIUCV ACCEPT function failed
on link symdest. R15 = xxxx**

Explanation

TSAF was unable to establish communications on an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring the link back up the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the R15 return code to determine why the CMSIUCV ACCEPT function failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS741E **APPCVM RECEIVE function failed
on link symdest. IPRCODE = xx**

Explanation

TSAF was unable to receive data across an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring up the link the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the IPRCODE return code to determine why the APPCVM RECEIVE function failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS742E **CMSIUCV CONNECT function
failed on link symdest. R15 = xx**

Explanation

TSAF was unable to establish communications on an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring the link back up the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the R15 return code to determine why the CMSIUCV CONNECT function failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS743E **APPCVM SENDDATA function
failed on link symdest. IPRCODE =
xx**

Explanation

TSAF was unable to send data on an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring the link back up the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the IPRCODE return code to determine why the APPC SENDDATA function failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS744E **Invalid transaction program name
tpn1 specified in the CMS
communications directory for link**

symdest*. The transaction program name must be *tpn2

Explanation

The transaction program name specified in the CMS communications directory on the TSAF virtual machine's user level directory is invalid for the specified link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will not be added.

Operator response

Replace the invalid transaction program name with the correct transaction program name specified in the error message. Retry the ADD LINK command. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS745E **The gateway name *gatelu* and target LU name *targetlu* combination for link *symdest* is a duplicate**

Explanation

The gateway name and target LU name combination is already defined for an existing APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will not be added.

Operator response

Replace the gateway name and target LU name combination specified in the CMS communications directory on the TSAF virtual machine. Retry the command. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS746E **APPCVM SENDDATA function failed on link *symdest*. IPCODE = *xx*, IPWHATRC = *xx***

Explanation

TSAF was unable to send data on a APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring the link back up the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the return codes to determine why the APPC SENDDATA function failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS747E **APPCVM RECEIVE function failed on an APPC link. IPRCODE = *xx***

Explanation

TSAF was unable to receive data while trying to establish an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will not be brought up. TSAF will attempt to bring up the link the next time it monitors the status of the link.

Operator response

Use the IPRCODE to determine why the APPCVM RECEIVE function failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS748E **APPCVM macro failed on link *symdest*. IPSENDOP = *xx*, IPWHATRC = *xx***

Explanation

TSAF was unable to process data on an APPC link.

System action

The appropriate APPC link will be brought down. TSAF will attempt to bring the link back up the next time it monitors the status of the link.

User response

Use the return codes to determine why the APPCVM macro failed and correct the problem. If the problem continues, contact your system programmer or system administrator.

ATS794I **Sense bits are 'xx'X**

Explanation

An I/O error on the link caused the link driver to do a Sense I/O to the device.

System action

The system will try the I/O again later.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS795I **Retry limit exceeded on unit vdev**

Explanation

An I/O error occurred on the device and the I/O was retried without success.

System action

The system will try the I/O again later.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS796I **Bad I/O completion on unit vdev,
CSW is csw**

Explanation

The link driver did not get the expected result.

System action

The system will try another I/O operation some time later.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS797I **Unit-check indicated on unit vdev**

Explanation

The CSW indicated a unit check on the specified device.

System action

The system will try another I/O operation later.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS798W **Unexpected CSW (csw) for unit
vdev**

Explanation

The specified CSW was not expected as a result of the last I/O operation.

System action

The system will try another I/O operation later.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer.

ATS799I **Unit vdev is not operational**

Explanation

You will get this message in response to one of the following:

- The TSAF ADD LINK command
- Any time that TSAF receives a *not operational* indication on an I/O operation to the specified virtual device.

System action

The system will try another I/O operation later.

Operator response

Check to see that the device is properly connected to the system. If all connections are correct and the system programmer verifies that the CP system generation is correct, then the device needs to be repaired.

ATS888T **Unable to obtain storage for
structure**

Explanation

The TSAF module that issued the message has issued a request to CMS to get storage for the specified structure, *structure*. CMS diagnosed an error on the request. The problem may have occurred because the TSAF virtual machine had insufficient virtual storage.

System action

TSAF will abend with code ATS888.

Operator response

Provide more storage for the TSAF virtual machine, and restart TSAF. If it fails again, contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS890T **Unable to release storage for
structure**

Explanation

The TSAF module that issued the message has issued a request to return to CMS the storage for the specified structure. CMS diagnosed an error on that request.

System action

TSAF will abend with code ATS890.

Operator response

Keep the problem information and contact your system programmer or service representative.

ATS999T**TSAF system error.****Explanation**

The TSAF module that issued this message encountered a condition that should not have occurred

System action

TSAF will abend with code ATS999.

Operator response

Contact your system programmer or service representative.

VMSES/E Messages

VMSES/E issues messages that have a prefix of VMF. For message explanations, system actions, and suggested user responses, see:

- “VMF002E - VMF1490E” on page 211
- “VMF1507E - VMF3064I” on page 244
- “VMF4000I - VMF4208E” on page 361.

VMF002E - VMF1490E

VMF002E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **File *fn ft* not found**
- **Update file *fn ft* not found**
- **Control file *fn ft* not found**
- **Product parameter file *fn ft* not found**
- **Part handler *fn ft* not found**
- **User exit *fn ft* not found**
- **Build list *fn ft* not found**
- **PTF part list *fn ft* not found**
- **Part *fn ft* of PTF *ptfnum* not found**
- **Apply list *fn ft* not found**
- **Message log *fn ft* not found**
- **Product exec *fn ft* not found**
- **Software Inventory file *fn ft* not found**
- **Envelope *fn ft* not found**
- **Product processing exit *fn ft* not found**
- **Language function *fn ft* not found**
- **Product parts file *fn ft* not found**
- **Parts catalog *fn ft fm* not found**

The specified file is required by the procedure being run but does not exist on the appropriate set of disks. The set of disks being searched depends on the file.

System action

RC = 8 or 28.

On a return code of 8, the command processing continues bypassing the failing sub-function. On a return code of 28, the command processing stops due to the file not found condition.

User response

Determine why the file was not found. Possible reasons include:

- The required disks were not accessed.
- The required file was inadvertently erased.
- An incorrect file was specified.
- If the message was issued for an apply list, VMFREC may not have been run prior to VMFAPPLY. In this case, the apply list that is being searched for has not been loaded to disk yet.

If the correct file can be located, ensure that it is on the correct disk and the disk is accessed. Then retry the procedure.

VMF002W **Tailored part *fn ft* not found**

Explanation

During migration the specified file could not be found on any accessed disks. The tailored part was not migrated to the new product.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

If the tailored file is located, migrate the tailored file manually to its target disk. If the file was not found, then the tailorings will have to be manually added to the new file.

VMF003E **Invalid option *option***

Explanation

The specified option is invalid. This may have been caused by one of the following:

- It may have been misspelled.
- If the option is truncatable, it may have been truncated improperly.

- It may conflict with another option in the command line.
- It may be invalid with a command parameter.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Correct and reissue the command.

VMF017E **Invalid device [address vdev | type devtype]**

Explanation

If the first variation appears then either the device address was not specified correctly or the device was not accessed. If the second variation appears then the device type entered is not a supported device type.

System action

RC=100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Check the specified device address and reissue the command. The valid device addresses for z/VM are:

- 0001 through 1FFF for a System/370 mode virtual machine
- 0001 through FFFF for a 370-XA or XC mode virtual machine

If the device type is invalid, rerun the command with a valid device type.

VMF056E **File *fn ft fm* contains invalid record format**

Explanation

The specified file is being used by the Patch facility and the file has entries which are not valid. Possible causes are:

- No loader was specified in the build list
- An entry in the CNTRL file was not valid
- The Patch update file has missing or incorrect statements

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Review the description of the Patch Facility and the syntax of Patch Update files, build lists and CNTRL files. Make any necessary corrections and reissue the command.

VMF066E **[*option1* and *option2* are conflicting options | Conflicting option *option* with operand *operand*]**

Explanation

The specified options are conflicting. This may have been caused by one of the following:

- The specified options are mutually exclusive and must not be specified in the same command.
- It may be in conflict with a command operand parameter.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Enter the command again after the conflicting option has been removed.

VMF071E **ERASE * * *fm* | * not allowed**

Explanation

You cannot erase all files on all accessed file modes using the ERASE command. You can enter asterisks for the file name and file type, but you must specify the file mode letter and number.

System action

RC=24. Command execution terminates. The system status remains the same.

User response

To erase all files on a minidisk, enter the FORMAT command. For both minidisks and SFS directories, you can erase all files by using the ACCESS command with the ERASE option. (All files on the disk or directory are

erased the first time you write a new file on the disk or directory.)

VMF104E **Error *nnn* reading file *fn ft fm* [from disk or directory] [RC = *rc* from command]**

Explanation

An irrecoverable error occurred while reading the file from a disk or an SFS directory. Internally, the FSREAD macro reads the file. The *nnn* is the return code from FSREAD and indicates the nature of the error. For FSREAD return code definitions, refer to [z/VM: CMS Macros and Functions Reference](#).

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

If you can determine the problem from the Explanation, remedy the condition and enter the command again. If not, retry the command. If the problem persists, call your system support personnel.

The problem may be that the in-core directory for the minidisk that contains the file being loaded does not match the actual directory. The real disk directory may have been changed since the disk was last accessed, or if on the system disk, the saved system may need to be saved again.

For error code 09, enter an FSCLOSE macro for the file. If a permanent disk read error occurs (code 3), it may be the result of the user having detached a virtual disk without releasing it. Not realizing that the disk is no longer part of the virtual machine, CMS assumes that the disk is still active, and encounters an error when it tries to read or write the file.

VMF113E **Printer 00E not attached**

Explanation

The specified device is not attached to the virtual machine.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Use the CP command DEFINE to attach the device to your virtual machine.

VMF130E **Member *name* not found in library *libfn libft libfm***

Explanation

The member specified was not found in the temporary macro library *libfn libft libfm* that was created. The member *name* specified in the message is needed to generate the CP load exec. The label name in the macro may be different than the macro file name.

System action

RC=28. Processing terminates because the member was not found in the library.

User response

Change the label name to be the same as the macro file name and enter the command again.

VMF156E **{FROM|Record} *nnn* not found-- [the] file [*fn ft fm*] has only *nnn* records.**

Explanation

The FROM option was given in the command line or set up by the DEFAULTS command to specify the starting record of the copying operation, but the specified input file does not contain that many records.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Enter the command again, specifying a valid starting record.

VMF283E **The *name* saved segment could not be found; condition code *cc*, return code *rc* from FINDSYS**

Explanation

This error was caused by one of the following reasons:

- The FINDSYS function (DIAGNOSE code X'64') did not find the specified saved segment.
- If the condition code is 2 and the return code is 44, the saved segment has not been defined on a CP DEFSEG and CP SAVESEG command.

For a complete description of the FINDSYS function and its return codes, refer to [z/VM: CP Programming Services](#).

System action

RC=128. Execution of the command terminates.

User response

Respond according to why the message was generated.

The return code is related to a DIAGNOSE X'64' error following invocation by the FINDSYS command. For more information about DIAGNOSE X'64', refer to [z/VM: CP Programming Services](#).

VMF337E **Saved segment name *name* is longer than eight characters**

Explanation

The name of a saved segment cannot be more than eight characters long.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops.

User response

Start the command with a valid saved segment name.

VMF386E **Missing operand(s)**

Explanation

One or more operands were missing on the invocation of the previously issued command.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

VMF387E **messages**

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Missing *value_type* for operand operand**
2. ***function* function error; missing value for operand operand**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The *value_type* is missing for the indicated operand. The possible variations for *value_type* that can appear in the message text are:

- alphanumeric string
- application identifier
- character [string]
- device address
- directory id
- execname
- exectype
- filemode[, filepoolid,] or directory id
- filename
- filepoolid
- filetype
- [hexadecimal] number
- [negative|positive] integer
- value

2. A required value for the listed operand is missing from the command.

System action:

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response:

Enter the command again with the correct syntax.

VMF389E **messages**

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. Invalid *operand_type*: *operand*
2. ***function* function error; invalid compname: *value***
3. ***function* function error; invalid filemode: *value***
4. ***function* function error; invalid operand: *value***
5. ***function* function error; invalid PPF name: *value***
6. ***function* function error; invalid PROID: *value***
7. ***function* function error; invalid REXX stem variable: *value***
8. ***function* function error; invalid REXX variable: *value***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The indicated *operand* is not valid for the *operand_type*. The possible variations for *operand_type* that can appear in the message text are:
 - alphanumeric string
 - application identifier
 - character [string]
 - compname
 - device address

- **directory ID**
- **execname**
- **exectype**
- **filemode[, filepoolid,] or directory id**
- **filename**
- **filepoolid**
- **filetype**
- **[hexadecimal] number**
- **namedef**
- **[negative|positive] integer**
- **operand**
- **PTF/APAR number**
- **REXX [stem] variable**
- **tag**

2. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.
3. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.
4. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.
5. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.
6. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.
7. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.
8. The indicated *value* is not valid, causing an error for the indicated function.

System action:

RC=24. Command processing stops.

User response:

Enter the command again with the correct syntax.

VMF390E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Invalid *value_type value* for *operand operand***
2. ***function function error; invalid REXX stem variable value* for *operand operand***
3. ***function function error; invalid REXX variable value* for *operand operand***
4. ***function function error; invalid value value* for *operand operand***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The *value_type value* is not valid for the indicated operand. The possible variations for *value_type* that can appear in the message text are:

- **alphanumeric string**
- **application identifier**
- **character [string]**
- **device address**
- **directory id**
- **execname**
- **exectype**
- **filemode[, filepoolid,] or directory id**
- **filename**
- **filepoolid**
- **filetype**
- **[hexadecimal] number**
- **namedef**
- **[negative|positive] integer**
- **REXX [stem] variable**
- **tag**
- **value**

2. The *value* value is not valid for the indicated operand, causing an error in the indicated function.
3. The *value* value is not valid for the indicated operand, causing an error in the indicated function.
4. The *value* value is not valid for the indicated operand, causing an error in the indicated function.

System action:

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response:

Enter the command again with the correct syntax.

VMF391E **Unexpected operand(s): *operands***

Explanation

The operand(s) *operands* should not appear where they do on the invocation of this command.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

VMF391W **Unexpected operand(s): *operand***

Explanation:

The indicated operand is not needed for the command that was entered.

System action:

The operand(s) *operand* is ignored. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF392E **Missing option *option***

Explanation

A required option was missing on the issued command. Required options are based on the other operands and options specified.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

VMF393E **Missing *value_type* for *option*
option**

Explanation

The *value_type* is missing for the indicated option. The possible variations for *value_type* that can appear in the message text are:

- alphanumeric string
- application identifier
- character [string]
- device address
- directory id
- execname
- exectype
- filemode[[, filepoolid,] or directory id]
- filename
- filepoolid
- filetype
- [hexadecimal] number
- namedef
- [negative|positive]integer
- REXX [stem] variable
- tag
- value

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Enter the command again with the correct syntax.

VMF394E **Invalid option: *option***

Explanation

The option given on the invocation of this command is not valid.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

VMF395E **Invalid {*value_type value* |
tag_name string string_name} for
*option option***

Explanation

One of the following was not valid for the indicated option:

- The *value* entered for the *value_type* indicated; the possible variations for *value_type* that can appear in the message text are:
 - alphanumeric string
 - application identifier
 - character [string]
 - device address
 - directory id
 - execname
 - exectype
 - filemode[[, filepoolid,] or directory id]
 - filename
 - filepoolid
 - filetype
 - [hexadecimal] number
 - namedef
 - [negative|positive] integer
 - REXX [stem] variable
 - tag
 - value

- The *string_name* entered relating to the *tag_name* indicated.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops due to the command syntax error.

User response

Enter the command again with the correct syntax.

VMF448E **Country code code not in VMFNLS
LANGLIST**

Explanation

The source file name specified on the VMFNLS command contains a country code (*code*) that is not in the VMFNLS LANGLIST file. The country code is the 7th and 8th characters of the source file name.

System action

RC=28. Command processing stops.

User response

Rerun VMFNLS with a source file which contains a valid country code.

VMF622E **Insufficient storage for VMFRDTBL**

Explanation

Insufficient storage was available for VMFRDTBL.

System action

RC=91. Command processing stops.

User response

Correct the problem and restart the procedure.

VMF622W **Insufficient free storage for
VMFRDTBL buffer; processing
continues**

Explanation

Insufficient storage was available for VMFRDTBL to create a buffer containing information for the input file. The requested buffer size, or the size of the file, was too large in terms of the available free storage.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues. No buffer is created, and processing continues reading the input file from the disk. The buffer size is set to 0 so future invocations of VMFRDTBL will not cause this warning to be displayed.

User response

None.

VMF633E **Too many tags were encountered--
maximum is 64 per line**

Explanation

While searching the input file, an entry was encountered that contained more than 64 tags (overflowing the internal tag tables of the VMFRDTBL command). This record was not processed correctly by VMFRDTBL.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Ensure the entries in your input file do not have more than 64 tags, then enter the command again.

VMF633W **Returned values were truncated**

Explanation

The values returned were too long and were truncated.

System action

RC=88. The values are truncated.

User response

None.

VMF634E **No value to search for was
specified**

Explanation

The VMFRDTBL command was entered without a search value (a tag with a value).

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Enter the command again with at least one tag with a value to indicate what VMFRDTBL should search for.

VMF635I **No entries were found that
matched your search criteria**

Explanation

VMFSIM was unable to locate an entry that matches the search criteria specified on the command line.

System action

RC=32. Processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF1015E **EXECIO error reading file *fn ft fm*
from disk**

Explanation

There was an I/O error reading the indicated file.

System action

RC=100. Command execution stops.

User response

If the disk is read-only, ensure it has not been modified since the last access, and try accessing the disk again. For more information about the EXECIO command, refer to [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

VMF1016E **EXECIO error writing file *fn ft fm*
on disk**

Explanation

There was an I/O error writing the indicated file.

System action

RC=100. Command execution stops.

User response

Correct the problem and start the command again. For more information about the EXECIO command, refer to [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

VMF1032I **The following products were
selected:**

Explanation

You pressed the PF5 EXECUTE key on the DIRECGEN panel and the list of selected products is displayed.

System action

Command execution continues.

User response

Review the list to make sure you selected the correct products.

VMF1034E **Invalid product specification code
prodspec; correct your input and
run INSTFPP again for all selected
products**

Explanation

You passed an invalid product specification code as a parameter to INSTFPP. A product specification code is seven to nine characters long and is a combination of the product number and the feature identification code. If there is no feature identification code for this product, then the product specification code must be exactly seven characters long. You can leave a blank between the product number and the feature identification code.

System action

RC = 24. Command execution stops.

User response

Invoke the command with a valid product specification code. Refer to the FEATURE\$ PRODUCTS file, Program Directory, or Memo to Users to obtain the valid product specification code.

VMF1035W ***prodnum* must be entered with
a feature identification code;
prodnum idcode was found on the
tape**

Explanation

The product *prodnum* has features. Each feature has its own feature identification code. You must specify both the product number and the idcode together on the command line.

System action

Command execution continues.

User response

Invoke the command with valid product specification codes.

VMF1036I **Memo to Users, *fn ft*, has been printed**

Explanation

The Memo to Users for the optional feature being processed has been spooled to the virtual printer.

System action

Command execution continues.

User response

Retrieve the printed file from the real printer if the appropriate spooling options are in effect.

VMF1037W **The following selected product numbers were not found on the tape: *prodnums***

Explanation

One or more of the products specified on the command line or selected from the panel is not on the tape at virtual address 181. The wrong tape might be mounted, or you did not correctly enter the product specification codes on the command line.

System action

RC = 85. Command execution continues.

User response

Make sure the correct tape is mounted, and invoke the command with the correct parameters.

VMF1038E **Error printing *fn ft fm*; return code *rc* from the CMS PRINT command**

Explanation

The PRINT command with the CC option failed while trying to print the Memo to Users.

System action

RC = 27. Command execution stops.

User response

Correct the problem and invoke the command again. For more information about the PRINT command, refer to [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

VMF1039E **Terminal is in line mode, so the INSTFPP user assistance panel cannot be displayed; INSTFPP arguments must be entered on the command line**

Explanation

You must invoke INSTFPP with parameters and/or options if the terminal is in line mode, even if you want all the default options.

System action

RC = 600. Command execution stops.

User response

Invoke the command with parameters and/or options.

VMF1041E **Error {scanning|forwarding} tape *vdev*; return code *rc* from the CMS VMFPLC2 command**

Explanation

An error occurred while forward spacing or scanning the tape. There is either a hardware problem or a tape error. The tape position is unknown.

System action

RC = 45. Command execution stops.

User response

Make sure your hardware is working properly and you have the correct tape mounted. Then, invoke the command again. If the problem persists, contact your IBM Customer Service Representative if you suspect a hardware problem or contact the IBM Support Center if you suspect a problem with the tape itself.

VMF1042E **Device at virtual address *vdev* does not exist**

Explanation

One of the following occurred:

- You invoked SERVICE with a tape address that is not attached to MAINT.
- You invoked INSTFPP without specifying the real address of the stacked program product tape.

System action

RC = 40 or 100. Command execution stops.

User response

Attach the tape unit to MAINT as *vdev* or invoke INSTFPP specifying the real address of the tape unit.

VMF1043E **A Product Identifier file is missing on the tape**

Explanation

INSTFPP did not find a required file on the tape. The tape might have been incorrectly positioned during the installation process.

System action

RC =87. Command execution stops.

User response

Make sure the correct tape is mounted and rewrapped, and invoke the command again. If the problem persists, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF1044R **Press <ENTER> to continue or type in any character before pressing <ENTER> to return to the panel:**

Explanation

A list of products selected on the DIRECGEN panels has been displayed after pressing the PF5 EXECUTE key. Execution can continue or the panel can be redisplayed.

System action

The system waits for a response.

User response

After reviewing the product list for accuracy, respond to the prompt accordingly.

VMF1045E **Error defining temporary work minidisk *vdev*; return code *rc* from the CP DEFINE command**

Explanation

The CP DEFINE command failed with return code *rc*. If RC = 91, there might be insufficient temporary disk space available on the system.

System action

RC = 30. Command execution stops.

User response

Correct the problem and invoke the command again. For more information about the DEFINE command, refer to *z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference*.

VMF1046I **Virtual device *vdev1* has been redefined to *vdev2***

Explanation

The virtual device at *vdev1* has been moved to another virtual address, either to avoid detaching the original virtual device or because a particular virtual address is needed for the command to continue.

System action

The virtual address of the device is redefined. Command execution continues.

User response

No user action is required.

VMF1047I **Starting to process Program Product *prodnum idcode*...**

Explanation

INSTFPP has started to process *prodnum idcode*.

System action

INSTFPP processes the product according to the options specified.

User response

No user action is required.

VMF1049E **Product numbers may not be specified with the *option* option**

Explanation

You cannot enter product numbers on the command line with the option *option*.

System action

RC = 24. Command execution stops.

User response

Invoke the command with correct parameters and options.

VMF1050E **There were no Program Products found on the tape**

Explanation

The tape is correctly mounted and in VMFPLC2 format, but it is not a stacked program product tape for use with INSTFPP.

System action

RC = 80. Command execution stops.

User response

Mount the correct tape and invoke the command again.

VMF1051I **Now updating the PROD LEVEL file....**

Explanation

INSTFPP updates the PROD LEVEL file with history information after installing an optional feature program product.

System action

The PROD LEVEL file on either MAINT's 319 minidisk or the user's 191 minidisk (if the user does not have access to MAINT's 319 minidisk) is updated with information about the version, release, modification, and service level of the installed product. Further installation requirements are briefly detailed. The return code is recorded if a severe error occurred during installation exec processing.

User response

No user action is required.

VMF1052R **Do you wish to install this product now (yes or no)?**

Explanation

INSTFPP displays this prompt if the options Install and Prompt are active (specified on the command line, from the user data entry panel, or by default).

System action

INSTFPP waits for a response.

User response

If you respond YES, the product installation exec is called to install the product, and the Memo to Users is printed if the Memo option is in effect. If you respond NO, INSTFPP bypasses this product, and processing continues with the next product on the tape.

VMF1053R **Do you wish to print the Memo to Users now (yes or no)?**

Explanation

INSTFPP displays this prompt if the options NOInstall and Prompt are active (specified on the command line or from the user data entry panel).

System action

INSTFPP waits for a response.

User response

If you respond YES, the Memo to Users is printed. Otherwise, processing continues with the next product on the tape. The product is not installed in either case.

VMF1054I **Now formatting temporary workdisk vdev as fm...**

Explanation

A temporary minidisk is being prepared for the installation process to use. The formatting process can take some time.

System action

The minidisk is formatted. Command execution continues.

User response

None.

VMF1056I **Installation EXEC failed...**

Explanation

An installation exec called by INSTFPP exited with a return code other than 0, 777, or 888. Product installation was not completed.

System action

INSTFPP continues processing with the next product on the tape.

User response

Once INSTFPP finishes processing, look at the PROD LEVEL file on MAINT's 319 minidisk to determine the return code from the failed installation exec, or look at the console file in the virtual reader. Correct the problem and invoke the command again.

VMF1057I **Leaving INSTFPP EXEC...**

Explanation

INSTFPP has finished processing.

System action

INSTFPP restores the environment (accessed disks, spool file characteristics) to its previous state and exits.

User response

No user action is required.

VMF1058E **A valid real tape address must be entered**

Explanation

The tape unit address specified on the INSTFPP data entry panel is not a valid device address. A valid device address consists of three or four consecutive hexadecimal digits (0-F).

System action

The cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

User response

Obtain the real address of the tape unit that has the stacked product tape mounted. The command CP QUERY TAPE can be helpful. Type the real address on the data entry panel and press ENTER.

VMF1059E **Reply must be "Y" or "N"**

Explanation

Only Y (for YES) and N (for NO) are valid entries in the field.

System action

The cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

User response

Type either Y or N in the appropriate field and press ENTER.

VMF1060E **Option must be 1, 2 or 3**

Explanation

Only 1, 2, and 3 are valid processing options.

System action

The cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

User response

Type a 1, 2, or 3 in the appropriate field and press ENTER.

VMF1061E **Device at real address *rdev* does not exist**

Explanation

The device address you entered on the INSTFPP data entry panel is not the real address of any device. You might have entered a virtual address instead of a real address.

System action

The cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

User response

Obtain the real address of the tape unit on which the stacked product tape is mounted. The command CP QUERY TAPE can be helpful. Type the real address on the data entry panel and press ENTER.

VMF1062E **Device at real address *rdev* is not a tape unit**

Explanation

The device address you entered on the INSTFPP data entry panel is not the real address of a tape unit. You might have entered a virtual address instead of a real address.

System action

The cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

User response

Obtain the real address of the tape unit that has the stacked product tape mounted. The command CP QUERY TAPE can be helpful. Enter the real address on the data entry panel and press ENTER.

VMF1063E **Error attaching device *rdev* as *vdev***

Explanation

The device at real address *rdev* could not be attached as virtual address *vdev*. Make sure the device is not attached to another user and MAINT has user privilege class A or B.

System action

RC = 40.

(In panel mode), the cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

(In line mode), command execution stops.

User response

(In panel mode), try to correct the problem using the panel command line to enter CP/CMS commands. Continue processing the panel or press PF3 to QUIT.

(In line mode), correct the problem and invoke the command again.

For more information about the CP ATTACH command, refer to *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*.

VMF1064E **Error rewinding tape; return code *rc* from the CP REWIND command**

Explanation

The device at virtual address 181 might not be a tape unit or there might be a hardware tape unit error.

System action

RC = 40.

(In panel mode), the cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

(In line mode), command execution stops.

User response

(In panel mode), try to correct the problem using the panel command line to enter CP/CMS commands. Continue processing the panel or press PF3 to QUIT.

(In line mode), correct the problem and invoke the command again.

For more information about the CP REWIND command, refer to *z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference*.

VMF1065E **Rewind not performed; device *vdev* not ready**

Explanation

The tape unit is attached as *vdev*, but the CP REWIND command returned the response REWIND NOT PERFORMED. Possible explanations are: the tape is not mounted properly, the tape is not ready, or the tape is still rewinding from a previous CP REWIND *vdev*.

System action

RC = 40.

(In panel mode), the cursor moves to the field needing correction. The system waits for user input from the data entry panel.

(In line mode), command execution stops.

User response

Make sure the tape unit is operating correctly and the tape is mounted properly.

(In panel mode), make sure the tape is ready and press ENTER to reprocess the panel or press PF3 to QUIT.

(In line mode), make sure the tape is ready and invoke the command again.

VMF1066E **Return code *rc* from ACCESS *vdev* mode**

Explanation

The access of a minidisk needed for command execution failed.

System action

RC = 36. Command execution stops.

User response

Ensure all required minidisks are attached and invoke the command again. For more information about the ACCESS command, refer to *z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference*.

VMF1067E **Return code *rc* from the CMS XEDIT command**

Explanation

A nonzero return code was returned from the XEDIT command.

System action

Execution of the command is terminated. The system status remains the same.

User response

Check the return code explanation on the XEDIT command. Make sure you are authorized to use the file and that the file is not locked.

VMF1068E **Error copying Memo to Users to *userid vaddr* fm disk: Return code *rc* from the CMS COPYFILE command**

Explanation

The COPYFILE command failed with the specified return code.

System action

RC=29. Command execution stops.

User response

Ensure the disk cited in the message is linked in read-write mode and has sufficient DASD space. Enter the command again. For more information about the COPYFILE command, refer to [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

VMF1069E **Error formatting temporary work minidisk *vdev*; return code *rc* from the CMS FORMAT command**

Explanation

The FORMAT command failed with return code *rc*.

System action

RC=35. Command execution stops.

User response

Correct the problem and enter the command again. For more information about the FORMAT command, refer to [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

VMF1070I **Creating *appid* PSUPLAN file at service level *servlev* for component *compname* in PPF *ppfname*.**

Explanation

A file called *appid* PSUPLAN is created that contains:

- The messages that VMFPSU issued
- The PTFs that are on the PSU media, but not on the system
- The PTFs on the system that would have to be reapplied
- Any PTFs excluded from the list of PTFs to be applied from the PSU media
- Any parts with local modifications that would be affected by PTFs from the Product Service Upgrade (PSU) media; these local modifications will have to be reprocessed. (The PTFs from the PSU that affect the part are listed.)

Note: A value of '????' under any header in the PSUPLAN file means the data could not be collected due to an error. Refer to the error messages issued.

System action

The existing PSUPLAN for this product is overwritten. Command processing continues.

User response

Review the *appid* PSUPLAN file on the A-disk to help you choose a service receive method: Preapplied-Prebuilt or PTFs Only.

VMF1071I **There are *num* PTFs on the Recommended Service Upgrade for PRODIG *prodid* that are not currently applied.**

Explanation

VMFPSU compares the PTFs on the Product Service Upgrade media to the PTFs currently applied on your system for the PPF and component being processed. The number of PTFs that are preapplied on the Recommended Service Upgrade and are not currently applied to your system is displayed in the message.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the *appid* PSUPLAN file on the A-disk to see the PTFs and their APARs.

VMF1072I **There are *num* PTFs currently applied to PRODIG *prodid* that need to be reapplied.**

Explanation

VMFPSU compares the PTFs currently applied to the product against the PTFs on the Product Service Upgrade media for the PPF and component being processed. The number of PTFs that are currently applied, but are not on the service upgrade, is displayed in the message. These PTFs would have to be reapplied if Preapplied-Prebuilt service is used.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the *appid* PSUPLAN file on the A-disk to see the PTFs and their APARs.

VMF1073I **There are *num* parts with local modifications that need to be reprocessed.**

Explanation

VMFPSU compares the parts that have local modifications to the PTFs that will be applied from the Product Service Upgrade media for the PPF and component being processed. The number of parts affected by PTFs from the service upgrade is displayed in the message.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the *appid* PSUPLAN file on the A-disk to see the parts and their local modifications that were affected.

VMF1074I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The Recommended Service Upgrade should not be installed because there are excluded PTFs.** If any of the Program Temporary Fixes (PTFs) to be applied from the Product Service Upgrade (PSU) media are excluded, you should not proceed with the installation. This is because the Preapplied-Prebuilt service has not excluded them.
- **There are no PTFs on the Recommended Service Upgrade to be applied for PRODIG *prodid*.** Continue with the next product. There were no PTFs on the PSU media that were not already

applied to the specified product. Continuing with the next product is the recommendation.

System action

RC=0, 1, or 2. Command processing continues.

RC

Reason

0

Output file '*appid* PSUPLAN A' is successfully built. Evaluate the contents of the file.

1

There are no PTFs to be applied from the PSU media for the product specified.

2

The Recommended Service Upgrade (RSU) should not be installed.

User response

Review the *appid* PSUPLAN file on the A-disk.

VMF1075I **There is no service on the Recommended Service Upgrade for PRODIG *prodid*. Continue with the next product.**

Explanation

The Product Service Upgrade media does not contain any PTFs for the product being processed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Continue with the next product to be serviced, if there is one.

VMF1076I **There are *num* PTFs to be excluded from the Recommended Service Upgrade.**

Explanation

VMFPSU compares the user and IBM exclude lists with the list of PTFs that would be applied from the Product Service Upgrade media for the PPF and component being processed. The number of PTFs from the exclude lists that were found in the list of PTFs to be applied are displayed in the message.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the *appid* PSUPLAN file on the A-disk to see the excluded PTFs.

VMF1077I **Comparing tables *appid*
VVT\$PSU\$ *pvfm* and *appid updtid*
*updfm***

Explanation

VMFPSU uses the two VVT tables specified to determine the PTFs to be applied from the PSU media and the PTFs to be reapplied.

Note: This message is issued only if the *appid updtid* file is found on the APPLY disks.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1078I **Select data file *appid \$SELECT*
was created or updated to force
the rebuild of local modifications.**

Explanation

VMFPSU adds all parts that have local modifications to the specified select data file. All objects that contain these parts will automatically be rebuilt when the next VMFBLD command is entered.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1090E **Conflicting AUX structures for *mfn*
mft and *afn aft*. AUX file *afn aft*
found [on {*vdev/dirid*} (*fm*)] but no
corresponding AUX file found for
*mfn mft***

Explanation

The specified file names should have the same AUX file types. If one of the files has an existing AUX file, but the other file does not, then we have an error condition.

System action

RC=28. Command processing terminates because there is a missing AUX file from one of the specified files.

User response

Delete the existing AUX file, or create an AUX file for the file that has one missing.

VMF1091E **The current level (*mlvl*) of *mfn mft*
does not match the current level
(*llvl*) of *lfn lft***

Explanation

VMFBLD uses the version vector tables to determine the correct level of the CP load list to use during build processing. Because the CP load list is generated from the macro, they both should have the same service levels. If a mismatch occurs, then VMFBLD may pick up the wrong CP load list.

System action

RC=100. Command processing terminates because the current level of the files do not match.

User response

Enter VMFSIM GETLVL with the HISTORY option for the files identified in the message. This will show the service history and the difference in levels. Enter the GENCPBLS command again with the LOGMOD option to correct the mismatch.

VMF1197E **Spool file ID not identified or
available for built nucleus {object
bldlist | objects}**

Explanation

The system encountered one of the following errors:

- The system could not identify the spool file that is associated with the build of a nucleus object that is processed by using the build list *bldlist*
- The system could not identify the spool files for one or more built nucleus objects.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Review associated messages to identify what conditions or other reported errors might cause this

error message to be issued. Correct any problems, then retry the relevant build process for the subject nucleus object.

VMF1198E *bldlist object PUNCH spool file ID (spoolID) is not valid*

Explanation

During build processing of the nucleus object that is associated with the named build list (*bldlist*), the system determined that the spool file ID value it obtained (*spoolID*) is not valid or not usable.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Review associated messages to identify what conditions or other reported errors might cause this error. Correct any problems, then retry the relevant build process for the subject nucleus object.

VMF1199I *bldlist object PUNCH spool file ID: spoolID*

Explanation

The virtual punch spool file ID (*spoolID*) of a nucleus object is identified. The nucleus object was built by using the build list *bldlist*.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1200E **No {SERVICE | RESTART} record was found for product {prodid | restart} in table sysid {SYSSUF | SYSREST}.**

Explanation

A record for the specified product could not be found in the specified table. If the specified table is the SYSSUF table, the specified product is not installed and therefore cannot be serviced using VMFSUFIN. If the specified table is the SYSREST table, there is no interrupted VMFSUFIN or SERVICE install to restart for the specified product.

System action

RC = 100. Processing is terminated.

User response

Ensure the correct product was entered on the VMFSUFIN command. If not, re-enter the command correctly. If using the SERVICE command, ensure that a restart is required. If not, enter the SERVICE command without the RESTART operand. If an installed product is not in the SYSSUF table, use the VMFSUFTB command to update the table, and then re-enter the command.

VMF1200I **No SERVICE record was found for product *prodid* in table *sysid* SYSSUF**

Explanation

The ALL products operand was specified on the VMFSUFIN command, and a record for the specified product could not be found in the SYSSUF table. The specified product is not installed, and therefore, it cannot be serviced using VMFSUFIN.

System action

RC=0. Processing continues with the next product.

User response

If the specified product is installed, use the VMFSUFTB command to update the SYSSUF table, and then enter the VMFSUFIN command again using the PRODID operand instead of the ALL operand.

VMF1201E **A restart record was found for {product *prodid*|package *package_name*} in table *sysid* SYSREST. The interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN must be completed before a new one for {a common product|the same package} can be started.**

Explanation

VMFSUFIN cannot install a service package if the SYSREST table contains a checkpoint or local modification restart record for one of the products specified on the VMFSUFIN command or if the SYSREST table contains any restart record for the specified package.

System action

RC = 100. Processing is terminated.

User response

Complete the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN by re-entering the VMFSUFIN command with the restart option. After the restarted invocation completes successfully, re-enter the original command. If you do not want to complete the interrupted invocation, you must delete the restart record from the VM SYSREST table using the VMFSIM MODIFY command, and then re-enter the original command.

VMF1202E **The checkpoint restart data for package *package_name* in table *sysid* SYSREST is not valid. The restart {product *prodid*|step *step_name*} is not in the {product|step} list for this {package|product}.**

Explanation

VMFSUFIN cannot restart the interrupted invocation due to the invalid data in the checkpoint restart record.

System action

RC = 100. Processing is terminated.

User response

If possible, correct the checkpoint restart record using the VMFSIM MODIFY command, and re-enter the VMFSUFIN command. Otherwise, the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN cannot be completed. Contact your IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF1203E **No service envelope name or tape address was specified.**

Explanation

The VMFSUFIN command was invoked without the RSUENV, CORENV, RSUTAPE or CORTAPE options specified.

System action

RC = 24. Command execution stops.

User response

Enter the command with the correct options.

VMF1204W **Unable to copy file *fn* \$PPF from the A-disk to the Software Inventory Disk (D-disk).**

Explanation

The VMFSUFIN command could not copy the specified \$PPF file to the Software Inventory Disk.

System action

RC = 4. Processing continues.

User response

Correct the problem, and then copy the specified \$PPF file from the A-disk to the Software Inventory Disk, and erase it from the A-disk.

VMF1205E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **A {RSU|COR Bucket} service envelope name was specified on two calls using the same KEY option**
- **A RSU service envelope name and a COR Bucket service envelope name were both specified with the KEY option**

The VMFSUFIN command was invoked twice using the same KEY option, and either the RSUENV or the CORENV option was used on both invocations. Or, the VMFSUFIN command was invoked with the KEY, RSUENV and CORENV options on the same invocation. The only valid way to use the KEY option is with two invocations of VMFSUFIN. One with the RSUENV option, one with the CORENV option, and each with the same KEY data.

System action

RC = 24. Command execution stops.

User response

Enter the command with the correct options, or contact your IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF1206W **Service was not {installed|built} for product *prodid* because {*:INSTALL*|*:BUILD*} was not set to YES in the VM SYSSUF table | local modifications or customized parts needing rework have been identified for { this | a preceding } product**

Explanation

The automated service procedures use the :INSTALL tag from the VM SYSSUF table to determine whether to install service for a product and use the :BUILD tag

to determine whether to execute the build steps when installing service.

Also, SERVICE will not execute the build steps for a product once a local modification or customized part needing rework has been detected for any product.

System action:

Processing continues.

User response

If *prodid* is a product that is delivered in a disabled state and you have a license for its use, make sure that you have followed the installation instructions for enablement of that product. By using the product installation instructions, the appropriate tags in the VM SYSSUF table will be updated and the bypassed build steps will be performed.

In order to complete the build steps after a local modification or customized part has been identified, you must complete the rework, update the VM SYSLMOD table, and restart the SERVICE command. The VMFUPDAT SYSLMOD command can be used to update the VM SYSLMOD table.

VMF1207I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **There is no service for product *prodid* on CORrective service envelope *fn***
- **There is no service for product *prodid* on the {RSU|COR} tape**

An RSU envelope is being installed, and there is no service for this product in the CORrective service envelope received with the RSU. Or, service is being installed from tape, and there is no service for this product on the tape.

System action

If an RSU envelope is being installed, the receive and apply steps for CORrective service for the product are skipped, and the installation of the RSU continues. If tape service is being installed, the product is skip, and service installation continues with the next product.

User response

None.

VMF1208I **File *fn ft fm* was empty and therefore was not created**

Explanation

VMSES/E attempted to create *fn ft fm*, but the file was empty. If the file previously existed, it was erased.

For file SUF OUT A, this condition can only occur if you have set the :INCLUDE tag to NO in the VM SYSSUF table for all of the products installed on your system.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1209W **Service was not installed for product *prodid* because the RSU contains PTFs that are excluded**

Explanation

An RSU is being installed by the VMFSUFIN EXEC, and one or more of the PTFs on the RSU were found in an exclude list for this product. VMFSUFIN cannot exclude PTFs from an RSU.

System action

RC=4. The RSU installation is terminated for this product, and the installation continues for any other products specified.

User response

If the PTFs in the exclude list do not need to be excluded, remove them from the list, and re-enter the VMFSUFIN command for the product.

VMF1210I **The COR Bucket for this RSU, *fn* DOC, is Text-Only**

Explanation

The CORrective service bucket for the RSU being installed is Text-Only, and therefore has no PTFs to install.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

Read the documentation in file, *fn* DOC, and respond accordingly.

VMF1211I **A {Checkpoint|Key|Initial|Local Modification} Restart Record has**

been created for package *package* in the System-Level Restart Table

Explanation

A restart record was created for the specified package. If service is being installed from a service envelope, *package* is the file name of the envelope. If service is being installed from a service tape, *package* has the form *dfn.dft.prodid*, where *dfn* is the file name and *dft* is the file type of the tape descriptor file, and *prodid* is the product identifier of the first product on the tape. Explanations for the specific restart types are as follows:

Checkpoint

A VMFSUFIN command failed while installing service, and a checkpoint record was created. This record contains the information needed to restart the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN. The process is restarted by issuing the VMFSUFIN command for one of the products specified on the original command and specifying the RESTART option. VMFSUFIN will begin at the service step that originally failed and complete the service installation using the data stored in the restart record. While a checkpoint restart record exists, VMFSUFIN can only install service for a product listed in that record, or from the package listed in that record, by restarting from that record.

Key

A VMFSUFIN command was issued with the KEY option, but there was no record in the Restart table with the specified key. So a key record was created. This record contains the data that was specified on the VMFSUFIN command. VMFSUFIN does not install the specified service until a second VMFSUFIN command is issued with the same key. At that time, service will be installed using the data specified on the command and the data in the restart record. Even though a key restart record exists, VMFSUFIN can only install service from the package listed in that record if the same key is specified. The Service Update Facility uses this function to ship an RSU and its COR bucket separately, but installs them together.

Initial

A VMFSUFIN command failed before beginning to install service, and an initial record was created. This record contains the information needed to restart VMFSUFIN. The process is restarted by issuing the VMFSUFIN command for one of the products specified on the original command and specifying the RESTART option. VMFSUFIN will restart from the beginning and complete the service installation using the data stored in the restart record. Even though an initial restart record

exists, VMFSUFIN can only install service from the package listed in that record by restarting from that record.

Local Modification

A VMFSUFIN command did not complete build processing while installing service because local modifications requiring rework were encountered. A local modification record was created. This record contains the information needed to restart the VMFSUFIN command and complete the build processing after the identified local modifications are reworked. The process is restarted by issuing the VMFSUFIN command for one of the products specified on the original command and specifying the RESTART option. VMFSUFIN will begin at the build step of the first product for which a local modification was found and complete the build steps for the service installation using the data stored in the restart record. While a local modification restart record exists, VMFSUFIN can install service only for a product listed in that record, or from the package listed in that record, by restarting from that record.

System action

Processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF1212E

A restart was requested for a service {tape|envelope}, but the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN was for a service {envelope|tape}

Explanation

The VMFSUFIN command was invoked with the RESTART option, and there was a mismatch between the type of service indicated on the command and the type of service indicated in the restart record in the SYSREST table.

System action

RC=24. Command execution stops.

User response

If you wish to restart the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN, enter the command with the appropriate options. If the interrupted invocation was for a service tape, you must use the RSUTAPE or the CORTAPE option. If the interrupted invocation was for a service envelope, VMFSUFIN will restart using the service

envelopes specified in the restart record; none of the RSU or COR options should be used. If you wish to install service from a tape or envelope other than the one that was interrupted, you must first either complete the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN or delete the restart record from the SYSREST table.

VMF1213E **A restart was requested for tape package *package name*, but the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN was for tape package *package name***

Explanation

The VMFSUFIN command was invoked with the RESTART option and either the RSUTAPE or CORTAPE option was specified. The restart record in the SYSREST table for the specified product contains a package name that does not match the specified tape.

System action

RC=24. Command execution stops.

User response

If you wish to restart the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN, enter the command with the RSUTAPE or CORTAPE option, and mount the same tape that was originally used. If you wish to install service from a different tape, you must first either complete the interrupted invocation of VMFSUFIN or delete the restart record from the SYSREST table.

VMF1214I **{RSU|COR} tape *number* required on tape *address***

Explanation

The specified tape is needed on the specified tape device. The tape *number* correlates to the addresses specified on the command (for example, if RSUTAPE 181.182.183 was specified, the tape mounted on 182 would be referred to as RSU tape 2).

System action

Processing continues.

User response

If the specified tape is already mounted on the specified tape device, no action is required. If the tape is not mounted, mount it on the specified device.

VMF1215E **The number of {tapes|envelopes} specified does not match the number of {tapes|envelope}**

volumes defined by the descriptor file

Explanation

The number of tapes or envelopes specified on the SERVICE or VMFSUFIN command is less than or greater than the number of volumes specified in the descriptor file found on the first tape or envelope.

System action

RC=24. Processing terminates.

User response

Enter the SERVICE or VMFSUFIN command again specifying the correct number of tapes or envelopes and mount the correct tapes or specify the correct envelopes.

VMF1216E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **File *file_ID* exists; the previous, interrupted SERVICE command instance must be completed by invoking the SERVICE command with the RESTART operand**
- **File *file_ID* exists; the previous, interrupted *program1* command instance must be completed by invoking the *program2* command with the RESTART option**
- **File *file_ID* exists; the previous, interrupted *program1* command instance must be completed by invoking the *program2* command with the RESTART operand**

The command specified (SERVICE or *program1*) cannot complete the intended operation because one or more restart records exist in the *file_ID* file.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Complete the interrupted instance of the indicated *program1* or SERVICE command by issuing the *program2* command or the SERVICE command with the RESTART operand or option included. After that command instance completes successfully, the original command instance that produced this error message might need to be run.

VMF1217I **There are no products to put into production.**

Explanation

The PUT2PROD EXEC was invoked with the ALL operand and there are no products ready to be put into production. The *systemid* \$PRODS file contains the products that have been serviced and are ready to be put into production.

System action

RC = 0.

User response

Check to make sure the correct maintenance user ID was used. The maintenance user ID must match the release level of the system.

VMF1218W **Product *product* cannot be put into production; { it has no associated records in the *systemid* \$PRODS file | It is not listed in the SYSSUF table | No *systemid* \$PRODS file exists }**

Explanation:

There are no entries for the requested product in the \$PRODS file on the system where PUT2PROD is being run or the requested product is not in the VM SYSSUF table. In addition, a \$PRODS file for the system might not exist (due to having not completed the application of service for this or other products).

System action:

RC = 4. Command processing completes with a warning.

User response:

Confirm that the correct component name was supplied with the PUT2PROD command and that the correct maintenance user ID is in use. The maintenance user ID must match the release level of the system. Also, make sure the SERVICE command has been used prior to the PUT2PROD command to apply product maintenance or otherwise build updated objects, and that this command has completed without errors.

VMF1219E **RACF cannot be put into production because the *userid* *userid* is logged on.**

Explanation

RACF cannot be put into production if the RACF server *userid*, RACFVM or equivalent, is logged on.

System action

RC = 100. Processing terminates.

User response

Rerun the PUT2PROD EXEC with the RACF test or backup server *userid*, RACMAINT or equivalent, active.

VMF1220W **The RACF database templates must be updated. Follow the instructions in the RACF Security Server System Programmer's Guide.**

Explanation

The IRRTEMP2 TEXT file has been serviced, which requires the RACF database templates to be updated. This update can be accomplished while RACF is running.

System action

RC = 4. Processing continues.

User response

Consult *z/VM: RACF Security Server System Programmer's Guide* for instructions about using the RACFCONV EXEC (and the IRRMIN00 utility) to update the RACF database templates.

VMF1221W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The CP Stand-Alone Dump utility must be rebuilt. Follow the instructions in the *z/VM CP Planning and Administration* book**
- **The CP Stand-Alone Program Loader must be written to the IPL device. Follow the instructions in the *z/VM System Operation* book**

For the CP Stand-Alone Dump utility, the utility has been serviced and must be rebuilt. This rebuild will result in a disabled wait state, and therefore cannot be done by the SERVICE EXEC.

For the CP Stand-Alone Program Loader, the Stand-Alone Loader Creation Utility (SALIPL) has been serviced. Because of this, the Stand-Alone Loader (SAPL) must be re-written to the IPL device.

System action

RC = 4. Processing continues.

User response

To rebuild the Stand-Alone Dump utility, follow the instructions in *z/VM: CP Planning and Administration*.

To write the Stand-Alone Loader to the IPL device, follow the instructions in *z/VM: System Operation*.

VMF1222E **{Tape on vdev | Envelope fn} is not in VMSES/E format**

Explanation

The specified tape or envelope is not a VMSES/E preventive or corrective service tape or envelope.

System action

RC = 100. Command execution stops.

User response

Enter the command again with the correct service tape or envelope.

VMF1223E **The SERVICE console file {could not be identified | could not be successfully processed | does not contain expected content}. The SERVICE EXEC cannot continue.**

Explanation

An error was encountered while processing or recovering the program console file. The console file might no longer reside in the virtual reader, or it might not contain the correct content. Because the SERVICE command relies on console-based information (messages and other data) to complete the requested service action, it cannot successfully continue or restart.

System action

Command execution stops.

User response

Review accompanying messages for more information. If the reason for this error is not apparent, save any existing problem information and contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF1224E **The command *command* cannot run with CMS in full-screen mode**

Explanation

Your system is in CMS full-screen mode. The specified command cannot run in this mode.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing stops.

User response

Set full-screen mode OFF and reissue the command.

VMF1225I **Product status:Service Level: levelProduction Level: level**

Explanation

The service level and the production levels of each system for the specified product are displayed.

System action

RC = 0. Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1226I **Product {PTF ptfnum|APAR aparnum (PTF ptfnum)} status:status date timestatus date time**

Explanation

The *status* with *date* and *time* is displayed for the specified PTF or APAR.

System action

RC = 0. Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1227I **{ptfnum|aparnum} is not received or applied [to product].**

Explanation

The specified PTF or APAR has not been received or applied. If a product is specified, only that product was checked.

System action

RC = 0. Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1228W **command failed for ppfname compname. This product will be skipped and processing will continue.**

Explanation

The specified command failed for one of the multiple products that were being processed. The failing product will be skipped.

System action

RC = 4. Processing continues.

User response

Determine the reason for the failure, make any necessary corrections, and reprocess the failing product.

VMF1229I **No service was found for *ppfname* *compname*.**

Explanation

The VMFBTMAP command did not find any received PFTs for the specified product.

System action

RC = 0. Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1230W ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Service bitmap not produced for *component* because it was not found in the SYSSUF table**
- **Service bitmap(s) not produced because no *filetype* files exist in *SFSdirname***

A service bitmap can be produced only for components listed in the VM SYSSUF table, or, in a z/VM CSM environment, if certain service files exist in the component directories.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

If you are running in a z/VM CSM environment, no action is necessary. Otherwise, check if *component* is the valid component name of an installed product. If it is not, reenter the VMFBTMAP command with the valid component name. If it is, run the VMFSUFTB command to update the SYSSUF table and reenter the VMFBTMAP command.

VMF1231I **Copying {product} files from *source* to *destination***

Explanation:

Product files on the source disk/directory are being copied to the destination disk/directory.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF1232W **There is no nucleus to build for *prodname***

Explanation

The product specified in the SERVICE command does not have a nucleus defined in the :BLD section of its product parameter file (PPF).

System action

RC = 4. Processing continues.

User response

Reissue the SERVICE command specifying a product that has a nucleus defined in its PPF.

VMF1233I **The following products have been {put into production | serviced}. [Recycle the appropriate servers.] *compname compname ...***

Explanation

Products or components that have been serviced or placed into production are listed. Any server virtual machines associated with the products or components that have been placed into production must be recycled in order to pick up the new service level of production code.

System action

RC=0. Command processing completes.

User response

Recycle the appropriate server virtual machines.

VMF1234E **Variable *var* not located in the :DCL section for component *compname* in *filename* PPF**

Explanation:

A variable name found in the :P2P section of the specified PPF file was not defined in the :DCL section of the PPF.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Add the missing variable to the :DCL section of the PPF or correct the variable name in the :P2P section of the PPF.

VMF1235E **The command *command* cannot run with the system in repair mode**

Explanation

Your system is IPLed in repair mode. The specified command cannot run in this mode.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Re-IPL without the REPAIR parameter, and then reissue the command.

VMF1236E **An error has prevented {receiving | processing} the console file {to | on} the A-disk. After the cause for this error has been resolved, restart the SERVICE command.**

Explanation

The SERVICE command encountered an error while receiving a console spool file from the virtual reader, or while processing a disk-resident file that contains console information. Insufficient free A-disk space is a likely cause for such an error.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

Consult the messages that preceded this message for details about the error (or errors) encountered. Correct any problems, and then issue the SERVICE RESTART command (qualified with any specific operands cited by message VMF2310W, if this message was issued).

VMF1237I **SERVICE RESTART has successfully processed the SERVICE console file. Prior messages that cite console processing errors can be ignored.**

Explanation

The SERVICE command has recovered from a previous error that occurred while processing the program console file. The console file has been successfully

received, or recovered from a saved (perhaps temporary) disk-resident file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1238I **Messages omitted because option *option* has been used; Consult console data for complete command output**

Explanation:

The subject command was invoked with the option cited by this message. This option causes the majority of output and messages produced by the command to not be logged in a command message log file. This message is itself logged to such a file, to make one aware of why expected results are not present in the log file.

System action:

Command operation continues.

User response:

Review the console data produced by the command to assess the operation of the command, and any other information it provides.

VMF1239I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **CP was serviced. Shutdown and re-IPL the system to use the new service.**
- **CMS was serviced. Re-IPL CMS in all virtual machines running CMS to use the new service.**

The CP component or the CMS component (or both, if both variations of this message were received) was serviced, and that service has been placed into production. For the CP component, the system must be shutdown and re-IPLed to begin using the new service level of production code. For the CMS component, all virtual machines running CMS must re-IPL CMS to begin using the new service level of production code.

System action

Command processing completes.

User response

For the CP component, shutdown and re-IPL the system. For the CMS component, re-IPL CMS in all virtual machines running CMS either by 1) invoking the IPL CMS command to IPL the CMS NSS; or 2) invoking the IPL 190 command to IPL CMS from the CMS system disk; or 3) logging off and logging back on the virtual machine.

Note: If both CP and CMS were serviced, taking action for only the CP component is sufficient, because shutting down and re-IPLing the system will cause all CMS users to be recycled.

VMF1240E **command cannot be used by user ID *userid* on system *sysname* because the acquired Software Inventory Disk does not match the z/VM release (*vrn*) of this system**

Explanation:

The user ID listed in the message has invoked the named command on the listed z/VM system. This command cannot be used for its intended purpose on this system, because the z/VM release of the system differs from that of the Software Inventory (disks and SFS directories) associated with the given user ID.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Log off of the current user ID and log on with the maintenance user ID that is appropriate for the subject system. Run the named command while logged on as this maintenance user ID.

VMF1241E **Segment *segname* cannot be built because it is in use by these user IDs: *userid_list* [The segment is also in use by CP system event and sample monitoring]**

Explanation

The indicated monitor saved segment is actively being used by one or more user IDs (listed in the message). Because this segment is in active use, it cannot be built at this time.

Use of the segment by the CP system (listed as user ID "SYSTEM") is noted by additional message text, when appropriate.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

The monitor saved segment needs to be rebuilt only when the definition for it has been altered (such as to increase the segment size). Because PUT2PROD has been invoked specifically to build just this segment, it is likely that PUT2PROD was invoked to account for changes to the segment definition.

Take appropriate action for each listed user ID to discontinue its use of the named segment. Such action might require logging off the subject virtual machine, or instead, quiescing the services that it provides. When necessary, CP system event or sample monitoring can be stopped by use of the CP MONITOR STOP command.

If the subject segment is in use by the CP system (listed as user ID "SYSTEM") for event or sample monitoring, this activity also must be stopped before the segment can be built.

After the segment has been successfully built, take appropriate action to resume its use by the listed user IDs.

For more information about the monitor segment and its use, see *z/VM: Performance Toolkit Guide* and *z/VM: Performance*.

VMF1241W **Segment *segname* cannot be built because it is in use by these user IDs: *userid_list* [The segment is also in use by CP system event and sample monitoring]**

Explanation

The indicated monitor saved segment is actively being used by one or more user IDs (listed in the message). Because this segment is in active use, it cannot be built at this time.

Use of the segment by the CP system (listed as user ID "SYSTEM") is noted by additional message text, when appropriate.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

The monitor saved segment needs to be rebuilt only when the definition for it has been altered (such as to increase the segment size). However, when

PUT2PROD is used to build ALL segments, or the monitor segment is named along with other segments that are to be built, an attempt will be made to build the monitor segment. If no definition changes have been made with respect to the monitor segment, this warning condition likely can be dismissed.

If monitor segment definition changes have been made, then take appropriate action for each listed user ID to discontinue its use of the named segment. Such action might require logging off the subject virtual machine, or instead, quiescing the services that it provides. When necessary, CP system event or sample monitoring can be stopped by use of the CP MONITOR STOP command.

If the subject segment is in use by the CP system (listed as user ID "SYSTEM") for event or sample monitoring, this activity also must be stopped before the segment can be built.

After the segment has been successfully built, take appropriate action to resume its use by the listed user IDs.

For more information about the monitor segment and its use, see *z/VM: Performance Toolkit Guide* and *z/VM: Performance*.

VMF1242I **File *fn ft fm* exists; Content is:**

Explanation

The content of the indicated file is produced after this message, to aid with any diagnostic efforts.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1243E **The SERVICE command cannot run because the system is configured for management using CSM services.**

Explanation:

While a system is configured for z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) by a principal system, it is unable to run the SERVICE command when not invoked via z/VM CSM commands. This is a safeguard to prevent desynchronization between the system's installed service and that of the service level assigned to it under z/VM CSM. Trying to run the SERVICE EXEC when the system is configured for z/VM CSM will fail.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

If the system is intended to remain under z/VM CSM, service must be added using the SERVMMGR SRVLVL command, as documented in the *z/VM: Service Guide* and *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference*.

If the system must be serviced manually, it must be configured to disable management by z/VM CSM. When this happens, care must be taken to renew the system's z/VM CSM configuration, making sure it is in sync with the z/VM CSM system status table as well as with the service level it is assigned when z/VM CSM operations on it resume.

VMF1300E **No local AUX entry was found in *fn CNTRL fm***

Explanation

The specified control file does not contain a local level, and therefore a local modification cannot be created for the component that uses this control file.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

None.

VMF1301R *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Local modification *modid* is being created for {replacement | update} part *fn ft*.**

Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue [(2) to create a dummy or unchanged part].

If you choose to continue, you will be put into an XEDIT session. Make your changes and then enter FILE.

- **Local modification *modid* is being reworked for {replacement | update} part *fn ft*, and there is no IBM service level or lower VVT level for the part.**

Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.

If you choose to continue, you will be put into an XEDIT session. Make your changes and then enter FILE.

- **Local modification *modid* is being reworked for replacement part *fn ft*, and there is {IBM service**

for the part | no IBM service level for the part, but there is a *levelid* level}.

Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.

If you choose to continue, you will be put into an XEDIT session.

The top screen will be the local modification to rework. The bottom screen will be the {IBM service | *levelid* level} part *fn ft2*. Compare the levels and determine how to include any {service | lower level} changes in the local modification.

Make any necessary changes to the local modification in the top screen, and then enter FILE for each screen.

- Local modification *modid* is being reworked for update part *fn ft*, and there is {IBM service for the part | no IBM service level for the part, but there is a *levelid* level}.

Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.

If you choose to continue, you will be put into a split screen XEDIT session.

The top screen will be the part with the local modification update applied. The bottom screen will be the {IBM service | *levelid* level} update *fn ft2* only. Make sure that the logic of the local modification is compatible with the {service | lower level update}.

Make any necessary changes to the local modification in the top screen, and then enter FILE for each screen.

- Local modification *modid* is being reworked for update part *fn ft*, but the local modification update will no longer apply, probably due to sequence errors.

Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.

If you choose to continue, you will be put into a split screen XEDIT session.

The top screen will be the part without the local modification update applied. The bottom screen will be the local update only. Recreate the local modification in the top screen by moving code from the update in the bottom screen to the top screen in such away to make it compatible.

Make any necessary changes to the local modification in the top screen, and then enter FILE for each screen.

- Local modification *modid* for {replacement | update} part *fn ft* will be {created from | replaced by} part *infn inft*.

Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.

A local modification is being created or reworked for an update maintained part or for a replacement maintained part. This message is asking if you want to continue processing the local modification.

System action

RC=0 or 99.

User response

Enter 0, 1, or 2 as follows:

0

If you want to halt LOCALMOD processing, enter 0. Processing stops with a return code of 99 and nothing is created or changed.

1

If you want to create or rework local modification, *fn ft2*, enter 1. If you have provided the local modification in file *infn inft*, it is used to create or replace *fn ft2*. If you have not provided *infn inft*, you are put into an XEDIT session to create or rework the local modification. A split screen XEDIT session may be provided to assist you with reworking the local modification. Make your changes and enter FILE for each XEDIT session provided. If a split screen is displayed, make changes in the top screen only.

2

If you want to create a dummy update or an unchanged replacement part, enter 2.

VMF1302E	LOCALMOD processing terminated due to a QUIT response
----------	---

Explanation

The user either responded QUIT to a LOCALMOD message or QUIT out of the LOCALMOD XEDIT session.

System action

RC=99. Command processing stops.

User response

None.

VMF1303R	While creating or reworking a local modification for <i>component</i> part <i>fn ft</i> , the Localmod Restart file indicated that part <i>fn ft2</i> was saved from a previous unsuccessful invocation of the LOCALMOD command. [The saved part, however, could not be found]. Enter (0) to quit; (1) to delete the
----------	--

restart record and continue[; (2) to continue using the saved part].

Explanation

A local modification is being created or reworked, but a restart record was found for the part. This message asks if you want to restart with the local modification that was found or continue as specified on the LOCALMOD command. If the part was not found, you cannot restart.

System action

RC=0 or 99.

User response

Enter 0, 1, or 2 as follows:

0

If you want to halt LOCALMOD processing, enter 0. Processing stops with a return code of 99 and nothing is created or changed.

1

If you want to delete the saved local modification for the specified part and continue processing your LOCALMOD command, enter 1.

2

If you want to restart the creating or reworking of the saved local modification, enter 2.

VMF1304R **The REXX compiler EXEC, *fn*, was not found. You may quit, continue without compiling the part, or supply the file name of the compiler EXEC if it is not *fn*. Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue without compiling; (fn) to supply the file name of the compiler exec.**

Explanation

A local modification to a compiled REXX part is being created, but the REXX compiler EXEC was not found. This message asks if you want a non-compiled REXX part to be created in place of the compiled part, or if you want to use a different compiler EXEC.

System action

RC=0 or 99.

User response

Enter 0, 1, or *fn* as follows:

0

If you want to halt LOCALMOD processing, enter 0. Processing stops with a return code of 99 and nothing is created or changed.

1

If you want to create a non-compiled REXX part to replace the compiled one, enter 1.

fn

If you want to use a different REXX compiler EXEC, enter the file name of the EXEC.

VMF1305E **Part type *pft* is not supported by the LOCALMOD command [for product *compname*].**

Explanation

A local modification cannot be created by the LOCALMOD command for a part with the specified file type. If the product is specified, this restriction does not apply to all products.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Local modifications for this part can only be created using manual procedures.

VMF1306E **Part *fn ft2* has no local modification to rework.**

Explanation

You entered the REWORK option on the LOCALMOD command, but the specified part has no local modifications.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

None.

VMF1307E **Modid *modid1* was specified, but modid *modid2* is the highest modid for part *fn ft*. Only the highest local modification for a part can be reworked.**

Explanation

You entered the REWORK and MODID options on the LOCALMOD command, but the specified modid is not the highest local modification for the specified part.

The LOCALMOD command can only rework the highest local modification for a part.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

None.

VMF1308E **A local modification cannot be created for part *fn ft* at VVT level *levelid1* because a local modification already exists at higher VVT level *levelid2*.**

Explanation

You entered the VVTFT option on the LOCALMOD command, but the specified part already has a local modification in a version vector table that is at a higher level than the specified version vector. A local modification can only be created by a VVT level at or above all existing local modifications.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

None.

VMF1309I **Your changes to the local modification *fn ft* have been saved and a restart record has been created.**

Explanation

The LOCALMOD command did not complete successfully, and any changes that you may have entered have not been applied but have been saved. If you reenter the LOCALMOD command with the same part, you will be given the option to restart with your saved changes.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

To restart with your saved changes, reenter the LOCALMOD command and respond appropriately to the VMF1303R message.

VMF1310I **The status of local modification *modid* for *prodid* part *pfn pft* in version vector *vvtft* has been updated to REWORKED in the SYSLMOD table.**

Explanation

The LOCALMOD command has been successfully used to rework the specified local modification, and the SYSLMOD table has been updated to reflect this.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1325E **Modid *modid* is already in use by product *compname***

Explanation

The specified product contains a file with a file type ending in the specified modification identifier. The modification identifier might already be in use.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops.

User response

Reissue the LOCALMOD command with a different modification identifier.

VMF1326E **The specified MODID *modid1* does not match the restart MODID *modid2***

Explanation:

The LOCALMOD command was issued with a modification identifier that does not match the modification identifier found in the restart file.

System action:

RC=24. Command processing stops.

User response:

Reissue the LOCALMOD command with the correct, previously-entered modification identifier.

VMF1327E **Command *command* failed while operating on *target***

Explanation

The specified command failed while operating on the specified target.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Review the console log and any VMSES/E \$MSGLOG files for related error messages, and then see the appropriate documentation for the failing command.

Correct the problem and issue the command again.

VMF1400R	Mount next tape and press <ENTER> to continue or type in any character before pressing <ENTER> to quit:
-----------------	--

Explanation

The program waits for the user to mount the next tape required and press <ENTER> when the tape is ready. If the user enters any character then the program exits.

System action

The system waits for a response.

User response

Press <ENTER> after the next tape is mounted if you wish to continue or enter any character to exit.

VMF1413E	Invalid format <i>recfm lrecl</i> for file <i>fn ft fm</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The indicated file does not have the correct format. Most likely the directory file specified is not of RECFM = F and LRECL = 80.

This error may occur if the user has modified the file or there are multiple copies of the file on the system.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Ensure that the correct file is being specified to the command. If the indicated file has been modified then ensure that the file is corrected to conform to the proper format. If the files have not been modified, report the problem to the IBM Support Center.

VMF1419E	<i>messages</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Cannot establish R/W link to *resource_type resource* because *userid* has disk linked R/W as *mode***
2. **Cannot establish R/W link to *resource_type resource***
3. **Cannot establish R/W link to *resource_type resource* because *userid* has disk linked R/W**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The listed resource cannot be accessed R/W due to an existing R/W link held by another user ID. Processing cannot continue until this link is released.
2. The listed resource cannot be accessed R/W. Processing cannot continue until this link is released.
3. The listed resource cannot be accessed R/W due to an existing R/W link held by another user ID. Processing cannot continue until this link is released.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

1. Release the listed user ID's access to the target resource before trying to run the command again.
2. Inspect surrounding messages in the message log or investigate any user IDs that might have accessed the resource and precluded establishing a R/W link. If no solution becomes apparent, contact the IBM Support Center.
3. Release the listed user ID's access to the target resource before trying to run the command again.

VMF1419W	<i>messages</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Cannot establish R/W link to *resource_type resource***
2. **Cannot establish R/W link to *resource_type resource* because *userid* has disk linked R/W**
3. **Cannot establish R/W link to *resource_type resource* because *userid* has disk linked R/W as *mode***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The listed resource cannot be accessed R/W. Processing cannot continue until this link is released.

- The listed resource cannot be accessed R/W due to an existing R/W link held by another user ID. Processing might be affected by the inability to link the listed resource.
- The listed resource cannot be accessed R/W due to an existing R/W link held by another user ID. Processing might be affected by the inability to link the listed resource.

System action

- RC=8. Command processing stops.
- RC=4. Command processing continues.
- RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

- Inspect surrounding messages in the message log or investigate any user IDs that might have accessed the resource and precluded establishing a R/W link. If no solution becomes apparent, contact the IBM Support Center.
- Inspect surrounding messages in the message log or investigate any user IDs that might have accessed the resource and precluded establishing a R/W link. If no solution becomes apparent and function is impaired, contact the IBM Support Center.
- Inspect surrounding messages in the message log or investigate any user IDs that might have accessed the resource and precluded establishing a R/W link. If no solution becomes apparent and function is impaired, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF1420E **R/W version of *fn ft fm* not found**

Explanation

The indicated file cannot be found as a R/W file.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Check the \$VMFINS \$MSGLOG file for more information on the problem. You may have to re-access the disk in R/W mode or re-link and re-access the disk in R/W mode.

VMF1421E **Unable to CREATE an EXCLUSIVE R/W LOCK for file *fn ft fm* [because**

***userid* has file locked with a locktype lock]**

Explanation

An EXCLUSIVE R/W LOCK cannot be created for the indicated file because of an error or because someone else has some type of lock (*locktype*) on the file that is in an SFS directory.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

See \$VMFINS \$MSGLOG file for more information on the problem. You may have to get another user to delete the LOCK that is on the indicated file or wait until the user is finished with the file.

VMF1431I ***userid* minidisk vdev moved - {all files copied|contents not moved since the minidisk is not in CMS format|no files to copy}**

Explanation

The indicated user's minidisk was moved and all files were copied to the new disk, no files existed to copy, or no files were copied because the original disk was not in CMS format. The disk may be a DOS formatted disk or a RECOMP area on disk.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1443R **Return code *rc* returned accessing *userid addr* as *fm* The probable cause is an unformatted disk Enter 0 to exit or 1 to format the disk**

Explanation

The process requires a response from the user.

System action

Command processing stops with RC=500 if your response is 0. Otherwise, the specified disk is formatted and processing continues.

User response

Enter zero (0) to quit or one (1) to format the disk and let the processing continue.

VMF1444I **Directory *fn ft fm* contains restricted passwords The online directory will have the passwords changed to NOLOG when it is placed on-line**

Explanation

Users with restricted passwords will have their passwords changed to NOLOG.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

You should change the final directory's passwords for the users with restricted user IDs and put this directory online to avoid locking out user IDs.

VMF1484E ***filepool* is not a valid filepool; RC = rc**

Explanation

This file pool ID does not exist in the shared file system.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Determine the correct file pool ID and modify the control file to reflect the correction, then retry. If the problem continues, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF1485E **You are not an administrator for filepool *filepoolid*. Administrative authority is required to perform this process**

Explanation

You must be granted administrative privileges from a Shared File System administrator userid for this file pool before resource management functions can be performed on the file pool.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops due to the external error.

User response

Issue the command from a SFS administrator userid or have administrative privileges granted to your userid for this file pool before retrying.

VMF1486E **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **Filepool *filepool* is not operational; program cannot continue.** The command you are running requires that the *filepool* cited in the message be in operation. However, this file pool is not running or is not available.
- **Filepool *filepool* is not operational; continuing as directed by option setting.** The command in use requires the file pool cited in the message to be operational. This file pool is not running or is not available, which normally prevents further command processing. However, the option cited in the message (and, specified in a VMFINS DEFAULTS file) has been used as an override and has caused the system to continue operations despite this problem.

System action

For the first variation, RC = 100. Command processing stops.

For the second variation, command processing continues.

User response

For the first variation, determine why the file pool server for the indicated file pool is not running. After correcting any problems, restart the applicable server in multiple-user mode (using the FILESERV START command). If the file pool server is running, ensure that the PPF variable that identifies the subject file pool in the VMSESE PROFILE is correct.

For the second variation, Upon completion of the current command or task, confirm that all results are correct. If any command errors resulted due to a file pool not being available, ensure the appropriate file pool sever is running before trying the command again. In addition, ensure that the setting established by the subject command option is such that file pool operation checking and error control are performed by default.

VMF1487I ***userid* is not authorized to connect to file pool *filepool*. Access to data in file pool *filepool* is presumed to not be required.**

Explanation

The command you are running has attempted to connect to the file pool indicated in the message. However, the user ID issuing the command lacks the necessary authorization to connect to this file pool.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

In most instances, no action is required. It is presumed that data in the given file pool is not required for the successful use of this command. If access to this data is necessary, the user ID issuing the command must be enrolled in this file pool, with appropriate directory and file authorizations then granted.

VMF1488I **The *option* option has been set to override *filepool* operation checks**

Explanation:

The option cited in the message (and specified in a VMFINS DEFAULTS file) has been used to alter how system-related file pool operation checking is

VMF1507E - VMF3064I

VMF1507E **The DASD volume *valid*, address *address*, containing the CP directory space is not linked in R/W mode**

Explanation

The DASD volume containing the CP directory space (DRCT) is accessed R/O. The volume label and address are obtained from the DIRECT statement in the CP directory.

System action

RC=100.

User response

Ensure the DASD volume containing the CP directory space is available in R/W mode before running again. Performing a QUERY LINKS against the disk CUU will list any other user IDs that have R/W links to the disk.

performed. As a result, processing performed by the command in use has also been altered.

System action:

Command processing continues.

User response:

Upon completion of the current command or task, determine whether continued use of the indicated option and setting is necessary. If no longer required, alter the setting for this option so that file pool operation checking and error control are restored to the default setting.

VMF1490E **Content error detected for file: *fileid***

Explanation

One or more statement or definition errors have been identified within the file cited in the message.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

Refer to accompanying messages for details about the specific error or errors that have been identified. After making the appropriate corrections in the subject file, reissue the command.

VMF1808E ***fn1* is an override in *fn2* \$PPF. This override points to *fn3* \$PPF. The product parameter file *fn3* \$PPF cannot be located**

Explanation

You are using nested override files, and one of the override files in the override chain cannot be found.

System action

RC = 28.

Command processing stops because of the file not found condition.

User response

Ensure that all the files in the override chain are product parameter files on one of the accessed disks.

VMF1810R **Enter a component name or zero (0) to quit**

Explanation

The procedure needs a component name to carry out its function.

System action

RC = 0 or 500.

If you enter 0, command processing stops with a return code of 500. If you enter a component name, command processing continues.

User response

Enter a component name listed in the message preceding this message, or enter quit.

VMF1817E **The *updtid* update ID is not in the *fn ft* file**

Explanation

The specified update identifier must be an update file or AUX file listed in the specified control file.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the file-not-found condition.

User response

Specify a valid update identifier and reissue the command.

VMF1821E **There are not enough filemodes available to complete the command *command*. [None of the disks or directories will be accessed|Use of RETAIN caused some modes to be skipped to maintain access order]**

Explanation

Access to the required minidisk or directory failed because no file modes were available.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Reduce the number of minidisks or directories listed as required in the :MDA section of the product parameter

file. Adjust the RETAIN modes either in the product parameter file or on the options to the VMFSETUP command.

VMF1822E **No file mode within the range *range* is available for use**

Explanation

An unused CMS file mode, within the range cited in the message, is required for command processing. However, no file mode within this range is available.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

Review your current use of file access modes and release at least one file mode from within the indicated range for use by the given command. Then, try the command again.

VMF1823E **File mode *filemode* is not available for use**

Explanation

The CMS file mode cited in the message is required for command processing. However, this file mode already is in use.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

Review your current use of the indicated file access mode. If the accessed resource (minidisk or SFS directory) is not required in order to use the given command, release that resource. Alternately, access the resource using a different file mode. Then, try the command again.

VMF1824E **A file mode that {precedes | follows} file mode *filemode* (within the set *list1*) cannot be acquired (file modes *list2* are exempt from use)**

Explanation

A CMS file mode cited in the message is required for command processing. The set of file modes in *list1* is comprised of in-use file modes, while those in *list2* are restricted from consideration for use (regardless of whether these file modes currently are in use).

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

The conditions that resulted in this message being issued are not expected. Save any existing problem information and contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF1832W **Text deck *fn ft* is included in the *buildlist_name* build list currently being processed but the text deck cannot be found**

Explanation

A text deck listed in the build list to be included in the build cannot be found on an accessed minidisk or directory.

System action

RC=28. Command processing continues.

User response

Verify the correct minidisks and directories are listed in the component section of the product parameter file. Ensure this deck was intentionally removed from the access order.

VMF1836E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- This program requires *target* to be accessed
- This program requires *target* to be accessed at file mode *fm*
- This program requires *target* to be accessed as R/W
- This program requires *target* to be accessed as R/W because it is a target of Software Inventory files
- This program requires *target* to be accessed as R/W because it is a target of tape files
- This program requires *target* to be accessed as R/W because it is a target of build lists
- This program requires *target* to be accessed as R/W so user directory *fname ftype* can be modified
- This program requires file mode *fm* to have R/W status

The specified target must be accessed as indicated in the message. The target may be defined as a minidisk, SFS directory, or file mode.

System action:

RC=36. Command processing stops.

User response:

Access the specified target as indicated and rerun the command. If using VMFSETUP (directly or by using the SETUP option), make sure the target is specified properly in the product parameter file.

VMF1838E **File mode *fm* is not accessed [with *status status*]**

Explanation

An expected minidisk or SFS directory is not accessed using the CMS file mode indicated in the message. Or, the minidisk or SFS directory accessed using the indicated file mode does not have the read-only (R/O) or read-write (R/W) status required by the command in use.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

Ensure the appropriate minidisk or SFS directory is accessed using the indicated file mode. If specific read-only or read/write status is required, ensure this status has been established before the subject command is used again.

VMF1850E **Build list *bldlist* is flagged to be bypassed in the :BLD section of product parameter file *fn PPF* (compname *compname*)**

Explanation

The specified record in the product parameter file contained a bypass flag (a '-' appended to the front of it). The build list was not processed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

To process the build list or product processing exit, remove the bypass flag and reissue the command.

VMF1851E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- (n of m) Cannot process *fn ft* because requisite *bldlist object* have not been satisfied
- (n of m) Cannot process *fn ft* because object deletions have not been satisfied
- (n of m) Cannot process *fn ft* because part handler *parthandler* cannot be found
- (n of m) *parthandler* completed with return code *rc*. Some objects were not built

Objects in the given build list were not built for the specified reason.

System action

RC=8.

Command processing continues bypassing the failing sub-function.

User response

Correct the problem that is preventing the object(s) from being built, and reissue the command. An object cannot be built unless all of its build requisites have been built and a part handler can be called to build it.

VMF1851I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- (n of m) *parthandler* processing *tapefile*
- (n of m) *parthandler* processing *fn ft fm*, target is *string {vdev|dirid} (mode)*
- Executing the product processing exit *fn*
- (n of m) Build list *fn1* has a build requisite for object *object* in build list *fn2*, but *fn2* has been flagged to be bypassed
- Processing user exit *fn* to set up
- Processing user exit *fn* to clean up
- Processing product exec *fn*
- Reading build lists
- Cannot process *fn ft* because it is flagged to be bypassed
- (n of m) *parthandler* completed with return code *rc*

These messages notify you when major steps in the procedure are being performed, or of relevant information related to the procedure.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1852I Volume *n* of *m* of {COR|INS|
PUT} {TAPE|ENVELOPE} *tapenum*
[created on *day month year*]

Explanation

This message identifies the tape or envelope being processed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1853W Serviced part *fn ft* was not found
in any build list. A MANUAL build
requirement will be created.

Explanation

The VMFBLD STATUS function encountered a serviced part that could not be found in any build list. This implies that the part must be processed using manual procedures. Therefore a MANUAL build requirement is established by creating a record in the SRVBLDS table. A part may also be assigned a status of MANUAL due to one of the following error situations.

- A PTF or a local modification introduced a new part without adding the part to a build list.
- A PTF or a local modification inadvertently introduced a new part by not matching the file name and file type abbreviation data on the:PARTID tag in the build list.
- A local modification incorrectly added a select data (\$SELECT) file entry for the part.

System action

RC=4 Processing continues.

User response

Do the manual processing and use the VMFUPDAT command or the VMFSIM MODIFY command to update the status in the SRVBLDS table to BUILT. If the MANUAL status was caused by an error, correct the error if it was caused by a local modification. If the

error was caused by a PTF, report the error to the IBM Support Center.

VMF1860E *compname is an invalid component name for the product parameter file fn \$PPF*

Explanation

The base component name given was not found on the :COMPLST tag in the file *fn \$PPF*.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Verify that the file name of the product parameter file is correct for the component name specified.

VMF1860I *compname is an invalid component name for the product parameter file fn \$PPF*

Explanation

The base component name given was not found on the :COMPLST tag in the file *fn \$PPF*.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues by issuing a prompt for the correct component name.

User response

When prompted for the component name, respond by entering one of the component names listed by the prompt or enter quit.

VMF1861E *The *prodid* service exec completed with return code *rc*. Some service may have been received*

Explanation

The *prodid* is serviced with a product exec (*prodid* EXEC). The product exec was run and failed with the specified return code.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Follow the instructions in the product's service documentation.

VMF1861I *The *prodid* service exec completed with return code *rc*]. The service may have been received previously]*

Explanation

The *prodid* is serviced with a product exec (*prodid* EXEC). The product exec was run and completed with the specified return code.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1861W *The *prodid* service exec completed with return code *rc*. Service has been received and a build may be required*

Explanation

The *prodid* is serviced with a product exec (*prodid* EXEC). The product exec was run and completed with the specified return code.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

Follow the instructions in the product's service documentation.

VMF1863W *Service has been received on the S-disk.*

Explanation

Files have been loaded to the system disk.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

The system minidisk needs to be re-IPLed, or the CMS segment may need to be resaved.

VMF1867E **The build list *fn ft fm* does not contain a valid loader name**

Explanation

Unless specified with the LOADER option, the loader invoked for the build of the component being processed is determined by the loader card specified in the build list identified in the :BLD. section of the product parameter file. The build list does not contain a loader that is valid.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Check the build list and correct or add the loader entry and rerun the command. Or, rerun the procedure by using the LOADER option and a valid loader name.

VMF1868W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Auxfile *fn ft* contains PTF *ptfnum* but textdeck *fn ft* could not be located. Search will continue with the level ID from the control file.** In determining the file type of a textdeck using the AUX and control file structure, an AUXFILE has been found that contains a valid PTF or local tracking number. A textdeck file type formed with this number and prefix cannot be located using the current access order. This may result in a build being done with a lower level textdeck.
- **The control file *fn CNTRL* indicates that part *fn2 ft2* should exist but it cannot be located. Searching will continue at the next level.** In determining the file type of a textdeck using the AUX and control file structure, the following occurred:
 1. An update or AUX file was specified in the control file.
 2. The update or AUX file exists on an accessed disk.
 3. A part with a filetype of the prefix concatenated with the LEVELID could not be located.

This condition may also exist if the update specified in the control file contains a prefix, but the next AUX level points to an AUXFILE that does not contain a valid PTF number. In this case, a search is made using the LEVELID from the control file, which may cause the message to be issued as described above.

System action

RC=8. In each case, the procedure continues to process the control file searching for a textdeck file type.

User response

In each case, investigate the access order to determine if the textdeck identified in the message can be located. If it can be located, either the disk should be added in the PPF, or the textdeck should be copied to a disk that is listed in the PPF. If the deck cannot be located, then the module should be reassembled.

VMF1870S **Choose the component to be processed from the list below:**

Explanation

A procedure has been requested, but a component name was not specified. The names displayed are taken from the :COMPLST tag and :OVERLST tags in the product parameter file.

System action

Command processing continues. Message 1810R will follow.

User response

None.

VMF1872W **{COR|INS} is not a fully supported option for product *prodid*. The {TAPE|ENVELOPE} has been positioned to the beginning of the product's first file**

Explanation

The product specified on the VMFREC command is not packaged in VMSES/E format and must be processed using the product's service documentation.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

Follow the instructions in the product's service documentation to load the product's service.

VMF1889E **The *fn ft* file contains invalid data on the *tag* record**

Explanation

The syntax of the specified file is invalid.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the file and rerun the procedure.

VMF1890E **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **The product parameter file *fn \$PPF* is invalid. *tag1* is missing or out of order.** A required record cannot be found in the product parameter file.
- ***override* is an override in *fn1 \$PPF*. This override points to override tag *tag* in *fn2 \$PPF* which is already in the override chain.** The use of nested override files is incorrect.
- **The product parameter file *fn \$PPF* is invalid. *tag* is an invalid tag.** A tag that is not valid has been found in the product parameter file.
- **The product parameter file *fn \$PPF* is invalid. *keyword* is an invalid override keyword for *tag*.** A keyword that is not a valid override keyword for the indicated tag has been found in the product parameter file.
- **The product parameter file *fn \$PPF* is invalid. Override control records are not valid for the override keyword *keyword* found on the *tag* tag.** The override control records are not valid for the indicated override keyword found on the tag shown.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

- Check the tag that is mentioned as missing in the message. It may not begin with a colon (:) or end

with a period (.), and therefore is not considered a valid tag. Or, the tag may be out of order in relation to another tag.

- Check the nesting of override files in your product parameter files.
- Investigate why the tag is considered not valid. It may not begin with a colon (:) or end with a period (.), and therefore is not considered a valid tag.
- Investigate why the keyword is considered not valid. For more information about the tag and possible override keywords, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).
- Investigate why the override control records are considered not valid for this tag. For more information about the tag and possible override keywords, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

VMF1893E **A :COMPLST tag was found in the file *fn \$PPF* which appears to be an override file**

Explanation

The :COMPLST tag is only valid in a base product parameter file.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF1895E ***tag1* tag found {after|before} *tag2* tag in *fn \$PPF***

Explanation

A tag was not in the proper place in the product parameter file.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and enter the command again.

VMF1896E **Component missing off override component tag *tag1***

Explanation

The component could not be found in the override file.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and enter the command again.

VMF1897E **{Error reading file *fn ft fm*|A problem occurred reading file *fn ft* while function *function* was executing}**

Explanation

A file required by the procedure cannot be read.

System action

The procedure exits with RC=100.

User response

Correct the problem with the file and retry the procedure. Possible problems are not enough storage or bad file pointers.

For VMFBDMOD, examine the loadlist file and make sure all the load blocks are in the correct format and all the required tags are present. Examine any accompanying error message and refer to the user response for that message for further assistance. Correct the loadlist and enter the VMFBLD command again.

VMF1898E **A record cannot be written to file *fn ft fm***

Explanation

A problem has been encountered adding a record to a file.

System action

The procedure exits with RC=100.

User response

Correct the problem with the minidisk or directory and retry the procedure. The minidisk or file space being full could cause this error.

VMF1899E **Error {writing|updating} file *file_ID***

Explanation:

An error occurred while writing or updating the specified file.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF1901E **Missing keyword *keyword1* for *keyword2* option**

Explanation

Only one keyword was entered. You must enter both *keyword1* and *keyword2*.

System action

The procedure exits with RC=24.

User response

Check the command syntax and enter the command again.

VMF1902E **Keywords out of order: *keyword2* must follow *keyword1***

Explanation

The second keyword (*keyword2*) was found before the first keyword (*keyword1*). *keyword1* must be entered first.

System action

The procedure exits with RC=24.

User response

Check the command syntax and enter the command again.

VMF1905E **The access of {*vdev*/*dirid*} failed with a return code of *rc*.**

Explanation

VMFSETUP was not able to perform an access that was listed in the product parameter file. The minidisk or

directory may not have been linked or formatted prior to running VMFSETUP.

System action

RC=12. Processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Ensure the access was not needed. If it was needed, make the minidisk or directory accessible, and enter the command again.

VMF1906E **Unable to access disk *vdev* R/O because it contains no files; Disk *vdev* is not accessed**

Explanation:

A read-only link to the indicated disk has been specified or requested, but the disk is empty and therefore cannot be accessed read-only.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing continues, bypassing the failing sub-function.

User response:

Subsequent VMSES/E operations might fail because not all required disks have been accessed. Read/write authority should be obtained to the specified disk, or make sure it contains at least one CMS file.

VMF1906W **Unable to access disk *vdev* R/O because it contains no files; Disk *vdev* is now accessed R/W**

Explanation:

A read-only link to the indicated disk has been specified or requested, but the disk is empty and therefore cannot be accessed read-only. If the VMFSETUP LINKRR option has been used, the disk is not accessed, whereas for the VMFSETUP LINK option, the disk is accessed R/W.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues, bypassing the failing sub-function.

User response:

Subsequent VMSES/E operations might fail because all required disks might not have been accessed. If the indicated disk is required for other operations, make sure it contains at least one CMS file.

VMF1907I **{Assembling|Generating
{commands|messages} for} *fn***

Explanation

ASSEMBLE, HASM, HLASM, GENCMD, or GENMSG is about to be run for the specified file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1908E **Error {assembling|generating
{commands|messages} for} *fn*.
Return code was *rc***

Explanation:

ASSEMBLE, GENCMD, GENMSG, HASM, or HLASM failed when processing the specified file.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing continues bypassing the failing subfunction.

User response:

Investigate why the specified command failed. Correct the problem and enter the command again.

VMF1909I ***fn ft* {created|updated|moved}
{on|to} your *character-disk***

Explanation

This message is issued to alert you of the creation or modification of the specified file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1910E **No filepool is currently assigned**

Explanation

A file pool is not currently assigned.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Check your shared file system directories.

VMF1911E **Invalid CSECT name *csect-name*
for ICS card in *fn ft***

Explanation

The include control section card has an invalid CSECT name specified.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the ICS card and restart the procedure.

VMF1912E VER card missing in *fn ft*

Explanation

A VER card was missing, and the patch cannot be performed.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Add a VER card and restart the procedure.

VMF1933E The variations of this message are explained below.

Explanation

- Tag *tag* is not present in *fn ft*
- Tag *tag* data *data* is not valid in *fn ft*
- Tag *tag* data is missing for object *obj* in *fn ft*
- Tag *tag* data *data* is not valid for object *obj* in *fn ft*
- Tag *tag* data is missing in *fn ft*
- Data {*tag* | *data*} is not valid in *fn ft*

The syntax of the specified file is not valid.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax and rerun the procedure.

VMF1935I Object *object* in the *fn ft* build list was successfully built

Explanation

This is an information only message to identify the successful build of an object.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

This information is placed in the log for informational purposes only.

VMF1937I Merge of *string* started

Explanation

The contents of the specified string of disks will be merged or promoted. The merge is based on the following algorithm: Starting from the most accepted pair of disks, the contents of the less accepted one of the pair are copied to the more accepted one using COPYFILE with the OLDDATE and REPLACE options. The contents of the less accepted one are then erased. The procedure is repeated for each pair of disks in the string. The string is defined in the minidisk assignment (MDA) section of the product parameter file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1938I Merging string {*vdev1*/*dirid1*} to {*vdev2*/*dirid2*}

Explanation

The contents of the first minidisk or directory will be copied to the second minidisk or directory. The copy is done using COPYFILE with the OLDDATE and REPLACE options. Once the copy is complete, the contents of the first minidisk or directory are erased.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1939I Merge of *string* completed

Explanation

The contents of the specified string have been merged successfully.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1944E Update file *fn ft fm* contains an unsupported statement type, *type*, for the patch facility

Explanation

The update file identified in the message is a patch update that contains a statement other than NAME (Name for CSECT), ICS (Included control section), VER (verify), REP (replace), or comments. Only these statement types are allowed in patch update files.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

While creating the update file, you may have incorrectly typed the update statements. If so, correct the statements and retry the procedure. Incorrect update files can generate a bad nucleus. Therefore the update file should be corrected.

VMF1949I PTF *ptfnum* for product *ppfname* has already been applied

Explanation

The specified PTF was listed in the apply list but has previously been applied.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1953W *filename* was interrupted the last time it was run. *filename*

\$MSGLOG has been restored from the saved history file *fn ft*

Explanation

While a VMSES/E procedure is running, the cumulative message log is saved with a file type of \$OLDLOG so the \$MSGLOG for the current procedure can be built. When the procedure is finished, the \$OLDLOG is appended to the \$MSGLOG, and the \$OLDLOG is erased. If a \$OLDLOG is found at the beginning of a VMSES/E procedure, it indicates a previous procedure did not complete normally. The \$OLDLOG is then appended to \$MSGLOG as it should have been at the conclusion of the previous procedure.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1954I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Locating *tag1* tag in file *fn \$PPF* on disk *fm*.**
Processing of an override has begun by locating the override in the chain.
- **Applying override *override1* from file *fn \$PPF*.** The override has been located and is in the process of being applied.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF1955E Override *override1* in *fn \$PPF* contains *word1*. *Word1* is not a valid control word

Explanation

A record that begins with './' was found, but it was not a valid control record. Valid control records are ./INSERT, ./DELETE and ./END.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops due to the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF1956E **An ./INSERT control record has been encountered without a corresponding ./END control record in override *override1* from *fn \$PPF***

Explanation

The ./END record is required to close the Insert Block.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the override in the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF1957E ***cntrlrec* has been located in an invalid location in override *override* from *fn \$PPF***

Explanation

The ./INSERT and ./DELETE control records can only be located in updateable sections of a product parameter file. Updateable sections include :DCL, :MDA, :RECINS, :RECSER, :BLD, and :DABBV.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the override in the product parameter file and enter the command again.

VMF1958W ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- ***symbol1* symbol has been found on a ./DELETE control record in file *fn ft* but the symbol cannot be located in *tag1* section.**

The record that was supposed to be deleted was not found. No delete was performed.

- ***symbol1* symbol has been found on a ./INSERT control record in file *fn ft* but the symbol cannot be located. The insert will be at the end of the *tag1* section in the file *fn2 ft2*.**

The symbol used to identify where the insert is to take place can not be found. The information will be inserted at the end of the section indicated in the message.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

If the action taken is not satisfactory, correct the override in the product parameter file and enter the command again.

VMF1965E ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Command *command* failed with RC=*rc***
- **Command *command* failed with RC=*rc* while operating upon file *fn ft* [on {*vdev/dirid*} (*fm*)]**
- **Command *command* failed with RC=*rc* when issued with argument(s): *args***
- **Command *command* failed with RC=*rc* while processing object *obj***
- **Command *command* failed with RC=*rc* while processing object *obj*; It was operating upon file *fn ft* [on {*vdev/dirid*} (*fm*)]**
- **Command *command* failed with RC=*rc* while processing object *obj*; It was issued with argument(s): *args***
- **Command *command* (issued in server *userid*) failed (*hh:mm:ss*) with RC=*rc***
- **Command *command* (issued in server *userid*) failed (*hh:mm:ss*) with RC=*rc* when issued with argument(s): *args***

The specified command failed.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing stops because of the error associated with the listed command.

User response

Review the console log and any VMSES/E \$MSGLOG files for any additional related error messages, and then refer to the appropriate documentation for the failing command. Correct the problem, and enter the applicable VMSES/E command again.

VMF1966W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Command *command* ended with RC=*rc*
- Command *command* ended with RC=*rc* while operating upon file *fn ft* [on {*vdev/dirid*} (*fm*)]
- Command *command* ended with RC=*rc* when issued with argument(s): *args*
- Command *command* ended with RC=*rc* while processing object *obj*
- Command *command* ended with RC=*rc* while processing object *obj*; It was operating upon file *fn ft* [on {*vdev/dirid*} (*fm*)]
- Command *command* ended with RC=*rc* while processing object *obj*; It was issued with argument(s): *args*
- Command *command* (issued in server *userid*) ended (*hh:mm:ss*) with RC=*rc*
- Command *command* (issued in server *userid*) ended (*hh:mm:ss*) with RC=*rc* when issued with argument(s): *args*

The specified command completed with warnings.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

Refer to the documentation for the command cited by the message. Determine if there is a problem, take corrective action if necessary, and reissue the applicable VMSES/E command.

VMF1967E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Command *command* did not complete successfully
- Command *command* did not complete successfully; Expected response not obtained {(Timeout completion: *hh:mm:ss*)}

- Command *command* did not complete successfully; Expected response value not obtained

The indicated command did not complete as expected, or, it did not produce a response or result that was expected.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing stops.

User response

Review the console log for any additional related error messages, and then refer to the appropriate documentation for the failing command. Correct the problem, and enter the original command again.

VMF2000I **Objects in segment build list *fn ft* have been built or deleted. Any segments using this build list will have to be rebuilt.**

Explanation

The specified build list contains objects that have been built or deleted. If a saved segment uses the build information in this build list, the saved segment will have to be rebuilt to incorporate the changes.

System action

None.

User response

If the changes to the rebuilt objects necessitate any changes to the definition of the saved segment that uses the specified build list, make those changes. If the saved segment is a member of a segment space, complete any necessary changes to the other members. If any member of a segment space is changed, all the members must be rebuilt. Enter the VMFBLD command with the name of the system saved segment build list that contains all of the saved segments that need to be rebuilt.

VMF2001E **This userid does not have the required privilege class to issue command(s): *cmds***

Explanation

The function attempted to issue the specified commands on your behalf, but your user ID does not have the required privilege class.

System action

RC=100. Processing is terminated.

User response

Have your user ID modified to include the privilege class necessary to issue the specified commands, or switch to another user ID that already has the privilege. Then invoke the function again.

VMF2002I **A DEFSEG command will be issued for *n* segment(s).**

Explanation

The SEGDATA file definitions for the saved segments to be built have been verified. A DEFSEG will now be issued for each saved segment to define the saved segment to CP.

System action

The system issues the DEFSEG commands.

User response

None.

VMF2003W **The *fn ft fm* file has been changed and must be moved to the *mode* disk.**

Explanation

The specified file has been changed and must be moved to the specified disk.

System action

RC=4. Processing continues.

User response

Copy the file to the specified file mode (replacing any existing version on that file mode). You can then erase the file from the file mode where it was modified. If the specified disk is the S-disk, you must also enter SAMPNSS CMS to define the CMS saved system. Then re-IPL the S-disk with the PARM SAVESYS CMS option to update the S-disk shared directory. If the specified file is SYSTEM SEGID, then logical segments were changed on the system. Copy the updated SYSTEM SEGID file to the test system disk (490) and the S-disk. Failure to do so causes the updated SYSTEM SEGID to be overlaid by an older copy when placing CMS service into production in a future service session. If these are critical segments, update the S-disk before you IPL or before new users log on.

VMF2004I **No logical segments can be built.**

Explanation

An error has occurred that prevents any further building of saved segments that are composed of logical saved segments. Saved segments that do not contain logical saved segments will be built.

System action

Processing continues if there are saved segments that do not contain logical saved segments; otherwise, processing stops.

User response

After processing ends, look at the previous error messages in the message log (\$VMFBLD \$MSGLOG) to determine why logical saved segments could not be built. Also look at the messages issued by the SEGGEN command, which are located in the physical and logical segment map files (file types PSEGMAP and LSEGMAP). The most likely cause of the error is that the target disk is full. Correct the problem and reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2005W **The load function for segment *segname* was specified as 'UNKNOWN'. The segment has been defined but cannot be built by VMFBLD.**

Explanation

The load function for the specified saved segment is defined as 'UNKNOWN' in the SEGDATA file. VMFBLD has issued a DEFSEG command to define the saved segment, but cannot build it.

System action

RC=4. Processing continues with the next saved segment.

User response

After processing ends, invoke the necessary procedures to load and save the saved segment. Note that the saved segment has already been defined and should not be redefined.

VMF2006E **Build list *bldlist* in component *compname* of *ppfname* PPF could not be processed because its status was neither BUILT nor DELETED.**

Explanation

Information in the specified build list is needed to build an object. However, the build list cannot be used because its status indicates that it might contain parts that have not yet been built or deleted.

System action

RC=12. Syntax checking continues, but no saved segments are built or deleted.

User response

To set the correct status for the build list, start VMFBLD with the PPF, component, and build list names specified in the message, in addition to the All and SETUP options. Then enter the original VMFBLD command again to build the segments, specifying the SETUP option to reaccess the required disks.

VMF2007E	There is no entry for segment <i>segname</i> in <i>fn ft</i>.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The specified saved segment cannot be processed because there is no information about it in the specified file.

System action

RC=100. Syntax checking continues with the next saved segment, but no saved segments are built or deleted.

User response

If the specified file is the SEGDATA file, use the VMFSGMAP EXEC to add information about the saved segment to the file. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2008E	The build status <i>status</i> of build list <i>bldlist</i> in component <i>compname</i> of <i>ppfname</i> PPF conflicts with the build status of other parts of segment <i>segname</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The BLDPARMS statement for this saved segment indicates that it is composed of several parts. The build status ('BUILT' or 'DELETED') of each of these parts must be the same. However, the status of the specified build list is not the same as the status of other parts of the saved segment. Note that the build status of a build list is taken from its product service-

level build status table. The status of any other type of part specified on the BLDPARMS statement is 'BUILT'.

System action

RC=100.

Syntax checking continues, but no saved segments are built or deleted.

User response

After processing ends, correct the information for the saved segment. To modify the BLDPARMS statement, use the VMFSGMAP EXEC. To modify the product service-level build status table, use the VMFSIM EXEC. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2009E	A {build list <i>bldlist</i>}:BLDPARMS tag} that is used in building segment <i>segname</i> contains a load function <i>loadfunc</i> that conflicts with the type of segment, {SEG PSEG}.
-----------------	--

Explanation

There is a mismatch between the specified saved segment's type, as defined on the TYPE field of the definition in the SEGDATA file, and the load function for the saved segment, as defined in the specified product saved segment build list or on the BLDPARMS field of the definition in the SEGDATA file. If the type is 'PSEG', then each load function must be for a logical saved segment. If the type is 'SEG', then the load function cannot include a logical saved segment.

System action

RC=100. Syntax checking continues, but no saved segments are built or deleted.

User response

After processing ends, correct the information for the saved segment. To modify the TYPE and BLDPARMS fields of the saved segment definition record in the SEGDATA file, use the VMFSGMAP EXEC. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2010I	<i>messages</i>
-----------------	-----------------

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Processing has terminated due to an error. No objects have been built or deleted.**

- **Processing has terminated due to an error. Segments may have been purged but no segments have been built.**

This message indicates whether any saved segments might have been deleted before VMFBLD processing was stopped due to an error. No saved segments have been built.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Look at the previous error messages in the message log (\$VMFBLD \$MSGLOG) to determine what the errors were. If necessary, use the VMFSGMAP EXEC to modify saved segment definitions. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2011E **Cannot use build list *bldlist* in component *compname* of *ppfname* PPF**

Explanation

The specified build list could not be used, possibly because the product parameter file, component, or build list could not be found or was not valid.

System action

RC=12. Syntax checking continues, but no saved segments are built or deleted.

User response

After processing ends, look at the previous error messages in the message log (\$VMFBLD \$MSGLOG) to determine the cause of the error. If necessary, use the VMFSGMAP EXEC to modify saved segment definitions. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2012E **Storage in range *addr1-addr2* for *segname* in use.**

Explanation

The saved segment *segname* spans *addr1-addr2*, but the storage in that address range is already in use.

System action

RC=100. The saved segment is not built. Processing continues with the next saved segment.

User response

After VMFBLD processing completes, determine what might have reserved storage in that range and release the storage if possible. If releasing the storage is not possible, re-IPL with the CLEAR operand to clear storage. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2013I **Accessing disk or directory *{vdev|dirname}* as *mode***

Explanation

The disk or directory has been accessed at the specified mode.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None

VMF2014E **Objects *objname1* and *objname2* have conflicting build status for segment *segname*.**

Explanation

VMFBLD has identified multiple objects that require the same saved segment (the first part of the object name) to be built or deleted. However, the objects do not have the same build status. The status of one is 'DELETE', but the other is not. If one of the objects has a build status of 'DELETE', then all the objects must have that status.

System action

RC=100. Syntax checking continues for the rest of the saved segments to be built, but no saved segments are built or deleted.

User response

After processing ends, look at the service-level build status table (whose file name is identified in the PPF specified on the VMFBLD command) to determine which of this saved segment's objects have a build status of 'DELETE' and which do not. Note that VMFBLD assigns 'DELETE' status to an object if it is in the build status table but is not in the build list. Change the status for the incorrect objects or remove them from the build status table. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2015E **Members in the following space(s) cannot be built: *spacename...***

Explanation

The listed segment spaces have members in common to be built. However, the members cannot be built because the internal structure of one or more of the segment spaces is not complete. This may be because segment spaces or members have been purged using the PURGE NSS command without the ASSOCIATES operand.

System action

RC=100. Processing continues for saved segments that are not members of any of the listed segment spaces.

User response

After processing ends, look at the previous error messages in the message log (\$VMFBLD \$MSGLOG) to determine which segment spaces are incomplete. Use this information to resolve the problem, probably by purging the incomplete segment spaces using the PURGE NSS command with the ASSOCIATES operand. Then reenter the VMFBLD command.

VMF2016E **Segment *segname* cannot be built in space *spacename* because its range overlaps the range of an existing member, *membername*.**

Explanation

The range of the segment to be built overlaps the range of an unchanged segment already in the segment space. A segment space cannot contain overlapping members. The specified existing member could be in the skeleton segment space, if one exists. Or, it could be in the active segment space and not in the skeleton segment space, because the member would then be copied to the skeleton space when the changed segment is built.

System action

RC=100 Processing continues building changed segments that are not members of the specified space or of any other space connected to this space. Two spaces are connected if they have at least one member in common.

User response

After processing ends, use VMFSGMAP EXEC to view the existing and changed members of the specified space and to modify the ranges as necessary to avoid overlaps. Then start the VMFBLD command to build the segments that were not built.

VMF2017W **Saved systems cannot be added, changed, or deleted by VMFSGMAP**

Explanation

Saved systems are not defined in the system saved segment build list or the SEGDATA file. Even though VMFSGMAP displays saved systems currently defined on the system, the information is supplied for planning purposes only. You cannot use VMFSGMAP to add, change or delete saved systems.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Any changes to saved systems must be done outside of VMFSGMAP.

VMF2018E **The default language, *langid*, must be active in order to build segments**

Explanation

The default language *langid* indicated in this message was not set. It must be set to build segments using VMFBLD.

System action

RC=12. Processing is terminated.

User response

Enter the SET LANGUAGE command specifying the default language *langid* indicated in this error message, and then enter the PUT2PROD or VMFBLD command again.

VMF2024W **One or more segments defined above 2G are not displayed**

Explanation

The VMFSGMAP command does not support segments that are defined above the 2 GB line, and the VMFSGMAP panel will not display these segments.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

None.

VMF2025I **No segments found in {ERROR|
SEGDATA}**

Explanation

VMFSGMAP found no segments in error in response to the VIEW ERROR subcommand or no segments in the SEGDATA file in response to the VIEW SEGDATA subcommand.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2026I **QNSS**

Explanation

The VMFSGMAP Query NSS Map window displays the current definitions for a segment or segment space. The output is in the same format as the output returned by the CP QUERY NSS MAP command.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2027W **Members in segment space
spacename cannot be adjusted**

Explanation

VMFSGMAP has tried to change the ranges of the members of the specified segment space so that the ranges do not overlap. However, this has not been successful, due to conflicts with other saved segments or due to a lack of storage.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

The members of the specified segment space cannot be built with overlapping ranges. Using VMFSGMAP, either move the members manually to eliminate the overlaps or remove some members from the segment space.

VMF2028W **PPF contains multiple segment
build lists.**

Explanation

The product parameter file specified on the VMFSGMAP command contains other build lists in addition to the one specified on the VMFSGMAP command. The saved segment definitions displayed by VMFSGMAP depend on the build list.

System action

RC=4. Processing continues.

User response

Make sure that the build list you specified on the VMFSGMAP command is the one you want to use.

VMF2029I **Segment name required on
OBJNAME field**

Explanation

A saved segment name must be specified on the OBJNAME field when adding a new definition. The name must be different from the names of all the other saved segments and segment spaces on this system.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Enter a unique saved segment name on the OBJNAME field.

VMF2030I **No overlapping members found**

Explanation

There are no members with overlapping ranges in the segment space.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

None.

VMF2031E **Overlapping members found**

Explanation

There are members with overlapping ranges in the segment space. A segment space cannot be built with overlapping members.

System action

Definition records for the overlapping members are added to the display.

User response

Use the Adjust Member function (PF11) to automatically adjust member ranges to eliminate the overlaps, or manually adjust the ranges of the overlapping members.

VMF2032I **System and SEGDATA definitions are the same for segment *segname***

Explanation

The storage ranges, page descriptor codes, and segment space names defined in the SEGDATA file for the specified saved segment match the values defined on the system.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

None.

VMF2033I **System and SEGDATA definitions are NOT the same for segment *segname***

Explanation

The storage ranges, page descriptor codes, or segment space names defined in the SEGDATA file for the specified saved segment do not match the values defined on the system. If the saved segment is rebuilt, it will be moved to the ranges defined in the SEGDATA file, or it will added or removed from segment spaces as defined in the SEGDATA file.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Correct the storage ranges or segment space values in the SEGDATA definition if you do not want the saved segment moved when it is rebuilt.

VMF2034I **Building segment map**

Explanation

VMFSGMAP is using information in the SEGDATA file and on the system to build a segment map.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2035R **Segment data has been changed. Enter (1) if you want to {exit without saving|cancel} the changes or (0) to continue processing**

Explanation

You have made changes to the segment data that will be lost if you exit the map or cancel the changes.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

If you do not want to keep the changes made during this session, enter '1' to cancel or exit the map. If you want to continue processing and remain in the current panel, enter '0'.

VMF2036I **No default segment data found**

Explanation

You have requested that default saved segment data be used. However, either the PRODPART file with this data could not be located or the file did not contain the default data.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Correct the PRODPART file name and component name on the PRODID field, if it is incorrect. Otherwise, use the product documentation to enter the necessary information for the saved segment definition.

VMF2037W **One or more segment definitions in error**

Explanation

There are saved segment definitions in the SEGDATA file that contain information that is not valid, or there are currently segments defined on the system that are in error. The segments that are found in error are identified in the segment map with a status code of E. Changes to the segment map can be saved in this condition, but the saved segments in error will probably not be built successfully.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Before using VMFBLD to build a saved segment, ensure it is correctly defined in the SEGDATA file.

Continue viewing and changing the segment map.

To view only the segment definitions in error, enter the following subcommand on the command line:

```
VIEW ERROR
```

- If a member saved segment is defined on the system, but does not have an associated segment space, the following record is appended to the end of the map:

```
E segname MEM
```

- If a segment space is defined on the system, but has no members, the following record is appended to the end of the map:

```
E segname SPA NOMEMBERS
```

- To see the system definition for a saved segment, press PF2 or PF14 to run "Chk Obj."
- To purge a system data file causing an error, enter:

```
#cp purge nss spoolid
```

Note: If purging a segment space, be sure to specify the ASSOCIATES operand on the PURGE NSS command.

- To see the SEGDATA definition for a saved segment, press PF4 or PF16 from the Segment Map panel. Errors are highlighted on the Change Segment Definition panel. Correct the errors and return to the map by pressing PF5 or PF17.

VMF2038E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid data, data, on field field**
- **Missing data on field field**

The specified field contains incorrect data or is missing required data. The saved segment definition will not be accepted with this condition.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Depending on the text of the message, correct the data or supply the missing data on the specified field.

VMF2039W **Userid not authorized to issue QUERY NSS. Segments defined on system not mapped**

Explanation

VMFSGMAP issued the QUERY NSS command to get information about saved segments and saved systems defined on the system, but your user ID does not have the CP privilege class required to use this command. The displayed segment map contains only saved segments defined in the SEGDATA file.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

If you need to view and modify the current system saved segment information, you must have your user ID updated to give you the CP privilege required to issue the QUERY NSS command, or switch to a user ID that already has that privilege.

VMF2040I **Segment segname not defined in SEGDATA file**

Explanation

The specified saved segment does not exist in the SEGBLIST SEGDATA file.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

Check the SEGBLIST SEGDATA file. If the saved segment is not found, the segment can be built using VMFSGMAP.

VMF2040W **Segment *segname* not defined on {system | in SEGDATA file}**

Explanation

The specified saved segment belongs to a product that is not installed on this system or the specified saved segment is not found in the SEGDATA file.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

Insure that the segment name was specified correctly.

VMF2041I **Segment space *spacename* not defined. All segments mapped**

Explanation

The specified segment space does not exist on the current system or in the SEGDATA file, so a definition for this segment space cannot be displayed.

System action

All the saved segments and segment spaces defined on the system are added to the segment map. The system waits for the next request.

User response

None.

VMF2042I **Fields in error must be corrected**

Explanation

The highlighted fields contain incorrect data. The saved segment definition will not be accepted until the fields are corrected.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Correct the highlighted fields.

VMF2043E **Duplicate segment and segment space name *name* specified**

Explanation

The specified name is already in use, either as the name of a segment space or as the name of a saved

segment. Each segment space name or saved segment name must be unique.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Change the name of the existing or new segment space or saved segment to a name not already in use.

VMF2044W ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Segment name *segname* already defined. Current segment definition will be replaced.** The specified saved segment name is already defined in the SEGDATA file. The existing definition in the SEGDATA file will be replaced by the new data from the panel.
- **Segment name *new_segname* already defined in ADD Object Panel. OBJNAME reset to *old_segname*.** The new saved segment name you tried to define is already in use in another definition on the panel.

System action

For the first variation, the system waits for the next request.

For the second variation, the duplicate name is restored to the original name. The system waits for the next request.

User response

For the first variation, if you do not want to replace the existing definition in the SEGDATA file, change the name in the OBJNAME field.

For the second variation, if you need to change the name of the saved segment, select a name not used for any other saved segment or segment space.

VMF2045W **Duplicate segment space names *spacename* specified.**

Explanation

The specified segment space name has been included multiple times on the SPACE field. A saved segment cannot be a member of the same segment space more than once.

System action

The system waits for the next request.

User response

Correct the duplicate name if it should be the name of a different segment space. Otherwise, remove the duplicate name.

VMF2046I **Segment {segname}space
spacename} has been deleted**

Explanation

You may receive this message while working in the segment map or after invoking the VMFBLD EXEC to build saved segments:

- If you receive this message while working in the segment map, the specified saved segment or segment space has been marked for deletion in the SEGDATA file. A 'DELETED' record is displayed at the end of the map. The storage range that it occupied can be used for other saved segments. Any member of a deleted segment space is also deleted if it is not a member of another segment space. The saved segment or segment space marked for deletion is not actually deleted from the current system until VMFBLD is invoked.
- If you receive this message after invoking VMFBLD, the specified saved segment has been purged from the current system.

System action

If you receive this message while working in the segment map, the system waits for the next request. If you receive this message after invoking VMFBLD, processing continues with the next saved segment.

User response

None.

VMF2047I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP
EXEC Segment Definition panel
OBJNAME field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the OBJNAME field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2048I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP
EXEC Segment Definition panel
DEFPARMS field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the DEFPARMS field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2049I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC
Segment Definition panel SPACE
field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the SPACE field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2050I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC
Segment Definition panel TYPE
field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the TYPE field on the Segment Definition panel

generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2051I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC Segment Definition panel OBJDESC field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the OBJDESC field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2052I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC Segment Definition panel OBJINFO field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the OBJINFO field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2053I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC Segment Definition panel GT_16MB field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the GT_16MB field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2054I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC Segment Definition panel DISKS field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the DISKS field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2055I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC Segment Definition panel SEGREQ field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the SEGREQ field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2056I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC
Segment Definition panel PRODID
field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the PRODID field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2057I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP
EXEC Segment Definition panel
BLDPARMS field**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the BLDPARMS field on the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2058I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC
Segment Map panel**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the Segment Map panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2059I **HELP for the VMFSGMAP EXEC
Segment Definition panel**

Explanation

This message provides the user-requested HELP panel for the Segment Definition panel generated by the VMFSGMAP EXEC. It is displayed in HELP only.

For a description of the VMFSGMAP EXEC, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

System action

None.

User response

None.

VMF2060E **The target *string* {vdev/dirid} must
be enlarged by at least *n* cylinders
before merging**

Explanation

The requested merge did not take place because one of the targets is not large enough. The target minidisk or directory must be able to hold all of the files from the source minidisk or directory, plus all of the files on the target minidisk or directory that are not on the source.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

No files were moved so no clean up is necessary. Enlarge the target minidisk or directory by the required number of cylinders to accommodate the files from the source minidisk or directory.

VMF2063I **Merge not required from {vdev1/
dirid1} to {vdev2/dirid2} for *string*
because {vdev1/dirid1} is empty**

Explanation

If the source minidisk or directory of a merge is empty, there is no need to merge it.

System action

Command processing continues with other merges (if any).

User response

None.

VMF2065I	<i>string {vdev dirid} was n percent full before merging and m percent full after merging</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message indicates how much space is left over after the merge and may help you in your resource planning.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2066E	A previous {VMFAPPLY VMFREM} did not complete as indicated by the existence of <i>appid</i> {<i>\$APRCVRY</i> <i>\$RMRCVRY</i>} on the <i>string</i> <i>string</i>. Run {VMFAPPLY VMFREM} before running <i>command</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

The last run of VMFAPPLY or VMFREM did not complete as indicated by the presence of a recovery file on the *string* mentioned.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Enter VMFAPPLY or VMFREM again for the *ppf* and *compname* that correspond to the above noted *appid*. Then enter the *command* again.

VMF2068E	No merge occurred because <i>string</i> {<i>vdev</i> <i>dirid</i>} is your S-disk
-----------------	--

Explanation

A system disk cannot be included in a merge.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Remove the system disk from the *string* and reissue the command.

VMF2069E	<i>messages</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Tape file *tapefile* is listed more than once in the {*:RECINS*|*:RECSER*} section of product parameter file *fn PPF* (*compname compname*).** The first token of records in the *:RECINS* and *:RECSER* sections of the product parameter file is a tape file name. The tape files in these sections can only be listed once. To load the same tape file twice requires two invocations of VMFREC.
- **Build list *bldlist* is listed more than once in the *:BLD* section of product parameter file *fn PPF* (*compname compname*).** The first token of records in the *:BLD* section of the product parameter file is a build list name. The build lists in this section can only be listed once. To build the same build list twice requires either two invocations of VMFBLD or two copies of the build list with different file names.
- **Minidisk *disk* is listed more than once on the *string* string in the *:MDA* section of product parameter file *fn PPF* (*compname compname*).** The first token of records in the *:MDA* section of the product parameter file is the *string* name. Minidisks and directories can only be listed once per *string*.
- **Directory *dirid* is listed more than once on the *string* string in the *:MDA* section of product parameter file *fn PPF* (*compname compname*).** The first token of records in the *:MDA* section of the product parameter file is the *string* name. Minidisks and directories can only be listed once per *string*.
- **String *string* is listed more than once on the *:P2P* section of product parameter file *fn PPF* (*compname compname*).** The first token of records in the *:P2P* section of the product parameter file is the *string* value for a test build minidisk or SFS directory. Minidisks and SFS directories can only be listed once.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the specified section of the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF2070E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Invalid string name *string* in the :MDA section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- String *string* is not in the :MDA section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- String *string* is missing values in the :MDA section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid tape file *tapefile* in the {:RECINS}:RECSER} section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Tape file *tapefile* is not in the {:RECINS}:RECSER} section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid build list *bldlist* in the :BLD section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid target [*string*] for tape file *tapefile* in the {:RECINS}:RECSER} section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid part handler [*parthandler*] for tape file *tapefile* in the {:RECINS}:RECSER} section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid target [*string*] for build list *bldlist* in the :BLD section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid part handler [*parthandler*] for build list *bldlist* in the :BLD section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*
- Invalid option *option* in the :P2P section of the product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)*

A string, tape file, build list, or part handler (or an associated value) was specified improperly. String names, tape files, build lists, and part handlers must all be valid CMS file names. In addition, string names must begin with one of the seven defined string types (TASK, LOCAL, APPLY, DELTA, BASE, BUILD, or SYSTEM). Also, build lists cannot be named UNKNOWN.

Strings are defined in the :MDA section of the product parameter file and are referenced as targets in the :BLD, :RECINS, and :RECSER sections and A target

string must correspond to a string defined in the :MDA section.

Tape files are defined in the :RECINS and :RECSER sections of the product parameter file and referenced in the product contents directory on the tape or envelope, on the VMFREC command line, and on the :PROCOPTS tags in the :PARTS section of the PRODPART file. Tape file definitions must include a part handler and a target specification.

Build lists are defined in the :BLD section of the product parameter file and referenced in Software Inventory files and on the command lines of several VMSES/E commands (for example, VMFBLD and VMFQOBJ). Build list definitions must include a part handler and a target specification.

Options in the :P2P section of the specified PPF must be valid options for this section.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the string, tape file, optionbuild list, or part handler specification and enter the command again. If the error is in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM, contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2070W **Build list *bldlist* is not in the :BLD section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)***

Explanation

A build list that is located in the *bldid* SRVBLDS file for the component being built is not defined in the :BLD section of the product parameter file.

System action

RC=4. The build list is bypassed and processing continues.

User response

Correct the build list specification and enter the command again. If this build list was intentionally removed from the PPF by an override, this message can be ignored.

VMF2071E **Invalid device address or directory id, {*vdev/dirid*}, on the *string* string in the :MDA section of product parameter file *fn PPF (compname compname)***

Explanation

You have specified a minidisk or directory that is not valid. A minidisk address specified in the product parameter file (PPF) must be a hexadecimal number of no more than 4 characters in length. A directory specified in the PPF must be fully qualified. A fully qualified directory identifier is in the form *filepoolid:userid.qualifier* (*qualifier* can be multiple subdirectory identifiers, that is, A.B.C).

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the minidisk or directory specification in the PPF and reissue the command.

VMF2072E *string cannot list {vdev/dirid} as source and target*

Explanation

As defined in the product parameter file, the specified minidisk or directory would be both the source and the target for the same merge.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF2073E *You specified n pair(s) of minidisks or directories to be merged for $string$, but only m pair(s) are defined in the :MDA section of product parameter file fn PPF (compname $compname$)*

Explanation

You have specified a number of levels on the command line which is greater than the number of levels defined in the :MDA section of the product parameter file. There must be at least 1 pair of minidisks or directories defined in the product parameter file.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Specify a valid number of pairs on the command line or define valid pairs in the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF2074E *Level fn ft of part fn ft [in object $object$] in build list fn ft is missing*

Explanation

The specified level of a part could not be found. This part is required to build this object, so the object will not be built.

If the missing level shown contains a base file type (ie. *fta00000*), then VMSES/E was unable to find the base level of the part. The base level of a part has two possible forms: the first has the base file type and can reside on any disk, the second has the real (executable) file type and must reside on a BASE disk. VMSES/E issues this message if neither form of the base level can be found.

System action

RC = 28. Command processing stops for the specified object.

User response

Determine why the specified file is missing. If this is an acceptable condition, the IGNORE part option may be specified on the :OPTIONS tag for the part in the object definition for the specified object.

VMF2074I *Part fn ft [in object $object$] in build list fn ft will be ignored*

Explanation

There is no defined level for the specified part, but the IGNORE part option was specified so the part will be ignored and the building of the object will continue. If all parts within an object are ignored, the object will receive a status of BUILT, even though the entire object will be ignored.

System action

RC = 0.

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The file type abbreviation *ftabbrev* could not be translated to a real file type**
- **The file type abbreviation *ftabbrev* could not be translated to a base file type**
- **The base file type could not be determined because the part was not serviced and a file type abbreviation was not specified**

The VM SYSABRVT table, in conjunction with the :DABBV section of the PPF, contains information that allows an abbreviation for a file type to be translated to either a real file type or base file type. This translation has failed.

System action

RC = 28.

Command processing stops because of the not found condition.

User response

Check the VM SYSABRVT table for the abbreviation and ensure you have built the latest level of the abbreviation table. When using VMFSIM and this error occurs:

- Verify the file type abbreviation used on the command invocation.
- If a file type abbreviation was not specified on the VMFSIM invocation and the part was not serviced, specify a file type abbreviation.

If the abbreviation is still not found, contact your IBM support center.

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Copying *filename filetype* on address (*filemode*) to *tofilename tofiletype tofilemode* for input to the loader**
- **Copying *filename filetype* on address (*filemode*) to *tofilename tofiletype tofilemode***

One of the following occurred:

- If the file that is being copied to is \$\$\$TLL\$\$ EXEC, the FASTPATH option was selected, and the build list, *filename filetype*, is being copied prior to invoking the loader. The loader uses a build

list named \$\$\$TLL\$\$ EXEC as input. VMFBDNUC is copying the build list to \$\$\$TLL\$\$ EXEC A, and the loader may issue messages referring to \$\$\$TLL\$\$ EXEC. These loader messages are actually referring to the *filename filetype* build list.

- If the file being copied from is \$\$\$TLL\$\$ EXEC, VMFBDNUC is copying the temporary build list created for the loader to the file name above. This can be left on your disk and used later with the FASTPATH option.
- The file *filename filetype address (filemode)* was copied to *tofilename tofiletype tofilemode* and used as a temporary work file.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

Explanation

This message is used to display the contents of a file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The apply of PTF *ptfnum1* failed due to problems with PTF *ptfnum2*.**
- **PTF *ptfnum1* could not be applied because *ptfnum2* has not been received.**
- **PTF *ptfnum1* is a corequisite of PTF *ptfnum2* which is already applied. This is an inconsistent state.**

PTF *ptfnum1* was specified in the Apply List and could not be applied for the specified reason.

System action

RC = 8. Processing of this PTF terminates. Processing continues with the next PTF in the Apply List. All messages up to message 2115 relate to this failure.

User response

Review the \$VMFAPP \$MSGLOG to determine which PTFs were not applied and the reason for each failure. Contact the IBM Support Center to determine what should be done to correct the problem.

VMF2101I **PTF *ptfnum* has been validated successfully**

Explanation

The specified PTF has passed VMFAPPLY validation. If the VMFAPPLY command completes successfully, the Software Inventory will be updated to include this PTF.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2102I ***n* of *m* PTFs processed**

Explanation

The first number indicates the number of PTFs that have been processed. The second number is the total number of PTFs which require processing. This message indicates the progress of the VMFAPPLY command. This message is issued after processing 1/10, 2/10, of the PTFs in the Apply list. This message does not appear in the \$VMFAPP \$MSGLOG.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2103I **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **The Software Inventory has been updated on the *addr (fm)* disk.** The command entered has completed successfully. The maintenance level of

the product specified in the input product parameter file has been updated on the specified disk.

- **The Software Inventory has not been updated.** The Software Inventory has not been updated. This could occur if the command was entered with a test or plan option.

System action

Command processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF2103E **The Software Inventory must be recovered**

Explanation

The command that was entered failed, and the Software Inventory files have been partially updated and must be recovered. The data needed for recovery is stored in temporary files.

System action

Command processing completes.

User response

Determine the cause of the failure by examining the messages issued previously. Make the necessary corrections, and enter the command again. Respond to message VMF2114R to recover the Software Inventory and complete the interrupted command.

VMF2103W **The Software Inventory has not been updated**

Explanation

The entered command failed and the Software Inventory files have not been updated.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Determine the cause of the failure by examining the messages issued previously. Make the necessary corrections and enter the command again.

VMF2104I **PTF *ptfnum* contains user information. Review the :UMEMO section in file *ptfnum* \$PTFPART.**

Explanation

User information was provided with PTF *ptfnum*. This information exists in the section identified by the :UMEMO tag in the *ptfnum* \$PTFPART file.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

If the PTF was applied using the SERVICE command, use the VMFUPDAT SYSMEMO command to review the memo contents. Otherwise, use XEDIT to review the user information in the *ptfnum* \$PTFPART file.

VMF2105I *message*

Explanation

This message is a summary of the results of the VMFAPPLY command. *message* is one of the following:

- **VMFAPPLY processing has completed SUCCESSFULLY. The *fn* Apply List contains *n1* PTFs. *n2* PTFs were already applied. *n3* PTFs applied successfully. *n4* PTFs were included. *n5* were excluded or require excluded PTFs. *n6* PTFs failed.**
- **VMFAPPLY processing has completed UNSUCCESSFULLY. The *fn* Apply List contains *n1* PTFs. *n2* PTFs were already applied. *n3* PTFs passed validation. *n4* PTFs were included and passed validation. *n5* were excluded or require excluded PTFs. *n6* PTFs failed.**
- **VMFAPPLY has terminated due to an error. The *fn* Apply List contains *n1* PTFs. *n2* PTFs were already applied. *n3* PTFs passed validation. *n4* PTFs were included and passed validation. *n5* were excluded or require excluded PTFs. *n6* PTFs failed.**
- **VMFAPPLY processing has completed with WARNINGS. The *fn* Apply List contains *n1* PTFs. *n2* PTFs were already applied. *n3* PTFs applied successfully. *n4* PTFs were included. *n5* were excluded or require excluded PTFs. *n6* PTFs failed.**

N1 is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List.

N2 is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List and had an apply status of "APPLIED" or "SUPED" in the Apply Status table prior to the invocation of the VMFAPPLY command.

N3 is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List and were processed successfully.

N4 is the number of PTFs which are not in the specified Apply List, however are required, and were processed successfully.

N5 is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List, however were not applied because the PTFs were in an Exclude list or required PTFs which are in an Exclude List.

N6 is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List and failed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2106I **The *fn* Apply List contains *n* PTFs that need to be applied and *m* PTFs that are already applied**

Explanation

This message is a summary message indicating the amount of processing that will be done.

N is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List and require processing. This number does not reflect duplicate entries.

M is the number of PTFs which are in the specified Apply List and had an apply status of *APPLIED* or *SUPED* in the Apply Status table prior to the invocation of the VMFAPPLY command.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2107I ***n* parts are missing**

Explanation

After processing all the PTFs specified in the Apply list, the highest PTF version of all parts associated with the PTFs in the Apply list must exist. This message is a summary message and is issued if any parts are missing.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Review the \$VMFAPP \$MSGLOG. Message VMF002E is issued for every missing part. Copy the missing parts to the DELTA string and reissue the VMFAPPLY command with the initial parameters.

VMF2108I ***n* parts failed self-documenting information validation**

Explanation

The CKSDI option was selected. The self-documenting information in the highest applied version of all parts containing self-documenting information is compared to the version vector table. This message is a summary message and is issued if any mismatches are identified.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Review the \$VMFAPP \$MSGLOG. Message VMF2117E provides detail information on each mismatch.

VMF2109I **VMFAPPLY will automatically correct the problem identified by message 2122E by including the missing PTFs in the current Apply list.**

Explanation

VMFAPPLY has attempted to correct the problem described by message 2122E. If VMFAPPLY completes successfully with no other error messages, the problem has been corrected.

System action

RC = 0.

User response

None.

VMF2109R **VMFAPPLY will automatically correct the problem identified by message 2122E by including the missing PTFs in the current Apply list. Enter (1) to continue; (0) to quit.**

Explanation

The set of PTFs applied on the lower (earlier) maintenance level is not a subset of the PTFs on the highest (latest) level. The architecture of the service database requires this hierarchy to be maintained, otherwise incorrect Auxiliary files may exist. VMFAPPLY will automatically correct this problem by applying the missing PTFs to the higher level.

This problem can occur if multiple levels of APPLY disks are maintained (for example, :MDA entry in PPF = APPLY 2A6 2A4 2A2) and service is applied to an intermediate level (for example, 2A4) while service exists at a higher level (for example, 2A6).

System action

RC = 0 or 500. Command processing stops with a return code of 500 if you enter 0. Command processing continues if you enter 1.

User response

Respond to the prompt by entering a 0 or 1.

VMF2110I **PTF *ptfnum* is an included PTF and has been applied successfully.**

Explanation

The specified PTF is not in the apply list, however is required by a PTF in the apply list, and has passed VMFAPPLY validation. If the VMFAPPLY command completes successfully, the software inventory will be updated to include this PTF.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2111E **PTF *ptfnum* is in the *fn* Exclude List and is already applied. This PTF cannot be excluded**

Explanation

The *fn* Exclude List includes PTF *ptfnum*. However, this PTF has a status of *APPLIED* in the apply status table. Exclude Processing can only exclude PTFs that are not applied.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

There are two options:

- Remove the PTF from the specified Exclude List.
- Use the VMFREM command to un-apply the specified excluded PTF.

VMF2112W **PTF *ptfnum1* has a requisite-type requisite for PTF *ptfnum2* in product *prodid* (product description).**

Explanation

The *ptfnum1* has an out-of-component requisite for *ptfnum2* in the product specified by *prodid*. The *product description* is obtained from the out-of-component products PRODPART file.

The valid requisite types are:

PREREQ

The *ptfnum1* requires *ptfnum2*, but *ptfnum2* does not require *ptfnum1*.

COREQ

The *ptfnum1* and *ptfnum2* require each other.

IFREQ

The *ptfnum1* requires *ptfnum2* if product *prodid* is installed. The *ptfnum2* does not require *ptfnum1*.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Verify that the required PTF is installed on the specified product by using the SERVICE command with the STATUS operand.

VMF2113E **An error was detected while updating the version information for part *fn ftabbrev* in PTF *ptfnum* for reason = *nn***

Explanation

When processing a PTF during VMFAPPLY or VMFREM, the version vector is updated based on information in the \$PTFPART file. An inconsistency between the version vector and the \$PTFPART file was detected.

System action

RC = 8. Processing of the specified PTF terminates. VMFAPPLY continues processing with the next PTF in the apply list. VMFREM terminates processing.

User response

Code

Meaning

1

The \$PTFPART file indicates the part is not supported with AUX files. This is not consistent with the information in the version vector table or on the :APARS tag in the \$PTFPART file.

2

The :APARS tag is missing in the \$PTFPART file.

3

The \$PTFPART file indicates the part is supported with source updates. This is not consistent with the information in the version vector table.

4

The :APARS in the \$PTFPART file contains incorrect data.

5

The APAR history specified on the :APARS tag in the \$PTFPART file does not match the version vector table.

6

This PTF contains a new APAR without a corresponding update file.

This error is caused by incorrect information in the \$PTFPART file for this PTF or a prior PTF.

VMF2114R **The prior invocation of {VMFAPPLY|VMFREM} abnormally terminated during "critical processing". {VMFAPPLY|VMFREM} will automatically recover from this situation by completing the interrupted {VMFAPPLY|VMFREM} invocation using data saved in temporary files. Enter (0) to quit; (1) to complete the prior {VMFAPPLY|VMFREM} invocation.**

Explanation

VMFAPPLY or VMFREM was interrupted during "critical processing." This message is asking if you want VMFAPPLY or VMFREM to automatically recover from this situation.

"Critical processing" is the step in VMFAPPLY or VMFREM when the Software Inventory is updated and AUX files are generated.

System action

RC = 0 or 500. If you enter 0, command processing stops with a return code of 500. If you enter 1, command processing continues.

User response

You should enter 1 to recover the Software Inventory and complete the prior invocation of VMFAPPLY or VMFREM. However, if you choose to not complete the prior invocation of VMFAPPLY or VMFREM, you must clean up manually.

For VMFAPPLY this is done by erasing the contents of the disk that contains the file *appid \$APPCVRY*. This disk must be the highest APPLY disk that contains service. This disk should be empty (an empty highest APPLY disk is recommended prior to using VMFAPPLY). So the files erased are related to the prior invocation of VMFAPPLY only. If this disk was not empty prior to the interrupted VMFAPPLY (multiple VMFAPPLY invocations were issued without using VMFMRDSK), then the earlier invocations of VMFAPPLY related to the pre-existing files must be rerun.

For VMFREM, this is done by restoring the backups for each disk that contains the file *appid \$RMRCVRY*.

If you are unable to recover, contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF2115I **Validating {PTF *ptfnum*|segment *segname*}.**

Explanation

This message is issued at the start of processing for each PTF in the Apply List or for each saved segment to be deleted or built.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2116W **The apply of PTF *ptfnum1* failed because PTF *ptfnum2* is in the *fn* Exclude list.**

Explanation

PTF *ptfnum1* was specified in the Apply List, but it could not be applied because it was in the *fn* Exclude list or it requires a PTF in the Exclude list.

System action

RC = 4. Processing of this PTF terminates and processing continues with the PTF in the Apply List.

User response

None.

VMF2117E **The self-documenting information in *fn ft* does not match the version vector table.**

Explanation

Some PTF numbered parts contain service history information in the part itself. This support is determined by the presence of the *SDI* keyword on the *PROCOPTS* tag in the \$PTFPART file. If the CKSDI option was specified in the \$PPF or on the VMFAPPLY command invocation, then this information is compared to the version vector table. This comparison determined that the information does not match.

System action

RC = 8.

Validation of the remaining parts continues.

User response

Determine the cause of the mismatch. Message 2121W contains the part history and the version vector entry. The number of entries must be equal. The comparison is based on the following rules:

1. The part entry matches exactly the third value in the version vector entry.
2. Characters 2-6 of the part entry match characters 3-7 of the first value in the version vector entry.

The cause of this error is one of the following:

1. IBM shipped an incorrect part.
2. An incorrect assembly was done for the part.

VMF2118I **Starting {VMFAPPLY|VMFREM} recovery**

Explanation

The prior invocation of VMFAPPLY or VMFREM for the product identified in the PPF specified on the command abnormally terminated during "critical processing." Automatic recovery from this situation is starting.

Critical processing is the step in VMFAPPLY or VMFREM where the software inventory is updated and AUX files are generated. Interruption of the process may result in a software inventory with inconsistent information. This state is identified by the presence of the file appid \$APPCVRY or \$RMRCVRY on the APPLY or DELTA string.

System action

The automatic recovery procedures start.

User response

Check for message VMF2119I.

VMF2119I	{VMFAPPLY VMFREM} recovery has completed successfully
-----------------	--

Explanation

The prior invocation of VMFAPPLY or VMFREM for the product identified in the \$PPF specified on the command abnormally terminated during "critical processing." Automatic recovery from this situation was successful.

System action

Command processing completes.

User response

The invocation of the VMFAPPLY or VMFREM command that initiated the recovery procedures is ignored. If this was a re-invocation of the interrupted command, no further action is required. The recovery procedures completed the original command. If this invocation of VMFAPPLY or VMFREM is new, enter the command again.

VMF2120W	Part <i>fn ftabbrev</i> has service at level <i>level1</i> [on the {<i>vdev/dirname</i>} (<i>fm</i>) disk] which is a higher level than <i>level2</i> [on the {<i>vdev/dirname</i>} (<i>fm</i>) disk]. The higher-level service may need to be reworked or removed
-----------------	---

Explanation

VMFAPPLY or VMFREM found entries in the *level1* version vector table that are at a higher level in the control file than *level2*.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

Message 2121I, which follows, contains the version vector entry for *fn ftabbrev* at local modification level *level1*. You must investigate whether this local modification level conflicts with the service in level *level2*. You may need to rework or remove the local modification at the higher level.

VMF2121I	<i>diagnostic data</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Explanation

This message displays diagnostic information associated with the preceding error message.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the accompanying message.

VMF2122E	The set of PTFs in the Apply Status Table (<i>fn1</i> SRVAPPS) on the <i>addr</i> disk (filemode <i>fm1</i>) is not a subset of the PTFs in the highest level Apply Status table on the <i>addr2</i> disk (filemode <i>fm2</i>). This is an inconsistent state.
-----------------	--

Explanation

The set of PTFs applied on the lower (earlier) maintenance level is not a subset of the PTFs on the highest (latest) level. The architecture of the service database requires this hierarchy to be maintained, otherwise incorrect Auxiliary files may exist.

System action

RC = 12.

Processing terminates.

User response

You can correct this problem by applying the missing PTFs to the higher level. When VMFAPPLY is issued

while this situation exists it will automatically apply the missing PTFs to the higher level.

The details of the problem can be displayed using the following command: "VMFSIM COMPTBL *fn1* SRVAPPS *fm1 fm2* SRVAPPS *fm2* TDATA :PTF"

This problem can occur if multiple levels of APPLY disks are maintained (for example, :MDA entry in PPF = APPLY 2A6 2A4 2A2) and service is applied to an intermediate level (for example, 2A4) while service exists at a higher level (for example, 2A6).

VMF2123W **Part *fn ft* of PTF *ptfno* must be created**

Explanation

Part *fn ft*, which is part of PTF *ptfno*, was not found. This part is maintained with updates and must be created.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

This part can be generated using VMFASM, VMFHASM, or EXECUPDT. The generation tool used depends on the type of part. Text parts use VMFASM or VMFHASM. EXECs and XEDIT parts use EXECUPDT. For text parts, any MACLIBs affected by service must be built prior to using the generation tools. After the part generation tool is complete the resulting part must be copied to the DELTA string and the file type must be *ft*.

VMF2124W **The *fn* Apply List is empty**

Explanation

The *fn* Apply list does not contain any PTFs. There is no processing required in VMFAPPLY.

System action

RC = 4. Processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF2125I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **VMFREM processing completed successfully**

- **VMFREM processing completed successfully with warnings**
- **VMFREM processing completed with the TEST option**
- **VMFREM processing terminated due to an error**
- **VMFREM processing terminated due to a QUIT response to a prompt**
- **VMFREM processing terminated due to a severe error**

This is an informational message informing you when the VMFREM command has completed processing.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If a severe error has occurred, the Software Inventory files have been partially updated and must be recovered. Determine the cause of the failure by examining the messages issued previously. Make the necessary corrections, and enter the command again. VMFREM will attempt to recover the Software Inventory and complete the prior invocation of VMFREM.

VMF2126I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **PTF *ptfnum* is a dependent PTF and has passed un-apply validation**
- **PTF *ptfnum* has passed {un-apply|un-receive|commit} validation**
- **Service level {*vdev/dirname*} (*fm*) has passed remove validation**
- **MOD *modid* is a dependent MOD and has passed remove validation**
- **MOD *modid* has passed remove validation**

One of the following occurred:

- The specified PTF has passed validation by the un-apply, un-receive, or commit function of VMFREM. If the VMFREM command completes successfully, this PTF will be un-applied, un-received, or committed as specified.
- The specified service level has passed validation by the remove function of VMFREM. If the VMFREM command completes successfully, this service level will be removed.
- The specified MOD has passed validation by the remove local modification function of VMFREM. If

the VMFREM command completes successfully, this MOD will be removed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2127I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **PTF *ptfnum* cannot be removed because it has not been {received|applied}**
- **Service level {*vdev/dirname*} (*fm*) cannot be removed because it has no applied PTFs**
- **MOD *modid* cannot be removed because it has not been applied**

One of the following occurred:

- The specified PTF could not be removed because it was not received.
- The specified PTF could not be removed because it was not applied and the UNRECEIVE option was not specified.
- The specified service level could not be removed because it contained no applied PTFs.
- The specified MOD could not be removed because it was not applied.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2128E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The un-apply of PTF *ptfnum1* failed due to problems with PTF *ptfnum2***
- **The un-apply of PTF *ptfnum1* failed due to problems un-applying PTF *ptfnum2* from service level {*vdev/dirname*} (*fm*)**
- **The {un-receive|commit} of PTF *ptfnum* failed**
- **The removal of service level {*vdev/dirname*} (*fm*) failed due to problems with PTF *ptfnum***

- **The removal of MOD *modid1* failed due to problems with MOD *modid2***

One of the following occurred:

- PTF *ptfnum1* was specified on the VMFREM command and could not be un-applied due to a failure un-applying PTF *ptfnum2*. If *ptfnum1* and *ptfnum2* are not the same PTF, then PTF *ptfnum2* was being un-applied because it is a dependent of PTF *ptfnum1*.
- PTF *ptfnum1* was specified on the VMFREM command and could not be un-applied due to a failure when un-applying PTF *ptfnum2* from service level {*vdev/dirname*} (*fm*), which is not the highest service level.
- PTF *ptfnum* was specified on the VMFREM command and could not be {un-received|committed} due to a processing failure.
- Service level {*vdev/dirname*} (*fm*) was specified to be removed by the VMFREM command and could not be removed due to a failure when un-applying PTF *ptfnum*.
- MOD *modid1* was specified on the VMFREM command and could not be removed due to a failure when removing MOD *modid2*. If *modid1* and *modid2* are not the same MOD, then MOD *modid2* was being removed because it is a dependent of MOD *modid1*.

System action

Processing terminates.

User response

Review the \$VMFREM \$MSGLOG to determine which PTFs or MODs failed and the reason for each failure. Contact the IBM Support Center to determine what should be done to correct the problem.

VMF2129I **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **The following PTFs {were un-applied|passed un-apply validation}: L1**
- **The following PTFs {were un-applied but|passed un-apply validation but would} remain superseded: L2**
- **The following PTFs {were un-received|passed un-receive validation}: L3**
- **The following PTFs {were committed|passed commit validation}: L4**
- **The following service levels {were removed|passed remove validation}: L5**

- **The following parts {were erased|passed erase validation}: L6**
- **The following MODs {were removed|passed remove validation}: L7**
- **The following MOD parts {were removed|passed remove validation} from the indicated version vectors: L8**
- **The following local AUX files were updated: L9**

This message is a summary of the results of the VMFREM command.

L1

A list of PTFs that were un-applied or that would be un-applied if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L2

A list of PTFs that were un-applied or that would be un-applied if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option, but retained or would retain a status of SUPED in the SRVAPPS table.

L3

A list of PTFs that were un-received or that would be un-received if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L4

A list of PTFs that were committed or that would be committed if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L5

A list of service levels that were removed or that would be removed if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L6

A list of parts that were erased or that would be erased if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L7

A list of MODs that were removed or that would be removed if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L8

A list of MOD parts that were removed from the indicated version vectors or that would be removed from the indicated version vectors if VMFREM completed successfully with the RUN option.

L9

A list of local AUX files that were updated.

Parts that passed validation are listed as file name and file type. Parts that were erased are listed as file name, file type, and file mode. If the file mode is displayed as a dash, the part was not found and was assumed to be previously erased. This is not an error condition.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2130W	VMFREM has encountered the following missing parts while attempting to {un-apply PTFs remove service levels remove MODs}: <i>fn ft1</i> [or <i>fn ft2</i> on a base disk]
-----------------	--

Explanation

While un-applying PTFs, removing service levels, or removing local modifications, VMFREM detected that the highest service level of one or more parts is missing. If the missing part is a serviced level of the part, it is displayed as *fn ft1*. If the missing part is the base level of the part, it is displayed in its two possible forms: as *fn ft1* with the base file type and as *fn ft2* with the real file type, which must reside on a base disk.

System action

RC = 4. Message VMF2131R is issued for each missing part.

User response

Respond to message VMF2131R.

VMF2131R	VMFREM can continue {un-applying PTFs removing service levels removing MODs}, but missing part <i>fn ft1</i> [or <i>fn ft2</i> on a base disk] {will have to be restored before running VMFBLD may be needed to rework remaining MODs} [unless the part is bypassed by not adding it to the select data file]. Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue [; (2) to bypass the part].
-----------------	--

Explanation

VMFREM has detected that the highest service level of a part that may be required by VMFBLD or may be needed to rework local modifications is missing. This message is asking if you want to continue VMFREM processing. You will only be offered the bypass response for missing base level parts needed by VMFBLD.

System action

RC=0 or 500. If you enter 0, command processing stops with a return code of 500 and nothing is updated. If you enter 1, command processing continues. If you enter 2, command processing continues, but the part is not added to the select data (\$SELECT) file.

User response

Enter 0, 1, or 2 as follows:

0

If you want to halt VMFREM processing due to the missing part. The system will be unchanged.

1

If you intend to restore the missing part or you do not need it for rework and want to continue VMFREM processing. If you do not restore a missing part that is needed by VMFBLD prior to running VMFBLD, build processing will fail. You can restore a missing part in one of the following ways:

- You can retrieve it from a product, service or backup tape.
- If the part is source maintained, you can generate it by using VMFHLASM or VMFEXUPD.

2

If you do not intend to restore the missing part and want to continue VMFREM processing. The missing part will not be added to the select data file. Therefore, any objects that contain that part will not be automatically rebuilt and will remain at the level that contains the removed service. VMFBLD can fail even with the bypass option if an object that contains the missing part is forced to be rebuilt. This can occur if another part in the object is added to the select data file by VMFAPPLY or VMFREM, or if VMFBLD marks the object to be built due to a build requisite or the use of the ALL option.

The 2 response should be used if the missing part never existed. This would occur if a new wildcard part was added by the removed service. It is not possible for VMFREM to detect new wildcard parts. The only way to determine if a wildcard part is new is to check the original install tapes for the part. If you do not find the part on the install tapes, then it is new. In this case the object built from the part will remain on its BUILD disk. If you wish to, you can remove the object using VMFERASE.

The 2 response could also be useful when a base level of a part was not shipped, as in the case of HELP files. Leaving a HELP file at the level of the removed service might be a better alternative to restoring the base level from the install tapes.

VMF2132W

The following parts are missing: *fn ft1* [or *fn ft2* on a base disk] {{They must|If VMFREM had successfully completed with the RUN option, they would need to} be restored before running VMFBLD|They may be needed to rework MODs}.

Explanation

This is a summary message describing one of the following:

- You received message VMF2131R for one or more missing parts, and you responded to continue.
- You were running in TEST mode and VMFREM detected that the highest service level of one or more parts would be missing if VMFREM processing completed.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

If you were not running in TEST mode and processing completed successfully, you must restore a missing part that is need by VMFBLD before running VMFBLD.

You can restore a missing part in one of the following ways:

- You can retrieve it from a product, service, or backup tape.
- If the part is source maintained, you can generate it by using VMFHLASM or VMFEXUPD.

VMF2133W

The following parts were bypassed: *fn ftabbrev* {They were not|If VMFREM had successfully completed with the RUN option, they would not have been} added to the select data file and therefore any object containing them {will not be|would not have been} automatically rebuilt when VMFBLD {is|was} run.

Explanation

This is a summary message listing parts whose highest level, the base level, could not be found by VMFREM after remove processing. These parts will not be added to the select data file because you chose to bypass them in response to message VMF2131R. Objects that contain these parts will not be rebuilt by VMFBLD. They will remain at the level that contains the removed service.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2134E	Issue the VMFAPPLY command to automatically correct the problem identified by message VMF2122E
-----------------	---

Explanation

The set of PTFs applied on the lower (earlier) maintenance level is not a subset of the PTFs on the highest (latest) level. The architecture of the service database requires this hierarchy to be maintained. Otherwise incorrect Auxiliary files may exist. VMFAPPLY can automatically correct this problem by applying the missing PTFs to the higher level.

System action

RC = 12. Processing terminates.

User response

Enter the VMFAPPLY command using the same PPF file name and component name that you used on the VMFREM command. When you receive message 2109R, respond to continue in order to allow VMFAPPLY to correct the problem. After VMFAPPLY has corrected the problem, rerun the VMFREM command.

VMF2135I	{Any If VMFREM had successfully completed with the RUN option, any} product which has a requisite to one of the un-applied PTFs {should would need to} be removed. Any PTF, in another product, which has a requisite to one of the un-applied PTFs also {should would need to} be removed.
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message will always follow message VMF2129I "The following PTFs were un-applied:" or "The following PTFs passed un-apply validation:"

If an installed product, component or PTF has an out-of-component requisite to an un-applied PTF, it should be removed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

VMSES/E does not maintain any cross reference data on out-of-component requisites Therefore, it is a manual task for you to determine if anything should be removed.

Product requisites to out-of-component PTFs can be found in the \$VMFINS \$MSGLOG, the VM SYSREQT table, the PRODPART files, or the product documentation. When you install a product, message VMF2806W will identify any out-of-component requisites. If you have an installed product that has a requisite to an un-applied PTF, you should either use the VMFINS DELETE command to remove the product or reapply the PTF.

PTF requisites to out-of-component PTFs can be found in the \$VMFAPP \$MSGLOG, the SRVREQT tables, the \$PTFPART files, and the RSU memos. When you apply a PTF, message VMF2112I will identify any out-of-component requisites. If you have an applied PTF that has an out-of-component requisite to an un-applied PTF, you should use the VMFREM command to un-apply the PTF.

VMF2136I	The following PTFs will be un-received because they were committed and are now being un-applied: <i>ptfnum</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

If a committed PTF is un-applied, it will automatically be un-received also. This is necessary because some or all of the parts of a committed PTF have been erased. If the PTF were not un-received, it could be reapplied and VMFAPPLY would fail for the missing parts.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2137E	VMFREM recovery has failed for Apply identifier <i>appid</i> [on {<i>vdev</i>/<i>dirid</i>} (<i>fm</i>)].
-----------------	--

Explanation

VMFREM was interrupted during "critical processing" and recovery has failed.

"Critical processing" is the step in VMFREM when the Software Inventory is updated and AUX files are generated.

System action

Processing is terminated.

User response

You can attempt to correct any errors that were encountered and rerun VMFREM to retry recovery. If you cannot correct the errors or if recovery continues to fail, you must clean up manually.

Manual recovery is done by restoring the backups for each disk that contains the file *appid \$RMRCVRY*.

If you are unable to recover, contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF2138W	PTF <i>ptfnum</i> could not be un-received because it contains the following build lists: <i>fn ft VMFBLD {must would need to} be run before un-receiving PTF <i>ptfnum</i></i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

When a build list is serviced, VMFBLD requires both the highest and the previous highest level of the build list in order to successfully complete its status function. When a PTF that contains a build list is un-applied, the PTF level of the build list becomes the previous highest level. If the un-applied PTF was also un-received, the build list that is needed by VMFBLD would be erased. Therefore, when a PTF that contains a build list is un-applied, VMFBLD must be successfully run before that PTF can be un-received.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

If you want to un-receive PTF *ptfnum*, run the VMFBLD command with the STATUS option, and then run the VMFREM command for the PTF with the UNRECEIVE option.

VMF2139I	PTF <i>ptfnum</i> cannot be committed because it has not been received
-----------------	---

Explanation

Only PTFs that have been received and applied can be committed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2139W	PTF <i>ptfnum</i> cannot be committed because it has not been applied
-----------------	--

Explanation

Only PTFs that have been received and applied can be committed. If a PTF that has not been applied were committed, VMFAPPLY could fail for missing parts.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

If you are attempting to commit PTF *ptfnum*, in order to erase its parts, you can accomplish the same result by un-receiving it using the VMFREM command.

VMF2140W	PTF <i>ptfnum</i> will be committed, but no parts can be erased
-----------------	--

Explanation

PTF *ptfnum* is eligible to be committed, but none of its parts are eligible to be erased. Each of its parts is either the highest level of the particular part, a build list that is needed by VMFBLD, or an update.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2141W	No PTFs were selected to be committed
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message is issued when the VMFREM command is specified with the ALL operand and the COMMIT option, and no PTFs are selected to be committed. PTFs are selected based on the APPLIED or SUPED operand. If the APPLIED operand is specified, all PTFs with the status APPLIED or SUPED APPLIED are selected. If the SUPED operand is specified, all PTFs with the status SUPED APPLIED are selected. No PTFs met the specified criteria.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2142W	The following parts could not be erased by commit processing because they are {currently the highest level of the part build lists that are needed by VMFBLD}: <i>fn ft</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

While committing PTFs, VMFREM could not erase all of the parts in the committed PTFs. The highest level of a part cannot be erased because VMFBLD might need that part to perform the build function. A build list that appears in the unprocessed section of the select data file cannot be erased because VMFBLD needs that part to perform the status function.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2143E	VMFREM was requested to remove <i>n</i> service levels, but only <i>m</i> APPLY disks are defined in the :MDA section of product parameter file <i>fn PPF (compname compname)</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

You have specified a number of service levels on the command line that is greater than the number of APPLY disks defined in the :MDA section of the product parameter file.

System action

RC = 12. Processing terminates.

User response

Enter the VMFREM command again with a valid number of service levels.

VMF2144I	Removed PTFs have been added to exclude list <i>fn ft fm</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

All PTFs that were un-applied or un-received by VMFREM were added to the specified exclude list.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If you wish to apply one of the removed PTFs, you will need to remove it from the exclude list.

VMF2144W	Removed PTFs could not be added to exclude list <i>fn ft fm</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified exclude list could not be updated by VMFREM.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

You should manually add the un-applied and un-received PTFs to the exclude list or remove them from the apply list.

VMF2145I	The following parts could not be erased by unreceive processing because they are build lists that are needed by VMFBLD<i>fn ft</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

While removing local modifications, VMFREM could not erase all of the parts because one or more of the parts is a build list.

A build list that appears in the unprocessed section of the select data file cannot be erased because VMFBLD requires that part to perform the status function.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2150E	The {TAPE ENVELOPE} is not in the {service installation} format expected by VMSES/E. The format of the {TAPE ENVELOPE} is <i>format</i>.
-----------------	---

Explanation

VMSES/E can process envelopes and tapes in either installation or service format. The format or contents of the tape or envelope being processed does not match the format specified in the VMSES/E command entered to process it. This is either the wrong tape or envelope, the wrong command was entered to process it, or the tape or envelope was not created correctly.

System action

RC = 12. You are prompted to mount the correct tape, identify the correct envelope, or to exit from this command.

User response

- If this is the wrong tape or envelope, then mount the correct tape or identify the correct envelope, and continue processing.
- If you entered the wrong command for this type of tape or envelope, enter 0 to Exit, and enter the correct command.

If you are processing an RSU the correct command to use is VMFINS.

If you are processing CORrective service the correct command to use is VMFREC.

- If the correct tape or envelope was used and the correct command was used then the tape or envelope is probably faulty. Enter 0 to exit, and then re-order the tape or envelope or contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF2151E	The number (<i>tapenum1</i>) of the current TAPE does not match the number (<i>tapenum2</i>) of the previous TAPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The tape currently mounted is not one of the volumes from the set of tapes being processed.

System action

RC = 12. You will be prompted to mount the correct tape.

User response

Respond to the prompt.

VMF2152E	The descriptor file (<i>fn ft</i>) on the current TAPE {does not match the previous TAPE contains invalid records}
-----------------	---

Explanation

It has already been determined that the tape mounted is a volume from the set of tapes being processed, but the descriptor files do not match. Or, there are records that are not valid in the descriptor file. The tape was built incorrectly.

System action

RC=12.

User response

Contact the IBM Support Center to report the problem and order a new tape.

VMF2153E	The time stamp (<i>timestamp</i>) on the current TAPE does not match the time stamp (<i>timestamp</i>) on the previous TAPE
-----------------	--

Explanation

The tape currently mounted is not one of the volumes from the set of tapes being processed.

System action

RC = 12. You will be prompted to mount the correct tape.

User response

Respond to the prompt.

VMF2154E	There are no files for {<i>prodid/ppfname compname</i>} on this {TAPE ENVELOPE}
-----------------	--

Explanation

The product/component that you specified could not be found on the current tape or envelope.

System action

RC = 28. Command processing stops.

User response

Ensure that you specified the correct product/component. You can issue VMFREC or VMFINS with the INFO function to get a list of the products/components on the tape or envelope.

VMF2155I	Files for {<i>prodid/ppfname compname</i>} {<i>begin continue</i>} on volume <i>n</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

This message identifies the correct tape to mount.

System action

You will be prompted to mount the correct volume.

User response

Respond to the prompt.

VMF2156E **There are only *n* header file(s) for *ppfname***

Explanation

You specified an invalid header file number.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Reissue the command using a valid header file number.

VMF2157E **The product contents directory (*fn ft*) on the current TAPE does not match the previous TAPE**

Explanation

It has already been determined that the tape mounted is a volume from the set of tapes being processed, but the product contents directories do not match. The tape was built incorrectly.

System action

RC = 12.

User response

Contact the IBM Support Center to report the problem and order a new tape.

VMF2158R *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Mount correct volume and enter one (1) to continue or zero (0) to quit**
- **Enter correct envelope name or zero (0) to quit**

A new tape volume must be mounted, or a new envelope name must be specified,

System action

RC = 0 or 500.

If you enter 0, command processing stops with a return code of 500. If you enter 1 and are using tapes, command processing continues. If you are using envelopes, specify the new envelope name.

User response

Refer to the previous message to determine which tape volume to mount or which envelope name to enter

VMF2159I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **{Loading|Loaded} *n* part(s) to [*string*] {*vdev*/*dirid*} (*fm*)**
- **Loading *fn ft* to [*string*] {*vdev*/*dirid*} (*fm*)**

The specified files will be loaded from the tape or envelope.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2160I **There are *n* tape files for {*prodid*/*ppfname compname*} on volume *m***

Explanation

This message identifies which products are present on the tape (all volumes) or envelope being processed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

You can use this information to plan which products/components you are going to install or service.

VMF2162E **The component name (*compname1*) on the command line does not match the component**

name (*compname2*) in product parameter file *fn ft*

Explanation

You have entered the wrong component name.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops due to the internal error.

User response

Use the specified product parameter file to identify the correct component name and enter the command again.

VMF2170E *fn ft is not a format n build list*

Explanation

Each VMFBLD part handler processes a certain build list format. When the build list specified for a part handler is not in the correct format, the part handler cannot process it. The message identifies the build list format that the part handler requires.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list or product parameter file, and reissue the command.

VMF2172E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **An invalid entry was found on line *n* of build list *fn ft*.**
- **An invalid entry was found on line *n* of build list *fn ft*. A *tag* tag may be missing**
- **An invalid entry was found on line *n* of build list *fn ft*. Valid tags in this position are: *tags***
- **An invalid entry was found on line *n* of build list *fn ft*. There is extraneous data on a *tag* tag**
- **An invalid entry was found on line *n* of build list *fn ft*. The *tag* tag must appear on a new line**

The specified build list was found to be in error on the given line number. If a specific tag is missing, it is

listed in the message. If only a specific set of tags are permitted on this line, the complete set of valid tags is provided. Each build list tag must begin on a new line and must consist of a beginning colon, the tag name, and an ending period. For example:

```
:PARTID.
```

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, and enter the command again.

VMF2173I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Executing build exec *fn***
- **Executing verification exec *fn***
- **No verification exec found for this product**

Some products provide build or verification execs or both. If the product being processed provides them, this message indicates when either is run. Otherwise, this message indicates that no verification exec was provided.

Explanation:

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2177E **The FASTPATH option was specified for the *fn* build list, but the *fn* \$NUCEXEC file could not be found on any accessed disk**

Explanation

The FASTPATH option requires that a build list named *fn* \$NUCEXEC be available. This is the file that contains resolved build list entries so that further processing can be bypassed.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Find, rename or create the appropriate load list and reissue the command; or, rerun the procedure without specifying the FASTPATH option.

VMF2178I **Object *objname* cannot be rebuilt because {it is not serviced|no parts were found}**

Explanation

The object specified to be built contains an asterisk (*) as the file name in the :PARTID entry in the build list. If the VMFBLD ALL option was specified, the object could only be built if it were serviced. If the VMFBLD WILD option was specified, the object could only be built if matching serviced or base parts were found. It is not known what parts are required to build this object. Because the base level of this object must already exist, the object will be given a status of BUILT.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

This message is for information only.

VMF2179I **There are no build requirements matching your request at this time. No objects will be built**

Explanation

The SERVICED option was specified, but none of the selected objects were serviced, so no objects were built.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

This message is for information only. If you wish to build an object regardless of its service status, use the ALL option. However, one case when the ALL option still will not build the object is when the object contains an asterisk (*) as a :PARTID entry in the build list, and that object has never been serviced.

VMF2180I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **There are *n* build requirements remaining**
- **Build Requirements:**

Bldlist <i>bldlist</i>	Object <i>object</i>	Status <i>status</i>	[<i>Partids</i>]
---------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------------	--------------------

The service-level build status table contains the list of build requirements. On each invocation of VMFBLD, this message is issued just prior to completion to notify you of any remaining build requirements. The second format of this message identifies each of these requirements, but is only included in the build message log (\$VMFBLD \$MSGLOG). Use VMFVIEW to view the message log for these details. You can also use VMFQOBJ to query the status (and other details) of a specific object. Objects that are serviced within a bypassed build list are not considered build requirements.

There is a special object with a build list name of UNKNOWN and an object name of BLDLIST for any serviceable parts that are not included in any object. These parts are assigned a status of MANUAL because they must be processed manually. The parts are listed in the second format of this message. A part may also be assigned a status of MANUAL due to one of the following error situations.

- A PTF or a local modification introduced a new part without adding the part to a build list.
- A PTF or a local modification inadvertently introduced a new part by not matching the file name and file type abbreviation data on the :PARTID tag in the build list.
- A local modification incorrectly added a select data (\$SELECT) file entry for the part.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If there are any build requirements, follow the service procedures to build the affected objects. If there are any parts with a status of MANUAL, perform the manual processing, or correct the error if caused by a local modification, or report the error to the IBM Support Center if caused by a PTF. Use the VMFUPDAT command or the VMFSIM MODIFY command to update the status to BUILT. For more information on how to use the VMFSIM MODIFY command to update the status, refer to [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#).

VMF2181E **The primary Apply identifier (*appid*) on the :APPID tag in product parameter file *fn2* PPF (compname *compname*) must appear as an Apply identifier on the :LASTAPP tag in Build Status table *fn1* SRVBLDS**

Explanation

The apply identifier defines the name of the select data file. It is specified in both the product parameter file and the Build Status table. The first apply identifier in the product parameter must appear in the Build Status table.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the :APPID tag in the product parameter file or the :LASTAPP tag in the Build Status table and enter the command again.

VMF2182I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Identifying new build requirements**
- **New build requirements identified**
- **No new build requirements identified**

Each time VMFBLD is invoked it identifies any new build requirements. A build requirement exists for an object if any of the following criteria are met:

- any of the parts included in it are serviced
- its definition is serviced in the build list
- it is specified on the VMFBLD command line with the ALL option
- it has a build requisite for another object that meets any of these criteria.

When new build requirements are identified, they are listed in the service-level build status table. Regardless of whether new build requirements are found or not, this message is issued to notify you when this portion of VMFBLD processing begins and completes.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2183E *prodid* can only be received with the{PPF|PROD} operand because it is supported by a product {exec|parameter file}

Explanation

The keyword operand (either PPF or PROD) does not match the type of support provided for the specified product. The tape or envelope defines the type of support in the 7th character of the program level file (sometimes referred to as the CRLLNNF file). If this character is '1', a product parameter file is used. If it is '0' or blank, a product exec is used.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct operand.

VMF2184E **This program requires a *string* disk**

Explanation

At least 1 disk in the specified string is required because it is a target of the Software Inventory files.

System action

RC = 36.

Command processing stops because of the target not available condition.

User response

Correct the :MDA section of the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF2185R **(In order to show the text of this message correctly formatted, it is provided in the following "Explanation" section.)**

Explanation

Message text:

The following source product parameter files have been serviced:

fn \$PPF

When source product parameter files are serviced, all product parameter files built from them must be recompiled using VMFPPF before VMFBLD can be run.

Enter zero (0) to have the latest levels of the source product parameter files copied to your A-disk and exit VMFBLD so you can recompile your product parameter files with VMFPPF

Enter one (1) to continue only if you have already recompiled your product parameter files with VMFPPF.

The :BLD section of the product parameter file contains the primary list of build lists. When the product parameter source file is serviced, this primary list can change making it necessary to update it prior to running VMFBLD.

System action:
tak

System action

RC = 0 or 500.

If you enter 0, the latest level of the product parameter source file is copied to your A-disk and then command processing stops with a return code of 500. If you enter 1, command processing continues.

User response

If you have not rebuilt your product parameter file, you must do so now.

VMF2186W **There are no message blocks in
fn \$MSGLOG [for {*RECID*|*APPID*|
BLDID} {*prodid*|*appid*|*bldid*}]**

Explanation

When VMFVIEW is invoked, it searches the specified log for the appropriate blocks of messages to be displayed. This message is issued when:

- There are no valid message blocks in the log.
- There are no valid message blocks that match the search criteria from the product parameter file (if specified).

For Install, Receive, and Merge the RECID is the search key. For Apply, the APPID is the search key, and for Build, the BLDID is the search key.

System action

RC = 4. No log is displayed.

User response

If using a product parameter file, investigate why the identifier from the product parameter file does not match the identifier from the message log. To view the entire message log, issue VMFVIEW with the ALL option and no product parameter file.

VMF2187E **Syntax error on line *n* of
VMFVIEW\$ PROFILE**

Explanation

The VMFVIEW\$ PROFILE is not valid.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of VMFVIEW\$ PROFILE and reissue the command.

VMF2188I **Building *fn ft1* on string {*vdev*/
dirid} (*fm*) from level *ft2***

Explanation

The specified file will be built at the given level.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2189I **Updating Requisite table *prodid*
SRVREQT, Description table *prodid*
SRVDESCT and Receive Status
table *prodid* SRVRECS with *n* PTFs
from tape identifier**

Explanation

The tape or envelope contains PTF that were not previously received or committed to your system. These PTFs have been received and will now be added to your Software Inventory.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2190E *messages.*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Missing file type abbreviations for build list *fn ft* in product parameter file *ppfname* PPF (compname *compname*)**
- **Invalid file type abbreviation *ftabbrev* for build list *fn ft* in product parameter file *ppfname* PPF (compname *compname*)**
- **Missing file type abbreviations for part *partfn* in object *object* in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid file type abbreviation *ftabbrev* for part *partfn* in object *object* in build list *fn ft***

Serviceable parts are uniquely identified by their file name and file type abbreviation. For format 1 build lists, the file type abbreviations are specified in the :BLD section of the product parameter file. For format 2 and 3 build lists, they are specified on :PARTID tags within the build lists. At least one file type abbreviation must be specified for each part. More than one file type abbreviation may be specified if the part has more than one version. File type abbreviations are listed in the system abbreviation table (VM SYSABRVT) and in the :DABBV section of the product parameter file.

Some build part handlers allow only certain file type abbreviations. For example, the VMFBDMLB part handler only allows file type abbreviations that translate into the real file types MACRO and COPY, and the VMFBDTLB part handler only allows parts file type abbreviations that translate into the real file type TEXT.

If the part is serviced strictly by updates (i.e. no replacement parts are shipped), the file type abbreviation is actually the full file type of the source part. If the NOGETLVL part option is specified for the part, the file type abbreviation is actually the real file type of part to be included in the object. When the NOGETLVL part option is specified, only one file type may be specified.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops due to the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the product parameter file or build list, and reissue the command.

VMF2191W **Message number *nnnn* was not found; it was issued from routine in application *applid***

Explanation

The message requested could not be found in the specified repository.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

Verify the command and reissue it.

VMF2192E **The component name (*compname*) is listed in tape descriptor file *fn1 ft1* but does not appear in product contents directory *fn2 ft2***

Explanation

The tape descriptor file lists all of the products and components on the current tape or envelope. The product contents directory lists all of the components for the specified products. If these 2 files do not match, the tape was built incorrectly.

System action

RC = 12.

User response

Contact the IBM Support Center to report the problem and order a new tape.

VMF2193I **Appending new {Apply|Exclude} list *fn* {*\$APPLIST*|*\$EXCLIST*} to the existing list on string {*vdev*/*dirid*} (*fm*)**

Explanation

When the APPEND option of VMFREC is used the existing Apply and Exclude lists on the target disk (if present) are appended to the new ones that are received from the current tape or envelope. This feature is useful when receiving multiple service tapes, because it allows you to receive all of the tapes and perform a single apply step.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2195I *command*

Explanation

The complete command syntax of the command issued is echoed into the \$MSGLOG.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

Review the \$MSGLOG.

VMF2196W **The FASTPATH option will be ignored because *fn \$NUCEXEC fm* contains entries for patched text decks**

Explanation

The FASTPATH option was specified indicating that the loader should use the text deck entries from the previous nucleus build. This information is contained in the load list *fn \$NUCEXEC*. One or more of the text files in this load list were serviced using the patch facility. Patched text decks are created temporarily during VMFBLD processing, and do not exist on subsequent VMFBLD invocations. The FASTPATH option must be ignored to allow the load list and any patched text decks to be created.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2197I **An entry that was not valid was found in a prior level of build list *build_list*. All objects in the latest level of this build list, *filename filetype*, will be built**

Explanation

When a build list is serviced, VMFBLD compares the latest level to the previous level of the build list to determine if object definitions have changed. If an object definition changes, that object must be built. This comparison could not be done because an error was found in the prior level of the build list. We must

build all objects in the latest level of the build list because we are unable to determine which object definitions have changed.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2198E **The {ASTEM|STEM} {operand|option} is only valid when issued from an exec**

Explanation

Stems can only exist in an exec environment. The command was issued with no active exec environment.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

VMF2199E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Object *object* in build list *fn ft* cannot be built because part *fn ft on disk|directory (pfm)* may not be at the correct level**
- **The object created by build list *fn ft* cannot be built because part *fn ft on disk|directory (pfm)* may not be at the correct level**

VMFSIM GETLVL has indicated that the base level of the specified part is the level required to build the listed object. This base level part was found, but not on the BASE string. Since it was not on the BASE string, it is not known whether this is indeed the correct base level part and therefore cannot be used.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing continues with the next object.

User response

Ensure you have the correct access order. If the file indicated is indeed the correct base level part, it should be moved to the BASE string using VMFCOPY. Otherwise, this file should be erased or renamed.

VMF2200E ***var is an invalid variable in the :DCL section of the product parameter file fn ft***

Explanation

A variable was found that does not begin with a '&'.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file that contains the variable name given and enter the command again. The name of the product parameter file given in the message is the temporary product parameter file created as a result of running VMFOVER. If that file is created using override files, the variable definition you are looking for may be in a file with a file name other than the one given in the message.

VMF2201E ***An undefined variable var was found in the product parameter file fn ft***

Explanation

A variable was found in the product parameter file that was not defined in the DCL section of the product parameter file.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Define the variable in the :DCL section of the product parameter file and enter the command again.

VMF2202E ***Invalid syntax was used to define variable var1 in the product parameter file fn ft***

Explanation

A variable was not defined correctly in the DCL section of the product parameter file.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and enter the command again.

VMF2203E ***The file SETUP \$LINKS which contains any LINKS issued by VMFSETUP was not found. No DETACH commands were issued***

Explanation

The file SETUP \$LINKS is required as input to VMFSETUP for the DETACH function. The file is erased for each logon session.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

If the file does not exist it is because VMFSETUP has not been called for this logon session. No user action is required.

VMF2204I ***Linking owner owner_vdev [as link_vdev] with link mode mode***

Explanation

The minidisk cited in the message is being linked to, as indicated.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2205I ***Minidisk|Directory Assignments: messages***

Explanation

This message identifies the current access order.

```
String Mode Stat Vdev Label (OwnerID Odev : Cyl/%Used)
      -or- SFS Directory Name
string mode stat vdev label {(ownerID odev : nnnn/pp) | sfs-dir}
```

string

is the name of a symbolic disk string, as defined in a product parameter file (PPF). If this field is left blank, the minidisk or Shared File System (SFS) directory cited is part of the same string as the previously-listed minidisk or directory. If this field is filled with dashes, the minidisk or directory is not part of any defined disk string.

mode

is the file mode letter at which the minidisk or directory is accessed. If this field is filled with dashes, the minidisk or directory is not accessed.

stat

is the status of the minidisk or directory: R/O (read-only) or R/W (read/write). If this field is filled with dashes, the minidisk or directory is not accessed.

vdev

is the virtual device number of a minidisk, or 'DIR', if the entry is an SFS directory. If the directory has the directory control (DIRCONTROL) attribute, 'DIRC' is displayed instead of 'DIR'.

label

is the label assigned to a formatted CMS disk. If the entry is an OS or DOS disk, this is the volume label.

ownerID odev : nnnn/pp

is additional disk information that is provided with minidisk entries only, where:

ownerID

identifies the user ID that owns the listed disk.

odev

is the owner's virtual device number for this disk.

nnnn

is the number of cylinders available on the disk.

pp

is the percentage of disk blocks in use.

sfs-dir

is the complete name of an SFS directory.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

**directory ID {disk|dirid} (filemode)
specified in product parameter file
ppfname PPF**

Explanation

Minidisks or directory IDs used by VMSES/E are specified in the product parameter file.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

The VMSES/E Test Build or Build disk must be accessed as the B-disk. Mode D is reserved for the System Software Inventory. The disks accessed as A and C are work disks. Minidisks or directory IDs at these modes should not appear in the :MDA section of the product parameter file.

**VMF2207I Copying part *fn ft* on disk|directory
(*fm*) to the A-disk**

Explanation

VMFSIM GETLVL has indicated that the base level of the specified part is the level required. However, a file with the same name exists on a higher access disk|directory than the BASE string. Since we do not know what level this other part is at, the file on the BASE disk will be copied to the A-disk to ensure that this version will be used.

System action

RC = 0.

Command processing continues.

User response

Ensure you have the correct access order and issue VMFSETUP if not. Examine the files listed and determine why they are on a disk that is accessed ahead of the BASE string. If they are not base files they should be erased or renamed. If they are the correct base files, use VMFCOPY to move them to the BASE string if need be.

**VMF2208I Parts had to be copied to the A-
disk. Do not use the FASTPATH
option for subsequent nucleus
builds with build list *fn ft***

**VMF2206W Modes A, B, C, and D are reserved
for VMSES/E. The minidisks or
directory IDs at these modes
should not be specified in the PPF.
This conflict exists for minidisk or**

Explanation

VMFSIM GETLVL indicated that the base level of one or more parts was required in generating the nucleus. To prevent the loader from using files with the same specifications that were not on the base string, the base files were temporarily placed on the A-disk. If the FASTPATH option were selected, however, this operation would not take place and incorrect levels of parts might be used in generating the nucleus.

System action

RC = 0.

Command processing continues.

User response

Ensure you have the correct access order and issue VMFSETUP if not. Examine the files listed and determine why they are on a disk that is accessed ahead of the BASE string. If they are not base files they should be erased or renamed. If they are the correct base files, use VMFCOPY to move them to the BASE string if need be.

VMF2209E **The FASTPATH option cannot be used because the existing load list *fn ft* conflicts with NUCTARG *nuctarg***

Explanation

The existing load list was created during a previous invocation of VMFBLD, and is being used due to the selection of the FASTPATH option. The loader control card in this file, however, is in conflict with the nucleus target location specified on the NUCTARG option. If NUCTARG MODULE is specified, the value in this record must be HCPLODNC. If any other value is specified on the NUCTARG option, the value in this record must be HCPGENUC.

System action

RC = 12.

Processing terminates.

User response

If the NUCTARG value requested is correct, invoke VMFBLD without specifying the FASTPATH option. This will cause a new load list to be generated with the correct loader control card. If you do wish to use the FASTPATH option, eliminate the implementation of the NUCTARG option or change it to match the existing load list as described above.

VMF2210E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid part name *[fn]* on :PARTID tag in object *obj* in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid part name *[fn]* on line *n* in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid part type *[ft]* on line *n* in build list *fn ft***

There is an invalid or missing part name (or type) specified at the given location in the build list.

In format 1 build lists, part names and part types must be valid CMS file names and file types.

In format 2 and 3 build lists, the :PARTID tag must contain either a valid CMS file name or an asterisk (*) if it appears in a wildcard object. Wildcard objects are only valid in format 2 build lists. (In VM/ESA 1.2, the file name of a wildcard object must be an equal sign.)

System action:

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response:

Correct the syntax of the build list and reissue the command.

VMF2211E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid object name *object* on :OBJNAME tag in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid requisite object name *object* on :GBLDREQ tag in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid requisite object name *object* on :BLDREQ tag in object *object* in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid requisite object name *object* for build list *fn ft* in :BLD section of product parameter file *fn2 PPF (compname compname)***

There is an invalid object name specified at the given location in the build list or product parameter file.

The only valid object name for format 1 build lists is BLDLIST. In format 2 build lists, the object name is a combination of the object file name and the object file type joined by a period (for example, *filename.filetype*). The object file name can be any valid CMS file name, except BLDLIST or an equal sign (=) for a wildcard object. The object file type can be any valid CMS file type. The VMFBDMOD part handler requires the object file type to be MODULE. In format 3 build lists, the object name is the member name in a library. The object name can be any valid CMS file name, except BLDLIST.

Format 2 build lists do not include the object file type in products packaged for VMSES/E levels prior to VM/ESA 1.2.

System action:

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response:

Correct the syntax of the build list or product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF2212E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid requisite build list name *bldlist* on :GBLDREQ tag in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid requisite build list name *bldlist* on :BLDREQ tag in object *object* in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid requisite build list name [*bldlist*] for build list *fn ft* in :BLD section of product parameter file *fn2 PPF* (compname *compname*)**
- **Invalid build list name *bldlist* in :BLD section of product parameter file *fn2 PPF* (compname *compname*)**

There is an invalid build list name specified at the given location in the build list or product parameter file. A build list name can be any valid CMS file name other than UNKNOWN.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list or product parameter file, and reissue the command.

VMF2213E **A :EOBJNAME tag is missing for object *object* in build list *fn ft***

Explanation

In a format 2 or 3 build list, each object must end with a :EOBJNAME tag.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, and reissue the command.

VMF2214E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Missing :PARTID tags {for object *object* } in build list *fn ft***
- **Multiple :PARTID tags {for object *object* } in build list *fn ft***
- **There are no parts specified in build list *fn ft***
- **Multiple object tags specified in build list *fn ft***

In general, objects in format 2 and 3 build lists may have zero or more :PARTID tags per object block. Many part handlers further restrict this by requiring at least one :PARTID tag per object block and/or limiting each object block to only one :PARTID tag. All format 1 part handlers require at least one part to be specified in the build list.

Wildcard objects in format 2 build lists must contain exactly one :PARTID tag.

A build list to build a Callable Services Library may contain exactly one :OBJECT tag.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, and reissue the command.

VMF2215E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Missing value for build list option *option* for build list *fn ft***
- **Missing value for object parameter *parm* for object *object* in build list *fn ft***
- **Missing value for part option *option* for object *object* in build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid build list option *option* for build list *fn ft***
- **Invalid object parameter *parm* for object *object* in build list *fn ft***

- Invalid part option *option* for object *object* in build list *fn ft*
- Invalid value *value* for build list option *option* for build list *fn ft*
- Invalid value *value* for object parameter *parm* for object *object* in build list *fn ft*
- Invalid value *value* for part option *option* for object *object* in build list *fn ft*
- Missing keyword *keyword* for object parameter *parm* for object *object* in build list *fn ft*
- Invalid library parameter *parm* in build list *fn ft*
- Missing value for library parameter *parm* in build list *fn ft*
- Invalid value *value* for library parameter *parm* for build list *fn ft*

The given parameter or option is not valid for the specified part handler, or a required keyword for an object parameter has not been supplied.

Build list options can be specified after the parentheses in records in the :BLD section of the product parameter file and after the object specification on the VMFBLD command invocation. Build list options are generally operands or options (or both) of the primitives used to build objects.

Object parameters are specified after the object name on the :OBJNAME tag in format 2 and 3 build lists. Object parameters are generally operands or options (or both) of the primitives used to build objects.

Library parameters are specified after the library name on the :LIBNAME tag in format 3 build lists. Library parameters are used to specify optional methods of building a library.

In format 1 build lists, part options are specified after the parentheses on each part record. In format 2 and 3 build lists, part options are specified on :OPTIONS tags within object blocks. Part options are generally options of the primitives used to build objects. Part options also include the capability to specify language specific parts.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, product parameter file, or VMFBLD command invocation, and enter the command again.

VMF2216E Invalid library {name|type}
{libname|libtype} on the

{:GLOBAL|:GGLOBAL} tag [in
object *object*] in build list *fn ft*

Explanation

There is an invalid library type specified at the given location in the build list. The valid library types are CSLLIB, DOSLIB, LOADLIB, MACLIB, and TXTLIB.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, and reissue the command.

VMF2217I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- *library_name library_type* will be rebuilt because no existing version can be found
- *library_name library_type* will be rebuilt because all members must be rebuilt
- *library_name library_type* will be rebuilt in order to delete members
- *library_name library_type* will be rebuilt because required_filename required_filetype cannot be found

The subject library will be generated using information in the build list because of the reason specified. Only some libraries must be generated when objects (members) need to be deleted (for example, MACLIBs).

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2218I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- *libname libtype* is now empty and will be erased from string {vdev|dirid} (fm)

- ***libname libtype* is now empty. *fn ft* will be erased from *string {vdev/dirid} (fm)***

One of the following occurred:

- The last member was deleted from the specified library.
- An attempt was made to generate the library, but no members were specified in the build list.

System action

RC = 0.

The specified library or file is erased from the target disk.

User response

None.

VMF2219I **Processing object *object***

Explanation

The specified object has been selected for processing by the part handler.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2220I **Updating service history member for *libname libtype***

Explanation

The library member containing the service history for this entity is being created or updated and will be included within the library.

System action

RC = 0.

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2221W **Build requisite *rbfn.reqobject* for [object *object*] in build list *fn* does not exist**

Explanation

The specified object has a requisite for an object which is not defined in any build list. The requisite may have been specified improperly, or it may have been deleted without removing the pointer to it.

System action

RC=4.

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2222E ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Object *object* is defined more than once in build list *fn ft***
- **Object *object* is not defined in build list *fn ft***

Objects must be unique within a build list. If an object is specified more than once, the first version of this message is issued.

If an object is identified as belonging to a build list and it does not, the second version of this message is issued.

The reserved object name BLDLIST is used to represent the build list as an entity. This is the only valid name that can be used to reference the single object created by a format 1 build list.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, and reissue the command.

VMF2223E **Control file *ctlfm* contains the following invalid record: *invalid_record***

Explanation

The specified record is not a valid comment record, AUX record, or MACs record.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the syntax of the control file, and reissue the command.

VMF2224E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- The language translation by *langfunc* failed for *fn ftabbrev*
- The language translation by *langfunc* failed for *fn ftabbrev* because the language code *language_code* is not defined
- The language translation by *langfunc* failed for *fn ftabbrev* because the resulting file type abbreviation *lfta* is not a valid file specification
- The language translation by *langfunc* failed for *fn ftabbrev* because the resulting file name *lfn* is not a valid file specification
- The language translation by *langfunc* failed for *fn ftabbrev* because no result was returned

The language function *langfunc* was called for the serviceable part *fn ftabbrev*, and this function encountered problems.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the failure.

User response

The language functions are called during VMFBLD processing for all serviceable parts that are language sensitive. The LANG option in format 1 build lists and the LANGFUNC option in format 2 and 3 build lists identify the language sensitive parts. Check the build lists that contain *fn ftabbrev*. Use the VMFQOBJ command to identify these build lists.

VMF2225E **A requisite loop has been detected processing {object|PTF} {object/ptfnum} [in build list fn ft]**

Explanation

The specified object or PTF, or one of its requisites, is identifying the specified object or PTF as its requisite. This is not a valid state.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Correct the build or PTF requisites, and reissue the command.

VMF2226E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Output stem OUTLIST. from part handler *fn* was not initialized properly**
- **Invalid object name *object* in record *n* of output stem OUTLIST. from part handler *fn***
- **Invalid object status *status* in record *n* of output stem OUTLIST. from part handler *fn***

When VMFBLD part handlers change the status of an object, the new status is communicated to VMFBLD in a stem named OUTLIST. This message indicates that VMFBLD has found the contents of this stem to be invalid when returned from the specified part handler. The results of the part handler are not recorded in the service-level build status table.

System action

RC=8.

Command processing continues bypassing the failing sub-function.

User response

Correct the code in the specified part handler, and reissue the command.

VMF2227W **Object *object* in build list *bldlist* cannot be deleted because its file specifications are unknown**

Explanation

The definition of the specified object has been removed from its build list. When this occurs, the corresponding object should be erased from your

system. Because of one of the following two reasons, the object could not be erased:

- The object is a wildcard object. Wildcard objects contain wildcard parts (parts whose names are defined as asterisks). Wildcard objects by definition cannot be deleted because a complete list of the objects included in the object definition is not available.
- The version tag in the PPF indicates that object deletion is not supported for this object. (Object deletion is not supported by the VMFBDCOM part handler for products packaged for VMSES/E levels prior to VM/ESA 1.2.)

The object is flagged as DELETED in the service-level build status table even though the object may still exist on your system.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF2228E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Part handler *fn* is not supported beyond VM/ESA 1.1.1**
- **Part handler *fn* is not supported until VM/ESA 1.2.0**
- **Part handler *fn* is not supported until VM/ESA 1.2.1**
- **Part handler *fn* with option *option* is not supported until VM/ESA 2.1.0**
- **Part handler *fn* is supported on only z/VM *n.n.n* or later**

A part handler was invoked with function that is either not supported by the level of VMSES/E indicated on the :VERSION tag in the PPF or by the current level of CMS.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops due to the internal error.

User response

- If you created your own PPF, check the :VERSION tag, and update it if necessary.
- Make sure the level of VMSES/E matches the level of CMS running on your system.

- If the levels of VMSES/E and CMS match, and the PPF was shipped from IBM, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF2229I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Library search order changed for object *object*:
*libtype libnames***
- **Library search order restored by *program*:
*libtype libnames***

The CMS library environment has been changed by the program currently executing, or restored to the values set upon entry to this program. The library types and names are identified on subsequent lines as necessary.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2230E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid option (valid options listed above)**
- **Invalid selection (valid selections listed above)**
- **Conflicting options**
- **Invalid option. Valid options are NOSetup or SETup**

The option or selection entered was not a valid value.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a valid value.

VMF2231I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **PPF file name must be entered**
- **Component name must be entered**

- **Setup must be specified**
- **System name must be entered**
- **PTF/APAR number must be entered**
- **Build list/Object/Part file name must be entered**
- **Table file name/file type must be entered**

A value for the listed field(s) must be entered to continue processing.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a value for the listed field.

VMF2232E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Only *num* item(s) may be selected**
- **Only one field may be specified**

As indicated, the number of fields or items that can be selected is limited.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Select only one field or the maximum number of items indicated.

VMF2233E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **No component names found in file *fn ft location (fm)***
2. **Component name *compname* not found in PPF: *PPFID (location)***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The specified file does not contain any component information.
2. The component name specified was not found in the indicated product parameter file (PPF).

System action:

RC=12 or RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Correct the file or specify a file that contains one or more of the tags with components.

VMF2233I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **File *fileID* not found**
- **Component name *compname* not found in PPF: *PPFfileID***
- **No PPF files found**
- **No component name found in PPF: *PPFfileID***
- **Table *table_ID* not found; VMFSIM QUERY cancelled**
- **Invalid system value; table *table_ID* not found**

The item specified did not exist on any accessed disk.

System action:

Command processing continues.

User response:

Enter a valid PPF file name, component name, or table name.

VMF2234E **Invalid [PTF | APAR] syntax. Prefix must be alphabetic, suffix must be all numeric**

Explanation

The PTF/APAR number entered was not in the correct format.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a valid PTF/APAR.

VMF2234I **[PTF *ptfnum* | APAR *aparnum*] has not been received.**

Explanation

The PTF/APAR number entered did not exist.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a valid PTF/APAR.

VMF2235E **Object [*object* | file type *objft*] is not a valid CMS file name**

Explanation

The value for the item specified was not a valid CMS file name.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a valid CMS file name for the item.

VMF2236I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Build list *bldlist* not found**
- **Part/abbrev *partfn partfta* not found in build list *bldlist***
- **Object *object* not found in build list *bldlist***
- **Object *object* not found in any build list**
- **Part *partfn* not found in object *object***
- **Part *partfn* with abbrev *partfta* was not found**
- **Part *partfn* not found in any object**
- **Object *object* not found with part *partfn partfta***
- **Object *object* not found with part abbrev *partfta***
- **Abbrev *partfta* not found in object *object***

The item specified was not found.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter an existing value.

VMF2237I **File type [abbreviation *fileabbv* | *filetype*] not found in abbreviation table**

Explanation

The file abbreviation specified was not found.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter an existing value.

VMF2238I **Query output saved to file *filename filetype***

Explanation

The query results were successfully saved.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2239E **Invalid value specified. Setup may only be YES or NO**

Explanation

The specified value for setup was invalid. Only YES or NO is valid.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter YES or NO.

VMF2239I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Setup was not performed. Query results may be invalid**
- **Setup did not complete successfully. Query results may be invalid**

Setup was not done. The environment may not include necessary tables.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Change the setup value if a setup is required.

VMF2240E **There are no {PTFs/APARs|parts| component names} specified in *fn ft fm***

Explanation

No PTFs, APARs, parts, or component names were found in file *fn ft fm*.

System action

RC = 100. Processing terminates.

User response

Re-enter the command with the appropriate PTFs, APARs, parts, or component names listed in the specified file.

VMF2240I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **There are no common tags. The comparison cannot be performed**
- **There are no build lists specified in *ppffn PPF ppffm***
- **There are no objects specified in build list *bldlist***
- **There are no parts specified in object *object* in build list *bldlist***
- **There are no parts specified in build list *bldlist***

The requested data does not exist.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2241I **There is no help for this panel**

Explanation

Help does not exist for the panel specified.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None

VMF2242E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid input. Data cannot contain a blank**
- **Invalid input. Valid special characters are '\$#@_ - +:'**
- **Invalid input. An '*' is not valid for this field**
- **Invalid input: *data***

The specified input contained characters that were not valid.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a valid value for the item.

VMF2243E **No generation routine was specified for object *object* in build list *fn ft***

Explanation

The module issuing this message requires that the name of the EXEC to be used to generate this object be supplied as an object parameter. This information is provided using the GENPARMS and EGENPARMS keywords. This information may be supplied for all objects in a build list by using the :GOBJPARG tag, or for a specific object by providing it on an :OBJNAME tag following the object name. Since the object cannot be generated without this information, it is given a status of ERROR and processing continues with the next object.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing continues bypassing the failing object.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list and reissue the command.

VMF2244E **None of the generation routines specified for object *object* in build list *fn ft* can be located**

Explanation

If VMFHLASM or VMFHASM are specified as the generation routine for an object, VMFBDDGEN will ensure that the required CMS function is available prior to issuing the command. If it is not available and no additional generation routine was supplied, the object cannot be built.

System action

RC = 28.

Command processing continues bypassing the failing object.

User response

Check the CMS access order to determine why the required function could not be found. Correct the build list to use an appropriate generation routine that is available.

VMF2245I **The following command was issued to generate object *object* in build list *fn ft*: *command***

Explanation

This is the actual command that was issued to generate the object specified. This message will only be placed in the message log if one exists, and will not appear at the terminal.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2246W **Object *object* in build list *fn ft* will not be built because no required parts were found.**

Explanation

No parts were found for the specified object. This could be due to one of the following reasons:

- the object contains no parts.
- none of the parts were found and build processing was instructed to ignore missing parts.

At least one part is required to build the object, so the object cannot be built.

System action

RC=4. This object is not built. Build processing continues with the next object.

User response

None.

VMF2247I ***fn ft* will remain on {*vdev*/*dirid*} (*fm*)**

Explanation

A library or file could not be erased or could not be copied from the current location to the target location. It remains at the location specified in the message. This message is usually used in conjunction with other messages issued by the routine that detected the condition.

System action

RC=0. Processing continues.

User response

Determine if this file needs to be erased or moved to the target location. Use VMFCOPY to copy the file to the target location. Use VMFERASE to erase the file from the specified location.

VMF2248E **:PARTID. tag found after :OPTIONS. *value* tag in build list *fn ft***

Explanation

A :PARTID. tag is not allowed following a :OPTION. tag for an ALIAS or TXTLIB in a Callable Services Library build list. Reasons for this extra :PARTID. tag might be simply that it was included incorrectly or that an :OPTIONS. tag is missing.

System action

RC = 12.

User response

Correct the syntax of the build list, and reissue the command.

VMF2249W **The RETAIN option was specified for mode *filemode*. Minidisk or directory id *dirid* (*filemode*) is not accessed in the order specified by product parameter file *ppfname* PPF**

Explanation

VMFSETUP was entered with the RETAIN option. The address at the retained mode is also in the :MDA section, and has changed the CMS access order specified by the :MDA section.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

The resulting access order may result in problems. If so, the situation must be corrected.

Possible causes for this situation are:

- Prior to invoking the service tools, an address that is identified in the PPF was left at a mode that is **RETAINED**. In this case, **RELEASE** the retained mode and enter the **VMFSETUP** command again.
- The **RETAIN** function is useful when you want to keep your local tools disks accessed while using **VMFSETUP**. This situation occurs if the addresses of the local tools disks conflict with the addresses in the PPF. In this case, change one of the addresses.
- In special situations it may be desirable to change the CMS access order. If the **RETAIN** option is used for this purpose, it should be done with caution.

VMF2250W **The following *compname* objects have been built on *string {vdev|dirid} (fm)* and should be copied to your workstation: *list***

Explanation

The listed workstation objects belonging to the specified product have been updated on the specified disk.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If you installed this product to a workstation, replace the corresponding workstation files with the updated versions. See the appropriate product documentation for the download procedures.

VMF2251I **Number of valid service content records identified in file *mapfile_ID : nnn***

Explanation:

The indicated load module map file (*mapfile_ID : nnn*) was processed to identify applicable service content (APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers) for inclusion within its associated object (a nucleus load module). Upon completion of this process, the number of service information records (possibly zero) cited by this message, are identified.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2252I **Service content has been included in object *module_file*.**

Explanation:

The build process for the indicated nucleus object (*module_file*) included – within this same object – pertinent service update information, in the form of applicable APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers. One or more updates for this object were identified, with the relevant service content incorporated within that object.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2253E **Service content has not been included in object *module_file*.**

Explanation:

The build process for the indicated nucleus object (*module_file*) attempted to include – within this same object – pertinent service update information, in the form of applicable APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers. However, one or more significant errors (cited by accompanying messages) were encountered which have prevented the inclusion of this information. Although the newly built nucleus is complete with respect to applied service, embedded information about that service is not present.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Refer to accompanying messages to determine what problems exist, and review the appropriate documentation to identify what actions are necessary to resolve them. When all problems have been resolved, try building the given object again. Alternately, if the lack of object-embedded service information is acceptable, the newly built nucleus can be used in its current form.

VMF2253W **Service content has not been included in object *module_file*.**

Explanation:

The build process for the indicated nucleus object (*module_file*) attempted to include – within this same object – pertinent service update information, in the

form of applicable APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers. Either no updates for this object were identified, or one or more errors (cited by accompanying messages) were encountered which have prevented the inclusion of this information. Although the newly built nucleus is complete with respect to applied service, embedded information about that service is not present.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Refer to the accompanying messages to determine what problems exist, and review the appropriate documentation to identify what actions are necessary to resolve them. When all problems have been resolved, try building the given object again. Alternately, if the lack of object-embedded service information is acceptable, the newly built nucleus can be used in its current form.

VMF2254W **File *mapfile_ID* contains unrecognized service content. Data for these text files has been ignored:**
text_fn info

Explanation

While processing the indicated load module map file (*mapfile_ID*) to identify applicable service content (APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers) for inclusion within its associated object (a nucleus load module), the information acquired for one or more text parts (indicated in the message) was found to be in a form not recognized by the system. Information for the listed parts is ignored, and is not included in any resulting nucleus load module.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the accompanying messages for more information. If the reason for this error is not apparent, save any existing problem information — a copy of the MAP file that pertains to the affected object (nucleus load module), as well as the message log and console files associated with this build attempt — and contact your IBM Support Center personnel for assistance.

VMF2255W **File *mapfile_ID* contains unrecognized service content that cannot be**

mapped to an applicable APAR value in VVT file *file_ID*. The acquired data that follows has been ignored:
update_info

Explanation

While processing the indicated load module map file (*mapfile_ID*) to identify applicable service content (APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers) for inclusion within its associated object (a nucleus load module), the service information associated with one or more text updates could not be mapped to a corresponding APAR value from the listed VVT file (*file_ID*). Pertinent update information associated with this problem is indicated in the message. Because a proper VVT APAR value could not be acquired for the affected updates, this information is ignored, and is not included in any resulting nucleus load module.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the accompanying messages for more information. If the reason for this error is not apparent, save any existing problem information — a copy of the MAP file that pertains to the affected object (nucleus load module), as well as the message log and console files associated with this build attempt — and contact your the IBM Support Center personnel for assistance.

VMF2256W **File *mapfile_ID* contains unexpected service content. Data for these text files has been included as local modification data:**
update_info

Explanation

While processing the indicated load module map file (*mapfile_ID*) to identify applicable service content (APAR numbers, PTF numbers, and local modification identifiers) for inclusion within its associated object (a nucleus load module), service information associated with one or more text updates was identified, but was not expected to be present. Because the data encountered represents a valid AUX update file type, this information is included in any resulting nucleus load module, but is considered to be a local modification.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review the accompanying messages for more information. The reported unexpected content could be present due to the inclusion of third-party (vendor) updates, or perhaps from the use of a circumventing service update. If the reason for this warning is not apparent, save any existing problem information — a copy of the MAP file that pertains to the affected object (nucleus load module), as well as the message log and console files associated with this build attempt — and contact your the IBM Support Center personnel for assistance.

VMF2257W **Information for system environment *env_name* does not exist; environment restoration not possible**

Explanation:

Data that is used to restore the user ID's environment to the state it had prior to issuing a command is not found.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Restore the user ID environment by linking and accessing disks, as needed. If necessary, reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2258E **Information for system environment *env_name* does not exist; environment {restoration|deletion} not possible**

Explanation:

Data that is used to restore or delete the user ID's environment is not found.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Restore the user ID environment by linking and accessing disks, as needed. If necessary, reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2259E **System environment information is not available (file *file_ID* does not exist); environment restoration not possible**

Explanation:

The *file_ID* file that contains the data used to restore the user ID's environment to the state it had prior to issuing a command is not found.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Restore the user ID environment by linking and accessing disks, as needed. If necessary, reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2260E **Error attaching device *device* for system environment restoration**

Explanation:

The device listed could not be attached to the user ID.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Determine why the device listed could not be attached and correct the error. If necessary, attach the device. As needed, reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2261W **Link status *mode* was not restored for disk *addr***

Explanation:

The disk listed could not be linked with the mode cited.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Determine why the disk could not be linked with the mode indicated. If necessary, restore the user ID environment by linking the disk cited. As needed, reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2262E **Link status *mode* was not restored for disk *addr***

Explanation:

The disk listed could not be linked with the mode cited.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Determine why the disk could not be linked with the mode indicated and correct the error. If necessary, restore the user ID environment by linking the disk cited. As needed, reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2263I **Saving access/minidisk information for existing system environment {(*env_name*)}**

Explanation:

The current user ID environment is being saved (in file *env_name*) so that the information can be used later to restore the original environment.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:
None.

VMF2264I **Restoring prior system environment using saved access/ minidisk information {(env_name)}**

Explanation:

The prior user ID environment is being restored from (file *env_name* that contains) environment data that was saved previously.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF2265W **One or more system resources were not successfully restored**

Explanation:

Not all resources (minidisks, for example) were restored to their original configuration.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

Review previously-issued messages to determine whether it is necessary to restore the previous user ID environment and reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2266E **One or more system resources were not successfully restored**

Explanation:

Not all resources (minidisks, for example) were restored to their original configuration.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Review previously-issued messages to determine what needs to be done to restore the previous user ID environment and whether it is necessary to reissue the command that displayed this message.

VMF2267E **Component name *compname* not found in file *file_ID***

Explanation:

The subject command requires the listed component name to be present within the file cited by the message. Depending on the file cited, this component name might be expected to be part of a product identifier or otherwise associated with a specific data record within the subject file or table.

System action:

Command operation stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance in resolving this problem.

VMF2268W **Component name *name* not found in file *fileID***

Explanation

The subject command expects the listed component name to be present within the file that is cited by the message. Depending on the file cited, this component name might be expected to be part of a product identifier or otherwise associated with a specific data record within the subject file or table.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

If you created the file that is cited in the message, review the file contents and determine why the subject component name was not found in that file. If the file is an IBM supplied file, contact the IBM Support Center for assistance in resolving this problem.

VMF2271E **The CP SET PRODUCT command failed for product *prodid***

Explanation

A CP SET PRODUCT command, executed by the SERVICE or PUT2PROD EXEC, failed. The CP SET PRODUCT command was issued in response to a VMFINS ENABLE or VMFINS DISABLE command.

System action

RC=100. Command processing terminates.

User response

Correct the problem that caused the CP SET PRODUCT command to fail and then rerun the SERVICE or PUT2PROD EXEC. The most likely cause of the CP SET PRODUCT failure is that the user ID did not have the correct privilege class to execute the command.

VMF2300E ***fn* EXEC must be run on a terminal with at least 22 lines and 80 columns**

Explanation

The specified command requires a terminal with at least 22 lines and 80 columns.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing stops.

User response

Rerun the command on the required terminal.

VMF2301W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invalid data *data* entered for *data_description***
- **Invalid data *data* entered for 'Component Name' field**
- **Invalid data *data* entered for 'PPF name' field**
- **Invalid data *data* entered for 'Modid' field**
- **Invalid data *data* entered for 'Compname' field**

The data entered on the panel is invalid.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

Enter valid data on the panel for the described field, and continue.

VMF2302E **Error displaying help file *fn***

Explanation

The specified help file could not be displayed.

System action

RC = 8. Panel processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2303W **Undefined PFKey**

Explanation

An undefined PF key was pressed.

System action

RC = 4. Panel processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2304E **The Software Inventory Disk (*disk*) must be accessed as *fm* [with R/W status]**

Explanation

The Software Inventory Disk is either not accessed as the specified file mode or is accessed in read-only mode.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

If the message mentions read-write (R/W) status as being required for the Software Inventory disk, link this minidisk such that write capability is established, and then access it using the indicated file mode. Otherwise, ensure the Software Inventory disk is accessed at this file mode. Then, re-enter the command.

VMF2305E **Restart file *fn* \$RESTART not found**

Explanation:

The specified restart file was not found.

System action:

RC=28. Command processing stops.

User response:

The command that issued the error cannot be restarted. Issue the command again without using the RESTART operand or option.

VMF2306W **The VMFSUFTB key is not valid after any data changes**

Explanation

The VMFSUFTB key is valid only before any data is entered on the Update SYSSUF Table Panel.

System action

RC = 4. Panel processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2307E **PPF for component *compname* not found in VM SYSSUF table**

Explanation

In the system-level service update facility table (VM SYSSUF), either the indicated component was not

found or a product parameter file for the component was not found.

System action

Command processing stops.

User response

Confirm that the correct VM SYSSUF table is available and that the VM SYSSUF table content has not been corrupted.

VMF2307W **PPF *ppffn* not found in SYSSUF table**

Explanation

The PPF file name that you selected to be changed in the SYSSUF table was not found in any records.

System action

RC = 4. Panel processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2308I **Part *fn ft* has a local modification *modid* in version vector *vvtft* which must be reworked prior to building product *prodid*.**

Explanation:

A local modification was encountered while installing service. VMFBLD cannot be run by the VMFSUFIN command or the SERVICE command until the local modification has been reworked.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

Rework the local modification and update the VM SYSLMOD table to indicate that the rework is complete. The VMFUPDAT SYSLMOD command can be used to update the VM SYSLMOD table.

VMF2308W **Part *fn ft* has a local modification *modid* in version vector *vvtft* which must be reworked prior to building product *prodid*.**

Explanation:

A local modification was encountered while installing service. VMFBLD will not be run for this product or any

other products for this invocation of the VMFSUFIN command or the SERVICE command.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

Rework the local modification, update the VM SYSLMOD table to indicate that the rework is complete, and restart the command. The VMFUPDAT SYSLMOD command can be used to update the VM SYSLMOD table.

VMF2309I **There are no local modifications [for *modid modid*]for *compname compname*] that require rework**

Explanation

There are no records in the VM SYSLMOD table that match your selection..

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2310E **A program restart file, *program_name* \$RESTART, exists for service level, *service_level*. This restart must be corrected before service level *service_level* can be { used as the base for a new service level. | serviced. | locally modified. | locked. | sent to a managed system. | packaged. }**

Explanation:

The SERVMGR command did not complete successfully due to one or more existing restart files in the specified service level.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Correct the errors described in the restart file (or files) and issue the SERVMGR command with the appropriate RESTART option.

VMF2310W ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Program restart file, SERVICE \$RESTART, has been created or persists due to errors. Correct the errors, then restart SERVICE using the command that follows:**
command_string
2. **Program restart file, SERVICE \$RESTART, has been created or persists due to local modifications. Rework the local modifications, then restart SERVICE using the the command that follows:**
command
3. **Program restart file, SERVICE \$RESTART, has been created or persists due to service that affects core VMSES/E parts. Restart SERVICE to resume processing, using the command that follows:**
command_string

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The SERVICE command did not complete successfully because a processing error was encountered. A restart file was created to enable the restarting of the SERVICE command.
2. The SERVICE command did not complete successfully because local modifications exist that affect one or more serviced parts. A restart file was created to enable the restarting of the SERVICE command.
3. The SERVICE command did not complete successfully because one or more VMSES/E parts that are critical to the service process have themselves been updated with applied service. A restart file was created to enable the restarting of the SERVICE command.
4. A SERVMGR command did not complete successfully. A restart file was created to enable the restarting of the SERVMGR command.

System action

For SERVICE: RC=4. Command processing continues.

For SERVICE: RC=5 or RC=6. Command processing stops.

For SERVMGR: RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Based on the preceding messages, correct the errors or rework the local modifications and then issue the SERVICE RESTART command specified, or, reissue the SERVMGR command that issued this message with the RESTART option or operand.

VMF2311I **There are no parts with a MANUAL status for *compname***

Explanation

The specified product, component, or feature has no parts with a status of MANUAL in its Service-Level Build Status Table.

System action

Command processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF2312I **There are no active service restart records.**

Explanation

Neither the System-Level Restart Table nor the SERVICE \$RESTART file were found.

System action

Command processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF2313I **There are no memos to display.**

Explanation

There are no records in the VM SYSMEMO table with the DISPLAY status.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing completes.

User response

None.

VMF2404E **Duplicate tables entered. No comparison will be done**

Explanation

VMFSIM COMPTBL was invoked with two identical table specifications. No comparison is necessary, so none will be done.

System action

RC = 24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

If you have two tables to compare, reissue the VMFSIM command specifying the proper table specifications.

VMF2406E **Missing TDATA keyword in { FILE
fn ft fm | STEM stemid }**

Explanation

A syntax error occurred in the input file or stem identified in the message. The file or stem did not start with the keyword TDATA.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the syntax error.

User response

Add the TDATA keyword to the file or stem, and reissue the VMFSIM or VMFQOBJ command.

VMF2407E **Input STEM stemid is not
initialized properly**

Explanation

A syntax error exists in the STEM specified on the VMFSIM or VMFQOBJ command. The stem count in *stemid.0* must contain a positive number.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the syntax error.

User response

Check the VMFSIM or VMFQOBJ command syntax for the usage of the STEM operand, and reissue the command.

VMF2408E **Tag missing at start of TDATA
statement tdata**

Explanation

A syntax error exists in the TDATA statement identified in the message. A tag must follow the keyword TDATA. Tags must begin with a colon (:).

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the syntax error.

User response

Add the appropriate tag to the TDATA statement, and reissue the VMFSIM or VMFQOBJ command.

VMF2409I **File fn ft will be created on {vdev|
dirid} (fm)**

Explanation

The specified AUX file will be created by GENCPBLS.

System action

RC = 0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2423E **{ FILE fn1 ft1 fm1 | STEM
stemid } contains an incorrect file
specification: fn2 ft2 fm2**

Explanation

The input files and stems for the VMFSIM CHKLVL, GETLVL, INIT, and VMFERASE LIST function contain lists of files:

VMFSIM CHKLVL

The file specifications are made up of a file name and optionally a file type abbreviation.

VMFSIM GETLVL

The file specifications are made up of a file name and optionally a file type abbreviation.

VMFSIM INIT

The file specifications each include a file name, file type, and optionally a file mode. The file types must all be the same and can only be either \$PTFPART or PRODPART. These file types must also be consistent with the rest of the VMFSIM INIT command line. If the service-level Software Inventory is being initialized, the file types must be \$PTFPART. If the system-level Software Inventory is being initialized, the file types must be PRODPART.

VMFERASE LIST

The file specifications are made up of a file name and file type. A file mode can be specified, but is ignored. The list of files can be in CMS EXEC format (with or without the leading &1 and &2) or in SIMDATA format.

The file identified in the message is incorrect, and was not processed.

System action

RC = 8. Command processing continues and bypasses the incorrect file specification. For VMFERASE, no files will be erased.

User response

Correct the file specification and enter the VMFSIM or VMFERASE command again.

VMF2426E **No valid input in {FILE *fn ft fm* | STEM *stemid*}**

Explanation

The input files and stems for the VMFSIM CHKLVL, GETLVL, INIT, and VMFERASE LIST function contain lists of files:

VMFSIM CHKLVL

The file specifications are made up of a file name and optionally a file type abbreviation.

VMFSIM GETLVL

The file specifications are made up of a file name and optionally a file type abbreviation.

VMFSIM INIT

The file specifications each include a file name, file type, and optionally a file mode. The file types must all be the same and can only be either \$PTFPART or PRODPART. These file types must also be consistent with the rest of the VMFSIM INIT command line. If the service-level Software Inventory is being initialized, the file types must be \$PTFPART. If the system-level Software Inventory is being initialized, the file types must be PRODPART.

VMFERASE LIST

The file specifications are made up of a file name and file type. A file mode can be specified, but is ignored. The list of files can be in CMS EXEC format (with or without the leading &1 and &2) or in SIMDATA format.

No valid files were listed, and none were processed.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops because of the syntax error.

User response

Correct the file specifications and enter the VMFSIM or VMFERASE command again.

VMF2441I ***ptfnum* \$PTFPART *fm* is for PRODID *prodid*. It will not be processed**

Explanation

VMFSIM INIT has encountered a \$PTFPART file that is not for the product/component being processed. The data contained in this file will NOT be added to the tables being processed. This condition may occur if:

- An incorrect table name was entered on the VMFSIM command.
- The *ptfnum* \$PTFPART file was for another product/component.

System action

RC = 2.

Command processing continues.

User response

If an incorrect table name was entered on the command, reissue the command with the correct table name. If the \$PTFPART file was for another product/component, reissue the VMFSIM INIT function for PRODID identified in the message.

VMF2442E **STEM variable *stemid* not defined correctly, *stemvar* contains invalid data.**

Explanation

While processing STEM or ASTEM input VMFSIM found invalid data or the variable has not been set correctly.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of invalid STEM input.

User response

Correct the format of the STEM variable and reissue the VMFSIM command.

VMF2443E **Invalid tag *tagname* found in table *tableid*.**

Explanation

VMFSIM has found a syntax error in the table identified in the message.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for table identified in the message.

User response

Modify the tag and/or data identified in the message using the VMFSIM MODIFY function and re-run the procedure.

Note: VMFSIM MODIFY function does not support tables that have a file type of \$PTFPART, PRODPART or \$PPFTEMP. For more information on correcting syntax errors within these tables, refer to *z/VM: Installation Guide* and *z/VM: Service Guide*.

VMF2444E **Data type error found in TDATA statement *tdata*. Data on tag *tag* contains invalid *datatype*, *baddata***

Explanation

VMFSIM has found a data type error in the TDATA statement entered on the command.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for this TDATA statement due to syntax error.

User response

Correct the tag and/or data identified in the message and reissue the command.

VMF2445E **Duplicate tags *tag* found in TDATA statement *tdata*. TDATA statement will not be processed.**

Explanation

While processing the tags and data entered on the VMFSIM MODIFY or LOGMOD command, VMFSIM found tag(s) that were repeated in the TDATA statement. This TDATA statement will not be processed by VMFSIM.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for this TDATA statement because of syntax error in statement.

User response

If the name of a tag was misspelled, correct the spelling and reissue the VMFSIM command. Otherwise, delete the duplicate tags from the TDATA statement.

VMF2445I **Duplicate tags *tag* found in TDATA statement *tdata* for table *tableid*. They will be ignored**

Explanation

While processing the tags and data entered on the VMFSIM command, VMFSIM found tag(s) that were repeated in the TDATA statement. These tags and any data following these tags is ignored.

System action

RC = 2.

Command processing continues ignoring the extraneous data.

User response

If the name of a tag was misspelled correct the spelling and reissue the VMFSIM command.

VMF2446I **Tags *tagnames* in TDATA statement *tdata* are not defined [for table *tablename*]. They will be ignored.**

Explanation

While processing the tags and data entered on the VMFSIM or VMFQOBJ command, a TDATA statement was encountered with an invalid tag. For VMFSIM, the table being processed is also identified. These tags, and any data following these tags, are ignored.

System action

RC = 2.

Command processing continues ignoring the extraneous data.

User response

If the name(s) of a tag(s) is misspelled, correct the spelling and reissue the command. For VMFSIM, if the wrong table was specified, reissue VMFSIM with the correct table.

Note: To get a list of the tags defined for a Software Inventory table, issue VMFSIM QUERY *tblname tbltype*.

VMF2447E **Required tag *tag* not found in TDATA statement *tdata* for table *tabletype*. TDATA statement will not be processed**

Explanation

While processing the tags and data entered on the VMFSIM MODIFY or LOGMOD command, VMFSIM found that a required tag was missing from the TDATA statement. This TDATA statement will not be processed by VMFSIM.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for this TDATA statement because of syntax error in statement.

User response

If the name of a tag was misspelled, correct the spelling and reissue the VMFSIM command. Otherwise, add the required tag and data to the TDATA statement and reissue the VMFSIM command.

VMF2448E **Table *tableid1* has a key tag *keytag1*, table *tableid2* has a key tag *keytag2*. Tables cannot be compared.**

Explanation

VMFSIM COMPTBL requires that the tables that are being compared contain the same key definitions. Example: the SRVAPPS and SRVRECS tables both contain the same key definition, :PTF. These tables can be compared using VMFSIM COMPTBL. SRVAPPS and SRVDESC contain different key definitions, :PTF for SRVAPPS and :APARNUM. for SRVDESC, these tables cannot be compared using VMFSIM COMPTBL.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of incompatible table definitions.

User response

None.

VMF2449E ***fn ft fm* will not be processed**

Explanation

VMFSIM INIT found a syntax error in a \$PTFPART or PRODPART file. This file will not be processed by VMFSIM INIT.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for this file due to syntax error. VMFSIM will continue processing any remaining \$PTFPART or PRODPART files.

User response

Report the problem to the IBM support center.

VMF2450I **Entry *tdata-statement* not found**

Explanation

VMFSIM MODIFY or LOGMOD function (when specified with the delete option) will issue this message if the data specified on the key tag in the *tdata-statement* cannot be located in the table being modified. This *tdata-statement* will not be processed.

System action

RC = 2. Command processing continues with any additional TDATA statements to process.

User response

If the data on the key tag was not correct, correct the data and reissue the VMFSIM command.

VMF2453I **Table *tableid1* is a subset of table *tableid2***

Explanation

VMFSIM COMPTBL could not find any entries in *tableid1* that are not contained in *tableid2*.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2457E **Syntax error found in table *tableid*. Duplicate tag tags found**

Explanation

The specified tag appears more than once in the specified table. This is not permitted in this table.

System action

RC=12. Command processing stops.

User response

Correct the table and restart the procedure.

VMF2458E *messages***Explanation**

The variations of this message are:

- **Data Type error found in table *tableid*. Data on tag *tag1* required by tag *tag2* contains invalid *datatype*, *baddata***
- **Data Type error found in table *tableid*. Data on tag *tag2* contains invalid *datatype*, *baddata***

The data specified on the tag defined for table *tableid* is not valid. The tag *tag2* identifies the field in the table that owns the tag in error.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for table identified in message.

User response

Correct the data identified in the message using the VMFSIM MODIFY function and re-run the procedure.

Note: VMFSIM MODIFY function does not support tables that have a file type of \$PTFPART, PRODPART or \$PPFTEMP. For more information on correcting data type errors in these tables, refer to [z/VM: Installation Guide](#) and [z/VM: Service Guide](#).

VMF2459E **Syntax error found in table *tableid*. Required tag *tag1* [required by tag *tag2*] was not found.****Explanation**

A tag required in the table *tableid* was not found following the second tag (*tag2*) identified in the message. If the second tag (*tag2*) is not contained in the message then the tag that was missing is a key tag in the table.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops for the table identified in the message.

User response

Add the required tag identified in the message using the VMFSIM MODIFY function and re-run the procedure.

Note: VMFSIM MODIFY function does not support tables that have a file type of \$PTFPART, PRODPART or

\$PPFTEMP. For more information on correcting syntax errors in these tables, refer to [z/VM: Installation Guide](#) and [z/VM: Service Guide](#).

VMF2460W **No valid tags found in TDATA statement *tdata* [for table *tableid*]****Explanation**

While processing the tags and data entered on the VMFSIM or VMFQOBJ command, a TDATA statement was encountered with no valid tags. For VMFSIM, the table being processed is also identified.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues with next TDATA statement.

User response

If the name(s) of a tag(s) were misspelled, correct the spelling and reissue the command. For VMFSIM, if the wrong table is specified, reissue VMFSIM with the correct table.

Note: To get a list of the tags defined for a Software Inventory table, issue VMFSIM QUERY *tblname tbltype*.

VMF2461I **Unknown {*datatype* | *fieldtype*} defined for tag *tag* in table definition *tabletype*****Explanation**

VMFSIM was unable to perform data type or field type checking for the tag identified in the message. An unknown data type or field type definition was found in the table definition file for the table file type identified in the message.

System action

RC = 2. Command processing completes without performing data type or field type checking for the tag identified in the message.

User response

Verify that the correct level of the VMFTBDEF EXEC and VMFSIM EXEC are accessed. Also verify that any user-defined table definitions are being processed by VMFSIM.

VMF2462I **Table *tableid1* is empty, it will be erased**

Explanation

VMFSIM MODIFY or LOGMOD function with the delete option specified has deleted all tags and data from the table identified in the message. The table will be erased.

System action

Command processing completed.

User response

None.

VMF2465E **AUX filetype *auxft* for file *fn* was not found in control file *fn* CNTRL *fm***

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLVL function could not find the AUX filetype specified on the AUXFT option in the control file for the file identified in the message.

System action

RC = 8.

Command processing continues with next TDATA statement.

User response

Check the following conditions:

- If the control file contains preferred AUX files the AUXFT specified on the command may have been ignored for this file.
- The control file does not contain an entry for the AUX file.
- The AUX filetype entered on the command was incorrect.

After correcting the error, reissue VMFSIM CHKLVL for the file identified in the message.

VMF2465W **AUX filetype *auxft* for file *fn* was not found in control file *fn* CNTRL *fm***

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLVL function could not find the AUX filetype specified on the AUXFT option in the control file for the file identified in the message.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues with next TDATA statement.

User response

Check the following conditions:

- If the control file contains preferred AUX files the AUXFT specified on the command may have been ignored for this file.
- The control file does not contain an entry for the AUX file.
- The AUX filetype entered on the command was incorrect.

After correcting the error, reissue VMFSIM CHKLVL for the file identified in the message.

VMF2468E ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Mismatch, file *fn ft* not found in VVT *vfn vft vfm*. Aux file *afn aft afm* contains updates**
- **Mismatch, VVT file *vfn vft* not found on a LOCAL or APPLY disk. Aux file *afn aft afm* contains updates for file *fn ft***

A mismatch of levels occurred. The part file *fn ft* is not found in VVT *vfn vft vfm*. But, the Aux file *afn aft afm* contains updates.

System action

RC = 8.

Command processing continues with next part.

User response

Check to ensure the following:

- All required disks were accessed.
- Disk search order is correct.
- The AUX file type entered on the command was correct.
- The correct control file was entered on the command.

After correcting any setup errors reissue VMFSIM CHKLVL for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to [z/VM: Service Guide](#) for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2468W **Mismatch, file *fn ft* not found in VVT *fn ft fm*. Aux file *fn ft fm* contains updates**

Explanation

A mismatch of levels occurred. The part file *fn ft* is not found in VVT *fn ft fm*. But, the Aux file *fn ft fm* contains updates.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues with next part.

User response

Check to ensure the following:

- All required disks were accessed.
- Disk search order is correct.
- The AUX file type entered on the command was correct.
- The correct control file was entered on the command.

After correcting any setup errors reissue VMFSIM CHKLV L for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to [z/VM: Service Guide](#) for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2469E **Mismatch, Aux file *fn ft fm* not found. File *fn ft* in version vector table *fn ft fm* contains updates**

Explanation

A mismatch of levels occurred. Aux file *fn ft fm* not found. But, the Part file *fn ft* in Version Vector table *fn ft fm* contains updates.

System action

RC = 8.

Command processing continues with next part.

User response

Check the following:

- All required disks were accessed.
- Disk search order is correct.
- The AUX file type entered on the command was correct.
- The correct control file was entered on the command.

After correcting any setup errors reissue VMFSIM CHKLV L for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to [z/VM: Service Guide](#) for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2469W **Mismatch, Aux file *fn ft fm* not found. File *fn ft* in version vector table *fn ft fm* contains updates**

Explanation

A mismatch of levels occurred. Aux file *fn ft fm* not found. But, the Part file *fn ft* in Version Vector table *fn ft fm* contains updates.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues with next part.

User response

Check the following:

- All required disks were accessed.
- Disk search order is correct.
- The AUX file type entered on the command was correct.
- The correct control file was entered on the command.

After correcting any setup errors reissue VMFSIM CHKLV L for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to [z/VM: Service Guide](#) for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2471E **Mismatch between AUX file *fn auxft auxfm* for file *fn ft* in version vector *vvtname vvtft vvtfm***

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLV L function found a mismatch in the entries found in the AUX file level specified in the message that corresponds to the VVT identified.

System action

RC = 8.

Command processing continues with next TDATA statement.

User response

Check to ensure the following:

- All required disks were accessed.
- Disk search order is correct.
- The AUX file type entered on the command was correct.
- The correct control file was entered on the command.

After correcting any setup errors, re-run VMFSIM CHKLVL for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2471W **Mismatch between AUX file *fn auxft auxfm* for file *fn ft* in version vector *vvtname vvtft vvtfm***

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLVL function found a mismatch in the entries found in the AUX file level specified in the message that corresponds to the VVT identified.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues with next TDATA statement.

User response

Check to ensure the following:

- All required disks were accessed.
- Disk search order is correct.
- The AUX file type entered on the command was correct.
- The correct control file was entered on the command.

After correcting any setup errors, run VMFSIM CHKLVL again for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2472I **VVT and AUX levels match for *fn ft***

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLVL completed processing of the VVT and AUX levels for the file identified in the message.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2473I **No AUX files or VVT entries found for *fn ft***

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLVL could not locate any AUX files or VVT files and/or VVT entries for the part identified in the message. This means the part has never been serviced.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2474E **AUX files *fn AUX* ** found for *fn* but no corresponding VVT entries were found.**

Explanation

VMFSIM found one or more AUX files containing service for the part identified in the message, but no VVT entries were found. This is an error condition. All service to a part should be identified in a VVT. VMFAPPLY may have failed or local modification has not been entered into the VVT for the component.

System action

RC = 12. Command processing stops for the part identified in the message. VMFSIM will continue processing any remaining parts entered on the command.

User response

For details on correcting mismatches between AUX and VVT tables, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide*.

VMF2475I **VVT file *fn ft* found on the *vaddr (mode)* disk is not defined on a LOCAL or APPLY disk. It will be ignored**

Explanation

A VVT file (*fn ft*) was found on a disk that was not identified in the PPF as a LOCAL or APPLY disk. Only VVT files defined on LOCAL or APPLY disk are processed by VMSES.

System action

RC = 0.

Command processing continues with part being processed.

User response

Check to ensure the following:

- all required disks were accessed
- disk search order is correct
- the correct PPF file was entered on the command

After correcting any setup errors reissue VMFSIM CHKLVL for the file identified in the message. If no setup errors were found, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for details on how to generate an AUX file from the version vector table.

VMF2480I Results for *tdata-statement*

Explanation

VMFSIM QUERY completed processing of the TDATA statement identified in the message.

Note: This message is only displayed if the output option for VMFSIM QUERY is TYPE.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2481W No entries match search arguments *tdata* [in table *tableid*]

Explanation

For VMFSIM QUERY and VMFSIM COMPTBL, no entries that matched the search arguments specified could be found in the table being processed. For VMFQOBJ, no objects that match the search arguments specified could be found.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues with the next TDATA statement.

User response

If the search arguments were entered incorrectly, reissue the command with the correct search arguments.

VMF2485E *fn ft* is not supported by AUX files

Explanation

VMFSIM CHKLVL determined that the file identified in the message is not supported by AUX files. No VVT to AUX check will be performed. VMFSIM GETLVL was issued with the AUX option and it determined that the file identified in the message is not supported by AUX files. No AUX level searching will be performed.

System action

RC = 8.

Command processing continues with next part.

User response

If the function being run is GETLVL, reissue VMFSIM GETLVL using the VVT option for the file identified in the message.

VMF2486W *fn* not found in any VVT files identified in control file *fn1 ft1 fm1* File *fn ft* in Version

Explanation

VMFSIM could not find any VVT levels identified in control file *fn1 ft1 fm1* that contained the file specified in the message. No serviced levels could be found for the file.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing stops for this file. VMFSIM will continue processing any remaining files that were entered on the command.

User response

Validate the following:

- The correct disks and access order was being used.
- The correct CNTRL file was entered on the command.
- The correct VVT file name was entered on the command.
- The file entered on the command has been serviced.

If one of the conditions above is true, reissue the command for the file that failed. If the message still

occurs, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for instructions on correcting AUX file and VVT mismatches.

VMF2487I **No {VVT | AUX} levels found for file
*fn ft***

Explanation

The VMFSIM GETLVL function could not find any VVT or AUX levels identified in the control file for the file identified in the message. This could be due to one of the following conditions:

- *fn ft* has never been serviced.
- Disk access order is not correct.
- Service to *fn ft* has not been applied by VMFAPPLY.

System action

RC = 2.

Command processing continues.

User response

If the file has been serviced, check the apply status of the PTFs that contained service for the file. If they have not been applied, refer to *z/VM: Installation Guide* for details on how to apply PTFs. If they have been applied, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for details on how to re-apply PTFs to update the VVT and/or AUX files.

VMF2490E **Table type *tabletype* is not
supported by VMFSIM (*function*)**

Explanation

VMFSIM function specified on the command does not support the type of table that was entered.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops.

User response

Reissue the command with the correct table type specified.

VMF2500E **Requisite error, missing requisite
{*ptfnum1* for PTF *ptfnum2*|*prodid1*
for PRODID *prodid2*}**

Explanation

One of these conditions occurred:

- The VMFSIM command SRVREQ or SRVDEP could not find the requisite PTF *ptfnum1* that is required by PTF *ptfnum2* in the SRVREQT table for the component. Additional requisites maybe required by the missing PTF.
- The VMFSIM command SYSREQ or SYSDEP could not find the requisite PRODID *prodid1* that is required by product *prodid2* in the SYSREQT system inventory table for product requisites. Additional requisites maybe required by the missing PRODID.

System action

RC=12. Command processing continues searching for any additional requisites or the next PTF or PRODID to process.

User response

Check the following conditions:

- The correct search order has been established.
- The correct tables were entered on the command.

If none of the above conditions are true, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for procedures to follow for missing requisites.

VMF2501E **Requisite error, PTF *ptfnum* has a
status of SUPED. No superseding
PTF(s) were found**

Explanation

VMFSIM could not find a PTF in the SRVREQT for the component that superseded the PTF identified in the message. A PTF should not have a status of SUPED unless a superseding PTF is APPLIED. Additional requisites may be required by the missing PTF.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing continues searching for any additional requisites and/or the next PTF to process.

User response

Check the following conditions:

- The correct search order has been established
- The correct tables were entered on the command

If none of the above conditions are true, refer to *z/VM: Service Guide* for procedures to follow for status errors.

VMF2502W **PTF *ptfnum* not found in requisite
table *fn ft fm***

Explanation

VMFSIM could not locate the PTF number entered on the command in the requisite table identified in the message.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing stops for this PTF. VMFSIM will continue processing any remaining PTFs that were entered on the command.

User response

Validate the following:

- The correct disks and access order was being used
- The correct requisite table was entered on the command
- The correct PTF number was entered on the command

If one of the conditions above is true then correct the problem and reissue the command for the PTF that failed. If the message still occurs, order the PTF from the IBM Support Center.

VMF2503E **PTF *ptfnum* has a status of APPLIED but has requisites that have not been applied.**

Explanation

VMFSIM found a PTF that has a status of APPLIED but has one or more requisites identified in the SRVREQT for the component that are not APPLIED. A PTF should not have a status of APPLIED unless all required requisites are APPLIED or SUPED.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing continues searching for any additional requisites and/or the next PTF to process.

User response

Check the following conditions:

- The correct search order has been established
- The correct tables were entered on the command

If none of the above conditions are true run VMFAPPLY with an apply list containing the PTF(s) that are not applied. This will correct the status of the PTF(s) in error.

VMF2504W **PRODIG *prodid1* has a DREQ of *prodid2* but it has been superseded by *prodid3*. PRODIG *prodid1* will not run with *prodid3*.**

Explanation

The specified product has a DREQ of a product that has been superseded. This may or may not be an error.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2505W **PRODIG *prodid1* has a NPRES of *prodid2* that has been applied. PRODIG *prodid1* will not run with *prodid2*.**

Explanation

The specified product has an NPRES of a product that has been applied. This indicates that the specified product cannot be applied because it conflicts with its NPRES.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2506E **The query of the software inventory file *fn ft fm* failed with a code *nn***

Explanation

The VMFRDTBL routine failed while reading the software inventory file *fn ft fm*. The *nn* code indicates the failing condition.

System action

RC = 12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

Code
Meaning

- 24** The invocation of VMFRDTBL was invalid.
- 32** No entries matched the search criteria
- 88** A returned tag or value was truncated, or the number of tags exceeded the internal buffer size. Increase the size of your virtual machine.
- 89** EXECCOMM failed. Increase the size of your virtual machine.
- 90** VMFRDTBL was not loaded as a nucleus extension.
- 91** There was insufficient storage. Increase the size of your virtual machine.
- 100** An error occurred reading the file.

VMF2507I *fn ft created on your fm-disk [from part ifn ift ifm] for use in a [non-]VMSES/E environment*

Explanation

ASSEMBLE, HASM, HLASM, GENCMD, GENMSG, EXECUPDT, or COPYFILE completed successfully, and the output file has been placed on your *fm*-disk. The PPF option is used for VMSES/E environments. The CTL option is used for non-VMSES/E environments. The PPF option or the CTL option is determined from the operands entered on the command line.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2507W *The version vector vfn vft was not found on the LOCAL or APPLY strings, but AUX files with the file type aft exist on these disks*

Explanation

The version vector tables are used by VMFSIM GETLVL to determine the file type of the latest version of a part. The *vfn vft* version vector table was not found on the LOCAL or APPLY disk strings, but AUX files with the corresponding file type *aft* were found. AUX files are created from the information in the version vector tables, causing an inconsistent state. The information in the AUX files is not used.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

Two possible causes of this problem are:

- Local modifications were done, but the VMFSIM LOGMOD command was not used to add the information to the local version vector tables. VMFSIM LOGMOD can be used now to correct this problem.
- Extraneous AUX files with the file type *aft* were left on the APPLY or LOCAL disk strings. Removing these files will correct this problem.

VMF2508W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **AUX file *fileID* exists for part *fn ft*, but an entry for this part does not exist in a *ft1* version vector table on the LOCAL or APPLY disks string.**
- **AUX file *fileID* exists for part *fn ft*, but a *vvtfn* version vector table does not exist on the LOCAL or APPLY disk string. The valid file names for the *vvtfn* version vector table are: *vvtfns***

A local modification was not logged in the local version vector table.

System action

RC = 4. VMFSIM GETLVL continues processing in compatibility mode where the AUX files are used instead of the version vector tables to determine the file type of the latest version of the part.

User response

VMFSIM LOGMOD should be used to create an entry in a local version vector table for the part. The file type of the part must be renamed to reflect the local tracking number used. The file name of the local version vector table must match a value on the :APPID tag in the product parameter file (PPF) and the local version vector table must be on the LOCAL string.

VMF2509I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The version vector table *fn1 ft1 fm1* will be updated for the part *fn2 ft2* [using the information in AUX file *fn3 ft3*]**

- AUX file *fn3 ft3* not found. Entry for part *fn2 ft2* will be deleted from version vector table *fn1 ft1 fm1*
- AUX file *fn3 ft3* does not contain any updates. :MOD data for part *fn2 ft2* will be deleted from version vector table *fn1 ft1 fm1*

The LOGMOD option was selected and the local modification will be automatically logged in the version vector tables. The LOGMOD option automatically logs information into the version vector table based on the information in the AUX files or information supplied to the VMFREPL command. The AUX file *fn3 ft3* was compared to the corresponding version vector table and a mismatch was detected. The information from the AUX file was used to replace the existing version vector entry.

System action

RC = 0. The specified version vector is updated.

User response

None.

VMF2510W **No LOCAL disks defined. The LOGMOD option is ignored.**

Explanation

LOGMOD option processing is bypassed if a LOCAL disk cannot be found.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2511I **The highest {level of IBM service|local modification} for part *fn ft* is {ft|NONE}**

Explanation

The QUERY option of the VMFREPL command was specified. The highest level of IBM service or local modification is returned.

System action

RC = 0.

User response

None.

VMF2512E **The specified version vector file type *ft* is not defined as a local version vector type in control file *fn CNTRL*.**

Explanation

The VVTFT option of the LOCALMOD command was specified with a file type that is not defined in the control file. A local modification can only be created for a version vector level that is defined in the control file.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

Enter the LOCALMOD command with a valid VVTFT or allow the command to use the default local version vector level.

VMF2512W **The specified version vector file type *ft* is not defined as a local version vector type in control file *fn CNTRL***

Explanation

The VVTFT option of the VMFREPL command was specified with a file type that is not defined in the control file. The specified version vector table will be updated as requested.

System action

RC = 4.

User response

Ensure that the specified file type is correct. VMFBLD will only use version vector tables that are defined in the control file when determining the highest level of parts.

VMF2513I **Part *pfn* was {found|not found} in load list *lfn1 lft1*. It will be assembled using control file *cfn*.**

Explanation

The VMFHLASM DUAL option was selected and the specified part was assembled using the indicated control file based on the contents of the indicated load lists. If the part was found in a load list, it is a nucleus part and was therefore assembled using the control file that corresponds to the load list. If the part was

not found in either load list, it is not a nucleus part and therefore was assemble using the primary control file.

System action

RC = 0.

User response

None.

VMF2514W **Part *fn ft* will be used due to missing version vector table entry**

Explanation

Because a local modification was not logged in the local version vector table, VMFSIM GETLVL (in compatibility mode) has identified the listed part as the latest version to be used for the current operation.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

VMFSIM LOGMOD should be used to create an entry in a local version vector table for the subject part. This action will ensure that the correct level of this part is used when objects that include this part are built.

VMF2600E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **There are no products to be built for *product identifier***
- **There are no products to be deleted for *product identifier***
- **There are no products to be installed for *product identifier***
- **There are no products to be migrated to *product identifier***
- **There are no products to be replaced by *product identifier***
- **There are no products to be installed on the {TAPE|ENVELOPE}**
- **There are no products to be replaced by products on the {TAPE|ENVELOPE}**
- **There are no products to be migrated to products on the {TAPE|ENVELOPE}**
- **There are no products to be enabled for *product identifier***

- **There are no products to be disabled for *product identifier***

A major processing step is to be performed, but it cannot be performed because a valid target of the function could not be found.

System action

RC = 0.

User response

Determine if the input was specified properly. If not rerun the command with the correct input.

VMF2600I **There are no memos to be printed**

Explanation

The MEMO option was specified, but there are no memos to be printed.

System action

RC = 0.

User response

None.

VMF2601R *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Do you want to delete *product identifier*? Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes) or 2 (Exit)**
- **Do you want to migrate *old product identifier* to *new product identifier*? Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes) or 2 (Exit)**
- **Do you want to replace *old product identifier* with *new product identifier*? Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes) or 2 (Exit)**
- **Do you want to print memo *memo identifier*? Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes) or 2 (Exit)**
- **Do you want to create an override for *product identifier*? Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes) or 2 (Exit)**

A major processing step will be performed.

System action

Command processing continues based on your response. If you answer "No", the processing continues with the next step. If you answer "Yes", the processing step is performed. If you answer "Exit", the command terminates with RC=500.

User response

Enter the number that corresponds with your choice.

VMF2602R *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- The following components can be built for *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice
- The following components can be deleted for *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice
- The following components can be installed for *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice
- The following components can be migrated to *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice
- The following components can be replaced by *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice
- The following memos are available to be printed. Enter the numbers of your choices separated by blanks
- The following components can be compiled for *source ppf*. Enter the numbers of your choices separated by blanks
- The following components can be enabled for *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice
- The following components can be disabled for *product identifier*. Enter the number of your choice

A major processing step is to be performed, but there are multiple choices of how to proceed. Your options might include bypassing this processing step and immediately exiting this command.

System action

Command processing continues based on your response. If you choose to bypass this processing step, the processing continues with the next step. If you choose to exit, the command terminates with RC=500. For any other choice, the processing step is performed with your choice.

User response

Enter the number or numbers that correspond with your choice.

VMF2603I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Building product *product identifier*

- Deleting product *product identifier*
- Installing product *product identifier*
- Migrating product *old product identifier* to new *product identifier*
- Replacing product *old product identifier* with new *product identifier*
- Enabling product *product identifier*
- Disabling product *product identifier*
- Processing product *product identifier*
- Getting build status for product *product identifier*
- Planning for the deletion of product *product identifier*
- Planning for the installation of product *product identifier*
- Planning for the migration of product *old product identifier* to new *product identifier*
- Planning for the replacement of product *old product identifier* with new *product identifier*
- Product built
- Product deleted
- Product installed
- Product migrated
- Product replaced
- Product enabled in VMSES/E, CP processing required
- Product disabled in VMSES/E, CP processing required

This message indicates when major processing steps are being performed.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If 'CP processing required' is indicated, refer to previously issued messages, and respond accordingly.

VMF2604E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Product *product identifier* cannot be processed because the packaging format cannot be determined. Either the product's PRODPART file or INSTFPP Program Level file (Iponum Ovrnmn) is required.
- Product *product identifier* cannot be built because it has not been received

- Product *product identifier* cannot be deleted because it has not been received
- Product *product identifier* cannot be processed because its requisites are not satisfied
- Product *product identifier* cannot be deleted because there are products which depend on it
- Product *product identifier* cannot be deleted because it is not in VMSES format
- Product *product identifier* cannot be installed with the REPLACE option because it is not in VMSES format
- Product *product identifier* cannot be migrated to because it is not in VMSES format
- Product *product identifier* cannot be installed because it is not on the installation media
- Product *product identifier* cannot be processed because of problems with the product parameter files
- Product *product identifier* cannot be planned for because it is in INSTFPP format

A major processing step is to be performed, but it cannot be completed for the specified reason.

System action

RC = 8. Command processing continues, bypassing the failing sub-function.

User response

None.

VMF2604W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Product *product identifier* cannot be processed because its requisites are not satisfied
- No product parameter file override was created for product *product identifier*

The first format of this message indicates that certain requisite problems exist with the product being installed. These problems can be ignored during installation, but must be satisfied before the product can be built.

The second format of this message indicates that no product parameter file override was created, even though you requested that one be created. This may be because you decided to exit from the Make Override Panel without creating an override.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2605R How would you like to proceed?
 Enter the number of your choice:
 (0) Bypass this product[(1) Install this product without its requisites]
 [(1) Process this product with the existing PPF]({1|2}) Exit

Explanation

A problem was encountered processing the product, and you must decide how to proceed. Your choices include bypassing the product, immediately exiting this command, and, in certain cases, ignoring the problem and continuing to process the product.

System action

Command processing continues based on your response. If you choose to bypass this product, the processing continues with the next step. If you choose to exit, the command terminates with RC=500. Otherwise, processing continues.

User response

Enter the number for the action you wish to take.

VMF2607E *fn is reserved for use by VMSES/E*

Explanation

The specified VMSES/E exec is not intended for external use.

System action

RC = 12.

User response

Determine which VMSES/E command provides the desired function.

VMF2608W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Product *prodid* is not participating in product enablement

- **There are no products participating in product enablement**

The product that was specified does not have any enablement state or status in the CP system nor VMSES/E.

System action

RC = 4. Processing completes. No new enablement report is generated.

User response

None.

VMF2680E **Module name HCPMM3 is a reserved memory marker for HCPMDLAT MACRO but is included in a macro file that is used to build the Load List.**

Explanation

The HCPMM3 memory marker is used to mark the end of the CP load list. HCPMM3 cannot be defined in an alternate xxxMDLAT macro.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing terminates.

User response

Remove the HCPMM3 memory marker from the appropriate xxxMDLAT macro and rerun GENCPBLS.

VMF2701E **Product *prodid* packaging format is not known by VMFINS**

Explanation

The product specified is not packaged in a format recognized by VMFINS and cannot be installed by VMFINS.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Manual installation of the specified product is required. For more information on how to manually install the specified product, refer to [z/VM: Installation Guide](#)

VMF2704E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **You chose {ADD|NORESOURCE} but you are not enrolled in the *filepoolid* filepool**
- **You chose {NORESOURCE} but you do not have enough space in the *filepoolid* filepool**

The process you are running requires you to be enrolled in the *filepoolid* file pool and have space available to you in the file pool. You either were not enrolled in the file pool, or there was not enough space allocated to your user ID to perform the task you were doing. Because you chose the specified options, you could not be enrolled in the file pool or more file pool space could not be made available to your user ID.

System action

Processing stops with RC = 100.

User response

Ensure you are enrolled in the file pool with a sufficient amount of space, and restart the process.

VMF2705R **The current description for this product is: *description* Enter a new description or press ENTER to use the current description**

Explanation

When you create product parameter file overrides, you are given the opportunity to provide a new description of the product.

System action

System waits for a response.

User response

Enter a new description for the product, or press the ENTER key to use the existing description.

VMF2707R **Have the resources already been generated for product *product identifier*? Enter 0 (No) or 1 (Yes)**

Explanation

Products packaged in INSTFPP format do not have resources generated automatically by VMFINS processing. These must be generated external to VMFINS.

System action

System displays a prompt.

User response

Respond to the prompt. If the resources have been generated, you can continue processing. If the resources have not been generated, the process will terminate and you must generate the resources for the product and rerun the command.

VMF2713I **Attempt to save shared file system {authorizations|aliases} for *fn ft dirid* failed with RC *rc***

Explanation

The process tried and failed to save authorizations or aliases for the specified fileid.

System action

RC=4.

Command processing continues.

User response

When processing ends, either manually grant the appropriate authorizations or manually create the appropriate aliases.

VMF2714W **Migration of *prodid/ppfname compname* is terminating**

Explanation

Migration processing for the indicated product is terminating because you chose to quit.

System action

RC = 500.

Command processing stops.

User response

None.

VMF2715I ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Tailored part *fn1 ft1 fm1 (vaddr1|dirid1)* saved as *fn2 ft2 fm2 (vaddr2|dirid2)*.** The specified tailored part has been saved in the migration save area with the new part name. The new part name will be

processed during the migration Restore Tailorings phase.

- **Authorizations saved for *fn1 ft1 dirid*.** Shared File authorizations have been saved for the specified part. These file authorizations will be restored during the migration Restore Tailorings phase.
- **Aliases saved for *fn1 ft1 dirid*.** Shared File aliases have been saved for the specified part. These file aliases will be restored during the migration Restore Tailorings phase.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2716I ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The following files can be erased from *vaddr***
- **The following files may exist on your system. They can be erased**

The list of files following this message indicate the files that the product you are working with loaded to the disk that was linked as the specified virtual address.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2721E ***Compname compname* is not valid**

Explanation

You entered an invalid component on the command line for the product you are working with.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

A list of valid components will be displayed. Choose the component you wish to process and enter the correct number.

VMF2725I **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

This message indicates when various steps of the product deletion process have completed.

- **Product files have been deleted**
- **Product resources have been deleted**

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2726I **Prodid *prodid* has been deleted**

Explanation

All of the product code and resources for the product have been removed from the system.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2733E **Error reading tape or envelope**

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to read a product tape or envelope.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Review any preceding messages, correct the problem, and reissue the command.

VMF2735E **Did not locate product *{prodid/*
ppfname compname} on this
*{TAPE|ENVELOPE}***

Explanation

The product/component that you specified could not be found on the current tape or envelope, or the tape was positioned past the specified product when VMFINS began processing this product. This may occur if you process more than one product at a time and you change the order in which the products are processed from that of the tape.

System action

The user is asked to mount the correct tape.

User response

If the product is on the tape that is currently mounted, then enter 1 to continue. If the product is not on the tape, then mount the correct tape and enter 1 to continue.

VMF2737E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Tape does not contain a table of contents**
- **Process all products on the tape or issue INSTFPP specifying each product identifier**

The action you requested requires the tape containing the table of contents to be mounted. This tape does not contain the table of contents. If the second part of the message appears, you can process all the products on the tape by specifying each product identifier as input to the INSTFPP command.

System action

Processing stops with RC=100.

User response

Mount the tape that contains the table of contents or specify each individual product identifier and restart the process.

VMF2738I **No files to erase from *fm* for
product *prodid***

Explanation

No files will be erased from the specified mode due to one of two reasons:

- There is no VMSES PARTCAT file on that mode.
- The VMSES PARTCAT file contains no entries for the specified product.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If the mode or the product identifier is incorrect, enter the command again with the correct value.

VMF2739I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Erasing files from {vdev|dirid}**
- **Listing files on {vdev|dirid}**
- **No files to erase from {vdev|dirid}**
- **No files to list on {vdev|dirid}**

One of the formats of this message is issued for each minidisk or directory that may contain product code for a product that is to be deleted. The set of minidisks or directories is obtained from the :MDA section of the PPF. All strings listed in the :MDA section are processed except for LOCAL, TASK and SYSTEM strings. When the PLAN option is being used, the files that make up the product code on each disk are only listed. When the NOPLAN option is being used, the files are actually erased.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2740E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **There is not enough physical space in filepool *filepoolid* at storage group *storage_group* to meet the requirements of the product you are installing. The following minidisks will be added to the *serverid* server machine, but will not be made available to the filepool. You need to manually add these disks to the filepool, and start the process again. The list is as follows:** The product you are installing loads files into the *filepoolid* filepool, but the filepool does not have enough physical space in the indicated storage group to meet this product's requirement. The Resource Management tool has added the appropriate number of minidisks to the

server machine, *serverid*, but you need to make these minidisks available to the filepool.

- **Filepool *filepoolid* on node *nodeid* requires that you add at least *nn* 4K block(s) of space to storage group *storage_group* to satisfy the current request.** The filepool is not owned on the current node. Therefore, automatic directory updates cannot be made to add space. The message gives the node name where the minidisk resources are defined for the indicated filepool. Use the QUERY RESOURCE command on the indicated node to determine the server ID that owns these minidisks. On this other system, update the directory with the required minidisk additions for this server ID and place it online. Then, make these minidisks available to the filepool at the indicated storage group.

System action

RC=36. Processing terminates.

User response

If necessary, make these disks available to the indicated system and to the filepool, and restart the process.

VMF2742E **There are multiple :TARGET. sections for *userid vaddr* with conflicting options**

Explanation

The :RMT. section of the PRODPART file has multiple :TARGET. sections for this user's minidisk. Some of the options within these two sections conflict.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user-tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2743I **{Original|Temporary} CP directory placed online**

Explanation

Either a temporary CP directory was placed on-line during processing, and now the original CP Directory is placed back on-line **or** a temporary CP directory is

placed on-line during processing so the process can link to certain minidisks.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2744E **Error placing {original|temporary} CP directory online**

Explanation

An error has occurred trying to place a CP Directory on line.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Check the associated message to determine the return code for the DIRECT | DIRECTXA command. Research the problem that the exec is having with the DIRECT | DIRECTXA command and try to resolve it. If you cannot resolve the problem, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF2746E **This product needs *blksize* blocks on *userid vaddr*, but there was not enough contiguous space available.**

Explanation

Resource management was trying to allocate the specified number of blocks of space for this *userid*'s minidisk, but could not find enough contiguous free space to do so.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

You need to create a contiguous space large enough to contain this minidisk.

VMF2753E **Invalid entry *data* on line *linenum* in file *fn ft***

Explanation

An error was found on the specified line of the file.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

If the error is in the VMFRMT EXTENTS, correct the error and enter the command again. If the error is in the \$DASD\$ CONSTS, then contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF2758E **Multiple *section_name* sections for *userid userid* in *prodid PRODPART***

Explanation

The PRODPART file for this product has multiple copies of the specified section, but only one of these sections is allowed.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2759I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- *userid vaddr* minidisk could not be deleted because it is formatted *format_type1*
- *userid vaddr* minidisk could not be deleted because it is RECOMPed
- *userid vaddr* minidisk could not be deleted because there are still files on it
- The SFS Directory *dirname* could not be deleted
- The SFS Directory *dirname* was not deleted because there are still files or subdirectories associated with it

The userid, SFS directory, or minidisk could not be deleted for the specified reason.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

Resource management (VMFRMT) was trying to delete the SFS directory, or minidisk, but could not for the specified reason. You may want to determine why it couldn't be deleted, and delete it manually if it is no longer needed.

VMF2760E **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

- *Descriptive_name* **processing completed** *{(stepname)}* **unsuccessfully (RC=rc)**
- *Descriptive_name* **cancelled (RC=rc)**

This message informs you that a command or function (*Descriptive_name*) (and *stepname*) completed unsuccessfully or that completion was unsuccessful due to a cancellation action. The return code associated with that completion is also reported.

System action:

RC=*rc* (indicated in the message output). Command processing stops.

User response:

Review the messages, correct any errors, and then take any actions as instructed.

VMF2760I **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

This informational message informs you that a command or function (*Descriptive_name*) has started and completed processing.

- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing started**
- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing completed** [*stepname*|**successfully**|**unsuccessfully**|**with warnings**] (RC=*rc*)
- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing started for** [*ppfname compname*]**product** *prodid*
- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing completed** [*stepname*|**successfully**|**unsuccessfully**|**with warnings**] **for** [*ppfname compname*|**product** *prodid*]

- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing previously completed for product** *prodid* (*compname*)
- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing** *compname* *stepname*

System action:

Command processing continues.

User response:

If the command or function completed with warnings or was unsuccessful, check for additional messages that provide more information about the warning condition or other errors and correct any problems. Then, if appropriate, restart or retry the subject command.

VMF2760W **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

- *Descriptive_name* **processing completed** *{(stepname)}* **with warnings (RC=rc)**
- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing incomplete due to local modifications or customized parts**
- *Descriptive_name* *{(modname)}* **processing incomplete due to service that affects core VMSES/E parts**

This warning message informs you that a command or function (*Descriptive_name*) (and *stepname*) completed. It also displays the return code that is associated with that completion.

System action:

RC=*rc* (indicated in the message output). Command processing continues.

User response

If the command or function is incomplete due to local modifications, rework the local modifications, update the VM SYSLMOD table to indicate that the local modifications have been reworked, and restart the command. The VMFUPDAT SYSLMOD command can be used to update the VM SYSLMOD table.

If the command or function is incomplete due to service that affects core VMSES/E parts, restart the command (so the updated components then are used for any remaining command processing).

Otherwise, check for additional messages that indicate an error, correct any problems, and restart the subject command, as appropriate.

VMF2761I **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- The userid *userid* is no longer needed by this product. It has not been deleted from the CP directory, but you may want to delete it
- The following lines were added to the userid *userid*, but are no longer needed by this product. They have not been deleted from the CP directory, but you may want to do so.

The userid or the lines that were added to the userid are not needed by this product anymore. They were not deleted from the CP directory, but you may want to do so.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

Resource management (VMFRMT) was trying to delete the userid, but could not for the specified reason. You may want to manually delete it if it is no longer needed.

VMF2763I **This file represents a higher level of service**

Explanation

The preceding message identified a PTF file that could not be located. This PTF file represents a level of service that is higher than the service contained on the tape.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

You need to determine why this PTF file could not be found. If this service is still required, then you need to reapply this PTF.

VMF2763W **PTF *ptfnum* must be reconciled, but its part list *fn ft* is missing**

Explanation

The specified PTF was applied to the previous level of the product being installed, but is not yet included in the new level that you are installing. If you do not reapply this PTF you may back-level the service level of this product. In order to reapply this PTF you must reorder it, because its part list is missing.

System action

RC=4.

Command processing continues.

User response

If this PTF is required on your system, reorder the PTF and apply it to the new level of the product.

VMF2767I **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

- Reading *fn ft fm* for additional options
- Reading *fn ft fm* for list of {products|objects|PTFs|APARs|components|localmods} to process

These messages notify you when the system accesses certain files for additional information.

System action:

Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF2768W **The STORE command can only be used for tailorable files**

Explanation

An attempt was made to use the STORE command while Xediting a nontailorable file.

System action

RC=4.

Command processing continues.

User response

The STORE command can only be used while Xediting a tailorable file.

VMF2769W **No lines marked with CUT or CUTC**

Explanation

An attempt was made to use the PASTE/PLACE prefix command without marking any text to be moved with a CUT or CUTC prefix tag.

System action

RC=4.

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a CUT or CUTC tag in the prefix area before entering the PASTE/PLACE prefix command.

VMF2770I **There are some PTF's that need to be re-applied. The PTF's can be located in the file *fn \$APPLIST A***

Explanation

The service reconciliation processing has identified some PTF's that may need to be re-applied.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Look at the \$APPLIST file and determine which if any PTFs need to be reapplied to the product.

VMF2771E **The CP SET PRODUCT command failed for product *prodid***

Explanation

A CP SET PRODUCT command that was issued in response to a VMFINS ENABLE command or a VMFINS DISABLE command, that was executed by the SERVICE EXEC, failed.

System action

RC=100. Command processing terminates.

User response

Correct the problem that caused the CP SET PRODUCT command to fail and then rerun the SERVICE EXEC. The most likely cause of the CP SET PRODUCT failure is that the user ID did not have the correct privilege class to execute the command. The SERVICE EXEC can be run only on MAINT or an equivalent userid.

VMF2771I **The CP SET PRODUCT command completed successfully for product *prodid***

Explanation

A CP SET PRODUCT command was successfully issued in response to a VMFINS ENABLE command, a VMFINS DISABLE command, or a VMFINS INSTALL, MIGRATE or DELETE command with the ENABLE or DISABLE option.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2771W **The CP SET PRODUCT command completed with return code *rc* for product *prodid***

Explanation

A CP SET PRODUCT command that was issued in response to a VMFINS ENABLE command, a VMFINS DISABLE command, or a VMFINS INSTALL, MIGRATE or DELETE command with the ENABLE or DISABLE option failed. VMSES/E will build an exec containing the CP SET PRODUCT command. Message VMF2772I is issued when the exec is created.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

Correct the problem that caused the CP SET PRODUCT command to fail, and then run the exec that contains the command. The most likely cause of the CP SET PRODUCT failure is that the user ID did not have the correct privilege class to execute the command.

VMF2772I **File *fn ft* created on your *fm-disk* contains the {CP SET PRODUCT command|system configuration PRODUCT statement} for product *prodid***

Explanation

File *fn ft fm* was created in response to a VMFINS ENABLE command, a VMFINS DISABLE command, or a VMFINS INSTALL, MIGRATE or DELETE command with the ENABLE or DISABLE option.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If the file contains the system configuration PRODUCT statement, add the statement to your system configuration file at this time so the CP enablement state will be retained over the next IPL. This new PRODUCT statement should be placed after

any current PRODUCT statements in the system configuration file.

If the file contains the CP SET PRODUCT command, it was created because the CP SET PRODUCT command failed. Correct the cause of the failure, and invoke the file. A *fn* EXEC was created if it did not already exist or if it did exist on the A-disk and was created by VMFINS; otherwise a *fn* \$\$EXEC\$\$ was created. In order to run the \$\$EXEC\$\$ file you will need to rename it with a file name of your choice and a file type of EXEC.

VMF2773E **File *fn ft* could not be created on your *fm*-disk. This file would have contained the {CP SET PRODUCT command|system configuration PRODUCT statement} for product *prodid*.**

Explanation

VMSES/E attempted to create *fn ft fm* in response to a VMFINS ENABLE command, a VMFINS DISABLE command, or a VMFINS INSTALL, MIGRATE or DELETE command with the ENABLE or DISABLE option.

System action

RC = 8. Processing terminates for this product.

User response

Correct the cause of the failure. The most likely cause of the failure would be a full disk condition.

If a VMFINS ENABLE or DISABLE command was running, re-enter it.

If a VMFINS INSTALL, MIGRATE, or DELETE command was running with the ENABLE or DISABLE option, the main function of the command (install, migrate, or delete) completed successfully, and only the enable or disable function failed. In this case enter a VMFINS ENABLE or DISABLE command for the failing product after correcting the failure.

VMF2774I **The system configuration PRODUCT statement for product *prodid* was successfully copied from file *fn ft* to system configuration file *fn ft* on *userid addr*.**

Explanation

A system configuration PRODUCT statement, that was created by a VMFINS ENABLE command or a VMFINS DISABLE command that was executed by the SERVICE EXEC, was copied to the system configuration file.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2775I **Full volume minidisks are used by *ppfname compname* (product *prodid*). The owners and descriptions are: *userid - description* You need to {add|delete} these full volume minidisks**

Explanation

The product you are working with requires fullpack minidisks. If you are installing this product, you need to add these fullpack minidisks to the CP directory. If you are deleting this product, you may want to delete these fullpack minidisks from the CP directory.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

Manually add or delete the fullpack minidisk definitions.

VMF2776E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **System name *systemid* does not match a system name in the [system configuration | VM SYSPINV] file**
- **The following system names do not match a system name in the [system configuration | VM SYSPINV] file: *systemid_list***

For the VMFUPDAT command, a system name was specified which does not match any system name in the system configuration file. For the SERVICE or PUT2PROD command, a system name was found in the system configuration file that does not exist in the system-level Product Inventory file, VM SYSPINV, or a system name was found in the VM SYSPINV file that does not exist in the system configuration file. Depending on your system environment, you can receive more than one instance of this message.

System action

Command processing ends.

User response

For the VMFUPDAT command, enter the command again, specifying a system name that is in the system configuration file. For the SERVICE or PUT2PROD command, verify that the system names in the system configuration file and the VM SYSPINV file are correct.

In an SSI cluster, use the QUERY SSI command to determine the valid system names in the cluster. On a non-SSI z/VM system, use the QUERY USERID command to determine the system name.

To change a system name in the system configuration file, refer to the SYSTEM_IDENTIFIER statement in *z/VM: CP Planning and Administration*. To change a system name in the VM SYSPINV file, use this command: VMFUPDAT SYSPINV SYSTEM *new_systemid old_systemid*.

VMF2780E {var1|tag|value} is not a valid {var2, found within|tag within|value for tag within} the section section in the *prodid* PRODPART

Explanation

The resource management processing found an error in the PRODPART file. Either a variable, a tag, or a tag value is not valid in the specified section.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user-tailorable file. Contact your IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2781E User *userid* does not have an associated address with the SEPARATED tag in the TARGET section of *prodid* PRODPART

Explanation

While processing a SEPARATED tag in the TARGET section, a userid was found which did not have an address. Values for the SEPARATED tag come in pairs of userid and address.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user-tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2782E tag1 is an unexpected tag found before tag2 in the section section in *prodid* PRODPART

Explanation

The tag *tag1* has appeared out of order in the *section* section of the PRODPART file.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user-tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2783E Unable to locate tag tag in section section in *prodid* PRODPART

Explanation

The *tag* was not located before reaching the end of the *section* section in the specified PRODPART file. This tag is a section ending tag.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user-tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2785E Required tag *tag* missing from :TARGET section in *prodid* PRODPART

Explanation

The tag *tag* is required but cannot be located in the :TARGET section in the specified PRODPART file

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2786E **Variable *var* referenced in the *section* section in the *prodid* PRODPART {cannot be found|must match up to a LINK [or DIR] statement|has a *parm* value of *value* that is not valid} in the :DCL section in *ppfname* PPF**

Explanation

A Variable tag found in the *section* section of the PRODPART file was not defined or improperly defined in the :DCL section of the PPF file.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Determine what caused the indicated problem in the PPF and PRODPART files. The error may have occurred during customization of the product parameter file override file. If it did, correct the override file and rerun the command. If the error is in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM, contact the IBM Support Center. The PRODPART file is not a user tailorable file.

VMF2790R **Do you wish to continue? Enter 1 (YES) or 0 (NO).**

Explanation

The process requires a response from the user.

System action

RC = 0 or 500.

Command processing either continues with a return code of 0 or stops with a return code of 500 based on your response to the prompt.

User response

Enter one (1) to continue or zero (0) to quit.

VMF2791R **Enter 0 (No) or 1 (Yes) [or 2 (Exit)]**

Explanation

The process requires a response from the user.

System action

Command processing continues if your response is 0 or 1, otherwise the processing stops with RC = 500.

User response

Enter zero (0) to skip this product, one (1) to process the product, or two (2) to quit.

VMF2793E **A free virtual device address is not available**

Explanation

An attempt to find a free virtual device address failed.

System action

RC=100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

After processing ends, detach a virtual device address. Prepare the system for a restart by following the restart guidelines.

VMF2794I **Now creating override for product *product identifier***

Explanation

Normal processing is continuing.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2795E **The virtual machine storage is not large enough [to build segment *segname*].**

Explanation

Either:

- There was not enough available free storage to continue running, or
- There was not enough available free storage to build the specified saved segment.

System action

RC=100.

For the first case, command processing stops because of the external error.

For the second case, syntax checking continues, but no saved segment is built.

User response

For the first case, after processing ends, define a larger virtual machine storage size. Prepare the system for a restart by following the restart guidelines.

For the second case, after processing ends, define a larger virtual machine storage size. Re-IPL CMS. Then enter the VMFBLD command again to build the saved segment.

VMF2795W **The virtual machine storage is not large enough to build segment *segname*.**

Explanation

The process determined there was not enough available free storage to build the specified saved segment.

System action

RC=4 Command processing continues.

User response

After processing ends, define a larger virtual machine storage size, if that is required to build the saved segment. Re-IPL CMS, if necessary. Then build the saved segment.

VMF2796I **Completed creating override for product *product identifier*. Overrides for other components in PPF *ppfname* will now be created.**

Explanation

A PPF override has been created for the product being installed or migrated. Overrides to any other components in the original PPF will now be created incorporating the appropriate changes.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2805I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Product *product identifier* passed requisite checking**
- **No other products depend on product *product identifier***

If you are installing a product, this message indicates that all requisites for the specified product are satisfied. If you are deleting a product, this message indicates that there are no other products on the system that depend upon the specified product.

System action

Processing continues

User response

None

VMF2806W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The following requisites for product *product identifier* are not satisfied:**
- **The following products depend on product *product identifier*. They must also be removed if this product is deleted from the system:**

One of the following occurred:

- The product failed requisite checking and cannot be processed. This relates to install requisites and are flagged in this message as type PREREQUISITE.
- A product does not have run time requisites satisfied and processing continues if all install requisites are

met. These missing requisites are flagged in the message as type REQUISITE.

- There are products on the system that depend upon the product you are trying to delete.

Before a product is installed a requisite check is performed. This will determine if there are other products that need to be installed prior to installing or running this product. Also, it will determine if there are products installed on the system that preclude you from installing this product.

Before a product is deleted a dependency check is performed to determine if there are other products on the system that depend upon the product you are deleting.

System action

RC=4 or 8.

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2811E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Error occurred when trying to set a stem variable**
- **STEM option is only valid when the command is issued from either a REXX or EXEC-2 exec**

If the first variation appears, then VMFRDTBL could not set the stem variable, this could be caused by a lack of free storage.

If the second variation appears, then there is no EXECCOM interface established in which to return the STEM. The most obvious causes are:

- the STEM option was used with a command line invocation of VMFRDTBL.
- the exec where the STEM option was used with an invocation of VMFRDTBL is not a REXX or EXEC-2 exec.
- if the calling program was not an exec, then the extended parameter list (EPLIST) was not properly defined.

System action

RC=4.

Command processing terminates.

User response

Correct the situation and reissue the command.

VMF2818I **Your version of the file *fn ft* is being copied to {userid address/ filepool directory} without editing because the new IBM file has not changed**

Explanation

IBM has not changed the file which corresponds to the tailored customer file. The customer file will replace the corresponding IBM file loaded from tape.

System action

Command processing continues. Your tailored version of the file replaces the corresponding new IBM file loaded from tape.

User response

None.

VMF2819W **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **Attempt to restore shared file system *read/write* authorization on *fn ft* directory for userid *userid* failed with RC= *rc***
- **Attempt to recreate shared file system alias on base file *fn1 ft1* directory1 for alias *fn2 ft2* directory2 failed with RC= *rc***
- An attempt to restore a previously saved shared file system authorization failed.
- An attempt to recreate a previously saved shared file system alias failed.

System action

RC = 4.

Command processing continues.

User response

When processing ends, either manually grant the appropriate authorization or manually create the appropriate alias.

VMF2820E **A valid file mode letter must be specified**

Explanation

A nonalphabetic file mode letter was entered.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter a valid file mode letter. An asterisk (*) or blank will not be accepted.

VMF2821I **Build (VMFBLD) must be executed after reapplying the specified PTFs**

Explanation

PTFs have been applied to the old product which have not been applied to the new product. To prevent back-leveling of the product the PTFs listed must be reapplied before executing VMFBLD.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Read the \$VMFINS \$MSGLOG when processing completes to see which PTFs need to be reapplied. APPLY the PTFs and run VMFBLD to rebuild the product.

VMF2822I **Product *ppfname compid* migrated successfully**

Explanation

The indicated product was migrated without any errors.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2823I **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **Build of product *prodid compid* completed unsuccessfully**
- ***routine* encountered errors in the *prodid***

- **Product *prodid compid* was not built because the STATUS option was used**

The product identified in the message was not built. The product either did not build successfully because there was an error during the build, or the STATUS option was entered and only information was requested.

System action

RC=100 or RC=0.

Command processing stops.

User response

If an error occurred during the build processing, then you need to look at the other error messages that were displayed to determine why the error occurred. Fix the problem and start the process again.

If the build was not done because the STATUS option was entered, then you need to determine the appropriate build option to use and start the process again.

VMF2824R **Enter the file name, type, and mode of the CP directory in the format *fn ft fm***

Explanation

The CP directory file is needed by the process.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Specify the file name, file type and file mode of your CP directory file. The CP directory file must reside on a R/W accessed minidisk or SFS directory. You must specify a valid file mode.

VMF2825E **The userid *userid* needed by the migration was not found**

Explanation

An attempt to link a minidisk failed because the userid was not found in the CP directory.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Check for the existence of the userid in your CP directory when processing ends.

If the userid exists, check the component level inventory files for the cause. If the userid does not exist in the inventory files, contact your IBM service representative.

Correct the situation that caused the failure. Prepare the system for a restart by following the migration restart guidelines.

VMF2826I ***ppfname compname* has not been received on the system, but there is at least one copy of product *prodid* on the system. The SYSAPPS table will be updated for this PPF and build processing will continue.**

Explanation

None.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2828W ***userid vaddr* was created but needs to be *format_type* formatted. You need to manually format the disk.**

Explanation

The resource manager (VMFRMT) was able to add the specified disk that the product required, but was not able to format the disk.

System action

RC=36.

Command processing continues, but you need to manually format the disk.

User response

Format the disk and restart the process.

VMF2830E ***userid vaddr* cannot be grown. It was originally *format_type1* formatted. This product needs it *format_type2* formatted**

Explanation

The resource manager (VMFRMT) is trying to increase the size of the specified minidisk. However, the minidisk was previously formatted differently than the new format requirement. Thus, the minidisk could not be grown.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

You need to determine why the existing disk is formatted as specified. If it is no longer needed, you can delete it. Otherwise, you may want to change the address of the old minidisk so the new one can be added. Enter the command again.

VMF2831E **This product needs *blksize* blocks on disk *userid addr*. This disk cannot be grown because it is RECOMPed**

Explanation

VMFRMT is trying to increase the size of this minidisk. However, the disk that exists is RECOMPed and cannot be grown.

System action

RC=100. Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

You need to determine why the old minidisk was RECOMPed. If it is no longer needed in this format, you can delete the minidisk and start the process again. Otherwise, you may want to change the address of the existing minidisk.

VMF2832E ***packname* was entered as a valid pack in file *fn ft*, but it is not CP OWNED or SYSTEM OWNED, so cannot be used**

Explanation

The DASD volume *packname* is listed in the file *fn ft* as one that the Resource Manager (VMFRMT) can use for adding minidisks. However, this DASD volume is not CP or SYSTEM owned, so VMFRMT cannot use it.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Either remove the line from the file so that VMFRMT does not try to use it, or make the pack CP or SYSTEM owned. Reissue the command.

VMF2832W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Entry *entry* in VMFRMT EXTENTS *fm* will not be used because *valid* is not a valid volume identifier
- Entry *entry* in VMFRMT EXTENTS *fm* will not be used because *model* is not a valid DASD model
- Entry *entry* in VMFRMT EXTENTS *fm* will not be used because *n* is not a valid starting extent for this DASD model
- Entry *entry* in VMFRMT EXTENTS *fm* will not be used because *n* is not a valid size for this DASD model
- Entry *entry* in VMFRMT EXTENTS *fm* will not be used because volume *valid* was already defined as a different DASD model
- Entry *entry* in VMFRMT EXTENTS *fm* will not be used because volume *valid* is not attached or is not CP OWNED or CP SYSTEM. You may not have the proper user class

The VMFRMT EXTENTS file contains all of the space available for the VMSES/E resource manager to use in allocating DASD space for products being installed. The specified entry is not valid. Therefore, no space will be allocated from it. Other entries in the file will still be processed.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

If there is not enough space available for the product you are installing, correct the entry or add additional entries to the VMFRMT EXTENTS file. Instructions for updating the file are included at the top of the file.

VMF2833E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- *routine encountered errors in the CP directory, fn ft fm, specified as input*
- *routine encountered errors in the prodid PRODPART directory information added to the CP directory*

An error was encountered either in the original CP directory that was specified as input or in the CP directory information obtained from the specified PRODPART file.

System action

RC=100.

Command processing stops.

User response

If the error occurred in the original CP directory, then correct the error and start the process again.

If the PRODPART file was in error, then contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2834I *message*

Explanation

message is the following:

```
*****
*****
** PLEASE NOTE, VERY IMPORTANT!!
*****
*****
** If a message indicating that command processing
** has completed is not displayed or if the
** command command fails, to recover, place the
** CP directory fn ft fm on-line with the
** command command
*****
*****
```

A temporary CP directory is placed on line, and the original CP directory will be put back on line when processing is complete. If something happens to the system before the original CP directory is placed on line you need to put the original CP directory back on line.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If the message does not appear, put the original CP directory on line as specified in this message. Otherwise, no response is required.

VMF2835E **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

- **Shared File System resources will not be allocated because the *filepoolid* filepool is unavailable or unknown**
- **Shared File System resources will not be allocated because there is not enough free space in the *filepoolid* filepool**

The Shared File System resources were not allocated. Either the file pool is unavailable or unknown or there is not enough free space available in the file pool.

System action

RC = 100. Command processing stops because of the external error. The Shared File System resources were not allocated.

User response

Fix the problems and continue the process. If you are unable to resolve the problems, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF2837I **The product you are installing requires the userid *userid*, but one already exists. The new CP directory control statements have been commented out in the CP directory, you will need to modify this userid.**

Explanation

The product needs the specified userid, but that userid already exists. The new userid statements were commented. Before running this product you will need to modify this userid's CP directory statements.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

You may want to look at the userid statements that were commented out and update the old userid statements accordingly.

VMF2842E **Products entered must be in ppfname-compname pairs**

Explanation

The products were not entered as ppfname component name pairs. Each ppfname entered must have a component name associated with it.

System action

RC = 24.

Command processing stops due to the command syntax error.

User response

Ensure that all products entered on the command line have a ppfname and a component name and then reissue the command.

VMF2848E **No temporary space is available.**

Explanation

The virtual device has not been defined in the virtual machine configuration because the temporary space requested is not available. Temporary space is considered not available if:

- No space has been allocated by the installation for temporary use
- The number of cylinders (or blocks if FB-512 device) requested cannot be satisfied from the available space remaining.

System action

RC = 36.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Reissue the command. If there is temporary space allocated, you may have to wait until there is enough temporary space available to successfully complete the command. If there is no temporary space allocated by the installation, contact your system support personnel.

VMF2849E **Invalid virtual address**

Explanation

Incorrect virtual address has been used.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Ensure that you are using a valid virtual address. Correct this problem and re-run the program.

VMF2850W **The file *fn ft* already exists on the disk specified**

Explanation

The filename and filetype supplied by the user already exists on the minidisk specified on the data entry panel.

System action

RC=4.

Data panel is redisplayed and processing continues.

User response

Modify the file name and/or file type on the data entry panel and reissue the command.

VMF2851R *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Type a new fileid, *fn ft fm*, and press ENTER**
- **Type a new filename for the product parameter file override and press ENTER**

The first variation may appear during a Migration Restore Tailorings step. You have asked to save a tailored file and one already exists with the same fileid. The second variation appears when you are creating a user override to a product parameter file. The window that appears is asking what you want to call this new override file.

System action

System waits for a response.

User response

Enter a new file id or file name and press ENTER.

VMF2854I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **(0) Return to edit session without saving any changes made this session**
- **(1) Return to edit session saving all changes made this session**
- **(2) File IBM version with changes and continue migration processing**
- **(2) Send IBM version with changes to reader and return to edit session**
- **(3) File your version with changes and continue migration processing**
- **(3) Send your version with changes to reader and return to edit session**
- **(4) Copy IBM version with changes to filemode *fm* and return to edit session**
- **(5) Copy your version with changes to filemode *fm* and return to edit session**

These are the choices available when exiting the "split screen" editing facility of the migration process. The files you are editing are tailorable files needed by the product being migrated. The migration process needs to dispose of the files being edited and offers this list of actions.

System action

System displays a prompt.

User response

Choose one of the options.

VMF2855I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **(0) Return to view session**
- **(1) Erase the saved version and continue migration processing**
- **(1) Send the saved version to reader and continue migration processing**
- **(2) Copy the saved version to filemode *fm* and continue migration processing**

These are the choices available when exiting the *browse* editing facility of the migration process. The files you are browsing are tailorable files no longer needed by the product being migrated. The migration process needs to dispose of the files being browsed and offers this list of actions.

System action

System displays a prompt.

User response

Select one of the options.

VMF2856I **Shared File authorizations and aliases may be lost for the following files:**

Explanation

If you are not the owner of the SFS files listed, any file authorizations and aliases may not be able to be saved and restored by the migration process.

System action

A list of the affected files is displayed and you are prompted to continue or quit.

User response

Determine whether processing should continue.

VMF2857E **Fileid *fn ft* is not valid as a tailored part**

Explanation

File identifiers for a tailored part (TPART on the PRODIG file), must be explicitly defined. No wildcarding is allowed on a :PARTS tag containing the TPART keyword.

System action

RC=12.

Command processing stops because of the internal error.

User response

There is an error in the PRODPART file shipped by IBM. This is not a user tailorable file. Contact the IBM Support Center about this problem.

VMF2858R *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Choose an option and enter the corresponding number**
- **Choose the copy to replace and enter the corresponding number**

- **Choose the copy to delete and enter the corresponding number**
- **Choose the copy from which to migrate and enter the corresponding number**
- **Choose the copy you wish to save and enter the corresponding number**
- **Choose the copy you wish to override and enter the corresponding number**

The process has given you a set of choices, and you are now being asked to choose one.

System action

System waits for response.

User response

Choose an option and press ENTER.

VMF2860I *processtype processing started on userid *userid*. Planning for action of *prodid compid**

Explanation

The indicated processing has started and identification of the user ID the processing is being done from is provided. The type of planning being done for the specified product is also identified. This information is logged in the header of the PLANINFO file.

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2862I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The following memos are available for product *prodid***
- **The following components are available for product *prodid***
- **The following copies are available for product *prodid***
- **The following copies exist for the product tailorable file *fn ft***
- **The following is a list of \$PPF files that can be overridden for product *prodid***

Information message showing what is available to choose from.

System action

Processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2865W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The file \$UPDATE \$PARTCAT A has been created. This is a list of files which could not be entered in VMSES PARTCAT files.**
VMFCOPY called VMFSIM MODIFY. VMFSIM MODIFY attempted to place part entries in the appropriate VMSES PARTCAT files. One or more of these entries could not be entered successfully. The failing entries have been listed in a file, \$UPDATE \$PARTCAT, on your A disk.
- **The file \$UPDATE \$PARTCAT A has been updated. This is a list of files which could not be entered in VMSES PARTCAT files.**
VMFCOPY called VMFSIM MODIFY. VMFSIM MODIFY attempted to place part entries in the appropriate VMSES PARTCAT files. One or more of these entries could not be entered successfully. The failing entries have been added to an existing file, \$UPDATE \$PARTCAT, on your A disk.

System action

RC = 4. Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2866I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **VMSES PARTCAT will not be copied. It is only valid for the disk or directory it was created on.** An attempt was made to copy the parts catalog, VMSES PARTCAT, from one disk or directory to another. Parts catalogs are valid only for the disk or directory they are created and updated on. Therefore, the file VMSES PARTCAT should not be copied to any other disk or directory.

- **VMSES PARTCAT *fm* will not be erased unless VMFERASE deletes all the records from it.** An attempt was made to erase VMSES PARTCAT from the specified mode by including it directly in the input to VMFERASE. Parts catalogs are managed by the system, so the request to erase VMSES PARTCAT will be ignored. However, if VMFERASE deletes all the records in a parts catalog, the file will be automatically erased.

System action

Command processing continues with the other files to copy or erase.

User response

None.

VMF2867W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **No files will be copied.** The source file name and file type of VMSES PARTCAT was used as input to the VMFCOPY command. Parts catalogs are valid only for the disk or directory they are created and updated on. Therefore, the file VMSES PARTCAT will not be copied.
- **There are no parts cataloged in VMSES PARTCAT *fm* for product *prodid* that match the file identifier *fn ft*. No files will be copied.** Command VMFCOPY did not copy any files to the target location for one of these reasons:
 - The specified source files are not cataloged in file VMSES PARTCAT *fm*.
 - The :PRODID. tag does not match the product identifier specified by the SPRODID option.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues. No files are copied. The system status remains the same.

User response

None.

VMF2869I **File VMSES PARTCAT has catalog entries for product *prodid* that do not exist on {*vdev|dirid (fm)*}**

Explanation

The VMFCOPY command found catalog entries in file VMSES PARTCAT *fm* for product *prodid*, but the files do

not exist on the disk or directory. The missing files may or may not match the file specification entered when the VMFCOPY command was started.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Review file VMSES PARTCAT on the specified disk or directory. Determine if there is a problem and take corrective action if necessary.

VMF2870I	The following files will now be processed
-----------------	--

Explanation

The Restore Tailorings phase of the migration process is going to process tailored files using the split screen editor and/or browse screen viewing facilities.

System action

A list of tailored files is displayed and you are prompted to continue or quit.

User response

Determine whether processing should continue.

VMF2871W	Part <i>fn ft</i> cannot be added to the VMSES PARTCAT because its file name or file type contains a colon
-----------------	---

Explanation

VMFCOPY could not update the VMSES PARTCAT file for the specified part because a colon is not a supported character for data in a VMSES/E table.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

If you want the specified part to be cataloged, you must rename it without using the colon character.

VMF2886I	Disk <i>fm {vdev/dirid}</i> is full. Attempting to increase the size.
-----------------	--

Explanation

Copying a file to the disk has caused the a disk full condition. An internal process is called to increase the disk size.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2890I	Object <i>objname</i> not {built deleted}. <i>prodid1</i> superseded by higher release level product ID <i>prodid2</i>
-----------------	---

Explanation

The specified object was not built or not deleted because the product being serviced is superseded by a higher release level product.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Subsequent messages VMF2891W and/or VMF2891I provide additional information on what action, if any, needs to be taken. Message VMF2891W specifies a corresponding APAR or local modification for the higher release level product that needs to be applied to obtain an updated object or to delete the object. If message VMF2891W specifies an APAR, service should not be placed into production (that is, PUT2PROD should not be run) until that APAR has been applied to the higher release level product. If message VMF2891W specifies a local modification, the modification should be assessed, and applied, if appropriate, before the PUT2PROD command is used. For message VMF2891I, the corresponding APAR is included in the base of the higher release level product, so no additional action is needed.

VMF2891I	APAR <i>aparnum</i> is included in the base higher release level <i>prodid%compname</i>
-----------------	--

Explanation

Previous message VMF2890I indicated that an object was not built or not deleted because the product being serviced is superseded by a higher release level product. The specified APAR is included in the base of the higher release level product.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2891W {APAR *aparnum* | Local modification *modid*} needs to be applied on higher release level *prodid%compname*

Explanation

Previous message VMF2890I indicated that an object was not built or not deleted because the product being serviced is superseded by a higher release level product. The APAR or local modification (or both, if appropriate) specified by this message needs to be applied to the specified higher release level product to obtain an updated object or to delete the object.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

If an APAR number is specified, log on to the maintenance user ID corresponding to the highest release level in the SSI cluster. To determine if the APAR is already applied, issue the command `SERVICE prodid%compname STATUS aparnum`, where *prodid%compname* is the specified higher release level and *aparnum* is the specified APAR. If the APAR is applied, no further action is needed. If it is not applied, apply the specified APAR on the higher release level to obtain an updated object.

If a local modification ID is specified and the local modification applies to the higher release level, log on to the maintenance user ID corresponding to the highest release level in the SSI cluster. To determine if the local modification was already applied, issue the command `VMFINFO ppfname compname (SETUP`. On the "Serviceable Parts/Usable Forms Query Panel," enter the object name given in previous message VMF2890I and select "Service level of part(s)." If the local modification was already applied, no further action is needed. If it was not applied, apply the specified local modification on the higher release level to obtain an updated object.

VMF2899W SMAPI utility *utility* has been serviced and needs to be restarted

Explanation

Files associated with the specified SMAPI utility have been serviced and updated on the MAINTxxx 400 minidisk. Because these utility servers are part of the

larger SMAPI environment, the SERVICE EXEC cannot automatically restart the specified server.

System action

RC = 4. Processing continues.

User response

Restart the specified SMAPI utility server, either individually or by restarting the entire SMAPI environment.

VMF2900I Data on field *field* is valid

Explanation

You asked for help on a field that is not in error.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2901E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **No data was entered on the input field**
- **{*vdev*/*dirid*/*userid*/*filepoolid*} is not valid input data**

Incorrect data was entered on a field. The data could be incorrect for one of several reasons.

1. No data was entered on an input field.
2. A minidisk address was specified incorrectly. Valid addresses are hexadecimal numbers from 0 to FFFF.
3. A restricted logon *userid*, *userid*, was entered.
4. The *filepoolid* *filepoolid* specified is not a valid *filepoolid*.
5. The *userid* *userid* contains characters that are not valid.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Correct the entry at the cursor position.

VMF2902E The SFS directory identifier *dirid* is not valid**Explanation**

The directory identifier entered on an input field is not a valid directory identifier. The possible causes are:

1. no sub-directory identifier was entered,
2. the directory identifier entered has more than eight sub-directories,
3. the filepoolid entered was not **VMSYS**,
4. a sub-directory name is longer than 16 characters,
5. the first character of a sub-directory was not alphabetic,
6. or there is a non-alphanumeric in the sub-directory name.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Correct the entry at the current cursor position.

VMF2903W Cursor is not on a valid data field**Explanation**

You have attempted to execute a function on a data field that does not support that function.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Move the cursor to a field that supports the function.

VMF2904E Unsupported function key *function-key***Explanation**

The user pressed an unsupported function key.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Try another function key.

VMF2906I Type *Return* to exit from CMS subset ...**Explanation**

The user entered *CMS* subset command on the command line.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Type *Return* and press ENTER to return to the panel.

VMF2907E The DCL section of the product parameter file *fn ft* is empty**Explanation**

There are no entries in the :DCL section of this product parameter file.

System action

RC = 100.

Command processing stops because of the external error.

User response

Correct the product parameter file and reissue the command.

VMF2909W You cannot change this field. This is an old setup**Explanation**

You have attempted to change a product parameter file field in an existing file.

System action

Command processing continues

User response

None.

VMF2910W This field is in conflict with product *ppfname* *compname* (*prodid* *prodid*)

Explanation

The contents of a product parameter file field conflicts with a field in the specified product parameter file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Determine why the fields conflict and decide if the field needs to be changed.

VMF2911W The entries in this file are in conflict with another copy. Do you want to continue saving this file?

Explanation

You asked to save an override file yet the resulting PPF will conflict with entries in another PPF.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Either continue to save the override file or correct the fields that conflict with the other PPF.

VMF2912I Product parameter file override file saved as *fn ft fm*

Explanation

User saved a product parameter file override file.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2913E The file '*fileid*' is already assigned to another override file in the system inventory. Input another *fileid*

Explanation

You attempted to save a file that has already been used to define a level of a product.

System action

RC=28.

Command processing stops because of the file not found condition.

User response

Enter a new *fileid*.

VMF2917R Do you want to use the defaults for this product? Enter 0 (No), 1 (Yes) or 2 (Exit)

Explanation

The current PPF file does not contain any errors or warnings. You may use the current settings to install this product.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

Enter the number that corresponds with your choice.

VMF2918R File *fn ft fm* already exists. Do you want to replace this file?

Explanation

You attempted to file an override with the same name as an existing override file.

System action

System waits for a response.

User response

Enter one of the options: Yes or No.

VMF2924E No default file name specified. Use 'Save As...' to save this file

Explanation

The user tried to save a product parameter file override file in an existing file. However, no existing file could be found.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Use the *Save As* function to save this file.

VMF2926E **Selection *number* is not valid**

Explanation

You have entered a selection number for a function that cannot be performed because of errors. Data entered on the data entry lines of the panel may be in error or the fileid specified during a Save function cannot be found.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

You can do one of the following:

1. Correct the errors in the data or specify a valid fileid and reselect the *number* selection.
2. Enter a different selection number.

VMF2927E **Error found in data. Data cannot be saved**

Explanation

You have tried to save the data on the panel, but because of errors in the data, the file cannot be saved.

System action

System displays a window and waits for a response.

User response

Correct the problems and reissue the command.

VMF2930E **You cannot use the fileid of the base product parameter file**

Explanation

The user tried to overwrite the base product parameter file with the override file.

System action

RC=24. Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

Enter another file name.

VMF2931I **There are no conflicts**

Explanation

You asked to see any minidisk or directory conflicts and no conflicts exist.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2934E **Unable to confirm required state (*state*) for user ID *userid***

Explanation:

The subject command requires that the indicated user ID be in the listed state on the system. After a program-defined duration, the system was not able to confirm the user ID is in this state.

System action:

Command operation stops.

User response:

Determine the state of the subject user ID using the CP QUERY USERS *userid* command. If the user ID is not in the required state, investigate why this is so, and take appropriate action to resolve any problems associated with this user ID. Then, retry the subject command.

VMF2935E **Toggling is not valid for this field**

Explanation

You tried to change a minidisk address to a SFS directory identifier. However, the minidisk address cannot be changed. Its address is not a variable in the product parameter file.

System action

RC=24.

Command processing stops because of the command syntax error.

User response

None.

VMF2936I *command command processing is in progress, which might require several seconds (or minutes) to complete*

Explanation

The command indicated in this message was issued. Based on the amount or type of data that has to be processed, the time required for this command to complete can range from several seconds to several minutes. During this period, no messages are displayed on the console.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF2999I *text*

Explanation

Contextual information, with variable content, is provided by this message for diagnostic purposes. Such messages are produced only when program diagnostic functions have been activated.

System action

Command processing continues.

User response

None.

VMF3001E *R/W access not established for resource: {resource | fm}*

Explanation

The indicated minidisk or SFS directory resource could not be accessed with read/write status, or such status is not in effect for the resource accessed at the indicated file mode. No files can be copied to this resource.

System action

As dictated by the command and options in use, command processing continues to the extent possible; otherwise, command processing stops.

System programmer response

Determine why the indicated resource cannot be acquired with read/write status. For minidisk resources, this condition can arise when another user ID has established a READ/WRITE link to the subject minidisk. For SFS directories, the user ID running this command may lack WRITE authority for the subject directory. Once you establish write access for the indicated resource, try the command again.

VMF3002E *Cannot locate file: file_ID*

Explanation

The listed file was not found at the indicated file mode. This file must be available for reference by the command in use to identify various resources, files or file attributes that pertain to the operation of this command.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Access the minidisk or SFS directory where this file resides, or determine why the listed file is not present at the indicated file mode. For PRODUTL command use, also verify that the correct file name has been specified for the *ctlg_name* operand of the PRODUTL command. Then, try the command again.

VMF3003E *No file mode is available to access resource: resource*

Explanation

All CMS file access mode letters are currently in use. At least one such file mode letter must be available to perform an access of the indicated minidisk or SFS directory resource.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review your current use of file access modes and release at least one file mode for the subject command in use. Then, try the command again.

VMF3004I *Accessing required {resource} minidisks/directories...*

Explanation:

This informational message indicates that resources are being accessed in order to perform the command that was entered.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF3005E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Invocation error; PPF file name not specified**
- **Invocation error; Component name not specified**
- **Invocation error; Catalog name not specified**
- **Invocation error; Catalog section not specified**
- **Invocation error; Operand(s) not recognized: *text***

A required command operand has been omitted or an extraneous operand has been supplied.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review the operands used with your command and ensure that all required (and supported) operands are specified when you next issue the command. Consult the PRODUTL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information about operands that pertain to this command.

VMF3007I *Accessing resource resource*

Explanation:

This informational message indicates that the resource cited is being accessed in order to perform the command that was entered.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF3009E **:DCL. variable name '*name*' cannot be resolved or is not valid**

Explanation

An attempt to resolve the indicated VMSES/E variable name to its corresponding value, as defined within the variable declaration (:DCL.) section of the PPF file referenced by the command, was not successful.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review the relevant PPF file to determine why the indicated variable name cannot be resolved. For example, a misspelling of the variable name in a catalog file entry, or removal of a :DCL. definition in the PPF file (via a PPF override) might cause this problem. Also, verify that entries within the pertinent CATALOG file are correct. Correct any problems, then try the command again.

VMF3010E **Variable name '*name*' is not valid**

Explanation

A CATALOG file record error has been detected. A source or target variable name was expected, but such a value was not present.

System action

As dictated by the command and options in use, command processing continues to the extent possible; otherwise, command processing stops.

System programmer response

Refer to accompanying message VMFxxx3015 for information about the specific entry that is in error. Review the CATALOG file that is in use for syntax or other errors. Correct any problems, then try the command again.

VMF3011E **Unexpected error *rc* reading file '*file_ID*'**

Explanation

An error occurred while attempting to read the indicated file.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Verify access to the listed file, and that the file can be read. For more information about the '<' PIPE stage return code *rc* cited in the message, see *z/VM: CMS Pipelines User's Guide and Reference*. Correct the problem, then try the command again.

VMF3013W **No entries are available for processing**

Explanation

The designated CATALOG file does not contain any entries that identify files to be processed by the PRODUTL command, or the designated section contains no such entries.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct CATALOG file name and section name have been specified as part of the command. If correct, review the content of the relevant catalog file and section, and ensure that the entries present exist in proper form; that is, the entries are neither all commentary data nor all marked with the entry-bypass operator (a hyphen). Also, verify that a corresponding end tag is present for the designated catalog section. Correct any problems, then try the command again.

VMF3015E The variations of this message are explained below.

Explanation

**VMF3015E Error detected while processing {catalog | exclusion} entry:
VMF3015E entry_text**

A syntax or other error condition has been identified while processing the indicated catalog file entry.

System action

As dictated by the command and options in use, command processing continues to the extent possible; otherwise, command processing stops.

System programmer response

Refer to the accompanying message VMFxxx3010 or VMFxxx3025 for detailed information about why the indicated entry is in error. Correct this problem, then try the command again.

VMF3017E Option 'text' is not recognized or is not valid

Explanation

A command option has been specified that is not supported.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review the options used with your command and ensure that only supported options are specified when you next issue the command. Consult the PRODUTL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information about options that pertain to this command.

VMF3020W The variations of this message are explained below.

Explanation

**VMF3020W Error appending saved message log (file1_ID)
VMF3020W to current message log (file2_ID);
VMF3020W command completed with RC = rc**

When the command in use runs, the cumulative message log is saved with a file type of \$SAVELOG so the \$MSGLOG file for the current invocation can be created. These log files are then consolidated by the command as it completes. However, the COPYFILE command used for this purpose failed with the indicated return code. The \$MSGLOG and the \$SAVELOG files are not consolidated, and remain as distinct files.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

A probable cause for this message is a lack of sufficient storage space for the minidisk or directory at which the indicated log files reside. For more information about the COPYFILE return code cited in the message, see *z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference, SC24-6260*.

Upon command completion, it might be necessary to review the contents of each log file and manually consolidate them. You can consolidate the log file by appending the contents of the \$SAVELOG file to the end of \$MSGLOG file, and then deleting the \$SAVELOG file.

VMF3025E Incorrect number of operands detected

Explanation

A syntax error has been identified while processing the indicated catalog file entry.

System action

As dictated by the command and options in use, command processing continues to the extent possible; otherwise, command processing stops.

System programmer response

For information about the specific entry that is in error, refer to accompanying message VMFxxx3015. Review the CATALOG file that is in use for possible syntax or other errors. Correct any errors, then try the command again.

VMF3026W **File entry has been bypassed**

Explanation

Processing for a catalog file entry has ended prematurely due to a problem associated with that entry.

System action

As dictated by the command and options in use, command processing continues to the extent possible; otherwise, command processing stops.

System programmer response

For information about the specific entry that has been bypassed, as well as the reason for this action, refer to accompanying messages. Correct any problems, then try the command again.

VMF3027E **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

VMF3027E Error renaming existing log file '*file1_ID*';
VMF3027E *command* command completed with RC = *rc*

When the command in use runs, the cumulative message log is saved with a file type of \$SAVELOG so the \$MSGLOG file for the current invocation can be created. These log files are then consolidated by the command as it completes. However, the RENAME command used to save the cumulative message log failed with the indicated return code.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

A probable cause for this error is the presence of an existing \$SAVELOG file that remains from a prior command invocation that did not complete normally. For more information about the RENAME return code cited in the message, see *z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference, SC24-6260*.

Review the contents of each log file and manually consolidate them. Consolidate the log file by appending the contents of the \$SAVELOG file to the end of \$MSGLOG file, and then deleting the \$SAVELOG file.

VMF3028E **PPF :DCL. information not found for component ID '*comp_ID*'**

Explanation

The PPF file referenced by the command does not contain any records in the variable declaration (:DCL.) section associated with the listed component ID.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review the relevant PPF file to determine the cause for this problem. For the PRODUTL command, verify that the component ID operand specified for your command is correct. If necessary, review the relevant PPF file to determine the cause for this problem. Correct any errors, then try the command again.

VMF3029W **Write access not verified for resource: *resource***

Explanation

The indicated resource was not acquired and accessed with a CMS file mode. Thus, write capability for this resource could not be confirmed.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

This message is issued only for test mode processing and is intended to make you aware of a condition that might have bearing on problems that occur later.

VMF3033W **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

**VMF3033W Error(s) encountered restoring access/search order;
VMF3033W Original search order may not have been fully restored**

Because the PRODUTL command alters the CMS search order during its operation, information about accessed resources is saved at command invocation. This information is then used to restore the original search order upon command completion. However, one or more problems occurred when restoration of the original search order was attempted.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Review accompanying messages for information about problems associated with the handling of specific resources. You can use the PRODUTL command TRACE option to obtain detailed information about such problems. If this problem persists, contact the IBM support center for assistance.

VMF3035W The variations of this message are explained below.

Explanation

**VMF3035W command was interrupted the last time it was run;
VMF3035W file1_ID has been restored from the saved message log;
VMF3035W file2_ID**

When the command in use runs, the cumulative message log is saved with a file type of \$SAVELOG so the \$MSGLOG file for the current invocation can be created. These log files are then consolidated by the command as it completes. Locating a \$SAVELOG file during command initialization indicates a previous invocation did not complete normally. Thus, the command attempts to consolidate the message log files by appending the \$SAVELOG file to the \$MSGLOG file (as it should have been at the conclusion of the previous invocation).

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

This message is issued to make you aware that unexpected results were produced the last time this

command was run. It might be necessary to take future action if other problems arise with management of the cumulative message log that corresponds to the subject command.

VMF3036W Copy not performed for "source" file 'file_ID'

Explanation

The indicated file could not be copied to the intended destination.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Refer to accompanying messages for information about why the indicated file could not be copied. Correct any problems, then try the command again.

VMF3038I messages

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Command *command* [*operands*] completed with RC=*rc***
2. **PIPE '*command*' completed with RC=*rc***

The command cited in the message completed with the indicated return code. In most instances, this message is used to report warning or error conditions associated with a specific command. However, it might also be issued for informational purposes, as when command tracing is performed.

System action:

Command processing continues.

System programmer response:

Refer to accompanying messages to determine if a problem exists and whether action to resolve such a problem is appropriate.

VMF3040I messages

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Issuing command: *cmd_name***
- **Issuing command *cmd_name* with operands/ options: *args***

The listed command is being executed. No further action is required.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF3041E **PPF :PRODID. information not found for component '*compname*'**
Explanation

Within the designated PPF file, the definition of the indicated component does not include a required product identifier (:PRODID.) record.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Verify that the correct component name has been specified as part of the command. Alternatively, review the content of the relevant PPF file and any PPF file overrides to determine the cause for this error. Correct any problems, then try the command again. If necessary, contact the IBM support center for assistance.

VMF3042W *messages*
Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **VMF3042W Reason: Cannot verify existence of file '*file_ID*'**
- **VMF3042W Reason: Comparison of "source" and "target" files failed**
- **VMF3042W Reason: "Source" and "target" file differences detected**
- **VMF3042I Reason: "Target" file does not differ from "source" file**
- **VMF3042W Reason: File '*file_ID*' does not exist**

One of these messages is issued in conjunction with message VMFxxx3044 to explain why the copy operation for a given file is bypassed.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Refer to accompanying messages to determine if a problem exists and whether action to resolve such a problem is appropriate. If necessary, consult the PRODUTL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information and review the entries in the subject catalog file section.

VMF3043W **File *file_ID* (resource) has been updated; its content should be reviewed for changes that might affect your use of the production copy of this file**
Explanation

The content of the indicated sample file, located on the listed resource, has been updated by service that has been installed on the system. The changes to this file are associated with functional changes to one or more program components that have likewise been affected by service.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Upon completion of the command, review the content of the indicated file and determine whether the changes that have been introduced affect your use of any customized, production-use counterpart to this file. For more information, consult the descriptions of these changes described in the relevant APAR or other service documentation.

In some instances, it might help to compare the updated file with its base-level counterpart, so you can identify specific changes that might not be apparent in a customized, production-use file.

VMF3044W **{Copy | Comparison} {will be} bypassed for "source" file '*file_ID*' (resource)**
Explanation

Processing of the indicated file, located on the listed resource, ended prematurely due to a problem associated with this file, or with an existing, production-use counterpart. The subject file either is not copied to the production build minidisk, or is not compared with its production counterpart, as indicated by the message.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Refer to accompanying messages to determine if a problem exists and whether action to resolve such a problem is appropriate. If necessary, consult the PRODUTL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E*

Introduction and Reference for more information and review the entries in the subject catalog file section.

VMF3046E **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

VMF3046E Options (*options*) specified for "source" VMF3046E file '*file_ID*' are not valid; VMF3046E Differing option delimiters have been specified

The catalog entry that corresponds to the indicated file includes multiple file processing options. These options have been separated using both of the available option delimiters: the slash (/) and the period (.). The use of both these delimiters for a given entry is not permitted.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review the CATALOG file entry that corresponds to the indicated file, then modify the entry so only one of the available option delimiters is used to separate each processing option. If necessary, consult the PRODUTL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information. After your changes are complete, try the command again.

VMF3047W **The variations of this message are explained below.**

Explanation

VMF3047W Error erasing previous log file '*file_ID*'; VMF3047W command command completed with RC = *rc*

When the command in use runs, the cumulative message log is saved with a file type of \$SAVELOG so the \$MSGLOG file for the current invocation can be created. These log files are then consolidated by the command as it completes. However, the ERASE command for this purpose failed with the indicated return code. The \$MSGLOG and the \$SAVELOG files are not consolidated and remain as distinct files.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

A probable cause for this error is the presence of an existing \$SAVELOG file that remains from a prior command invocation that did not complete normally. If necessary, for more information about the ERASE return code cited in the message, see *z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference, SC24-6260*.

Upon command completion, it might be necessary to review the contents of each log file and manually consolidate them. You can consolidate the log file by appending the contents of the \$SAVELOG file to the end of \$MSGLOG file, and then deleting the \$SAVELOG file.

VMF3048E **Option (*option*) specified for "source" file '*file_ID*' is not valid; message**

Explanation

message can be one of the following:

- **VMF3048E Associated file name is not a wildcard (*)**
- **VMF3048E No exclude section has been identified**
- **VMF3048E Exclude section '*name*' reference is recursive**
- **VMF3048E Exclude section '*name*' not found or contains no entries**
- **VMF3048E Option is not recognized or is not supported**
- **VMF3048E Options cannot be specified as part of a file type**

The catalog entry that corresponds to the listed file includes a file processing option. However, this option has either been incorrectly specified or refers to a file *exclude* section that cannot be used for the reason indicated.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Review the subject CATALOG file, as well as any pertinent file entries, to identify specific corrections that are needed to resolve the problem. If necessary, consult the PRODUTL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information. After your changes are complete, try the command again.

VMF3052W **Unexpected {*exclusion* | *wildcard*} entry encountered: *entry_text***

Explanation

An entry of the indicated type is present in the catalog file section that is being processed. Such entries are permitted only within certain catalog file sections, not this one. The indicated entry is ignored.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Review the subject CATALOG file, as well as any pertinent file entries, to identify specific corrections that are needed to resolve the problem. If necessary, consult the PRODU TL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information. After your changes are complete, try the command again.

VMF3054I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **VMF3054I Files successfully processed: *number***
- **VMF3054E Files not processed due to errors: *number***

This message reports the number of files that have been successfully processed for a given wildcard catalog file entry, or the number of such files for which processing errors were encountered.

System action

If file processing errors are not severe, command processing continues.

System programmer response

When an error condition is reported, this message is accompanied by message VMF055, which provides:

- A summary of individual return codes and relevant command and file information
- Specific VMSES/E VMFCOPY command messages and results for the files for which errors were encountered.

Use the information provided by these messages to resolve any problems before using the PRODU TL command again.

VMF3055I **VMFCOPY command error summary follows. Options used for all commands: *VMFCOPY options***

Explanation

This message provides summary information about errors encountered for one or more of the files processed by the PRODU TL command. The following example shows the general format of the output:

```
rc : VMFCOPY file_ID1 file_ID2
rc : VMFCOPY file_ID1 file_ID2
...
VMF3055I VMSES/E VMFCOPY command
error information follows
VMSES/E message identifier and text
VMSES/E message identifier and text...
```

The VMFCOPY command options used for processing all such files are indicated first, followed by a list of the files for which errors were encountered. For each item listed, the relevant VMFCOPY error return code is cited, followed by the affected source file *file_ID1* and its counterpart destination file, *file_ID2*. The messages produced by the VMSES/E VMFCOPY command for the affected files are listed in summary form at the end of this message.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Use the information provided by this message to determine why the indicated files could not be copied to their intended destinations. If necessary, consult the appropriate command documentation for more information. Resolve any problems, then try the PRODU TL command again.

VMF3057W **Null exclude section detected for option (*option*) specified for file *file_ID***

Explanation

The catalog file entry that corresponds to the indicated file includes an exclusion *option* for which no catalog section name has been specified.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

Review the CATALOG file entry that corresponds to the indicated file, then modify the entry to include an appropriate catalog section name. If necessary, consult the PRODU TL command documentation in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference* for more information. After your changes are complete, try the command again.

VMF3060W **Cannot verify existence of file
'file_ID'**

Explanation

The listed file was not found at the indicated file mode, or a problem occurred in determining whether such a file exists. A resource intended as the target for a file copy operation has previously been determined to be unavailable. The message is reported for each processed catalog entry for which a file is destined for that resource.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

This message is issued only for test mode processing. The message confirms that the catalog entry associated with the indicated file has been processed to the extent possible.

VMF3061E **Option *option* cannot be used
when a 'type' catalog section is
processed**

Explanation

Use of the option listed in the message conflicts with the type of catalog section that is to be processed by the PRODUTL command. For certain catalog section types, some command processing options are restricted from use because their effect on command actions or results conflicts with the nature of the files listed within the indicated catalog section.

System action

Command processing stops.

System programmer response

Confirm that the catalog section name and all options specified for the PRODUTL command are correct. If necessary, review the PRODUTL command documentation that describes the CATALOG file and its structure in *z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference*. Correct any problems, then retry the command.

VMF3063I **File comparisons performed:
comp_count Paired file differences**

VMF4000I - VMF4208E

VMF4000I **User ID *userid* is disconnected;
CSM processing is active**

**identified: *diff_count* Source files
not available for comparison:
*unavailable_count***

Explanation

This message summarizes file comparison results obtained for source and target files that pertain to the catalog section that has been processed. The following counter values are displayed:

- *comp_count*: The total number of file comparisons performed.
- *diff_count*: The number of paired files (that is, a source file and its target counterpart) for which a difference in content was identified.
- *unavail_count*: The number of source files not present in the "source" resource for which a comparison with a corresponding target file was not possible.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

If non-zero *diff_count* and *unavail_count* values were reported, review the accompanying messages for more information about the files that pertain to the counter value of interest, and take appropriate actions to resolve any problems.

VMF3064I **Catalog entries / files to be
processed: *count***

Explanation

This message displays the number of entries identified for processing. Depending on the format of the entries in the subject catalog section, the number reported might not reflect the total number of files that will be processed by the command.

System action

Command processing continues.

System programmer response

None.

Explanation:

The user ID that z/VM CSM processing uses to run certain remote commands has been autologged and is now running in a disconnected state. z/VM CSM processing will proceed.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

**VMF4001E User ID *userid* is not disconnected;
CSM processing is not applicable**

Explanation:

The user ID that z/VM CSM processing uses to run certain remote commands is not currently running in a disconnected state. This prevents z/VM CSM processing from proceeding.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Any connection to the named user ID must be terminated before z/VM CSM processing is resumed.

**VMF4002I Processing of request
request_string completed
successfully**

Explanation:

The specified request has completed successfully.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4003I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **File *file_ID* created**
2. **File *file_ID* updated**
3. **File *file_ID* deleted**
4. **File *file_ID* created or updated**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The specified file has been created.
2. The specified file has been updated with new data.
3. The specified file has been deleted.
4. The specified file has been created or updated with new data.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4004E File *file_ID* was not created

Explanation:

An issue has been encountered while trying to create the specified file, which is required for further processing.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If possible, correct the issue preventing the creation of the specified file. If the issue is unknown or if the solution is not apparent, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF4004W File *file_ID* was not created

Explanation:

The listed file was not created, which might affect future processing. Further information about the reasons behind this can be found in surrounding messages or within z/VM CSM configuration files.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

If possible and desired, inspect z/VM CSM configuration files and error and warning messages to determine why the listed file was not created. If the listed file is desired, correct the issue preventing the file from being created. Contact the IBM Support Center if the solution is not apparent.

VMF4005E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **File *file_ID* exists**
2. **File *file_ID* exists at file mode *fm***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The listed file exists, creating an error during processing.
2. The listed file exists, creating an error during processing. The file is located on the listed file mode.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

The listed file must be removed to complete processing. Refer to the appropriate user documentation to determine the best practices for removal. Contact the IBM Support Center if the solution is not apparent.

VMF4006E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **System *systemID* CSM system type identified as: *systype***
2. **System *systemID1* CSM system type identified as: *systype*; Principal system: *systemID2***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. This message displays the z/VM CSM system type of system *systemID*.
2. This message displays the z/VM CSM system type of system *systemID1*, as well as the principal system, *systemID2*, that sent the command that is being executed.

In a z/VM CSM context, valid values for *systype* are NOTMANAGED, CANDIDATE, and MANAGED. For the command that was entered, the value of *systype* is not correct. The system ID of the principal system that sent the command might or might not be included in the message.

System action

1. RC=8. Command processing stops.
2. RC=8. Command processing continues.

User response:

Review any additional messages found in the message log to determine why the system type is not valid for the command entered. If necessary, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF4006I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **System *systemID* CSM system type identified as: *systype***
2. **System *systemID1* CSM system type identified as: *systype*; Principal system: *systemID2***

These informational messages display the z/VM CSM system type (NOTMANAGED, CANDIDATE, or MANAGED) of *systemID* or *systemID1* and, in some cases, the system ID of the principal system that sent the command (*systemID2*).

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4006W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **System *systemID* CSM system type identified as: *systype***
2. **System *systemID1* CSM system type identified as: *systype*; Principal system: *systemID2***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. This message displays the z/VM CSM system type of system *systemID*.
2. This message displays the z/VM CSM system type of system *systemID1*, as well as the principal system, *systemID2*, that sent the command that is being executed.

In a z/VM CSM context, valid values for *systype* are NOTMANAGED, CANDIDATE, and MANAGED. For the command that was entered, the value of *systype* is not correct. The system ID of the principal system that sent the command might or might not be included in the message.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Review any additional messages found in the message log to determine why the system type is not valid for the command entered. If necessary, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF4007E **CSM configuration for system *systemID* cannot be {established|altered}**

Explanation:

A command to determine or alter the z/VM CSM configuration for the system cited could not be completed.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Review any additional messages to determine the cause of the error. Correct the error and reissue the command (or contact the IBM Support Center for assistance, if needed).

VMF4008I **Accessed resources:**

Explanation:

This informational message displays information about resources that have been accessed in order to perform the command that was entered.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4009E **Request *request_string* is not supported**

Explanation:

An invalid operand or option was entered on a command.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Reissue the command with the correct syntax.

VMF4010E Request *request_string* processing encountered one or more errors
Explanation:

One or more errors were encountered while processing the listed request. These errors prevent processing from continuing.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Review the message log to determine the errors encountered. When the error conditions are mitigated, you can try processing the request again.

VMF4010W Request *request_string* processing encountered one or more warning conditions
Explanation:

One or more warnings were encountered while processing the listed request.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Review the message log to determine the warnings encountered and take action if needed.

VMF4011I Resource *vdev_info|dirid* accessed at file mode: *fm*
Explanation:

The resource cited in the message was accessed as indicated.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4012I System *systemID* configuration for management using CSM services is complete
Explanation:

The processing for managing the listed system with z/VM CSM is now complete.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4013E System *systemID* configuration for management using CSM services is incomplete
Explanation:

The processing for managing the listed system with z/VM CSM was not completed. Further details can be found in surrounding messages or while inspecting z/VM CSM configuration files. The errors preventing processing must be addressed before the listed system can be added to z/VM CSM management.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Refer to surrounding messages in the z/VM CSM message log or to the z/VM CSM configuration files, as described in the *z/VM: Service Guide*. If a solution is not apparent or if the recommended course of action is insufficient, contact the IBM Support Center.

VMF4014E PRODID *prodid* is not defined on system *systemID*
Explanation:

The PRODID cited in the message is not found on the system cited.

System action:

RC=8|9. Command processing stops.

User response:

Log on to MAINTvrm on the system listed and correct the error. Then reissue the original command, with the RESTART option or operand, if necessary.

**VMF4015E Unexpected error encountered in routine: *name*
Data: *data_string***
Explanation:

An unexpected condition has occurred within the program routine cited in the message. This message is issued to raise awareness that a software defect might exist.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Save any existing problem information (message logs and console files), and contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

**VMF4016E Unexpected result produced by {*command|routine*}: {*command|name*}
Data: *data_string***
Explanation:

An unexpected error has been detected, after completion of the cited system command or program

routine. This message is issued to raise awareness that a software defect might exist.

System action:

RC=8 or RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Save any existing problem information (message logs and console files), and contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4017R Enter the login user ID to be used for host system: *hostname*

Explanation:

The command entered requires an FTP user ID in order to continue.

System action:

The system waits for a response.

User response:

Type the requested FTP user ID and press Enter to continue.

VMF4018R Enter the login password for user '*userid*' on host system: *hostname*

Explanation:

The command entered requires a password associated with an FTP user ID in order to continue.

System action:

The system waits for a response.

User response:

Type the requested FTP password and press Enter to continue.

VMF4019W Acquired login user ID (*userid1*) does not match defined CSM default (*userid2*)

Explanation:

The FTP user ID that was entered does not match the default FTP user ID used in a z/VM CSM environment.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4021E No LOCAL or APPLY disk string is defined for *component*

Explanation:

Required disks or SFS directories for the component cited are not defined for it in the :MDA. section of a referenced PPF file. Because of this, local modification data cannot be processed.

System action:

RC=40. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4022E Resource *vdev_info|dirid* is required, but is not accessed for use

Explanation:

The resource cited in the message is required, but has not been acquired.

System action:

RC=8 or RC=40. Command processing stops.

User response:

Determine why the resource could not be acquired and correct the condition. Then, reissue the original command.

VMF4023E A required input file ID has been omitted or has been incorrectly specified

Explanation:

A file ID that is needed to perform a requested operation has not been included as part of the parameter list for a utility function or the file ID value is not correct. This message is issued to raise awareness that a software defect might exist.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Save any existing problem information (message logs and console files), and contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4024I Creating file: *file_ID*

Explanation:

The file cited is being created.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4025I Confirming required {*VMSES/E|file_type*} files are available

Explanation:

The command is verifying that required files are available.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4026I Identifying *content* content for envelope inclusion

Explanation:

Content that will become part of a z/VM CSM service file is being identified.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4027I **Initiating package {build|load}
for product ID *product* (Package
package1 of *package2*)**

Explanation:

A z/VM CSM service package is being built or loaded for the product cited.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4028E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **User ID *userid* is logged on; CSM processing cannot continue**
2. **User ID *userid* is disconnected; CSM processing cannot continue**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The listed user ID is currently logged on, which prevents z/VM CSM from performing some processing. The user ID must be logged off for z/VM CSM processing to continue.
2. The listed user ID is currently logged on and running in a disconnected state, which prevents z/VM CSM from performing some processing. The user ID must be fully logged off for z/VM CSM processing to continue.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Log off of the listed user ID and try running the failing z/VM CSM command again.

VMF4029E **XAUTOLOG of user ID *userid*
failed; CSM processing cannot
continue**

Explanation:

The autolog of the cited user ID failed.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Determine why the user ID could not be autologged and correct the situation. Then, reissue the original command.

VMF4030E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. ***function* completion response was not received**
2. ***function* completion response received, but is malformed**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. No response was received for the command function cited in the message.
2. The response received for the command function cited is not a valid response.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4031E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Request *function* processing rejected; system *systemID* is not configured for management using CSM services**
2. **Request *function* processing rejected; system *systemID1* is managed by principal system *systemID2***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. A z/VM CSM command was sent to the system cited in the message, but the system is not a member of a z/VM CSM management group.
2. A z/VM CSM command was sent to the system cited in the message, but *systemID1* is not a member of the z/VM CSM management group that sent the command.

System action:

RC=9. Command processing stops.

User response

1. If *systemID* is not part of a z/VM CSM management group, it can be added to the group and then the original command can be entered again.
2. If *systemID1* is a member of a different group, the command can be entered for *systemID1* from the principal system for that group.

VMF4032E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Filespace 4K block allocation for user ID *userid* in file pool *filepool_name* is not sufficient
- Filespace 4K block allocation in file pool *filepool_name* is not sufficient
- Total blocks needed: *nnnnn* Blocks available: *mmmmm*

There are not enough 4k blocks available to the user ID cited or in the named file pool to process the requested command.

System action:

RC=21. Command processing stops.

User response:

Authorize the user ID cited for additional 4K blocks in the file pool cited or add additional space (minidisks) to the file pool cited. For information about managing space in a CMS file pool, see *z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation*.

VMF4033I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- Filespace 4K block allocation for user ID *userid* in file pool *filepool_name* is sufficient
- Filespace 4K block allocation in file pool *filepool_name* is sufficient

There is sufficient file pool space authorized and available for the command to complete.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4034I Processing file: *file_ID*

Explanation:

Evaluation of the cited file has begun.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4035I File *file_ID* does not contain any active restart records

Explanation:

The file listed does not contain any pertinent restart records.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4035W File *file_ID* does not contain any active restart records

Explanation:

The file listed does not contain any pertinent restart records.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4036I Package build for PRODID *prodid* completed successfully

Explanation:

The z/VM CSM service package build for the cited PRODID completed successfully.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4037E Specified Package Manifest File name (*fname1*) does not match restart Package Manifest File name (*fname2*)

Explanation:

The command is attempting to use an incorrect file during a restart operation.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4038E Message digest generated for file *file_ID* does not match value cited in Package Manifest File *manifest_file_ID*

Explanation:

Validation information for file *file_ID* does not match the expected information in the package manifest file.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4039E Acquired login user ID (*userid*) is not valid

Explanation:

The FTP user ID entered is not valid for use with z/VM CSM.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Reissue the command and enter the correct FTP user ID when prompted.

VMF4040E *progname must be called by command*

Explanation:

The indicated program cannot be invoked from the command line. The program name must be invoked from the command indicated in the message. For z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM), all functions must be invoked by the SERVMGR command.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Do not attempt to invoke the program from the command line. Instead, invoke the SERVMGR command with the proper operands and options to run the program.

VMF4041E *SFS directory dirid already exists*

Explanation:

The indicated SFS directory already exists and, thus, cannot be created.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Investigate why the SFS directory already exists. For z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM), the CSM vr m.BASE directory will exist if the version/release/modification (vr m) environment has already been initialized.

VMF4042I *Service level csmlvl {created|deleted}*

Explanation:

The specified service level has been created in or deleted from the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4043E *System name systemID is {already|not} managed by CSM*

Explanation:

When trying to add a system to the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group, the specified system name is already managed, or, when trying to delete a system from the z/VM CSM group, the specified system name is not managed.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD or SERVMGR SYSTEM DELETE command again with the correct system name.

VMF4044E *Communication protocol type is not currently supported*

Explanation:

Communication protocol APPC was specified with the COMMTYPE operand on the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command, but the APPC communication protocol is not currently supported.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command again with a supported communication protocol.

VMF4045E *Service level csmlvl is for release vrm1, not release vrm2*

Explanation:

The service level specified on the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command is not for the release (version, release, modification) level specified on the command. Instead, the specified service level is for the release indicated.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command again with a service level and release level that match.

VMF4046E *Error occurred during function processing; completed work will be undone*

Explanation:

An error occurred during the SERVMGR function indicated in the message. Any work completed by the function prior to the error will attempted to be undone.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing is completing error exit processing.

User response:

None.

VMF4047I *System directory dirid {created|deleted}*

Explanation:

The indicated system directory was created when the system was added to the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group or deleted when the system was deleted from the z/VM CSM group.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4048I **System name *systemID* { added to | deleted from | modified in } CSM**

Explanation:

Data for the indicated system name has been added to, deleted from, or modified in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4050W ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **FTP options are not valid for a system with a COMMTYPE of LOCAL; FTP options ignored**
2. **HOSTNAME operand is not valid for a system with a COMMTYPE of LOCAL; HOSTNAME operand ignored**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. FTP options were specified on the SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command for a system that has a communication protocol defined as LOCAL. The specified FTP options are ignored.
2. The HOSTNAME operand was specified on the SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command for a system that has a communication protocol defined as LOCAL. The specified HOSTNAME operand is ignored.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4051I **System directory *dirid1* has been renamed to *dirid2***

Explanation:

The SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command was specified to rename a system in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group. As part of that processing, the indicated SFS directory for the system has been renamed.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4052W **CSMAGENT *function* function completed with warnings { ;**

Review message log *msglog* on *dirid* for details }

Explanation:

The indicated CSMAGENT function completed with warnings. If a message log is indicated, pertinent information about the execution of the CSMAGENT function has been placed in the message log on the indicated SFS directory.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

If a message log is indicated, refer to the message file for more information about the issue that has been encountered. If further action is desired, use the messages in the message log file to determine the best course to follow. If a message log is not indicated in the message, log on to the MAINT_{vrm} user ID on the system specified on the SERVMGR command and review the message log located on the MAINT_{vrm} A-disk, if one exists.

VMF4053E **CSMAGENT *function* function completed with errors { ; Review message log *msglog* on *dirid* for details }**

Explanation:

The indicated CSMAGENT function completed with errors. If a message log is indicated, pertinent information about the execution of the CSMAGENT function has been placed in the message log on the indicated SFS directory.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If a message log is indicated, refer to the message file for more information about the error that has been encountered. Use the messages in the message log file to determine the issues that have stopped the processing of the CSMAGENT function. When these issues have been addressed, invoke the SERVMGR command again. If a message log is not indicated in the message, log on to the MAINT_{vrm} user ID on the system specified on the SERVMGR command and review the message log located on the MAINT_{vrm} A-disk, if one exists.

VMF4054E **Version/release/modification level *vrm* is not supported**

Explanation:

The indicated version/release/modification (*vrm*) level specified on the SERVMGR command is not supported by z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM).

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR command again with a *vrn* level that is supported by z/VM CSM.

VMF4055E **CSM System Check failed; { system *systemID* is managed by a different principal system | system *systemID* is a member of an SSI cluster | management of system *systemID* is suspended }**

Explanation:

During z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) command processing, the indicated system was checked to confirm that it is defined as or is eligible to be defined as a z/VM CSM managed system, and that check failed for the given reason.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If the indicated system is managed by a different principal system, any z/VM CSM SERVMGR command to manage or query the system must be invoked from the principal system from which the system is managed. If the indicated system is a member of an SSI cluster, the system cannot be managed in a z/VM CSM group. If the management of the indicated system is suspended, no z/VM CSM commands to manage the system can be processed until the management of the system has been restored. Use the SERVMGR MANAGED ON command on the system to return the system to management control using z/VM CSM.

VMF4056W **System *systemID1* has been added with service level *csmlvl1* pending Use the SERVMGR SRVLVL SEND command to send service level *csmlvl2* to system *systemID2***

Explanation:

The indicated system has been added to the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group at the indicated service level in PENDING status. The indicated service level must be sent to the indicated system to continue the process of applying the indicated service level to the indicated system.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Use the SERVMGR SRVLVL SEND command to send the indicated service level to the indicated system.

VMF4057I **System *systemID* has been added at service level *csmlvl*; no additional action is needed**

Explanation:

The indicated system has been added to the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group at

the indicated service level. The indicated system is already at the given service level, so no other action needs to be taken.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4058E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **System *systemID* cannot be added at service level *csmlvl***
2. **The following products are at a higher PTF service level: *products***
3. **The following products are at a higher local service level: *products***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The system listed cannot be added to the z/VM CSM management group at the service level requested.
2. The products listed are at a higher service level on the system to be added to the z/VM CSM management group than the service contained in the service level used in the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command.
3. The products listed are at a higher local service level (or local modification level) on the system to be added to the z/VM CSM management group than the service contained in the service level used in the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

1. Review the additional VMF4058E messages provided to determine what service needs to be changed in order to use the cited service level or select a different service level to use when adding the system.
2. Remove some service from the system that is being added, install additional service into the service level used in the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command, or select a different service level that contains the correct service for the products cited.
3. Remove some local service from the system that is being added, install additional service into the service level used in the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command, or select a different service level that

contains the correct local service for the products cited.

A sample EXEC, LEVELCHK SAMPEXEC, is included with the VMSES/E component. This sample can be used to perform a comparison evaluation of the service content of a given z/VM CSM service level and the analogous information that is created for a z/VM CSM managed system (or an intended such system). The LEVELCHK SAMPEXEC part, which can be found on the MAINTCSM 5E6 disk, can be used to create an executable LEVELCHK EXEC. For information about using the LEVELCHK sample, see the comments in the LEVELCHK SAMPEXEC file.

VMF4059E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Unable to connect to system *systemID***
- **Unable to connect to system *systemID*; FTP return code *retcode***
- **Unable to connect to system *systemID*; FTP return code *retcode*; FTP reply code *replycode***
- **Unable to connect to system *systemID*; FTP return code *retcode*; (*retcodetxt*); FTP reply code *replycode* (*replycodetxt*)**

When attempting to connect to the indicated system using TCP/IP, FTP processing failed. If supplied, the FTP return code, FTP reply code, FTP return code text, and FTP reply code text are indicated.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If given, research the indicated FTP return code and FTP reply code in the *z/VM: TCP/IP User's Guide*. After addressing the cause of the FTP error, invoke the SERVMGR command again.

VMF4060E **Unable to XAUTOLOG *userID* { on system *systemID* }; XAUTOLOG return code *rc***

Explanation:

When attempting to log on the indicated virtual machine using the XAUTOLOG command, the command failed with the indicated return code.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Investigate the reason why the XAUTOLOG command failed when attempting to log on the indicated virtual machine. After addressing the cause of the XAUTOLOG command error, invoke the SERVMGR command again.

VMF4061E **Missing operand *operand***

Explanation:

The indicated operand was not specified correctly on the command. For the HOSTNAME operand, the operand is required on the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the command again with the indicated operand. For the HOSTNAME operand, invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command again with the required HOSTNAME operand.

VMF4062E **Version/release/modification level does not match level in CSM System Status Table**

Explanation:

The version/release/modification (*vrm*) level specified on the SERVMGR command does not match the *vrm* level found in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) system status table, CSM SYSSTAT, for the system specified on the command.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR command again with the correct *vrm* level for the system name specified on the command.

VMF4063E **SYSTEM PUT2PROD processing completed unsuccessfully for system *systemID***

Explanation:

Processing for the SERVMGR SYSTEM PUT2PROD command for the indicated system has completed unsuccessfully.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing continues.

User response:

Refer to the SERVMGR message log, \$CSMCMG \$MSGLOG, located on the VMPSFS:CSM*vrm*. SFS directory for more information about the error that has been encountered. In addition, refer to the PUT2PROD message log, \$VMFP2P \$MSGLOG, for the indicated system located on the VMPSFS:MAINTCSM.*sysname* SFS directory, if it exists, for more information about the error that has been encountered. Use the messages in the message logs to determine the issues that have stopped the processing of the PUT2PROD command. When these issues have been addressed, invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM PUT2PROD command again.

VMF4063I **SYSTEM PUT2PROD processing {started|completed successfully}**

for system *systemID* [but additional action may be required. Review message log *msglog* on *dirid* for details]

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

If a message log is indicated, refer to the message file for more information about additional action which may be required. If further action is needed, use the messages in the message log file to determine the best course of action.

VMF4063W **SYSTEM PUT2PROD processing completed with warnings for system *systemID***

Explanation:

Processing for the SERVMGR SYSTEM PUT2PROD command for the indicated system has completed with warnings.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Refer to the SERVMGR message log, \$CSMCMG \$MSGLOG, located on the VMPSFS:CSM*vr*m. SFS directory for more information about the issues that have been encountered. In addition, refer to the PUT2PROD message log, \$VMFP2P \$MSGLOG, for the indicated system located on the VMPSFS:MAINTCSM.*sysname* SFS directory, if it exists, for more information about the issues that have been encountered. Use the messages in the message logs to determine whether any further action needs to be taken.

VMF4064R **Service level *csmlvl* has a build state of TEST. Enter (1) to put the service level into production on system *systemID* or (0) to quit**

Explanation:

The build state of the indicated service level is TEST as defined in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) service status table, CSM SVCSTAT. A build state of TEST indicates that the content of the service level has not yet been finalized and can be altered.

System action:

Command processing waits for a response from the console.

User response:

If you want to put the indicated service level into production, enter 1 in response to the prompt. If you do not want to put the indicated service level into production, enter 0 in response to the prompt.

VMF4065W **Bypassing PUT2PROD processing for system *systemID***

Explanation:

PUT2PROD processing for the indicated system has been bypassed. This is due to the response to previous prompt message VMF4064R indicating that the PUT2PROD processing should be bypassed for a service level that has a build state of TEST.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4066E **PUT2PROD cannot be processed for system *systemID* because it has pending service status of *svcstat***

Explanation

PUT2PROD processing cannot be completed for the indicated system because the system has the indicated pending service status in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) system status table, CSM SYSSTAT.

PUT2PROD processing can be completed only for systems that have a pending service status of INSTALLED, indicating that the z/VM CSM service package content has been installed successfully on the system, or PUT2PERR, indicating that previous PUT2PROD processing completed with errors when attempting to place the z/VM CSM service package content into production on the system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Make sure a service level has been transported successfully to the indicated system using the SERVMGR SRVLVL SEND command. Refer to the SERVMGR message log, \$CSMCMG \$MSGLOG, located on the VMPSFS:CSM*vr*m. SFS directory to review previously-invoked SERVMGR commands for the indicated system and the messages that resulted from those commands. After addressing the cause of the error, invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM PUT2PROD command again.

VMF4067E **System name *systemID1* does not match the name of the local system (*systemID2*)**

Explanation:

For a system defined with a communication protocol type of LOCAL, the system name specified on a SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD, DELETE, or MODIFY

command does not match the actual name of the local system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR command again with the correct name of the local system.

VMF4068E **Review message log *fname* on *disk_directory* for details**

Explanation:

Pertinent information about the execution of a command has been placed in a log file on the specified disk or directory. On a system enabled for z/VM CSM, this message is issued when a SERVICE command or LOCALMOD command fails. The variable *fname* refers to a VMSES/E command log name, such as \$VMFSRV. The variable *disk_directory* is (in the case of z/VM CSM) the z/VM CSM root directory - VMPSFS:CSM720., for example. The failure of the SERVICE command or LOCALMOD command has required the processing of the calling function to be halted.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Refer to the specified file for more information about the issue that has been encountered. Use the messages in the log file to determine the issues that have stopped the processing of the SERVICE command or LOCALMOD command. When these issues have been addressed, reissue or restart the command that failed due to the incomplete processing of the SERVICE command or LOCALMOD command.

VMF4068I **Review message log *fname* on *disk_directory* for details**

Explanation:

Pertinent information about the execution of a command has been placed in a log file on the specified disk or directory. On a system enabled for z/VM CSM, this message is issued when a SERVICE command or LOCALMOD command completes successfully. The variable *fname* refers to a VMSES/E command log name, such as \$VMFSRV. The variable *disk_directory* is (in the case of z/VM CSM) the z/VM CSM root directory - VMPSFS:CSM720., for example.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

Refer to the specified file to review the results of the SERVICE or LOCALMOD command.

VMF4068W **Review message log *fname* on *disk_directory* for details**

Explanation:

Pertinent information about the execution of a command has been placed in a log file on the specified disk or directory. On a system enabled for z/VM CSM, this message is issued when a SERVICE command or LOCALMOD command completes with warnings. The variable *fname* refers to a VMSES/E command log name, such as \$VMFSRV. The variable *disk_directory* is (in the case of z/VM CSM) the z/VM CSM root directory - VMPSFS:CSM720., for example.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Refer to the specified file for more information about the warning that was issued. If further action is desired, use the messages in the log file to determine the best course to follow. If the processing of the command that invoked SERVICE or LOCALMOD did not complete as desired, reissue the command after addressing the messages in the specified log file.

VMF4069W **New system data is identical to current system data. No system data changed**

Explanation:

On the SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command, the operands and FTP options specified are identical to the current system data for the specified system name as defined in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) system status table, CSM SYSSTAT. Therefore, no changes to the system definition have been made.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4070E **System name *systemID* cannot be changed because there is pending service for the system.**

Explanation:

The indicated system name cannot be changed because the system has a pending service level in the system's definition in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) system status table, CSM SYSSTAT.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Before the system name can be changed (using the SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command), the pending service for the indicated system needs to be sent to the system (using the SERVMGR SRVLVL SEND command), put into production on the system (using the SERVMGR SYSTEM PUT2PROD command), or both.

VMF4071E **Unable to determine ESM enablement status of system *systemID***

Explanation:

During z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) command processing, the external security manager (ESM) status of the indicated system could not be determined.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Refer to the SERVMGR message log, \$CSMCMG \$MSGLOG, located on the VMPSFS:CSMvrm. SFS directory for more information about the error that has been encountered. In addition, refer to the CSMAGENT message log, \$CSMAGT \$MSGLOG, for the indicated system located on the VMPSFS:MAINTCSM.sysname SFS directory, if it exists, for more information about the error that has been encountered. Use the messages in the message logs to determine the issues that have stopped the processing of the SERVMGR command. When these issues have been addressed, invoke the SERVMGR command again.

VMF4072E ***operand operand* specified on SERVMGR *function* command, but { system *systemID* | service level *csmlvl* } has an ESM enablement status of *esmstat***

Explanation:

The operand (ESM or NONESM) specified on a SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD or SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command does not match the external security manager (ESM) enablement status of the indicated system or the indicated service level that has the indicated ESM status.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD or SERVMGR SYSTEM MODIFY command again with the correct operand (ESM or NONESM) that matches the ESM enablement status of the specified system or service level.

VMF4073E **System resource *resource* is not as expected; command command operations cannot be performed**

Explanation:

The resource listed is not suitable for use with the command specified.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4074E **Cannot process service level *csmlvl1* for system *systemID*; existing pending service level *csmlvl2* has a pending status of *csmlvl_status***

Explanation:

The service level *csmlvl1* cannot be used with the system specified because there is another service level, *csmlvl2*, already in process for that system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Complete the processing for the pending service level *csmlvl2* on the listed system. Then, if necessary, reissue the original command.

VMF4079E **Service or local modification discrepancies detected for system *systemID* and service level *csmlvl***

Explanation:

The service found on the system listed does not match the service contained in z/VM CSM service level *csmlvl*.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Review the message log for additional messages related to this message and resolve the service discrepancies.

VMF4080I **Transport processing started for system *systemID***

Explanation:

The service packages for a z/VM CSM service level are being sent to the system cited in the message.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4081I ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Performing service level check for system *systemID***
2. **Performing SFS space allocation check for system *systemID***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The current service level for the indicated system is being verified.

- The amount of available space in the service file pool on the indicated system is being verified.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4082I **Performing comparison check for service level *csmlvl1* and service level *csmlvl2***

Explanation:

The indicated service levels are being compared.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4083I **Performing file transfers for system *systemID***

Explanation:

Service files are being transferred to the system cited.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4084I **Initiating installation of package *package_name* for system *systemID***

Explanation:

Service packages that were previously transported to the system cited in the message are being loaded on that system.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4085I **Transport processing for system *systemID* is complete**

Explanation:

Service package files were delivered successfully to the system cited in the message.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4086E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- SEND processing for system *systemID* is not complete**

- SEND processing for system *systemID* is cancelled**

The explanations of these messages are:

- One or more service packages (that were sent to the system cited in the message) were not sent successfully to the subject system, or, errors were encountered while processing the service packages on that system.
- A problem has been identified with the service package being processed that prevents its use on the subject system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

- Review the message log to determine why the files were not sent successfully to the system cited in the message. Correct any errors found and reissue the command to send the files with the RESTART option.
- Review the message log to determine the reason for this action.

VMF4087W **No systems identified for *function* processing**

Explanation:

No systems were specified as part of a z/VM CSM command that required *function* processing.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

This message was possibly issued as part of restart processing, so no action is required.

VMF4088W **System *systemID* is not cited in the *function* program restart file; system will be added**

Explanation:

The system cited in the message is not currently included in the restart file for this command function – it will be added to this file to facilitate processing for that system.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4089W **No active restart records exist for system *systemID* in the *file_name***

program restart file; system will be added

Explanation:

The system cited in the message is not included in the restart file that is being processed, so that system will be bypassed.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4090I **Retrieving *command* command log data**

Explanation:

The log file for the command cited is being retrieved.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4091W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **File *file_ID* cannot be produced**
- ***file_type* files cannot be updated**

The cited file or types of files cannot be created or updated.

System action:

RC=28. Command processing continues.

User response:

After the command completes, review the message log for the command to determine whether any additional actions are required.

VMF4092E **No *file_type* files identified for *command* processing**

Explanation:

No files of type *file_type* were found by this command.

System action:

RC=28. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4092W *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **No *file_type* files identified**
- **No *file_type* files identified for *command* processing**

No files of type *file_type* were found by this command.

System action:

RC=28. Command processing continues.

User response:

After the command completes, review the message log for the command to determine whether any additional actions are required.

VMF4093E **FTP connection error encountered with system *systemID*
FTP return code *nn* (*code_text*)
FTP reply code *mmm* (*reply_text*)**

Explanation:

Diagnostic data related to an FTP error is gathered and returned.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Review the message log for the command to determine the cause of the FTP error. Resolve the error and reissue the original command, including the RESTART option or operand, if necessary.

VMF4095E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **CSMAGENT request *request* did not complete as expected**
2. **CSMAGENT request *request* did not complete as expected; error information follows:
Agent response: *msg*
Agent return code: *rc***
3. **CSMAGENT request *request* did not complete as expected; FTP command error encountered:
FTP return code *nn* (*code_text*)
FTP reply code *mmm* (*reply_text*)**

The explanations of these messages are:

1. The cited request did not complete due to an error encountered by a system command used in relation to processing this request.
2. The cited request did not complete for the reasons listed.
3. The cited request did not complete due to an error condition encountered by the FTP command, for the reason indicated.

System action

1. RC=8. Command processing stops.
2. RC=8. Command processing stops.
3. Command processing stops.

User response

1. To determine the cause of the error, review the message log for the command and check for additional, related error messages. Resolve the error and reissue the original command, including the RESTART option or operand, if necessary.
2. To determine the cause of the error, review the message log for the command. Note that the agent information provided in the message is related to processing that has been performed on a managed system. Resolve the error and reissue the original command, including the RESTART option or operand, if necessary.
3. To determine the cause of the error, review the message log for the command. If necessary, see the *z/VM: TCP/IP User's Guide* for more information about the FTP return code and reply code cited in the message. Resolve the error and reissue the original command, including the RESTART option or operand, if necessary.

VMF4096I **Package Manifest File *file_ID* has already been successfully processed**

Explanation:

The cited file has been processed already.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4097I **Updating Software Inventory file *file_ID***

Explanation:

The cited inventory file is being updated.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4098I **Performing post-load processing for component package *component***

Explanation:

Post-load processing is being performed for the cited component.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4099I **Processing subordinate envelope *envname* for component package *component***

Explanation:

A service package envelope file for the cited component is being processed.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4100E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The following system names are not found in CSM SYSSTAT:**
{*system_list*}
- **The following service levels are not found in CSM SVCSTAT**
{*service_level_list*}

System action:

RC=8 or RC=32. Command processing stops.

User response:

Correct the SERVMGR command syntax by specifying the name of an existing managed system or service level.

VMF4101E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **System *system_ID* is in candidate state; MANAGED state cannot be changed**
- **System *system_ID* is a principal system; MANAGED state cannot be changed**
- **System *system_ID* is a member of an SSI; MANAGED state cannot be changed**
- **System *system_ID* is in an unknown state; MANAGED state cannot be changed**

An attempt was made to turn off z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) on a managed system or on a principal system that is in a state that prevents disabling management.

System action:

RC=32, RC=33, RC=34, or RC=35. Command processing stops.

User response:

Determine why the system is in such a state and proceed in an appropriate manner.

VMF4102E *progrname EXEC running on user ID *userid1* does not match the *ID_var* user ID *userid2* definition in file: *file_ID**

Explanation:

The SERVMGR command was issued on a user ID other than the user ID designated on the \$MNTCSM\$ tag in the VMSESE PROFILE.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Issue the SERVMGR command from the user ID specified on the \$MNTCSM\$ tag in the VMSESE PROFILE.

VMF4103E **System name {system_name} is not found in file_ID**

Explanation:

The *system_name*, as specified, does not exist in CSM SYSSTAT. The SERVMGR command needs a valid system name in order to find a valid service level to set up a service level environment.

System action:

RC=32. Command processing stops.

User response:

Correct the SERVMGR command syntax by specifying an existing managed system name.

VMF4110E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Service level *csmlvl* does not exist in file *file_ID***
2. **Service level for system *systemID* does not exist in file *file_ID***

Explanations of this message are:

1. The service level name specified on the SERVMGR command is not defined.
2. There is no service level or pending service level defined for the system name specified on the SERVMGR command.

System action

1. RC=8. Command processing stops.
2. RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response

1. Reissue the SERVMGR command, specifying an existing service level name.
2. To correct this, remove the managed system from z/VM CSM control and then add it back under z/VM CSM control, specifying a valid service level.

VMF4111E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **User filespace threshold will be exceeded for user *userid* in filepool *fpoolid***
- **Total blocks needed: *blks* Maximum available: *blks***

The calculated amount of new SFS space for the specified new service level plus the current amount of space used will exceed the allocated logical space for the listed *userid*.

System action:

RC=97. Command processing stops.

User response:

Increase the number of 4K blocks allotted to the user ID running SERVMGR or consider removing unused service levels to free up space.

VMF4112E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **File pool *fpoolid* will exceed physical space by adding new service level**
- **Total blocks needed: *blks* Maximum available: *blks***

The calculated amount of new SFS space for the specified new service level plus the current amount of space used will exceed the physical space of the specified file pool.

System action:

RC=98 or RC=99. Command processing stops.

User response:

Delete unused service levels to free up space in the file pool or refer to [z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation](#) for instructions on adding more DASD volumes to the file pool.

VMF4113E **Service level *csmlvl* cannot be unlocked because it has been stabilized**

Explanation:

An attempt was made to unlock a service level that is in a STABLE state.

System action:

RC=4113. Command processing stops.

User response

A service level is stabilized if it is a base for other service levels built on top of it or the STABLE option was specified on a SERVMGR SRVLVL SEND command using this service level. The service level specified on this SERVMGR SRVLVL SETLOCK command cannot be changed unless one of the following is true:

- All service levels originating from this service level are deleted.
- The managed system using this service level is deleted or has its service level changed.

VMF4114E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **New service level *csmlvl* creation halted; service level already exists**
- **New service level *csmlvl* creation halted; directory *dirid* already exists**
- **New service level *csmlvl* creation halted; error creating *dirid* directory**

An attempt to create a new service level failed. The specified service level already exists, an SFS directory needed by the specified service level already exists, or an unexpected error occurred when creating an SFS directory needed by the specified service level.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If the specified service level already exists, specify a different name or delete the existing one. If a specific directory exists, determine why that directory exists outside the service level environment. If there is an error creating the directory, determine why the creation of the directory occurred.

VMF4115I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Creating *n* directories for new service level *csmlvl***
2. **Created *m* of *n* directories for new service level *csmlvl***

Explanations of this message are:

1. This message indicates the number of SFS directories that will be created for the specified service level.
2. This message displays the progress of directory creation for the specified service level.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4116I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Updated VMSESE PROFILE to reflect new service level *csmlvl***
2. **Created new CSM PPF to reflect new service level *csmlvl***
3. **Updated SERVLVL DESCRIPT on *csmlvl1* to reflect new service level *csmlvl2***
4. **Updated *csmlvl1* for new service level *csmlvl2***
5. **Created specific *fname* file for service level *csmlvl***

The explanations of these messages are:

1. This message signifies that the VMSESE PROFILE file, which resides in the System Information Directory (*dirid.VMSES.51D*) for a given service level, has been updated to include the new service level cited.
2. This message signifies that the z/VM CSM PPF for the new service level in the new service level's VMSES/E code directory (.VMSES.5E6) has been updated to reflect the new service level information.
3. The description information file for the new service level in the new service level's top root directory (VMPSFS:CSM*vrm.csmlvl*) has been updated to reflect the new service level information.
4. This message signifies that the z/VM CSM service status table (CSM SVCSTAT) in the z/VM CSM top root directory (VMPSFS:CSM*vrm.*) has been updated to reflect the new service level information.
5. This message signifies that a unique VMFINS DEFAULTS file has been created for the new service level in the new service level's VMSES/E code directory (.VMSES.5E6) to reflect the new service level information.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4117E **Cannot delete service level *csmlvl*; It is in use by the following systems:**

Explanation:

The specified service level is the service level for the listed systems. It cannot be deleted until all systems built with it are updated with a different service level or removed from z/VM CSM as managed systems.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Update all listed systems to use other service levels or remove the listed systems as z/VM CSM managed systems.

VMF4118E **Service level *csmlvl1* is *csmlvl_state*; function processing cannot continue**

Explanation:

The specified service level is marked as being stabilized or locked. SERVICE and LOCALMOD functions cannot be run against a stabilized or locked service level.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Choose a different service level or create a new service level where SERVICE and LOCALMOD functions can be performed.

VMF4119E **Service level *csmlvl* is in STABLE build state; It cannot be sent to managed system(s) in TEST mode**

Explanation:

The specified service level is marked as stabilized. It cannot be sent in TEST mode to the specified system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Send the specified service level in STABLE mode to the specified system or choose a different service level to send in TEST mode.

VMF4120E **Service level *csmlvl* is the primary service level and cannot be deleted**

Explanation:

An attempt was made to delete the primary BASE directory. Without the BASE directory, no other z/VM CSM functions will work. This operation is not allowed.

System action:

RC=24. Command processing stops.

User response:

Correct the service level name on the SERVMGR SRVLVL DELETE command.

VMF4121E **z/VM version level *vmlvl* does not exist**

Explanation:

There is no z/VM CSM filespace defined. The likely cause is that the SERVMGR INITIALIZE command has not been run to initialize the z/VM CSM environment.

System action:

RC=100. Command processing stops.

User response:

Run the SERVMGR INITIALIZE command to create the initial z/VM CSM environment.

VMF4122W **Service level *csmlvl* is now a BASEDON service level. Changing state to STABLE and the update lock to ON**

Explanation:

A new service level is being created based on the *csmlvl* service level. The *csmlvl* service level is now stabilized and locked.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4123E ***\$CSMLVL\$* value, *csmlvl1*, in VMSESE PROFILE on *dirname* directory does not match BASEDON service level name *csmlvl2***

Explanation:

There is a mismatch between the service level tag value in the VMSESE PROFILE and the actual service level name that is being used as the base level for a new service level.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

This situation should not occur. If it does, contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4124E **Service level BASE cannot be {deleted|modified|updated|unlocked}**

Explanation:

The specified service level is the z/VM BASE level. No changes are allowed to this service level.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Specify a different service level or create a new service level using BASE as the starting point.

VMF4125E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Service level *csmlvl* is ESM enabled and the ESM state is PENDING**
- **The following systems are ESM enabled but the ESM state is PENDING:**

- **The following systems are NOT ESM enabled but the service level is ESM enabled**
- **The following systems are ESM enabled but the service level is NOT ESM enabled**

The ESM specification does not match the ESM state of a service level or a managed system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Correct the command invocation to specify matching ESM states.

VMF4126E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Review the console log for error messages related to the *command* command**
- **Review the console log or message log *logname* for error messages related to the *command* command**

The SERVMGR command called a routine that generated error messages. Those error messages can appear in the console log or in the message log that is produced by the called routine.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Review the error messages in the console log or the other routine's message log. Correct those errors and run the SERVMGR command again.

VMF4127E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Service level *csmlvl1* specified as the base level is ESM enabled. The new service level cannot be NONESM**
- **Service level *csmlvl2* has a PENDING ESM enablement state and cannot be used as a BASEDON level**

A service level that is being used as a BASEDON level has an ESM state of ESM or PENDING. An attempt was made to add a service level as a NONESM service level when the BASEDON level was ESM or to add a service level using a BASEDON level with an ESM enablement state that is not finalized.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Specify a different, NONESM service level as the starting base, change the command syntax to add the new service level as ESM, or finalize the ESM state of the service level that is specified as the BASEDON service level.

VMF4128I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Service level *csmlvl1* specified as the base level is not ESM enabled.**
- **Service level *csmlvl2* will be PENDING ESM because ESM operand was specified**

The service level *csmlvl1*, which is being used as a BASEDON service level, has an ESM state of NONESM. The new service level, *csmlvl2*, is added with an ESM enablement state of PENDING.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

Before the new service level can be used on a managed system, the ESM enablement must be completed in the new service level.

VMF4129E **Service level *csmlvl* has an ESM enablement status of *esmstat* so system *systemID* cannot be added at that service level**

Explanation:

On a SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command, the specified service level has an external security manager (ESM) enablement status, as defined in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) service status table, CSM SVCSTAT, that prevents the indicated system from being added to the z/VM CSM group at the indicated service level.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If the indicated ESM enablement status is PENDING for the service level, the service level was added to the z/VM CSM group with the intent of enabling ESM control, but the enablement of ESM control has not yet been completed. Complete the enablement of the ESM for the service level and invoke the SERVMGR SYSTEM ADD command again. For RACF, use the SERVMGR SRVLVL SERVICE *vrml csmlvl* RACF ENABLE command to enable RACF for the service level. For a vendor ESM product, follow the vendor's documentation for enabling the ESM in the service level.

VMF4131E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **Service level *csmlvl1* is at a lesser PTF service level than the current service level (*csmlvl2*) of system *systemID***
- **Service level *csmlvl1* is at a lesser local service level than the current service level (*csmlvl2*) of system *systemID***

Transport of the *csmlvl1* service level to the named system (*systemID*) cannot be completed because the service level (*csmlvl2*) that is current for that system contains more of the indicated type of service (PTF or local service) than does the *csmlvl1* service level. The service content of the z/VM CSM service level sent to a given system must be equal to, or greater than, that which is currently in production on that system.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

Confirm that the correct z/VM CSM service level and target system name have been specified as part of the SERVMGR SRVLVL SEND command, and if appropriate, issue the command again with the correct operands. If the command operands are correct, use the SERVMGR SRVLVL QUERY (DETAILS command to obtain detailed information about the type of service that exists in each of the named service levels, to understand what discrepancies exist. If appropriate, install applicable missing service in the *csmlvl1* service level, then try sending a rebuilt z/VM CSM service package for that level to the intended system. Alternately, create a new z/VM CSM service level with the appropriate service content, and send the built z/VM CSM service package for that new service level to the subject system.

Note: A sample EXEC, LEVELCHK SAMPEXEC, is included with the VMSES/E component. This sample can be used to perform a comparison evaluation of the service content of two given z/VM CSM service levels. The LEVELCHK SAMPEXEC part, which can be found on the MAINTCSM 5E6 disk, can be used to create an executable LEVELCHK EXEC. For information about using the LEVELCHK sample, see the comments in the LEVELCHK SAMPEXEC file.

VMF4132E *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

- **The number of files available for *evaltype* evaluation do not match; processing continues to the extent possible**

- **The number of files available for *evaltype* evaluation do not match; processing cannot continue**

When comparison checks are performed for two z/VM CSM service levels, the number of files to be evaluated for each given level should match. For a BITMAP evaluation, it is possible for a partial evaluation (of matched components) to continue. However, the overall comparison itself will be incomplete. For a VVTLCL evaluation, the number of compared files must match — if this is not the case, the comparison cannot be performed.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Because the files used for comparison purposes are managed by z/VM CSM support, a mismatch in the files used for service level checking is not expected. Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4133I **Performing post-build package processing**

Explanation:

The subject command is performing the type of processing indicated. This message is issued to provide context in the event that an error is encountered as this processing is completed.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4134E **File *fname ftype* located at file mode *fm1*; file expected at only file mode *fm2***

Explanation:

The subject file (*fname ftype*) has been found to reside on the SFS directory or minidisk that is accessed at the indicated file mode (*fm1*). This file is expected to reside on only a specific such resource that has been accessed at a select file mode (*fm2*) cited in the message. Because this file does not reside on the expected resource, it cannot be processed by the command in use.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Determine why the listed file exists at the indicated file mode. A review of spooled console files or other command message logs (if available) might help in this effort. Rename or delete the subject file (as appropriate), then retry the relevant command. If the reason for the placement or existence of the subject

file is not apparent, contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4135W **SEND processing for system
systemID completed with
warnings**

Explanation

Service package files were delivered successfully to the system that is cited in the message, but one or more warning conditions were produced as part of this process.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

Review the message log for related messages to determine if any additional action is needed with respect to the service package that is installed on the subject system.

Look for related messages in the CSMAGENT message log (\$CSMAGT \$MSGLOG) that is maintained for the subject system. The CSMAGENT message log is in the VMPSFS:MAINTCSM.system_name SFS directory.

VMF4139E **Multiple file_type file(s) identified
for command command processing**

Explanation:

Multiple versions of the specified type of file exist.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4141E **Version/release/modification level
vrm cannot be removed because
the following systems are still
using the level: list_of_systems**

Explanation:

The indicated version/release/modification (*vrm*) level cannot be deleted because it is being used by at least one managed system in the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group. The managed systems found for the subject *vrm* level are listed in the message.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Use the SERVMGR SYSTEM DELETE command to remove the listed managed systems from the control of the z/VM CSM group. After all listed managed systems have been deleted from the z/VM CSM group,

invoke the SERVMGR REMOVE command again to delete the *vrm* level from the z/VM CSM environment.

VMF4142E **File fileid on SFS directory
dirid does not contain any
systems using Version/release/
modification level vrm**

Explanation:

While processing the SERVMGR REMOVE command for the indicated version/release/modification (*vrm*) level, the system determined that a z/VM CSM system status table (CSM SYSSTAT) exists in the SFS directory *dirid*, but does not list any managed systems running with the *vrm* level. If there are no managed systems for *vrm*, file *fileid* should not exist.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4143R **The function REMOVE vrm has
been specified. Removing Version/
release/modification level vrm
will remove the ability to use
Centralized Management Service
for that level. Enter (1) to remove
level vrm or (0) to quit**

Explanation:

The SERVMGR REMOVE command has been specified to delete the indicated version/release/modification (*vrm*) level from the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group. If the *vrm* level is deleted from the z/VM CSM group, no managed system can be added to the group with that *vrm* level. To support a z/VM CSM group of systems that use the *vrm* level, the *vrm* would need to be readded to the group using the SERVMGR INITIALIZE command.

System action:

Command processing waits for a response from the console.

User response:

If you want to delete the (*vrm*) level from the z/VM CSM group, enter 1 in response to the prompt. If you do not want to delete the (*vrm*) level from the z/VM CSM group, enter 0 in response to the prompt.

VMF4144E **SERVMGR REMOVE processing for
version/release/modification level
vrm terminated due to a QUIT
response**

Explanation:

Deletion of the indicated version/release/modification (*vrm*) level from the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group is not performed. This is due to the response to previous prompt message

VMF4143R requesting confirmation that the *vrm* level should be removed from the z/VM CSM group.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

None.

VMF4145E **Error copying file *fileid* from SFS directory *dirid1* to {minidisk owner *vdev* | SFS directory *dirid2*}**

Explanation:

A CMS COPYFILE command error occurred when attempting to copy file *fileid* from the listed source SFS directory (*dirid1*) to the target minidisk or SFS directory indicated in the message.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Check to see if the target minidisk is full or if the target minidisk or SFS directory is not accessed in read-write mode. After correcting the problem with the minidisk or SFS directory, invoke the SERVMGR command again.

VMF4146E **Cannot access {minidisk owner *vdev* | SFS directory *dirid*} in R/W mode**

Explanation:

An attempt to access the indicated minidisk or SFS directory in read-write mode failed.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

Investigate why the indicated minidisk or SFS directory cannot be accessed in read-write mode. After correcting the problem, invoke the SERVMGR command again.

VMF4147I **{Minidisk owner *vdev* | SFS directory *dirid*} accessed R/W at filemode A**

Explanation:

The indicated minidisk or SFS directory was accessed at file mode A in read-write mode.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4148I **Version/release/modification level *vrm* removed from CSM**

Explanation:

The indicated version/release/modification (*vrm*) level has been deleted from the z/VM Centralized Service Management (z/VM CSM) group.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4150R **Provide the file name (and type) of a KEYVAULT database file that is to be used for this z/VM CSM work session. If no such database is to be used, respond with (1) or the value: <NONE>
Enter (0) to quit; (1) for <NONE>; or specific database file values**

Explanation

The file name and type of a KEYVAULT database file were requested as input, to allow for use of that database as a source for remote host login credentials. A KEYVAULT database allows login credentials to be maintained in a protected form, using z/VM data encryption support.

For information about the KEYVAULT database and the KEYVAULT utility, which is used to manage this database, see the [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#).

System action:

The system waits for the requested response.

User response:

If a KEYVAULT database has been created and populated with system login credentials (for z/VM CSM activity that involves interaction with a remote host system), supply the file name and type of that database in response to this prompt. If the file type is omitted, the default of KVDB is used.

If no such database is to be used for this activity, provide a response of 1 or the literal value <NONE> to convey this.

To cancel operation of the current z/VM CSM command, provide a response of 0.

VMF4151R **The KEYVAULT database specified for z/VM CSM use (*fileID*) is not open. The *cmd_name* command now will be invoked on your behalf so this database can be opened for use
Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.**

Explanation:

A KEYVAULT database has been identified for use to provide system login credentials for z/VM CSM activity that involves interaction with a remote system host. The system has determined this database has not yet

been opened for use, through use of its associated encrypting token. To facilitate the use of this database, the KEYVAULT OPENDB command is invoked so the database content can be referenced, and applicable system login credentials acquired as needed.

System action:

The system waits for the requested response.

User response:

To continue and have the KEYVAULT OPENDB command invoked on your behalf, provide an affirmative response of 1.

To negate the use of the KEYVAULT OPENDB command and cancel operation of the current z/VM CSM command, provide a response of 0.

VMF4152R **The currently open KEYVAULT database (*fileID*) needs to be closed and re-opened for z/VM CSM use, to account for CMS access order changes made by *cmd_name1*. Appropriate *cmd_name2* commands now will be invoked on your behalf for this purpose
Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.**

Explanation

The indicated KEYVAULT database was found to be open for use, but the minidisk or SFS directory where it resides has (necessarily) been accessed by the system (*cmd_name1*) at a CMS file mode letter that is different from the file mode in use when the database was opened. This change in the file mode access of that resource prevents further effective use of the open database.

To facilitate continued use of this database, the KEYVAULT CLOSEDDB and OPENDB commands are invoked so the database content can be referenced, and applicable system login credentials acquired as needed.

System action:

The system waits for the requested response.

User response:

To continue and have the KEYVAULT CLOSEDDB and OPENDB commands invoked on your behalf, provide an affirmative response of 1.

To negate the use of the KEYVAULT OPENDB command and cancel operation of the current z/VM CSM command, provide a response of 0.

VMF4153I **Prompt message *msgnum* response: *text***

Explanation:

The textual information supplied in response to a prior prompt message (referenced here by its message number) is cited by this message, for logging purposes.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4154I **z/VM CSM work session KEYVAULT database: *fileID***

Explanation:

The KEYVAULT database designated for use, to provide system login credentials for z/VM CSM activity and interaction with a remote host system, is cited by this message.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4155E **KEYVAULT database specified for z/VM CMS use (*fileID1*) does not match that which currently is open (*fileID2*)**

Explanation:

A KEYVAULT database (*fileID1*) has been identified for use to provide system login credentials, for z/VM CSM activity and interaction with a remote host system. However, the system has determined that a different database (*fileID2*) is currently open for use. This situation most likely has occurred due to the issuing of a KEYVAULT OPENDB command for that database between successive SERVMGR commands.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

To confirm that the correct KEYVAULT database has been opened for use, issue the KEYVAULT QUERY STATE command. Note that the SERVMGR command maintains the file ID of any KEYVAULT database it should reference in storage, for the duration of the current IPL of CMS within the subject virtual machine (presumably MAINTCSM). If this database file ID needs to be changed, re-IPL the subject virtual machine, and then reissue the SERVMGR command that reported this condition. The applicable database file ID then can be specified, when it is prompted for, at the outset of that command.

VMF4156E **File ID of the KEYVAULT database in use could not be acquired**

Explanation:

The system could not obtain the file ID of the KEYVAULT database that is open for use. After having issued a KEYVAULT QUERY STATE command, the

applicable file ID was not available via the GLOBALV interface in use.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

The conditions that resulted in this message being issued are not expected. Save any existing problem information and contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4157I *cmd_name* command operation cancelled

Explanation:

The response to a prior prompt message has directed operation of the current z/VM CSM command to be discontinued. This message records that action, for logging purposes.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues (though cancellation is initiated).

User response:

None.

VMF4158I Login credentials acquired from:
source_info

Explanation:

This message identifies the source of login credentials that have been obtained for FTP interaction with a z/VM CSM managed system. The source cited can be a (NETRC) file ID or a keyword (KEYVAULT or PROMPTS).

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4159W Login credentials acquired from:
source_info

Explanation:

This warning message identifies the source of login credentials that have been obtained for FTP interaction with a z/VM CSM managed system, when that source is different from an expected KEYVAULT database (which has been identified for use for a z/VM CMS work session). The source cited can be a (NETRC) file ID or a keyword (PROMPTS).

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response:

Confirm that the correct KEYVAULT database was specified for use with the current z/VM CSM work session, and that the credentials for the subject managed system are being maintained in accordance with local security policies. If a NETRC DATA file has been cited as the source for the subject credentials,

it might appropriate (or necessary) to relocate maintenance of those credentials to a KEYVAULT database.

VMF4160I KEYVAULT login credentials not acquired

Explanation:

This message identifies the case when login credentials have not been obtained from a designated KEYVAULT database, for FTP interaction with a z/VM CSM managed system.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

Confirm that the correct KEYVAULT database was specified for use with the current z/VM CSM work session, and that the credentials for the subject managed system are being maintained in that database.

VMF4161R An open KEYVAULT database (*fileID*) has been identified that does not pertain to z/VM CSM use. For your continued use of this database, it needs to be closed and re-opened, to account for CMS access order changes made by *cmd_name1*. Appropriate *cmd_name2* commands now will be invoked on your behalf for this purpose
Enter (0) to quit; (1) to continue.

Explanation

The indicated KEYVAULT database was found to be open. Although this database has not been one designated for use by z/VM CSM (to acquire host login credentials), its use has been affected because the minidisk or SFS directory where it resides has been accessed by the system (*cmd_name1*) at a CMS file mode letter different from the file mode in use when the database was opened. This change in the file mode access of that resource prevents further effective use of the open database.

To facilitate continued use of this database, the KEYVAULT CLOSEDB and OPENDB commands will be invoked so the database content can continue to be referenced.

System action:

The system waits for the requested response.

User response:

To continue and have the KEYVAULT CLOSEDB and OPENDB commands invoked on your behalf, provide an affirmative response of 1.

To negate the use of the KEYVAULT OPENDB command and cancel operation of the current z/VM CSM command, provide a response of 0.

VMF4162W **An open KEYVAULT database (*fileID*) has been identified that does not pertain to z/VM CSM use.**

Explanation:

The indicated KEYVAULT database was found to be open. Although this database has not been one designated for use by z/VM CSM for host login credentials, its use might be affected by changes to the CMS access environment made through use of the SERVMGR command.

System action:

Command execution continues.

User response:

For continued use of the subject KEYVAULT database, it might need to be closed and then re-opened for its continued use. It might also be necessary to first re-access the minidisk or SFS directory where the database resides, depending on the specific CMS file mode letter used to access that resource.

VMF4163W **KEYVAULT database specified for z/VM CSM use (*fileID*) is open with a non-standard file mode**

Explanation:

The indicated KEYVAULT database is that which has been designated for use by z/VM CSM (to acquire host login credentials). This open database resides on a minidisk or SFS directory resource that is not directly managed by the SERVMGR command, so no actions are performed to close or re-open this database for z/VM CSM use. However, because accessed resources can change during SERVMGR command execution, the database in use could become inaccessible, depending on the SERVMGR command in use.

System action:

Command execution continues.

User response:

If SERVMGR command errors are encountered with the KEYVAULT database open as indicated in the message, it might be necessary to relocate that database to the 191 disk of the MAINTCSM user ID, to make sure it can be referenced in a reliable manner.

VMF4164E **Open KEYVAULT database (*fileID*) not found**

Explanation:

The indicated KEYVAULT database was found to be open when the subject SERVMGR command was invoked. However, after resource access changes have been made by the system, the subject database can no longer be located on a currently-accessed mindisk or SFS directory.

System action:

Command processing stops.

User response:

To continue use of the subject KEYVAULT database, the minidisk or SFS directory where the database resides needs to be accessed again.

VMF4200I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Service Level:** *csmlvl1*
2. **Description:** *description*
3. **PPF Override:** *ppfname*
4. **Root Directory:** *dirid*
5. **Service Level build state:** *csmlvl2*
6. **Service Level update lock:** *lockstatus*
7. **Service Level added on:** *dateadd*
8. **Service Level last modified on:** *datemod*
9. **Based on Service Level:** *csmlvl3*

These informational messages report the output of the SERVMGR SRVLVL QUERY command. Explanations of these messages are:

1. This message reports the name of the target service level.
2. This message reports the description of the target service level.
3. This message reports the PPF override name for the target service level.
4. This message reports the root directory for the target service level.
5. This message reports the current service level state for the target service level.
6. This message reports whether the current service level is locked against updates.
7. This message reports when the target service level was first added.
8. This message reports when the target service level was last modified.
9. This message reports the name of the service level upon which the target service level was based.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4201I **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

1. **Detailed Service Information:**
2. **Component Name:**
3. **compname PTF Details:**
4. **Applicable Systems:**
5. *output*
6. *blank_line*
7. **sysname Local Modification Details:**

These informational messages report the output of the SERVMGR SRVLVL QUERY...(DETAILS command. Explanations of these messages are:

1. This message is a header that denotes the following messages as part of the detailed output.
2. This message is a header for component-level PTF information that is reported in further messages.
3. This message is used to list the PTFs applied in the target service level for the specified component.
4. This message is a header for the list of systems upon which the target service level is applied.
5. This message format is used for such special output messages as tables and other programmatically-generated records.
6. This message outputs a blank line for legibility.
7. This message is a header for detailed local modification output.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4202I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **System Information Details for System:**
systemID
2. **VRM:** *vrn*
3. **Communication Protocol:** *comntype*
4. **Host Name:** *hostname*
5. **FTP Port:** *ftpport*
6. **FTP Command Operands:** *ftpops*
7. **FTP Data File:** *file_ID*
8. **ESM Status:** {NO|YES}
9. **Current Service Level:** *currscmlvl*
10. **Pending Service Level:** *pendscmlvl*
11. **Current Service Level Status:** *currscmlvlstatus*
12. **Pending Service Level Status:** *pendscmlvlstatus*

These informational messages report the output of a SERVMGR SYSTEM QUERY command. Explanations of these messages are:

1. This message reports the name of the target system.
2. This message reports the version, release, and modification level of the target system.
3. This message reports the communication protocol of the target system.
4. This message reports the FTP host name of the target system.
5. This message reports the FTP port of the target system.
6. This message reports the FTP command operands of the target system.
7. This message reports the FTP data file ID of the target system.
8. This message reports whether an ESM is present on the target system.
9. This message reports the current service level on the target system.
10. This message reports any pending service level on the target system.
11. This message reports the status of the current service level on the target system.
12. This message reports the status of any pending service level on the target system.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4204I *messages*

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Service Check PTF Information for system:**
systemID
2. **Service Check Local Modification Information for system:** *systemID*
3. **Component System Status&Table Check**
4. **Name: Provided: Provided: Status:**
5. **compname Mismatch Table Unique PTFs:**
6. **compname Mismatch System Unique PTFs:**
7. **compname Mismatch Table Unique Local Modifications:**
8. **compname Mismatch System Unique Local Modifications:**
9. *output*

These informational messages report the output of a SERVMGR SYSTEM SERVCHECK command. The SERVCHECK command evaluates whether a target system's applied service matches its current service level as reported in the z/VM CSM system status table. Explanations of these messages are:

1. This message is a header for the PTF output.
2. This message is a header for the local modification output.
3. This message is formatted into the PTF table header.
4. This message is formatted into the PTF table header.
5. This message is a header for PTFs that are unique to the local service level.
6. This message is a header for PTFs unique to the target system.
7. This message is a header for local modifications that are unique to the local service level.
8. This message is a header for local modifications that are unique to the target system.
9. This message format used for special output messages such as tables and other programmatically-generated records.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4205I **CSM querytype Query for z/VM Version vrm**

Explanation:

This is a header message for all SERVMGR...QUERY functions.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4206I **Full service level description available in SERVLVL DESCRIPT file in directory: *dirid***

Explanation:

This message is displayed when a z/VM CSM service level is queried and the description provided in the service level's description file is truncated. This message provides the location in which to find the unabridged description.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None required. If desired, the user can access the service level directory and the SERVLVL DESCRIPT file within.

VMF4207E **Service level directory missing for *csmlvl***

Explanation:

The directory for the target z/VM CSM service level is missing. This usually means that the service level is not fully instantiated or that the service level directory was deleted manually. It might also indicate that the service level table is corrupt.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

If the service level has been deleted, try to restore it using backup recovery methods or recreate the service level using the SERVMGR SRVLVL ADD command. If the reason for this problem is not evident, contact the IBM Support Center for assistance.

VMF4208E ***messages***

Explanation

The variations of this message are:

1. **Error processing Service Level *csmlvl***
2. **Error processing System *systemID***

Explanations of these messages are:

1. An error was encountered while z/VM CSM was processing a target service level. This error prevented the completion of the invoked command.
2. An error was encountered while z/VM CSM was processing a target system. This error prevented the completion of the invoked command.

System action:

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response:

This error will be reported along with at least one other error message. After the problems listed in these error messages are resolved, reissue the command again.

VMF4209I **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

1. **System has no current service level**
2. **System has no pending service level**

Explanations of these messages are:

1. This message reports that a system does not have a current service level. While this is sometimes due to z/VM CSM processing, the user should check

to ensure that the system's details are correctly configured in z/VM CSM.

2. The z/VM CSM managed system does not have a pending service level.

System action:

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response:

None.

VMF4210W **The variations of this message are shown below.**

Explanation

1. **Production is not pending for service level *srvlvl* due to an installation error during SEND processing**
2. **Production is not pending for service level *srvlvl* due to a transportation error during SEND processing**
3. **System *sysname* does not have a valid status for pending PUT2PROD actions**

Explanations of these messages are:

1. There is no production pending for the target service level and there is an installation error.
2. No production is pending for the target service level because a transportation error has terminated processing.
3. The current service pending status for the target system does not currently have a value that is consistent with an extant \$PRODS file, which is a prerequisite for outputting pending PUT2PROD actions. This might indicate an error if the status is in an error state.

System action:

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

1. Check your VMSES/E message logs and configuration for errors and the recommended course of responsive action to retry your SEND command.
2. Check your VMSES/E message logs and configuration for errors and follow the relevant corrective action to retry the SEND function.
3. Review your system status table and message logs for errors if this is not expected.

VMF4600I **No {*string1*} data identified for *string2* {in file|table *fileID*}**

Explanation

The subject command expects to locate and use a certain type of data from the listed CMS file or table. However, the data was not acquired. The *string1* value, if cited in the message, might be a member of one of the following categories:

- Literal string (for example, 'abcd')
- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Keyword (for example, SYSTEM)

The *string2* value can be a member of one of the following categories:

- File keyword (for example, SYSTEM)
- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Tag name (for example, :PRODID)
- Tag that includes specific values (for example, :PRODID 7VMCMS30)

System action

RC=0. Command processing continues.

User response

If the results for the subject command are not as expected, confirm that the correct file ID was specified. Also review the file content and format to verify that the content is suitable for use with that command. Make appropriate corrections and try the subject command again.

VMF4601W **No {*string1*} data identified for *string2* {in file|table *fileID*}**

Explanation

The subject command expects to locate and use a certain type of data from the listed CMS file or table. However, the data was not acquired. The *string1* value, if cited in the message, might be a member of one of the following categories:

- Literal string (for example, 'abcd')
- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Keyword (for example, SYSTEM)

The *string2* value can be a member of one of the following categories:

- File keyword (for example, SYSTEM)
- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Tag name (for example, :PRODID)
- Tag that includes specific values (for example, :PRODID 7VMCMS30)

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

If the results for the subject command are not as expected, confirm that the correct file ID was specified. Also, review the file content and format to verify that the content is suitable for use with that command. Make appropriate corrections and try the subject command again.

VMF4602E **No {string1} data identified for string2 {in file|table fileID}**

Explanation

The subject command expects to locate and use a certain type of data from the listed CMS file or table. However, the data was not acquired. The *string1* value, if cited in the message, might be a member of one of the following categories:

- Literal string (for example, 'abcd')
- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Keyword (for example, SYSTEM)

The *string2* value can be a member of one of the following categories:

- File keyword (for example, SYSTEM)
- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Tag name (for example, :PRODID)
- Tag that includes specific values (for example, :PRODID 7VMCMS30)

System action

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

If the results for the subject command are not as expected, confirm that the correct file ID was specified. Also, review the file content and format to verify that the content is suitable for use with that command. Make appropriate corrections and try the subject command again.

VMF4603W **Component name {compname} is not recognized | omitted for APAR number}; Secondary pass APAR check required**

Explanation

The cited component name *compname* is not found in the VM SYSSUF file or the cited APAR number *number*

is not in the APAR data reference file. Because a usable component name is not available, more APAR checking is required and will be completed as part of the requested APAR checking process. The additional checking is not limited in scope to a specific set of component names.

System action

RC=4. Command processing continues.

User response

To ensure that APAR checking for a specific product component (or set of components) is completed, ensure that all records of the APAR data reference file include a relevant component name. A relevant component name is one that is associated with a product that is listed in the VM SYSSUF file.

VMF4604E **The data in file fileID can be processed only for a file with a file type of ftype**

Explanation

The subject command determined that the file that is listed in the message contains data that exists in a specific format. For example, a format that uses tag keywords to differentiate data types. To successfully process this data, the CMS file type for the subject file must be the type that is indicated in the message text.

System action

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

Change the type of *fileID* to *ftype* and try the subject command again.

VMF4605E **File fileID does not contains data or records that can be processed {by program | for string}**

Explanation

The subject command determined that the file that is listed in the message does not contain any data or data records that the command can process.

Alternately, this message can indicate that the file contains no records or data that are relevant to a specific entity (*string*). The *string* value that is cited in the message might be a member of one of the following categories:

- Literal string (for example, 'abcd')

- z/VM component name (for example, CMS)
- Product ID (for example, 7VMCMS30)

System action

RC=8. Command processing stops.

User response

Confirm that the correct file ID was specified for use by the subject command. Also, review the file content and format to verify that the content is suitable for use with that command. Make appropriate corrections and try the subject command again.

Notices

This information was developed for products and services offered in the US. This material might be available from IBM in other languages. However, you may be required to own a copy of the product or product version in that language in order to access it.

IBM may not offer the products, services, or features discussed in this document in other countries. Consult your local IBM representative for information on the products and services currently available in your area. Any reference to an IBM product, program, or service is not intended to state or imply that only that IBM product, program, or service may be used. Any functionally equivalent product, program, or service that does not infringe any IBM intellectual property right may be used instead. However, it is the user's responsibility to evaluate and verify the operation of any non-IBM product, program, or service.

IBM may have patents or pending patent applications covering subject matter described in this document. The furnishing of this document does not grant you any license to these patents. You can send license inquiries, in writing, to:

*IBM Director of Licensing
IBM Corporation
North Castle Drive, MD-NC119
Armonk, NY 10504-1785
US*

For license inquiries regarding double-byte character set (DBCS) information, contact the IBM Intellectual Property Department in your country or send inquiries, in writing, to:

*Intellectual Property Licensing
Legal and Intellectual Property Law
IBM Japan Ltd.
19-21, Nihonbashi-Hakozakicho, Chuo-ku
Tokyo 103-8510, Japan*

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION PROVIDES THIS PUBLICATION "AS IS" WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Some jurisdictions do not allow disclaimer of express or implied warranties in certain transactions, therefore, this statement may not apply to you.

This information could include technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Changes are periodically made to the information herein; these changes will be incorporated in new editions of the publication. IBM may make improvements and/or changes in the product(s) and/or the program(s) described in this publication at any time without notice.

Any references in this information to non-IBM websites are provided for convenience only and do not in any manner serve as an endorsement of those websites. The materials at those websites are not part of the materials for this IBM product and use of those websites is at your own risk.

IBM may use or distribute any of the information you provide in any way it believes appropriate without incurring any obligation to you.

Licenseses of this program who wish to have information about it for the purpose of enabling: (i) the exchange of information between independently created programs and other programs (including this one) and (ii) the mutual use of the information which has been exchanged, should contact:

*IBM Director of Licensing
IBM Corporation
North Castle Drive, MD-NC119
Armonk, NY 10504-1785
US*

Such information may be available, subject to appropriate terms and conditions, including in some cases, payment of a fee.

The licensed program described in this document and all licensed material available for it are provided by IBM under terms of the IBM Customer Agreement, IBM International Program License Agreement or any equivalent agreement between us.

The performance data and client examples cited are presented for illustrative purposes only. Actual performance results may vary depending on specific configurations and operating conditions.

Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products, their published announcements or other publicly available sources. IBM has not tested those products and cannot confirm the accuracy of performance, compatibility or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products.

Statements regarding IBM's future direction or intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice, and represent goals and objectives only.

This information may contain examples of data and reports used in daily business operations. To illustrate them as completely as possible, the examples include the names of individuals, companies, brands, and products. All of these names are fictitious and any similarity to actual people or business enterprises is entirely coincidental.

COPYRIGHT LICENSE:

This information may contain sample application programs in source language, which illustrate programming techniques on various operating platforms. You may copy, modify, and distribute these sample programs in any form without payment to IBM, for the purposes of developing, using, marketing or distributing application programs conforming to the application programming interface for the operating platform for which the sample programs are written. These examples have not been thoroughly tested under all conditions. IBM, therefore, cannot guarantee or imply reliability, serviceability, or function of these programs. The sample programs are provided "AS IS", without warranty of any kind. IBM shall not be liable for any damages arising out of your use of the sample programs.

Programming Interface Information

This publication primarily documents information that is NOT intended to be used as Programming Interfaces of z/VM.

This publication also documents intended Programming Interfaces that allow the customer to write programs to obtain the services of z/VM. This information is identified where it occurs, either by an introductory statement to a chapter or section or by the following marking:

PI

<...Programming Interface information...>

PI end

Trademarks

IBM, the IBM logo, and [ibm.com](http://www.ibm.com)[®] are trademarks or registered trademarks of International Business Machines Corp., in the United States and/or other countries. Other product and service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on [IBM Copyright and trademark information](http://www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade) (<https://www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade>).

The registered trademark Linux[®] is used pursuant to a sublicense from the Linux Foundation, the exclusive licensee of Linus Torvalds, owner of the mark on a world-wide basis.

Terms and Conditions for Product Documentation

Permissions for the use of these publications are granted subject to the following terms and conditions.

Applicability

These terms and conditions are in addition to any terms of use for the IBM website.

Personal Use

You may reproduce these publications for your personal, noncommercial use provided that all proprietary notices are preserved. You may not distribute, display or make derivative work of these publications, or any portion thereof, without the express consent of IBM.

Commercial Use

You may reproduce, distribute and display these publications solely within your enterprise provided that all proprietary notices are preserved. You may not make derivative works of these publications, or reproduce, distribute or display these publications or any portion thereof outside your enterprise, without the express consent of IBM.

Rights

Except as expressly granted in this permission, no other permissions, licenses or rights are granted, either express or implied, to the publications or any information, data, software or other intellectual property contained therein.

IBM reserves the right to withdraw the permissions granted herein whenever, in its discretion, the use of the publications is detrimental to its interest or, as determined by IBM, the above instructions are not being properly followed.

You may not download, export or re-export this information except in full compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, including all United States export laws and regulations.

IBM MAKES NO GUARANTEE ABOUT THE CONTENT OF THESE PUBLICATIONS. THE PUBLICATIONS ARE PROVIDED "AS-IS" AND WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, NON-INFRINGEMENT, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

IBM Online Privacy Statement

IBM Software products, including software as a service solutions, ("Software Offerings") may use cookies or other technologies to collect product usage information, to help improve the end user experience, to tailor interactions with the end user, or for other purposes. In many cases no personally identifiable information is collected by the Software Offerings. Some of our Software Offerings can help enable you to collect personally identifiable information. If this Software Offering uses cookies to collect personally identifiable information, specific information about this offering's use of cookies is set forth below.

This Software Offering does not use cookies or other technologies to collect personally identifiable information.

If the configurations deployed for this Software Offering provide you as customer the ability to collect personally identifiable information from end users via cookies and other technologies, you should seek your own legal advice about any laws applicable to such data collection, including any requirements for notice and consent.

For more information about the use of various technologies, including cookies, for these purposes, see:

- The section entitled **IBM Websites** at [IBM Privacy Statement](https://www.ibm.com/privacy) (<https://www.ibm.com/privacy>)
- [Cookies and Similar Technologies](https://www.ibm.com/privacy#Cookies_and_Similar_Technologies) (https://www.ibm.com/privacy#Cookies_and_Similar_Technologies)

Bibliography

This topic lists the publications in the z/VM library. For abstracts of the z/VM publications, see [z/VM: General Information](#).

Where to Get z/VM Information

The current z/VM product documentation is available in [IBM Documentation - z/VM \(https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zvm\)](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/zvm).

z/VM Base Library

Overview

- [z/VM: License Information](#), GI13-4377
- [z/VM: General Information](#), GC24-6286

Installation, Migration, and Service

- [z/VM: Installation Guide](#), GC24-6292
- [z/VM: Migration Guide](#), GC24-6294
- [z/VM: Service Guide](#), GC24-6325
- [z/VM: VMSES/E Introduction and Reference](#), GC24-6336

Planning and Administration

- [z/VM: CMS File Pool Planning, Administration, and Operation](#), SC24-6261
- [z/VM: CMS Planning and Administration](#), SC24-6264
- [z/VM: Connectivity](#), SC24-6267
- [z/VM: CP Planning and Administration](#), SC24-6271
- [z/VM: Getting Started with Linux on IBM Z](#), SC24-6287
- [z/VM: Group Control System](#), SC24-6289
- [z/VM: I/O Configuration](#), SC24-6291
- [z/VM: Running Guest Operating Systems](#), SC24-6321
- [z/VM: Saved Segments Planning and Administration](#), SC24-6322
- [z/VM: Secure Configuration Guide](#), SC24-6323

Customization and Tuning

- [z/VM: CP Exit Customization](#), SC24-6269
- [z/VM: Performance](#), SC24-6301

Operation and Use

- [z/VM: CMS Commands and Utilities Reference](#), SC24-6260
- [z/VM: CMS Primer](#), SC24-6265
- [z/VM: CMS User's Guide](#), SC24-6266
- [z/VM: CP Commands and Utilities Reference](#), SC24-6268

- [z/VM: System Operation](#), SC24-6326
- [z/VM: Virtual Machine Operation](#), SC24-6334
- [z/VM: XEDIT Commands and Macros Reference](#), SC24-6337
- [z/VM: XEDIT User's Guide](#), SC24-6338

Application Programming

- [z/VM: CMS Application Development Guide](#), SC24-6256
- [z/VM: CMS Application Development Guide for Assembler](#), SC24-6257
- [z/VM: CMS Application Multitasking](#), SC24-6258
- [z/VM: CMS Callable Services Reference](#), SC24-6259
- [z/VM: CMS Macros and Functions Reference](#), SC24-6262
- [z/VM: CMS Pipelines User's Guide and Reference](#), SC24-6252
- [z/VM: CP Programming Services](#), SC24-6272
- [z/VM: CPI Communications User's Guide](#), SC24-6273
- [z/VM: ESA/XC Principles of Operation](#), SC24-6285
- [z/VM: Language Environment User's Guide](#), SC24-6293
- [z/VM: OpenExtensions Advanced Application Programming Tools](#), SC24-6295
- [z/VM: OpenExtensions Callable Services Reference](#), SC24-6296
- [z/VM: OpenExtensions Commands Reference](#), SC24-6297
- [z/VM: OpenExtensions POSIX Conformance Document](#), GC24-6298
- [z/VM: OpenExtensions User's Guide](#), SC24-6299
- [z/VM: Program Management Binder for CMS](#), SC24-6304
- [z/VM: Reusable Server Kernel Programmer's Guide and Reference](#), SC24-6313
- [z/VM: REXX/VM Reference](#), SC24-6314
- [z/VM: REXX/VM User's Guide](#), SC24-6315
- [z/VM: Systems Management Application Programming](#), SC24-6327
- [z/VM: z/Architecture Extended Configuration \(z/XC\) Principles of Operation](#), SC27-4940

Diagnosis

- [z/VM: CMS and REXX/VM Messages and Codes](#), GC24-6255
- [z/VM: CP Messages and Codes](#), GC24-6270
- [z/VM: Diagnosis Guide](#), GC24-6280
- [z/VM: Dump Viewing Facility](#), GC24-6284
- [z/VM: Other Components Messages and Codes](#), GC24-6300
- [z/VM: VM Dump Tool](#), GC24-6335

z/VM Facilities and Features

Data Facility Storage Management Subsystem for z/VM

- [z/VM: DFSMS/VM Customization](#), SC24-6274
- [z/VM: DFSMS/VM Diagnosis Guide](#), GC24-6275
- [z/VM: DFSMS/VM Messages and Codes](#), GC24-6276
- [z/VM: DFSMS/VM Planning Guide](#), SC24-6277

- *z/VM: DFSMS/VM Removable Media Services*, SC24-6278
- *z/VM: DFSMS/VM Storage Administration*, SC24-6279

Directory Maintenance Facility for z/VM

- *z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Commands Reference*, SC24-6281
- *z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Messages*, GC24-6282
- *z/VM: Directory Maintenance Facility Tailoring and Administration Guide*, SC24-6283

Open Systems Adapter

- *Open Systems Adapter-Express Customer's Guide and Reference* (<https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/node/6019492>), SA22-7935
- *Open Systems Adapter-Express Integrated Console Controller User's Guide* (<https://www.ibm.com/support/pages/node/6019810>), SC27-9003
- *Open Systems Adapter-Express Integrated Console Controller 3215 Support* (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.1.0/com.ibm.zos.v2r1.ioa/ioa.htm), SA23-2247
- *Open Systems Adapter/Support Facility on the Hardware Management Console* (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.1.0/com.ibm.zos.v2r1.ioa/ioa.htm), SC14-7580

Performance Toolkit for z/VM

- *z/VM: Performance Toolkit Guide*, SC24-6302
- *z/VM: Performance Toolkit Reference*, SC24-6303

RACF Security Server for z/VM

- *z/VM: RACF Security Server Auditor's Guide*, SC24-6305
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server Command Language Reference*, SC24-6306
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server Diagnosis Guide*, GC24-6307
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server General User's Guide*, SC24-6308
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server Macros and Interfaces*, SC24-6309
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server Messages and Codes*, GC24-6310
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server Security Administrator's Guide*, SC24-6311
- *z/VM: RACF Security Server System Programmer's Guide*, SC24-6312
- *z/VM: Security Server RACROUTE Macro Reference*, SC24-6324

Remote Spooling Communications Subsystem Networking for z/VM

- *z/VM: RSCS Networking Diagnosis*, GC24-6316
- *z/VM: RSCS Networking Exit Customization*, SC24-6317
- *z/VM: RSCS Networking Messages and Codes*, GC24-6318
- *z/VM: RSCS Networking Operation and Use*, SC24-6319
- *z/VM: RSCS Networking Planning and Configuration*, SC24-6320

TCP/IP for z/VM

- *z/VM: TCP/IP Diagnosis Guide*, GC24-6328
- *z/VM: TCP/IP LDAP Administration Guide*, SC24-6329
- *z/VM: TCP/IP Messages and Codes*, GC24-6330

- [z/VM: TCP/IP Planning and Customization](#), SC24-6331
- [z/VM: TCP/IP Programmer's Reference](#), SC24-6332
- [z/VM: TCP/IP User's Guide](#), SC24-6333

Prerequisite Products

Device Support Facilities

- [Device Support Facilities \(ICKDSF\): User's Guide and Reference](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ickug00_v2r5.pdf) (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ickug00_v2r5.pdf), GC35-0033

Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program

- [Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program \(EREP\): Reference](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ifc2000_v2r5.pdf) (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ifc2000_v2r5.pdf), GC35-0152
- [Environmental Record Editing and Printing Program \(EREP\): User's Guide](https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ifc1000_v2r5.pdf) (https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/SSLTBW_2.5.0/pdf/ifc1000_v2r5.pdf), GC35-0151

Related Products

XL C++ for z/VM

- [XL C/C++ for z/VM: Runtime Library Reference](#), SC09-7624
- [XL C/C++ for z/VM: User's Guide](#), SC09-7625



Product Number: 5741-A09

Printed in USA

GC24-6300-73

